

A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO TAXATION.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

1	PART I
2	SECTION 1. Section 237-13, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
3	amended to read as follows:
4	"§237-13 Imposition of tax. There is hereby levied and
5	shall be assessed and collected annually privilege taxes against
6	persons on account of their business and other activities in the
7	State measured by the application of rates against values of
8	products, gross proceeds of sales, or gross income, whichever is
9	specified, as follows:
10	(1) Tax on manufacturers.
11	(A) Upon every person engaging or continuing within
12	the State in the business of manufacturing,
13	including compounding, canning, preserving,
14	packing, printing, publishing, milling,
15	processing, refining, or preparing for sale,
16	profit, or commercial use, either directly or
17	through the activity of others, in whole or in

1		part, any article or articles, substance or
2		substances, commodity or commodities, the amount
3		of the tax to be equal to the value of the
4		articles, substances, or commodities,
5		manufactured, compounded, canned, preserved,
6		packed, printed, milled, processed, refined, or
7		prepared for sale, as shown by the gross proceeds
8		derived from the sale thereof by the manufacturer
9		or person compounding, preparing, or printing
10		them, multiplied by one-half of one per cent.
11	(B)	The measure of the tax on manufacturers is the
12		value of the entire product for sale, regardless
13		of the place of sale or the fact that deliveries
14		may be made to points outside the State.
15	(C)	If any person liable for the tax on manufacturers
16		ships or transports the person's product, or any
17		part thereof, out of the State, whether in a
18		finished or unfinished condition, or sells the
19		same for delivery to points outside the State

(for example, consigned to a mainland purchaser

via common carrier f.o.b. Honolulu), the value of

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the products in the condition or form in which they exist immediately before entering interstate or foreign commerce, determined as hereinafter provided, shall be the basis for the assessment of the tax imposed by this paragraph. This tax shall be due and payable as of the date of entry of the products into interstate or foreign commerce, whether the products are then sold or not. The department shall determine the basis for assessment, as provided by this paragraph, as follows:

(i) If the products at the time of their entry into interstate or foreign commerce already have been sold, the gross proceeds of sale, less the transportation expenses, if any, incurred in realizing the gross proceeds for transportation from the time of entry of the products into interstate or foreign commerce, including insurance and storage in transit, shall be the measure of the value of the products;

1	(ii)	If the products have not been sold at the
2		time of their entry into interstate or
3		foreign commerce, and in cases governed by
4		clause (i) in which the products are sold
5		under circumstances such that the gross
6		proceeds of sale are not indicative of the
7		true value of the products, the value of the
8		products constituting the basis for
9		assessment shall correspond as nearly as
10		possible to the gross proceeds of sales for
11		delivery outside the State, adjusted as
12		provided in clause (i), or if sufficient
13		data are not available, sales in the State,
14		of similar products of like quality and
15		character and in similar quantities, made by
16		the taxpayer (unless not indicative of the
17		true value) or by others. Sales outside the
18		State, adjusted as provided in clause (i),
19		may be considered when they constitute the
20		best available data. The department shall

1		prescribe uniform and equitable rules for
2		ascertaining the values;
3	(iii)	At the election of the taxpayer and with the
4		approval of the department, the taxpayer may
5		make the taxpayer's returns under clause (i)
6		even though the products have not been sold
7		at the time of their entry into interstate
8		or foreign commerce; and
9	(iv)	In all cases in which products leave the
10		State in an unfinished condition, the basis
11		for assessment shall be adjusted so as to
12		deduct the portion of the value as is
13		attributable to the finishing of the goods
14		outside the State.
15	(2) Tax on bu	siness of selling tangible personal property;
16	producing	· .
17	(A) Upon	every person engaging or continuing in the
18	busi	ness of selling any tangible personal
19	prop	erty whatsoever (not including, however,
20	bond	s or other evidence of indebtedness, or
21	stoc	ks) there is likewise hereby levied and

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shall be assessed and collected, a tax equivalent to [four] 4.5 per cent of the gross proceeds of sales of the business; provided that, in the case of a wholesaler, the tax shall be equal to onehalf of one per cent of the gross proceeds of sales of the business; and provided further that insofar as the sale of tangible personal property is a wholesale sale under section 237-4(a)(8), the tax shall be one-half of one per cent of the gross proceeds. Upon every person engaging or continuing within this State in the business of a producer, the tax shall be equal to one-half of one per cent of the gross proceeds of sales of the business, or the value of the products, for sale, if sold for delivery outside the State or shipped or transported out of the State, and the value of the products shall be determined in the same manner as the value of manufactured products covered in the cases under paragraph (1)(C).

(B) Gross proceeds of sales of tangible property in interstate and foreign commerce shall constitute

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a part of the measure of the tax imposed on persons in the business of selling tangible personal property, to the extent, under the conditions, and in accordance with the provisions of the Constitution of the United States and the Acts of the Congress of the United States which may be now in force or may be hereafter adopted, and whenever there occurs in the State an activity to which, under the Constitution and Acts of Congress, there may be attributed gross proceeds of sales, the gross proceeds shall be so attributed.

Do manufacturer or producer, engaged in such business in the State and selling the manufacturer's or producer's products for delivery outside of the State (for example, consigned to a mainland purchaser via common carrier f.o.b. Honolulu), shall be required to pay the tax imposed in this chapter for the privilege of so selling the products, and the value or gross proceeds of sales of the products

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shall be included only in determining the measure

of the tax imposed upon the manufacturer or

producer.

When a manufacturer or producer, engaged in such (D) business in the State, also is engaged in selling the manufacturer's or producer's products in the State at wholesale, retail, or in any other manner, the tax for the privilege of engaging in the business of selling the products in the State shall apply to the manufacturer or producer as well as the tax for the privilege of manufacturing or producing in the State, and the manufacturer or producer shall make the returns of the gross proceeds of the wholesale, retail, or other sales required for the privilege of selling in the State, as well as making the returns of the value or gross proceeds of sales of the products required for the privilege of manufacturing or producing in the State. manufacturer or producer shall pay the tax imposed in this chapter for the privilege of

1		selling its products in the State, and the value
2		or gross proceeds of sales of the products, thus
3		subjected to tax, may be deducted insofar as
4		duplicated as to the same products by the measure
5		of the tax upon the manufacturer or producer for
6		the privilege of manufacturing or producing in
7		the State; provided that no producer of
8		agricultural products who sells the products to a
9		purchaser who will process the products outside
10		the State shall be required to pay the tax
11		imposed in this chapter for the privilege of
12		producing or selling those products.
13	(E)	A taxpayer selling to a federal cost-plus
14		contractor may make the election provided for by
15		paragraph (3)(C), and in that case the tax shall
16		be computed pursuant to the election,
17		notwithstanding this paragraph or paragraph (1)
18		to the contrary.
19	(F)	The department, by rule, may require that a
20		seller take from the purchaser of tangible

personal property a certificate, in a form

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T		preso	cribed by the department, certifying that the
2		sale	is a sale at wholesale; provided that:
3		(i)	Any purchaser who furnishes a certificate
4			shall be obligated to pay to the seller,
5			upon demand, the amount of the additional
6			tax that is imposed upon the seller whenever
7			the sale in fact is not at wholesale; and
8		(ii)	The absence of a certificate in itself shall
9			give rise to the presumption that the sale
10			is not at wholesale unless the sales of the
11			business are exclusively at wholesale.
12	(3) Ta	ax upon (contractors.
13	(Z) Upon	every person engaging or continuing within
14		the S	State in the business of contracting, the tax
15		shal:	be equal to $[\frac{\text{four}}{\text{out}}]$ $\frac{4.5}{\text{out}}$ per cent of the
16		gros	s income of the business.
17	(E	3) In co	omputing the tax levied under this paragraph,
18		there	e shall be deducted from the gross income of
19		the	taxpayer so much thereof as has been included
20		in t	ne measure of the tax levied under
21		subpa	aragraph (A), on:

1	(i)	Another taxpayer who is a contractor, as
2		defined in section 237-6;
3	(ii)	A specialty contractor, duly licensed by the
4		department of commerce and consumer affairs
5		pursuant to section 444-9, in respect of the
6		specialty contractor's business; or
7	(iii)	A specialty contractor who is not licensed
8		by the department of commerce and consumer
9		affairs pursuant to section 444-9, but who
10		performs contracting activities on federal
11		military installations and nowhere else in
12		this State;
13	prov	ided that any person claiming a deduction
14	unde	r this paragraph shall be required to show in
15	the p	person's return the name and general excise
16	numb	er of the person paying the tax on the amount
17	dedu	cted by the person.
18	(C) In c	omputing the tax levied under this paragraph
19	agai	nst any federal cost-plus contractor, there
20	shal	l be excluded from the gross income of the

1	contractor so much thereof as fulfills the
2	following requirements:
3	(i) The gross income exempted shall constitute
4	reimbursement of costs incurred for
5	materials, plant, or equipment purchased
6	from a taxpayer licensed under this chapter
7	not exceeding the gross proceeds of sale of
8	the taxpayer on account of the transaction;
9	and
10	(ii) The taxpayer making the sale shall have
11	certified to the department that the
12	taxpayer is taxable with respect to the
13	gross proceeds of the sale, and that the
14	taxpayer elects to have the tax on gross
15	income computed the same as upon a sale to
16	the state government.
17	(D) A person who, as a business or as a part of a
18	business in which the person is engaged, erects,
19	constructs, or improves any building or
20	structure, of any kind or description, or makes,
21	constructs, or improves any road, street,

1	sidewalk, sewer, or water system, or other
2	improvements on land held by the person (whether
3	held as a leasehold, fee simple, or otherwise),
4	upon the sale or other disposition of the land or
5	improvements, even if the work was not done
6	pursuant to a contract, shall be liable to the
7	same tax as if engaged in the business of
8	contracting, unless the person shows that at the
9	time the person was engaged in making the
10	improvements the person intended, and for the
11	period of at least one year after completion of
12	the building, structure, or other improvements
13	the person continued to intend to hold and not
14	sell or otherwise dispose of the land or
15	improvements. The tax in respect of the
16	improvements shall be measured by the amount of
17	the proceeds of the sale or other disposition
18	that is attributable to the erection,
19	construction, or improvement of such building or
20	structure, or the making, constructing, or
21	improving of the road, street, sidewalk, sewer,



1		or water system, or other improvements. The
2		measure of tax in respect of the improvements
3		shall not exceed the amount which would have been
4		taxable had the work been performed by another,
5		subject as in other cases to the deductions
6		allowed by subparagraph (B). Upon the election
7		of the taxpayer, this paragraph may be applied
8		notwithstanding that the improvements were not
9		made by the taxpayer, or were not made as a
10		business or as a part of a business, or were made
11		with the intention of holding the same. However,
12		this paragraph shall not apply in respect of any
13		proceeds that constitute or are in the nature of
14		rent; all such gross income shall be taxable
15		under paragraph (9); provided that insofar as the
16		business of renting or leasing real property
17		under a lease is taxed under section 237-16.5,
18		the tax shall be levied by section 237-16.5.
19	(4)	Tax upon theaters, amusements, radio broadcasting
20		stations, etc.

1	(A)	Upon every person engaging or continuing within
2		the State in the business of operating a theater,
3		opera house, moving picture show, vaudeville,
4		amusement park, dance hall, skating rink, radio
5		broadcasting station, or any other place at which
6		amusements are offered to the public, the tax
7		shall be equal to $[\frac{\text{four}}{\text{out}}]$ 4.5 per cent of the
8		gross income of the business, and in the case of
9		a sale of an amusement at wholesale under section
10		237-4(a)(13), the tax shall be one-half of one
11		per cent of the gross income.
12	(B)	The department may require that the person
13		rendering an amusement at wholesale take from the
14		licensed seller a certificate, in a form
15		prescribed by the department, certifying that the
16		sale is a sale at wholesale; provided that:
17		(i) Any licensed seller who furnishes a
18		certificate shall be obligated to pay to the
19		person rendering the amusement, upon demand,

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the amount of additional tax that is imposed

1		upon the seller whenever the sale is not at
2		wholesale; and
3		(ii) The absence of a certificate in itself shall
4		give rise to the presumption that the sale
5		is not at wholesale unless the person
6		rendering the sale is exclusively rendering
7		the amusement at wholesale.
8	(5)	Tax upon sales representatives, etc. Upon every
9		person classified as a representative or purchasing
10		agent under section 237-1, engaging or continuing
11		within the State in the business of performing
12		services for another, other than as an employee, there
13		is likewise hereby levied and shall be assessed and
14		collected a tax equal to $[four]$ 4.5 per cent of the
15		commissions and other compensation attributable to the
16		services so rendered by the person.
17	(6)	Tax on service business.
18		(A) Upon every person engaging or continuing within
19		the State in any service business or calling
20		including professional services not otherwise
21		specifically taxed under this chapter, there is

1	like	ewise hereby levied and shall be assessed and
2	coll	ected a tax equal to $[four]$ 4.5 per cent of
3	the	gross income of the business, and in the case
4	of a	wholesaler under section 237-4(a)(10), the
5	tax	shall be equal to one-half of one per cent of
6	the	gross income of the business.
7	(B) The	department may require that the person
8	rend	dering a service at wholesale take from the
9	lice	ensed seller a certificate, in a form
10	pres	scribed by the department, certifying that the
11	sale	e is a sale at wholesale; provided that:
12	(i)	Any licensed seller who furnishes a
13		certificate shall be obligated to pay to the
14		person rendering the service, upon demand,
15		the amount of additional tax that is imposed
16		upon the seller whenever the sale is not at
17		wholesale; and
18	(ii)	The absence of a certificate in itself shall
19		give rise to the presumption that the sale
20		is not at wholesale unless the person

1	rendering	the	sale	is	exclusively	rendering
2	services a	at wh	nolesa	ale.		

3	(C)	Where any person is engaged in the business of
4		selling interstate or foreign common carrier
5		telecommunication services within and without the
6		State, other than as a home service provider, the
7		tax shall be imposed on that portion of gross
8		income received by a person from service which is
9		originated or terminated in this State and is
10		charged to a telephone number, customer, or
11		account in this State notwithstanding any other
12		state law (except for the exemption under section
13		237-23(a)(1)) to the contrary. If, under the
14		Constitution and laws of the United States, the
15		entire gross income as determined under this
16		paragraph of a business selling interstate or
17		foreign common carrier telecommunication services
18		cannot be included in the measure of the tax, the
19		gross income shall be apportioned as provided in
20		section 237-21; provided that the apportionment

1		factor and formula shall be the same for all
2		persons providing those services in the State.
3	(D)	Where any person is engaged in the business of a
4		home service provider, the tax shall be imposed
5		on the gross income received or derived from
6		providing interstate or foreign mobile
7		telecommunications services to a customer with a
8		place of primary use in this State when such
9		services originate in one state and terminate in
10		another state, territory, or foreign country;
11		provided that all charges for mobile
12		telecommunications services which are billed by
13		or for the home service provider are deemed to be
14		provided by the home service provider at the
15		customer's place of primary use, regardless of
16		where the mobile telecommunications originate,
17		terminate, or pass through; provided further that
18		the income from charges specifically derived from
19		interstate or foreign mobile telecommunications
20		services, as determined by books and records that
21		are kept in the regular course of business by the

1	home	service provider in accordance with section
2	239-2	24, shall be apportioned under any
3	appo	rtionment factor or formula adopted under
4	subp	aragraph (C). Gross income shall not
5	incl	ude:
6	(i)	Gross receipts from mobile
7		telecommunications services provided to a
8		customer with a place of primary use outside
9		this State;
10	(ii)	Gross receipts from mobile
11		telecommunications services that are subject
12		to the tax imposed by chapter 239;
13	(iii)	Gross receipts from mobile
14		telecommunications services taxed under
15		section 237-13.8; and
16	(iv)	Gross receipts of a home service provider
17		acting as a serving carrier providing mobile
18		telecommunications services to another home
19		service provider's customer.
20	For	the purposes of this paragraph, "charges for
21	mobi	le telecommunications services", "customer",

1	"home service provider", "mobile
2	telecommunications services", "place of primary
3	use", and "serving carrier" have the same meaning
4	as in section 239-22.

- (7) Tax on insurance producers. Upon every person engaged as a licensed producer pursuant to chapter 431, there is hereby levied and shall be assessed and collected a tax equal to 0.15 per cent of the commissions due to that activity.
- (8) Tax on receipts of sugar benefit payments. Upon the amounts received from the United States government by any producer of sugar (or the producer's legal representative or heirs), as defined under and by virtue of the Sugar Act of 1948, as amended, or other Acts of the Congress of the United States relating thereto, there is hereby levied a tax of one-half of one per cent of the gross amount received; provided that the tax levied hereunder on any amount so received and actually disbursed to another by a producer in the form of a benefit payment shall be paid by the person or persons to whom the amount is

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actually disbursed, and the producer actually making a benefit payment to another shall be entitled to claim on the producer's return a deduction from the gross amount taxable hereunder in the sum of the amount so disbursed. The amounts taxed under this paragraph shall not be taxable under any other paragraph, subsection, or section of this chapter.

(9) Tax on other business. Upon every person engaging or continuing within the State in any business, trade, activity, occupation, or calling not included in the preceding paragraphs or any other provisions of this chapter, there is likewise hereby levied and shall be assessed and collected, a tax equal to [four] 4.5 per cent of the gross income thereof. In addition, the rate prescribed by this paragraph shall apply to a business taxable under one or more of the preceding paragraphs or other provisions of this chapter, as to any gross income thereof not taxed thereunder as gross income or gross proceeds of sales or by taxing an equivalent value of products, unless specifically exempted."

- 1 SECTION 2. Section 237-15, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
- 2 amended to read as follows:
- 3 "§237-15 Technicians. When technicians supply dentists or
- 4 physicians with dentures, orthodontic devices, braces, and
- 5 similar items [which] that have been prepared by the technician
- 6 in accordance with specifications furnished by the dentist or
- 7 physician, and [such] the items are to be used by the dentist or
- 8 physician in the dentist's or physician's professional practice
- 9 for a particular patient who is to pay the dentist or physician
- 10 for the same as a part of the dentist's or physician's
- 11 professional services, the technician shall be taxed as though
- 12 the technician were a manufacturer selling a product to a
- 13 licensed retailer, rather than at the rate of [four] 4.5 per
- 14 cent [which] that is generally applied to professions and
- 15 services."
- 16 SECTION 3. Section 237-16.5, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
- 17 amended as follows:
- 18 1. By amending subsection (a) to read:
- 19 "(a) This section relates to the leasing of real property
- 20 by a lessor to a lessee. There is hereby levied, and shall be
- 21 assessed and collected annually, a privilege tax against persons



- 1 engaging or continuing within the State in the business of
- 2 leasing real property to another, equal to [four] 4.5 per cent
- 3 of the gross proceeds or gross income received or derived from
- 4 the leasing; provided that where real property is subleased by a
- 5 lessee to a sublessee, the lessee, as provided in this section,
- 6 shall be allowed a deduction from the amount of gross proceeds
- 7 or gross income received from its sublease of the real property.
- 8 The deduction shall be in the amount allowed under this section.
- 9 All deductions under this section and the name and general
- 10 excise tax number of the lessee's lessor shall be reported on
- 11 the general excise tax return. Any deduction allowed under this
- 12 section shall only be allowed with respect to leases and
- 13 subleases in writing and relating to the same real property."
- 14 2. By amending subsection (f) to read:
- "(f) This section shall not cause the tax upon a lessor,
- 16 with respect to any item of the lessor's gross proceeds or gross
- 17 income, to exceed [four] 4.5 per cent."
- 18 SECTION 4. Section 237-18, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
- 19 amended by amending subsection (f) to read as follows:
- 20 "(f) Where tourism related services are furnished through
- 21 arrangements made by a travel agency or tour packager and the



- 1 gross income is divided between the provider of the services and
- 2 the travel agency or tour packager, the tax imposed by this
- 3 chapter shall apply to each such person with respect to [such]
- 4 the person's respective portion of the proceeds, and no more.
- 5 As used in this subsection, "tourism related services"
- 6 means catamaran cruises, canoe rides, dinner cruises, lei
- 7 greetings, transportation included in a tour package,
- 8 sightseeing tours not subject to chapter 239, admissions to
- 9 luaus, dinner shows, extravaganzas, cultural and educational
- 10 facilities, and other services rendered directly to the customer
- 11 or tourist, but only if the providers of the services other than
- 12 air transportation are subject to a [four] 4.5 per cent tax
- 13 under this chapter or chapter 239."
- 14 SECTION 5. Section 237-31, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
- 15 amended to read as follows:
- 16 "§237-31 Remittances. (a) All remittances of taxes
- 17 imposed by this chapter shall be made by money, bank draft,
- 18 check, cashier's check, money order, or certificate of deposit
- 19 to the office of the department of taxation to which the return
- 20 was transmitted.

1	<u>(D)</u>	The department shall issue its receipts therefor to
2	the taxpa	yer and shall pay the moneys into the state treasury as
3	a state r	ealization, to be kept and accounted for as provided by
4	law; prov	ided that:
5	(1)	A sum, not to exceed \$5,000,000, from all general
6		excise tax revenues realized by the State shall be
7		deposited in the state treasury in each fiscal year to
8		the credit of the compound interest bond reserve fund;
9	(2)	A sum from all general excise tax revenues realized by
10		the State that is equal to one-half of the total
11		amount of funds appropriated or transferred out of the
12		hurricane reserve trust fund under sections 4 and 5 of
13		Act 62, Session Laws of Hawaii 2011, shall be
14		deposited into the hurricane reserve trust fund in
15		fiscal year 2013-2014 and in fiscal year 2014-2015;
16		provided that the deposit required in each fiscal year
17		shall be made by October 1 of that fiscal year; and
18	[+](3)[+] Commencing with fiscal year 2018-2019, a sum from
19		all general excise tax revenues realized by the State
20		that represents the difference between the state
21		public employer's annual required contribution for the

1		separate trust fund established under section 87A-42
2		and the amount of the state public employer's
3		contributions into that trust fund shall be deposited
4		to the credit of the State's annual required
5		contribution into that trust fund in each fiscal year,
6		as provided in section 87A-42.
7	<u>(c)</u>	Notwithstanding subsection (b), beginning on July 1,
8	2017, the	additional revenues generated and collected from the
9	increase	in general excise tax rates imposed by sections 1, 2,
10	3, and 4	of Act , Session Laws of Hawaii 2017, shall be
11	distribut	ed as follows:
12	(1)	per cent or \$200,000,000, whichever is
13		greater, of the revenues shall be deposited into a
14		special account in the general fund for appropriation
15		to and expenditure for operations of the department of
16		education under chapter 302A; and
17	(2)	per cent or \$50,000,000, whichever is
18		greater, of the revenues shall be deposited into a
19		special account in the general fund for appropriation
20		to and expenditure for operations of the University of
21		Hawaii under chapter 304A."



1	SECTION 6. Section 238-2, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
2	amended to read as follows:
3	"§238-2 Imposition of tax on tangible personal property;
4	exemptions. There is hereby levied an excise tax on the use in
5	this State of tangible personal property which is imported by a
6	taxpayer in this State whether owned, purchased from an
7	unlicensed seller, or however acquired for use in this State.
8	The tax imposed by this chapter shall accrue when the property
9	is acquired by the importer or purchaser and becomes subject to
10	the taxing jurisdiction of the State. The rates of the tax
11	hereby imposed and the exemptions thereof are as follows:
12	(1) If the importer or purchaser is licensed under chapter
13	237 and is:
14	(A) A wholesaler or jobber importing or purchasing
15	for purposes of sale or resale; or
16	(B) A manufacturer importing or purchasing material
17	or commodities which are to be incorporated by
18	the manufacturer into a finished or saleable
19	product (including the container or package in
20	which the product is contained) wherein it will
21	remain in such form as to be perceptible to the

1		senses, and which rimished or saleable product is
2		to be sold in such manner as to result in a
3		further tax on the activity of the manufacturer
4		as the manufacturer or as a wholesaler, and not
5		as a retailer,
6		there shall be no tax; provided that if the
7		wholesaler, jobber, or manufacturer is also engaged in
8		business as a retailer (so classed under chapter 237),
9		paragraph (2) shall apply to the wholesaler, jobber,
10		or manufacturer, but the director of taxation shall
11		refund to the wholesaler, jobber, or manufacturer, in
12		the manner provided under section 231-23(c) such
13		amount of tax as the wholesaler, jobber, or
14		manufacturer shall, to the satisfaction of the
15		director, establish to have been paid by the
16		wholesaler, jobber, or manufacturer to the director
17		with respect to property which has been used by the
18		wholesaler, jobber, or manufacturer for the purposes
19		stated in this paragraph;
20	(2)	If the importer or purchaser is licensed under chapter
21		237 and is:

1	(A)	A retailer or other person importing or
2		purchasing for purposes of sale or resale, not
3		exempted by paragraph (1);
4	(B)	A manufacturer importing or purchasing material
5		or commodities which are to be incorporated by
6		the manufacturer into a finished or saleable
7		product (including the container or package in
8		which the product is contained) wherein it will
9		remain in such form as to be perceptible to the
10		senses, and which finished or saleable product is
11		to be sold at retail in this State, in such
12		manner as to result in a further tax on the
13		activity of the manufacturer in selling such
14		products at retail;
15	(C)	A contractor importing or purchasing material or
16		commodities which are to be incorporated by the
17		contractor into the finished work or project
18		required by the contract and which will remain in
19		such finished work or project in such form as to
20		be perceptible to the senses;

1	(D)	A person engaged in a service business or calling
2		as defined in section 237-7, or a person
3		furnishing transient accommodations subject to
4		the tax imposed by section 237D-2, in which the
5		import or purchase of tangible personal property
6		would have qualified as a sale at wholesale as
7		defined in section 237-4(a)(8) had the seller of
8		the property been subject to the tax in chapter
9		237; or
10	(E)	A publisher of magazines or similar printed
11		materials containing advertisements, when the
12		publisher is under contract with the advertisers
13		to distribute a minimum number of magazines or
14		similar printed materials to the public or
15		defined segment of the public, whether or not
16		there is a charge to the persons who actually
17		receive the magazines or similar printed
18		materials,
19	the	tax shall be one-half of one per cent of the
20	puro	chase price of the property, if the purchase and
21	sale	e are consummated in Hawaii; or, if there is no

1	purchase price applicable thereto, or if the purchase
2	or sale is consummated outside of Hawaii, then one-
3	half of one per cent of the value of such property;
4	and
5	(3) In all other cases, $[four]$ 4.5 per cent of the value
6	of the property.
7	For purposes of this section, tangible personal property is
8	property that is imported by the taxpayer for use in this State,
9	notwithstanding the fact that title to the property, or the risk
10	of loss to the property, passes to the purchaser of the property
11	at a location outside this State. Where plaintiff: (1) caused
12	consumer electronic goods from various mainland vendors to be
13	shipped to Hawaii in order to restock plaintiff's retail stores
14	in this State, constituting importation of goods into the State
15	for purposes of resale; and (2) used the goods in Hawaii by
16	"keeping the property" in this State "for sale", plaintiff was
17	subject to assessment of the use tax under this section. 128 H
18	116, 284 P.3d 209 (2012)."
19	SECTION 7. Section 238-2.3, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
20	amended to read as follows:



1	"§238-2.3	Imposition of tax on imported services or
2	contracting; exe	mptions. There is hereby levied an excise tax
3	on the value of	services or contracting as defined in section
4	237-6 that are p	erformed by an unlicensed seller at a point
5	outside the Stat	e and imported or purchased for use in this
6	State. The tax	imposed by this chapter shall accrue when the
7	service or contr	acting as defined in section 237-6 is received
8	by the importer	or purchaser and becomes subject to the taxing
9	jurisdiction of	the State. The rates of the tax hereby imposed
10	and the exemptic	ons from the tax are as follows:
11	(1) If the	e importer or purchaser is licensed under chapter
12	237 an	d is:
13	(A) E	ingaged in a service business or calling in which
14	t	he imported or purchased services or contracting
15	k	ecome identifiable elements, excluding overhead,
16	C	of the services rendered by the importer or
17	Ţ	ourchaser, and the gross income of the importer
18	C	or purchaser is subject to the tax imposed under
19	C	chapter 237 on services at the rate of one-half
20	C	of one per cent;

1	(B) A ma	inufacturer importing or purchasing services
2	or c	contracting that become identifiable elements,
3	excl	uding overhead, of a finished or saleable
4	prod	duct (including the container or package in
5	whic	ch the product is contained) and the finished
6	or s	saleable product is to be sold in a manner
7	that	results in a further tax on the manufacturer
8	as a	wholesaler, and not a retailer; or
9	(C) A co	ontractor importing or purchasing contracting
10	that	become identifiable elements, excluding
11	ove	chead, of the finished work or project
12	requ	ired under the contract; provided that:
13	(i)	The gross proceeds derived by the contractor
14		are subject to the tax under section 237-
15		13(3) as a contractor; and
16	(ii)	The contractor could have deducted amounts
17		paid to the subcontractor under section 237-
18		13(3)(B) if the subcontractor was subject to
19		general excise tax under chapter 237;
20	there sh	all be no tax imposed on the value of the
21	imported	or purchased services or contracting;

1	provided that if the manufacturer is also engaged in
2	business as a retailer as classified under chapter
3	237, paragraph (2) shall apply to the manufacturer,
4	but the director of taxation shall refund to the
5	manufacturer, in the manner provided under section
6	231-23(c), that amount of tax that the manufacturer,
7	to the satisfaction of the director, shall establish
8	to have been paid by the manufacturer to the director
9	with respect to services that have been used by the
10	manufacturer for the purposes stated in this
11	paragraph.

- (2) If the importer or purchaser is a person licensed under chapter 237 and is:
 - (A) Engaged in a service business or calling in which the imported or purchased services or contracting become identifiable elements, excluding overhead, of the services rendered by the importer or purchaser, and the gross income from those services when sold by the importer or purchaser is subject to the tax imposed under chapter 237 at the highest rate;

1		(B)	A manufacturer importing or purchasing services
2			or contracting that become identifiable elements,
3			excluding overhead, of the finished or saleable
4			manufactured product (including the container or
5			package in which the product is contained) and
6			the finished or saleable product is to be sold in
7			a manner that results in a further tax under
8			chapter 237 on the activity of the manufacturer
9			as a retailer; or
10		(C)	A contractor importing or purchasing services
11			that become identifiable elements, excluding
12			overhead, of the finished work or project
13			required, under the contract, and where the gross
14			proceeds derived by the contractor are subject to
15			the tax under section 237-13(3) as a contractor,
16		the	tax shall be one-half of one per cent of the value
17		of t	the imported or purchased services or contracting;
18		and	
19	(3)	In a	all other cases, the importer or purchaser is
20		subj	ect to the tax at the rate of $[\frac{\text{four}}{\text{gour}}]$ per cent

1	on the value of the imported or purchased services or
2	contracting."
3	PART II
4	SECTION 8. Section 248-2.6, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
5	amended by amending subsection (a) to read as follows:
6	"(a) If adopted by county ordinance, all county surcharges
7	on state tax collected by the director of taxation shall be paid
8	into the state treasury quarterly, within ten working days after
9	collection, and shall be placed by the director of finance in
10	special accounts. Out of the revenues generated by county
11	surcharges on state tax paid into each respective state treasury
12	special account, the director of finance shall deduct [ten] five
13	per cent of the gross proceeds of a respective county's
14	surcharge on state tax to reimburse the State for the costs of
15	assessment, collection, and disposition of the county surcharge
16	on state tax incurred by the State. Amounts retained shall be
17	general fund realizations of the State."
18	PART III
19	SECTION 9. Section 235-2.4, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
20	amended by amending subsection (a) to read as follows:



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H.B. NO. 1319

1 "(a)	Section	63	(with	respect	to	taxable	income	defined)
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2 of the Internal Revenue Code shall be operative for the purposes

Section 63(c)(1)(B) (relating to the additional

3 of this chapter, subject to the following:

- standard deduction), 63(c)(1)(C) (relating to the real 5 property tax deduction), 63(c)(1)(D) (relating to the 6 disaster loss deduction), 63(c)(1)(E) (relating to the 7 motor vehicle sales tax deduction), 63(c)(4) (relating 8 to inflation adjustments), 63(c)(7) (defining the real 9 property tax deduction), 63(c)(8) (defining the 10 disaster loss deduction), 63(c)(9) (defining the motor 11 vehicle sales tax deduction), and 63(f) (relating to 12 additional amounts for the aged or blind) of the 13 14 Internal Revenue Code shall not be operative for
 - (2) Section 63(c)(2) (relating to the basic standard deduction) of the Internal Revenue Code shall be operative, except that the standard deduction amounts provided therein shall instead mean:
- 20 (A) [\$4,400] \$\\\\$ in the case of:

purposes of this chapter;

1	(i) A joint return as provided by section
2	235-93; or
3	(ii) A surviving spouse (as defined in section
4	2(a) of the Internal Revenue Code);
5	(B) $[\$3,212]$ \$\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\
6	household (as defined in section 2(b) of the
7	Internal Revenue Code);
8	(C) $[\$2,200]$ $\$$ in the case of an individual
9	who is not married and who is not a surviving
10	spouse or head of household; or
11	(D) $[\$2,200]$ $\$$ in the case of a married
12	individual filing a separate return;
13 (3	Section 63(c)(5) (limiting the basic standard
14	deduction in the case of certain dependents) of the
15	Internal Revenue Code shall be operative, except that
16	the limitation shall be the greater of \$500 or the
17	individual's earned income; and
18 (4) The standard deduction amount for nonresidents shall
19	be calculated pursuant to section 235-5."

ı	PART. IV
2	SECTION 10. Act 223, Session Laws of Hawaii 2015, is
3	amended by amending section 4 to read as follows:
4	"SECTION 4. This Act, upon its approval, shall apply to
5	taxable years beginning after December 31, 2015; provided that
6	this Act shall be repealed on December 31, $[\frac{2017}{7}]$ 2019, and
7	section 235-55.85, Hawaii Revised Statutes, shall be reenacted
8	in the form in which it read on the day prior to the effective
9	date of this Act."
10	PART V
11	SECTION 11. This Act does not affect rights and duties
12	that matured, penalties that were incurred, and proceedings that
13	were begun before its effective date.
14	SECTION 12. Statutory material to be repealed is bracketed
15	and stricken. New statutory material is underscored.
16	SECTION 13. This Act shall take effect upon its approval;
	photion is. This not bhair take circle apon its approvar,
17	provided that:

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H.B. NO. 1319

1	(2)	Part	III	shall	apply	to	taxable	years	beginning	after
2		Decem	nber	31, 2	2016.					

TNTRODUCED BY:

JAN 2 4 2017

Report Title:

General Excise Tax; Use Tax; Increase; County Surcharge on State Tax; Reimbursement; Income Tax; Standard Deduction; Refundable Food/Excise Tax Credit

Description:

Increases the general excise tax by 0.5% to provide a dedicated funding source for the department of education and the University of Hawaii. Increases the use tax by 0.5%. Reduces the amount deducted from the county surcharge on state tax to reimburse the State for costs of assessment, collection, and disposition from 10% to 5%. Amends the state income tax by increasing the amounts of the standard deduction to unspecified amounts. Extends the sunset date for the increased amounts of the refundable food/excise tax credit by 2 years.

The summary description of legislation appearing on this page is for informational purposes only and is not legislation or evidence of legislative intent.