



EXECUTIVE CHAMBERS
HONOLULU

DAVID Y. IGE
GOVERNOR

July 10, 2018

GOV. MSG. NO. 1313

The Honorable Ronald D. Kouchi,
President
and Members of the Senate
Twenty-Ninth State Legislature
State Capitol, Room 409
Honolulu, Hawai'i 96813

The Honorable Scott K. Saiki,
Speaker and Members of the
House of Representatives
Twenty-Ninth State Legislature
State Capitol, Room 431
Honolulu, Hawai'i 96813

Dear President Kouchi, Speaker Saiki, and Members of the Legislature:

This is to inform you that on July 10, 2018, the following bill was signed into law:

HB2357 HD2 SD1 CD1

RELATING TO THE HAWAII PUBLIC HOUSING
AUTHORITY
ACT 204 (18)

Sincerely,

DAVID Y. IGE
Governor, State of Hawai'i

A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO THE HAWAII PUBLIC HOUSING AUTHORITY.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

1 SECTION 1. Chapter 356D, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
2 amended by adding a new subpart to part III to be appropriately
3 designated and to read as follows:

4 "Subpart . State Low-Income Housing; Evictions

5 §356D-A Definitions. As used in this subpart:

6 "Party" means each person or agency named or admitted as a
7 party or properly seeking and entitled as the right to be
8 admitted as a party in any court or agency proceeding.

9 "State low-income housing project" means any state low-
10 income public housing project and program or elder or elderly
11 housing owned, managed, administered, or operated by the
12 authority in accordance with sections 356D-44 and 356D-71.

13 "Tenant" means any person occupying a dwelling
14 accommodation or living quarters in any state low-income housing
15 project, under or by virtue of any tenancy, lease, or rental
16 agreement under or from the authority.



1 §356D-B Termination and evictions. (a) Except as
2 otherwise provided by law, the authority may terminate any
3 lease, rental agreement, permit, or license covering the use and
4 occupation of any dwelling unit or other premises located within
5 a state low-income housing project and evict from any premises
6 any tenant, licensee, or other occupant for any of the following
7 reasons:

- 8 (1) Failure to pay rent when due;
- 9 (2) Violation of any provision of a lease, rental
10 agreement, permit, or license;
- 11 (3) Violation of any rule of the authority;
- 12 (4) Failure to maintain the dwelling unit in a clean,
13 sanitary, and habitable condition;
- 14 (5) Upon a third violation of section 356D-6.5; provided
15 that a violation of paragraph (2) or (3), or this
16 paragraph by a person who is not a tenant, a guest who
17 is visiting a tenant, or any member of the tenant's
18 household shall be deemed a violation by the tenant;
19 or
- 20 (6) The existence of any other circumstances giving rise
21 to an immediate right to possession by the authority.



1 (b) When any lease, rental agreement, permit, or license
2 is subject to termination pursuant to subsection (a), the
3 authority, either directly or through its managing agent, shall
4 provide the tenant with a written notice that shall inform the
5 tenant of any violation, failure, or circumstances giving rise
6 to an immediate right to possession by the authority and, if the
7 tenant has been delinquent in payment of rent, the amount of
8 that delinquency.

9 **§356D-C Hearings.** (a) When the authority proposes to
10 terminate a lease, rental agreement, permit, or license and
11 evict a tenant under section 356D-B, a hearing shall be held to
12 determine whether cause exists for the action. The authority
13 shall give written notice to the tenant specifying the reason
14 for the eviction and the date, time, and place of the hearing.
15 The written notice shall further inform the tenant of the right
16 to inspect and copy the tenant's file at the tenant's expense
17 before the hearing is held. The written notice shall be given
18 at least five days before the date of the hearing. At the
19 hearing, before final action is taken, the tenant shall be
20 entitled to be heard in person or through counsel, and granted a
21 full and fair hearing in accordance with the requirements of a



1 contested case hearing under sections 91-9 and 91-10 to 91-13.

2 This full and fair hearing shall be deemed to be a contested
3 case hearing before the authority pursuant to chapter 91.

4 (b) Hearings shall be conducted by an eviction board
5 appointed by the authority. The eviction board shall consist of
6 no fewer than two persons, and no more than three persons, of
7 which one member shall be a tenant. If feasible, the eviction
8 board may conduct hearings using video conferencing technology;
9 provided that these hearings shall be conducted pursuant to
10 chapter 91. The findings, conclusions, decision, and order of
11 the eviction board shall be final unless an appeal is taken
12 pursuant to section 91-14.

13 (c) The eviction board shall have the same powers with
14 respect to administering oaths, compelling the attendance of
15 witnesses and the production of documentary evidence, and
16 examining witnesses, as those of the circuit courts. In case of
17 a violation by any person of any order of the eviction board, or
18 of any subpoena issued by the eviction board, or the refusal of
19 any witness to testify to any matter regarding which the witness
20 may lawfully be questioned, a circuit court judge, upon



1 application by the eviction board, may compel compliance with
2 the order or subpoena, or compel testimony.

3 §356D-D Eviction. (a) If the eviction board finds cause
4 to terminate a lease, rental agreement, permit, or license and
5 evict the tenant, the authority shall provide the tenant with a
6 written notice of the authority's decision to terminate the
7 tenancy. The written notice shall inform the tenant that a writ
8 of possession may be issued by the authority within ten business
9 days. The written notice shall also inform the tenant whether
10 the grounds for eviction are curable and, if so, specify the
11 methods to remedy the grounds, timeframe for completion, and
12 documentation required to prove to the authority that the
13 grounds have been remedied.

14 (b) When the grounds for termination of the tenancy may be
15 cured by the tenant, the tenant shall have ten business days
16 from receipt of the written notice under subsection (a) to cure
17 the grounds. If the grounds are cured within the ten-day
18 period, no writ of possession shall be issued. If the grounds
19 are not cured within the ten-day period, the authority may issue
20 a writ of possession.



1 (c) The authority may adopt rules pursuant to chapter 91
2 to define curable and noncurable grounds for eviction. The
3 authority may consider a tenant's history in determining
4 noncurable grounds for eviction. A tenant's history may include
5 chronic or consistent delinquency, or repeated violations of the
6 terms of the lease, rental agreement, permit, or license.

7 (d) Enforcement of the order by a writ of possession shall
8 be effected either by a process server appointed by the
9 authority, who shall have all of the powers of a police officer
10 for all actions in connection with the enforcement of the order,
11 or by a sheriff or any other law enforcement officer of the
12 State or any county, whose duty it shall be to carry out the
13 order. The person enforcing the order shall remove all persons
14 from the premises and put the authority in full possession
15 thereof.

16 (e) Upon eviction, the household goods and personal
17 effects of the tenant against whom the order is entered, and
18 those of any persons using the premises incident to the tenant's
19 holding, may be removed from the premises and stored by the
20 authority. If the action is taken, the authority shall have a
21 lien on the property taken for the expenses incurred by the



1 authority in moving and storing the property, and the authority
2 is authorized to sell or otherwise dispose of the property if
3 unclaimed after thirty days.

4 **§356D-E Ex parte motion.** If a tenant cannot be served
5 with an order of eviction or writ of possession, and the
6 authority receives an affidavit or declaration stating this
7 fact, service on the tenant may be made in accordance with a
8 special order of the authority. The order shall require the
9 process server to affix a certified copy of the order of
10 eviction or writ of possession in a conspicuous place upon the
11 premises, such as the door or wall of the dwelling unit.

12 **§356D-F Judicial review.** (a) Any tenant aggrieved by a
13 final decision and order of the authority or by a preliminary
14 ruling of the nature that deferral of review pending entry of a
15 subsequent final decision would deprive the appellant of
16 adequate relief is entitled to judicial review thereof under
17 this subpart.

18 (b) Except as otherwise provided in this section,
19 proceedings for review shall be instituted in the circuit court
20 within thirty days after the preliminary ruling or within thirty
21 days after service of the certified copy of the final decision



1 and order of the authority pursuant to the rules of the court,
2 except where a statute provides for a direct appeal to the
3 intermediate appellate court. In such cases, the appeal shall
4 be treated in the same manner as an appeal from the circuit
5 court, including payment of the fee prescribed by section 607-5
6 for filing the notice of appeal. The court in its discretion
7 may permit other interested persons to intervene.

8 (c) The proceedings for review shall not stay enforcement
9 of the decision of the authority; provided that the authority or
10 the reviewing court may order a stay upon terms as it deems
11 proper.

12 (d) Within twenty days after the determination of the
13 contents of the record on appeal in the manner provided by the
14 rules of court, or within such further time as the court may
15 allow, the authority shall transmit to the reviewing court the
16 record of the proceeding under review. The court may require or
17 permit subsequent corrections or additions to the record when
18 deemed desirable.

19 (e) If, before the date set for hearing, application is
20 made to the court for leave to present additional evidence and
21 the evidence is material and good cause exists for the failure



1 to present the evidence in the proceeding before the authority,
2 the court may order the authority to hear the evidence upon the
3 conditions as the court deems proper. The authority may modify
4 its findings, decision, and order by reason of the additional
5 evidence and shall file with the reviewing court, to become a
6 part of the record, the additional evidence, together with any
7 modification of its findings, decision, or order.

8 (f) The review shall be conducted by the court without a
9 jury and shall be confined to the record. In cases of alleged
10 irregularities in procedure before the authority and not shown
11 in the record, testimony thereon may be taken in court. The
12 court, upon request by any party, may hear oral arguments and
13 receive written briefs.

14 (g) Upon review of the record, the court may affirm the
15 decision of the authority or remand the case with instructions
16 for further proceedings, or it may reverse or modify the
17 decision and order if the substantial rights of the petitioners
18 may have been prejudiced because the administrative findings,
19 conclusions, decisions, or orders are:

20 (1) In violation of constitutional or statutory
21 provisions;



- 1 (2) In excess of the statutory authority or jurisdiction
- 2 of the authority;
- 3 (3) Made upon unlawful procedure;
- 4 (4) Affected by other error of law;
- 5 (5) Clearly erroneous in view of the reliable, probative,
- 6 and substantial evidence on the whole record; or
- 7 (6) Arbitrary, capricious, or characterized by abuse of
- 8 discretion or clearly unwarranted exercise of
- 9 discretion.

10 §356D-G Appeals. An aggrieved party may secure a review
11 of any final judgement of the circuit court under this subpart
12 by appeal to the appellate courts, subject to chapter 602. The
13 appeal shall be taken in the manner provided in the rules of
14 court.

15 §356D-H Rules. The authority may adopt rules pursuant to
16 chapter 91 necessary for the purposes of this subpart."

17 SECTION 2. In codifying the new sections added by section 1
18 of this Act, the revisor of statutes shall substitute
19 appropriate section numbers for the letters used in designating
20 the new sections in this Act.

21 SECTION 3. This Act shall take effect upon its approval.



H.B. NO.

2357
H.D. 2
S.D. 1
C.D. 1

APPROVED this 10 day of JUL, 2018

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "David Y. Ige". The signature is fluid and cursive, with a large, sweeping flourish at the end.

GOVERNOR OF THE STATE OF HAWAII

HB No. 2357, HD 2, SD 1, CD 1

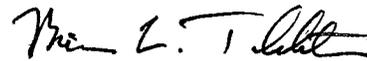
THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES OF THE STATE OF HAWAII

Date: May 1, 2018
Honolulu, Hawaii

We hereby certify that the above-referenced Bill on this day passed Final Reading in the House of Representatives of the Twenty-Ninth Legislature of the State of Hawaii, Regular Session of 2018.



Scott K. Saiki
Speaker
House of Representatives

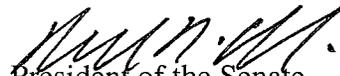


Brian L. Takeshita
Chief Clerk
House of Representatives

THE SENATE OF THE STATE OF HAWAI'I

Date: May 1, 2018
Honolulu, Hawaii 96813

We hereby certify that the foregoing Bill this day passed Final Reading in the
Senate of the Twenty-ninth Legislature of the State of Hawai'i, Regular Session of 2018.


President of the Senate


Clerk of the Senate