

EXECUTIVE CHAMBERS HONOLULU

DAVID Y. IGE GOVERNOR

July 5, 2018

GOV. MSG. NO. 1222

The Honorable Ronald D. Kouchi, President and Members of the Senate Twenty-Ninth State Legislature State Capitol, Room 409 Honolulu, Hawai'i 96813

The Honorable Scott K. Saiki, Speaker and Members of the House of Representatives **Twenty-Ninth State Legislature** State Capitol, Room 431 Honolulu, Hawai'i 96813

Dear President Kouchi, Speaker Saiki, and Members of the Legislature:

This is to inform you that on July 5, 2018, the following bill was signed into law:

HB1508 HD2 SD2 CD1

RELATING TO ENERGY EFFICIENCY ACT 121 (18)

Sincerely,

DAVID Y. IGE Governor, State of Hawai'i

ORIGINAL

Approved by the Governor

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES TWENTY-NINTH LEGISLATURE, 2017 STATE OF HAWAII ACT 121 H.B. NO. ¹⁵⁰⁸ H.D. 2 S.D. 2 C.D. 1

A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO ENERGY EFFICIENCY.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

SECTION 1. The legislature finds that green infrastructure
 financing was established in the public interest to make cost effective green infrastructure equipment options accessible and
 affordable to customers in order to achieve Hawaii's clean
 energy goals while benefitting from measurable cost savings.

6 The legislature further finds that \$46,400,000 was appropriated out of the Hawaii green infrastructure special fund 7 for fiscal year 2017-2018 for the purpose of financing the 8 installation costs for energy-efficient lighting and other 9 energy-efficiency measures related to heat abatement at public 10 schools. Similarly, the department of education, with the 11 12 approval of the governor, was authorized to borrow the sum of 13 \$46,400,000 for fiscal year 2017-2018 from the green 14 infrastructure loan program upon terms and conditions as are 15 agreed to between the department of education and the Hawaii 16 green infrastructure authority; provided that the loan shall be 17 issued free of interest charges. Repayment of the loan will be 18 from general revenue savings from reduced utility costs as a HB1508 CD1 HMS 2018-3925 1

Page 2

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result of the implementation of energy-efficient lighting and other energy-efficiency measures.

H.B. NO.

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Further, while the department of education's energyefficiency plan utilizing Hawaii green infrastructure financing initially included only light emitting diode lighting retrofits, the legislature finds that this financing mechanism, coupled with innovative implementation strategies, will enable the department of education to implement deeper retrofits to include other energy-efficiency measures.

10 EnerNoc Utility Solutions Consulting Inc. prepared and 11 presented the State of Hawaii Energy Efficiency Potential Study, Project #1448 (study) to the Hawaii public utilities commission 12 13 on January 15, 2014. The study categorized Hawaii's 2012 energy 14 consumption into five sectors: residential (thirty-two per 15 cent), military (eleven per cent), water and wastewater (four 16 per cent), street lighting (0.5 per cent), and commercial 17 (fifty-two per cent). The study found that the commercial sector, which includes the government, consumes over half of 18 19 statewide electricity use, and concluded that the majority of 20 the statewide energy-efficiency savings potential is found in 21 the commercial sector. Of the twenty-five state agencies

HB1508 CD1 HMS 2018-3925

H.B. NO. ¹⁵⁰⁸ H.D. 2 S.D. 2

1 participating in the department of business, economic 2 development, and tourism's report to the legislature titled Lead 3 by Example State of Hawaii Agencies' Energy Initiatives FY 2013-4 2014, the department of education was the second largest 5 consumer of electricity, consuming over 130,000,000 kWh per year 6 from fiscal year 2004-2005 through fiscal year 2013-2014 at an 7 average cost of \$38,000,000 per year. There are a number of 8 other state agencies and departments that would benefit from a 9 similar financing arrangement. Reducing energy consumption in 10 state buildings would significantly and positively contribute to 11 the achievement of Hawaii's energy-efficiency portfolio 12 standard, while reducing and controlling costs for Hawaii's 13 taxpayers.

14 Though government agencies were not named as underserved by 15 the Hawaii public utilities commission in the green energy market securitization program, the Hawaii public utilities 16 17 commission acknowledged that the green energy market 18 securitization program was not intended to be exclusively dedicated to underserved customers. The legislature notes that 19 while state agencies constitute a significant component of 20 21 energy consumption in Hawaii, investment in energy-efficiency

HB1508 CD1 HMS 2018-3925

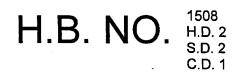
Page 4



1 improvements by government agencies has been limited. Further, government agencies can be classified with those ratepayers who 2 3 are hard-to-reach with traditional market-competitive financing agreements due to procurement limitations and the obligation to 4 5 include contractual provisions that make the continuation of 6 contracts contingent upon the allocation of funds. For these 7 reasons, the use of the green energy market securitization 8 program funds to provide low-cost financing to enable energy-9 efficiency retrofits for state government agencies fills a gap 10 not served by the capital market.

11 The purpose of this Act is to provide all state agencies and departments the opportunity to obtain low-cost financing 12 13 from the green energy market securitization program, at an 14 interest rate of 3.5 per cent a year, to reduce energy costs and 15 consumption by installing energy-efficiency measures. This Act creates a sub-fund within the Hawaii green infrastructure 16 special fund and converts \$50,000,000 into a revolving line of 17 credit for any state agency or department to finance energy-18 19 efficiency measures, subject to sub-fund availability, on an on-20 going basis. The department of education's outstanding loan 21 balance shall be included under this revolving line of credit.

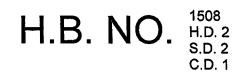
HB1508 CD1 HMS 2018-3925



1	SECTION 2. Chapter 196, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is		
2	amended by adding a new section to part IV to be appropriately		
3	designated and to read as follows:		
4	" <u>§196-</u> Financing for state government agencies. (a)		
5	With the approval of the governor, a state agency may apply for		
6	financing, subject to availability under the revolving line of		
7	credit for fiscal year 2018-2019, and annually thereafter, from		
8	the green infrastructure loan program pursuant to section		
9	196-65(b)(2), upon terms and conditions as are agreed to between		
10	the department or agency and the Hawaii green infrastructure		
11	authority; provided that the loans shall be issued at an		
12	interest rate of 3.5 per cent a year; provided further that the		
13	loans shall not adversely affect the sustainability of the sub-		
14	fund or Hawaii green infrastructure special fund such that the		
15	replenishment of funds requires a higher interest rate in other		
16	financing agreements or an appropriation from the general fund.		
17	(b) An agency shall consult with the public benefits fee		
18	administrator of the public utilities commission prior to		
19	planning an energy-efficiency measure subject to this section.		
20	The agency's proposed energy-efficiency measures shall meet or		
21	exceed the public benefits fee administrator's enhanced		

HB1508 CD1 HMS 2018-3925

Page 5



1	efficiency levels and requirements to be eligible for the Hawaii
2	green infrastructure loan program. The agency shall coordinate
3	with the public benefits fee administrator throughout the entire
4	project cycle to ensure that energy efficiency is maximized.
5	All supporting documentation required by the public benefits fee
6	administrator shall be provided by the agency to ensure
7	compliance with the State's energy-efficiency portfolio standard
8	under section 269-96.
9	(c) An agency shall submit an expenditure plan to the
10	executive director of the Hawaii green infrastructure authority,
11	who shall serve as the fiscal administrator for the loans issued
12	pursuant to subsection (a) and shall make payment on behalf of
13	the agency, as appropriate, upon submission of requests for
14	payment from the agency.
15	(d) Beginning with fiscal year 2018-2019, and annually
16	thereafter, an agency shall repay a loan issued pursuant to
17	subsection (a) using general revenue savings that result from
18	reduced utility costs due to implementation of energy-efficient
19	lighting and other energy-efficiency measures."

HB1508 CD1 HMS 2018-3925

H.B. NO. ¹⁵⁰⁸ H.D. 2 S.D. 2 C.D. 1

1	SECTION 3. Section 196-61, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is			
2	amended by adding four new definitions to be appropriately			
3	inserted and to read as follows:			
4	" <u>"Cost-effective</u> " means that utility bill savings are			
5	achieved by the installation of an energy-efficiency measure;			
6	provided that the utility bill savings exceed the energy-			
7	efficiency measure's installation and carrying costs in an			
8	amount sufficient to repay a loan issued pursuant to section			
9	196- and in the manner required by that section.			
10	"Energy-efficiency measure" means any type of project			
11	conducted, or technology implemented, to reduce the consumption			
12	of energy in a public building. The types of projects conducted			
13	or technology implemented may be in a variety of forms but shall			
14	be designed to reduce electric utility costs.			
15	"Revolving line of credit" means a type of credit in which			
16	loan advances are made for eligible purposes and where repaid			
17	principal deposited back into the sub-fund may be re-borrowed.			
18	"Sub-fund" means a separate fund established within the			
19	Hawaii green infrastructure special fund for a specific			
20	purpose."			

HB1508 CD1 HMS 2018-3925

SECTION 4. Section 196-62, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is amended to read as follows:

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H.B. NO.

3 "[+]\$196-62[+] Hawaii green infrastructure loan program. 4 There is established a Hawaii green infrastructure loan program, 5 which shall be a loan program as defined under section 39-51. 6 The program shall be administered by the authority on behalf of 7 the department in a manner consistent with chapter 39, part III. 8 This loan program may include loans made to government entities 9 and private entities, whether corporations, partnerships, 10 limited liability companies, or other persons, which entities may lease or provide green infrastructure equipment to electric 11 12 utility customers, as well as direct loans to electric utility 13 customers, on terms approved by the authority." 14 SECTION 5. Section 196-65, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is

16 "(b) Moneys in the Hawaii green infrastructure special
17 fund may be used, subject to the approval of the public
18 utilities commission, for the purposes of:

amended by amending subsection (b) to read as follows:

19	(1)	Making green	infrastruc	cture loans,	including	for
20		installation	costs for	energy-effic	cient ligh	ting and

HB1508 CD1 HMS 2018-3925

Page 8

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2

1		other energy-efficiency measures [related-to-heat	
2		<pre>abatement-at public schools];</pre>	
3	(2)	Creating a \$50,000,000 sub-fund, as a revolving line	
4		of credit within the Hawaii green infrastructure	
5		special fund, for any state agency to obtain financing	
6		to implement cost-effective energy-efficiency	
7		measures;	
8	[(2)]	(3) Paying administrative costs of the Hawaii green	
9		infrastructure loan program;	
10	[-(3)]	(4) Paying any other costs related to the Hawaii	
11		green infrastructure loan program; or	
12	[-(4)]	(5) Paying financing costs, as defined in section	
13		269-161, to the extent permitted by the public	
14	:	utilities commission in a financing order issued	
15		pursuant to section 269-163."	
16	SECTION 6. There is appropriated out of the Hawaii green		
17	infrastructure special fund the sum of \$50,000,000 or so much		
18	thereof as may be necessary for fiscal year 2018-2019, for the		
19	purpose of financing the installation costs for energy-efficient		
20	lighting and other energy-efficiency measures for any state		
21	agency.		

HB1508 CD1 HMS 2018-3925

Page 9



1 The sum appropriated shall be expended by the Hawaii green 2 infrastructure authority for the purposes of this Act.

3 SECTION 7. Statutory material to be repealed is bracketed and stricken. New statutory material is underscored. 4

5 SECTION 8. This Act shall take effect on July 1, 2018.

APPROVED this 05 day of JUL, 2018 Amid My GOVERNOR OF THE STATE OF HAWAII



THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES OF THE STATE OF HAWAII

Date: May 1, 2018 Honolulu, Hawaii

We hereby certify that the above-referenced Bill on this day passed Final Reading in the House of Representatives of the Twenty-Ninth Legislature of the State of Hawaii, Regular Session of 2018.

Scott K. Saiki Speaker House of Representatives

The Z. Illet

Brian L. Takeshita Chief Clerk House of Representatives

THE SENATE OF THE STATE OF HAWAI'I

Date: May 1, 2018 Honolulu, Hawaii 96813

We hereby certify that the foregoing Bill this day passed Final Reading in the

Senate of the Twenty-ninth Legislature of the State of Hawai'i, Regular Session of 2018.

1 MMD-M President of the Senate

Clerk of the Senate