

A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO COUNTY TAXING AUTHORITY.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

- 1 SECTION 1. Section 46-1.5, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is 2 amended to read as follows:
- 3 "§46-1.5 General powers and limitation of the counties.
- 4 Subject to general law, each county shall have the following
- 5 powers and shall be subject to the following liabilities and
- 6 limitations:

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- 7 (1) Each county shall have the power to frame and adopt a
 8 charter for its own self-government that shall
 9 establish the county executive, administrative, and
 10 legislative structure and organization, including but
 11 not limited to the method of appointment or election
 12 of officials, their duties, responsibilities, and
 13 compensation, and the terms of their office;
 - (2) Each county shall have the power to provide for and regulate the marking and lighting of all buildings and other structures that may be obstructions or hazards to aerial navigation, so far as may be necessary or

1		proper for the protection and safeguarding of life,					
2		health, and property;					
3	(3)	Each county shall have the power to enforce all claims					
4		on behalf of the county and approve all lawful claims					
5		against the county, but shall be prohibited from					
6		entering into, granting, or making in any manner any					
7		contract, authorization, allowance payment, or					
8		liability contrary to the provisions of any county					
9		charter or general law;					
10	(4)	Each county shall have the power to make contracts and					
11		to do all things necessary and proper to carry into					
12		execution all powers vested in the county or any					
13		county officer;					
14	(5)	Each county shall have the power to:					
15		(A) Maintain channels, whether natural or artificial,					
16		including their exits to the ocean, in suitable					
17		condition to carry off storm waters;					
18		(B) Remove from the channels, and from the shores and					
19		beaches, any debris that is likely to create an					
20		unsanitary condition or become a public nuisance;					

provided that, to the extent any of the foregoing

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1		work is a private responsibility, the
2		responsibility may be enforced by the county in
3		lieu of the work being done at public expense;
4	(C)	Construct, acquire by gift, purchase, or by the
5	i	exercise of eminent domain, reconstruct, improve
6		better, extend, and maintain projects or
7		undertakings for the control of and protection
8		against floods and flood waters, including the
9		power to drain and rehabilitate lands already
10		flooded;
11	(D)	Enact zoning ordinances providing that lands
12		deemed subject to seasonable, periodic, or
13		occasional flooding shall not be used for
14		residence or other purposes in a manner as to
15		endanger the health or safety of the occupants
16		thereof, as required by the Federal Flood
17		Insurance Act of 1956 (chapter 1025, Public Law
18		1016); and
19	(E)	Establish and charge user fees to create and
20		maintain any stormwater management system or
21		infrastructure;

1	(6)	Each county shall have the power to exercise the power
2		of condemnation by eminent domain when it is in the
3		public interest to do so;
4	(7)	Each county shall have the power to exercise
5		regulatory powers over business activity as are
6		assigned to them by chapter 445 or other general law;
7	(8)	Each county shall have the power to fix the fees and
8		charges for all official services not otherwise
9		provided for;
10	(9)	Each county shall have the power to provide by
11		ordinance assessments for the improvement or
12		maintenance of districts within the county;
13	(10)	Except as otherwise provided, no county shall have the
14		power to give or loan credit to, or in aid of, any
15		person or corporation, directly or indirectly, except
16		for a public purpose;
17	(11)	Where not within the jurisdiction of the public
18		utilities commission, each county shall have the power
19		to regulate by ordinance the operation of motor
20		vehicle common carriers transporting passengers within

1		the county and adopt and amend rules the county deems
2		necessary for the public convenience and necessity;
3	(12)	Each county shall have the power to enact and enforce
4		ordinances necessary to prevent or summarily remove
5		public nuisances and to compel the clearing or removal
6		of any public nuisance, refuse, and uncultivated
7		undergrowth from streets, sidewalks, public places,
8		and unoccupied lots. In connection with these powers,
9		each county may impose and enforce liens upon the
10		property for the cost to the county of removing and
11		completing the necessary work where the property
12		owners fail, after reasonable notice, to comply with
13		the ordinances. The authority provided by this
14		paragraph shall not be self-executing, but shall
15		become fully effective within a county only upon the
16		enactment or adoption by the county of appropriate and
17		particular laws, ordinances, or rules defining "public
18		nuisances" with respect to each county's respective
19		circumstances. The counties shall provide the
20		property owner with the opportunity to contest the
21		summary action and to recover the owner's property;

1	(13)	Each county shall have the power to enact ordinances
2		deemed necessary to protect health, life, and
3		property, and to preserve the order and security of
4		the county and its inhabitants on any subject or
5		matter not inconsistent with, or tending to defeat,
6		the intent of any state statute where the statute does
7		not disclose an express or implied intent that the
8		statute shall be exclusive or uniform throughout the
9		State;
10	(14)	Each county shall have the power to:
11		(A) Make and enforce within the limits of the county
12		all necessary ordinances covering all:
13		(i) Local police matters;
14		(ii) Matters of sanitation;
15		(iii) Matters of inspection of buildings;
16		(iv) Matters of condemnation of unsafe
17		structures, plumbing, sewers, dairies, milk,
18		fish, and morgues; and
19		(v) Matters of the collection and disposition of
20		rubbish and garbage;

1		(B)	Provide exemptions for nomeless facilities and
2			any other program for the homeless authorized by
3			part XVII of chapter 346, for all matters under
4			this paragraph;
5		(C)	Appoint county physicians and sanitary and other
6			inspectors as necessary to carry into effect
7			ordinances made under this paragraph, who shall
8			have the same power as given by law to agents of
9			the department of health, subject only to
10			limitations placed on them by the terms and
11			conditions of their appointments; and
12		(D)	Fix a penalty for the violation of any ordinance
13			which penalty may be a misdemeanor, petty
14			misdemeanor, or violation as defined by general
15			law;
16	(15)	Each	county shall have the power to provide public
17		poun	ds; to regulate the impounding of stray animals
18		and	fowl, and their disposition; and to provide for
19		the	appointment, powers, duties, and fees of animal
20		cont	rol officers;

	(10)	Bach country shall have the power to purchase and
2		otherwise acquire, lease, and hold real and personal
3		property within the defined boundaries of the county
4		and to dispose of the real and personal property as
5		the interests of the inhabitants of the county may
6		require, except that:
7		(A) Any property held for school purposes may not be
8		disposed of without the consent of the
9		superintendent of education;
10		(B) No property bordering the ocean shall be sold or
11		otherwise disposed of; and
12		(C) All proceeds from the sale of park lands shall be
13		expended only for the acquisition of property for
14		park or recreational purposes;
15	(17)	Each county shall have the power to provide by charter
16		for the prosecution of all offenses and to prosecute
17		for offenses against the laws of the State under the
18		authority of the attorney general of the State;
19	(18)	Each county shall have the power to make
20		appropriations in amounts deemed appropriate from any
21		moneys in the treasury, for the purpose of:

1		(A)	Community promotion and public delebrations;
2		(B)	The entertainment of distinguished persons as may
3			from time to time visit the county;
4		(C)	The entertainment of other distinguished persons,
5			as well as, public officials when deemed to be in
6			the best interest of the community; and
7		(D)	The rendering of civic tribute to individuals
8			who, by virtue of their accomplishments and
9			community service, merit civic commendations,
10			recognition, or remembrance;
11	(19)	Each	county shall have the power to:
12		(A)	Construct, purchase, take on lease, lease,
13			sublease, or in any other manner acquire, manage,
14			maintain, or dispose of buildings for county
15			purposes, sewers, sewer systems, pumping
16			stations, waterworks, including reservoirs,
17			wells, pipelines, and other conduits for
18			distributing water to the public, lighting
19			plants, and apparatus and appliances for lighting
20			streets and public buildings, and manage,
21			regulate, and control the same;

1		(B)	Regulate and control the location and quality of
2			all appliances necessary to the furnishing of
3			water, heat, light, power, telephone, and
4			telecommunications service to the county;
5		(C)	Acquire, regulate, and control any and all
6			appliances for the sprinkling and cleaning of the
7			streets and the public ways, and for flushing the
8			sewers; and
9		(D)	Open, close, construct, or maintain county
10			highways or charge toll on county highways;
11			provided that all revenues received from a toll
12			charge shall be used for the construction or
13			maintenance of county highways;
14	(20)	Each	county shall have the power to regulate the
15		rent	ing, subletting, and rental conditions of property
16	,	for	places of abode by ordinance;
17	(21)	Unle	ss otherwise provided by law, each county shall
18		have	the power to establish by ordinance the order of
19		succ	ession of county officials in the event of a
20		mili	tary or civil disaster;

1	(22)	Each	county	shall	have	the	power	to	sue	and	be	sued	in
2		its o	corporat	ce name	∋;								

- 3 (23)Each county shall have the power to establish and maintain waterworks and sewer works; to collect rates 5 for water supplied to consumers and for the use of 6 sewers; to install water meters whenever deemed 7 expedient; provided that owners of premises having 8 vested water rights under existing laws appurtenant to 9 the premises shall not be charged for the installation **10** or use of the water meters on the premises; to take 11 over from the State existing waterworks systems, 12 including water rights, pipelines, and other appurtenances belonging thereto, and sewer systems, 13 14 and to enlarge, develop, and improve the same;
 - (24) (A) Each county may impose civil fines, in addition to criminal penalties, for any violation of county ordinances or rules after reasonable notice and requests to correct or cease the violation have been made upon the violator. Any administratively imposed civil fine shall not be collected until after an opportunity for a

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1		hearing under chapter 91. Any appeal shall be
2		filed within thirty days from the date of the
3		final written decision. These proceedings shall
4		not be a prerequisite for any civil fine or
5		injunctive relief ordered by the circuit court;
6	(B)	Each county by ordinance may provide for the
7		addition of any unpaid civil fines, ordered by
8		any court of competent jurisdiction, to any
9		taxes, fees, or charges, with the exception of
10		fees or charges for water for residential use and
11		sewer charges, collected by the county. Each
12		county by ordinance may also provide for the
13		addition of any unpaid administratively imposed
14		civil fines, which remain due after all judicial
15		review rights under section 91-14 are exhausted,
16		to any taxes, fees, or charges, with the
17		exception of water for residential use and sewer
18		charges, collected by the county. The ordinance
19		shall specify the administrative procedures for
20		the addition of the unpaid civil fines to the

eligible taxes, fees, or charges and may require

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and

1	hearings or other proceedings. After addition of
2	the unpaid civil fines to the taxes, fees, or
3	charges, the unpaid civil fines shall not become
4	a part of any taxes, fees, or charges. The
5	county by ordinance may condition the issuance or
6	renewal of a license, approval, or permit for
7	which a fee or charge is assessed, except for
8	water for residential use and sewer charges, on
9	payment of the unpaid civil fines. Upon
10	recordation of a notice of unpaid civil fines in
11	the bureau of conveyances, the amount of the
12	civil fines, including any increase in the amount
13	of the fine which the county may assess, shall
14	constitute a lien upon all real property or
15	rights to real property belonging to any person
16	liable for the unpaid civil fines. The lien in
17	favor of the county shall be subordinate to any
18	lien in favor of any person recorded or
19	registered prior to the recordation of the notice
20	of unpaid civil fines and senior to any lien
21	recorded or registered after the recordation of

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the notice. The lien shall continue until the unpaid civil fines are paid in full or until a certificate of release or partial release of the lien, prepared by the county at the owner's expense, is recorded. The notice of unpaid civil fines shall state the amount of the fine as of the date of the notice and maximum permissible daily increase of the fine. The county shall not be required to include a social security number, state general excise taxpayer identification number, or federal employer identification number on the notice. Recordation of the notice in the bureau of conveyances shall be deemed, at such time, for all purposes and without any further action, to procure a lien on land registered in land court under chapter 501. After the unpaid civil fines are added to the taxes, fees, or charges as specified by county ordinance, the unpaid civil fines shall be deemed immediately due, owing, and delinquent and may be collected in any lawful manner. The procedure for

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collection of unpaid civil fines authorized in this paragraph shall be in addition to any other procedures for collection available to the State and county by law or rules of the courts;

(C) Each county may impose civil fines upon any person who places graffiti on any real or personal property owned, managed, or maintained by the county. The fine may be up to \$1,000 or may be equal to the actual cost of having the damaged property repaired or replaced. parent or guardian having custody of a minor who places graffiti on any real or personal property owned, managed, or maintained by the county shall be jointly and severally liable with the minor for any civil fines imposed hereunder. Any such fine may be administratively imposed after an opportunity for a hearing under chapter 91, but such a proceeding shall not be a prerequisite for any civil fine ordered by any court. As used in this subparagraph, "graffiti" means any unauthorized drawing, inscription, figure, or

1	mark of any type intentionally created by paint,
2	ink, chalk, dye, or similar substances;
3	(D) At the completion of an appeal in which the
4	county's enforcement action is affirmed and upon
5	correction of the violation if requested by the
6	violator, the case shall be reviewed by the
7	county agency that imposed the civil fines to
8	determine the appropriateness of the amount of
9	the civil fines that accrued while the appeal
10	proceedings were pending. In its review of the
11	amount of the accrued fines, the county agency
12	may consider:
13	(i) The nature and egregiousness of the
14	violation;
15	(ii) The duration of the violation;
16	(iii) The number of recurring and other similar
17	violations;
18	(iv) Any effort taken by the violator to correct
19	the violation;
20	(v) The degree of involvement in causing or
21	continuing the violation;

1	(vi) Reasons for any delay in the completion of
2	the appeal; and
3	(vii) Other extenuating circumstances.
4	The civil fine that is imposed by administrative
5	order after this review is completed and the
6	violation is corrected shall be subject to
7	judicial review, notwithstanding any provisions
8	for administrative review in county charters;
9	(E) After completion of a review of the amount of
10	accrued civil fine by the county agency that
11	imposed the fine, the amount of the civil fine
12	determined appropriate, including both the
13	initial civil fine and any accrued daily civil
14	fine, shall immediately become due and
15	collectible following reasonable notice to the
16	violator. If no review of the accrued civil fine
17	is requested, the amount of the civil fine, not
18	to exceed the total accrual of civil fine prior
19	to correcting the violation, shall immediately
20	become due and collectible following reasonable

1		notice to the violator, at the completion of all
2		appeal proceedings;
3		(F) If no county agency exists to conduct appeal
4		proceedings for a particular civil fine action
5		taken by the county, then one shall be
6		established by ordinance before the county shall
7		impose the civil fine;
8	(25)	Any law to the contrary notwithstanding, any county
9		mayor, by executive order, may exempt donors, provider
10		agencies, homeless facilities, and any other program
11		for the homeless under part XVII of chapter 346 from
12		real property taxes, water and sewer development fees,
13		rates collected for water supplied to consumers and
14		for use of sewers, and any other county taxes,
15		charges, or fees; provided that any county may enact
16		ordinances to regulate and grant the exemptions
17		granted by this paragraph;
18	(26)	Any county may establish a captive insurance company
19		pursuant to article 19, chapter 431; [and]
20	(27)	Each county shall have the power to enact and enforce
21		ordinances regulating towing operations [-]; and



1	(28)	Each county shall have the power, by ordinance, for
2		general revenue purposes, to levy, assess, and
3		collect, or provide for the levying, assessment, and
4		collection of taxes, including surcharges on taxes
5		imposed by the State, as each county shall determine
6		on persons, transactions, occupations, privileges,
7		subjects, and personal property located within its
8		geographical limits, and upon the transfer of real
9		property, or of any interest in real property situate
10		within the county levying and assessing the tax."
11	SECT	ION 2. Statutory material to be repealed is bracketed
12	and stric	ken. New statutory material is underscored.
13	SECT	TON 3. This Act shall take effect upon its approval.
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		INTRODUCED BY:
		By Request JAN 1 1 2018

Report Title:

Taxation; County Tax Authority

Description:

Expands the taxing authority of the counties.

The summary description of legislation appearing on this page is for informational purposes only and is not legislation or evidence of legislative intent.