DAVID Y. IGE GOVERNOR



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#### STATE OF HAWAII STATE PROCUREMENT OFFICE

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#### TESTIMONY OF SARAH ALLEN, ADMINISTRATOR STATE PROCUREMENT OFFICE

TO THE SENATE COMMITTEES ON JUDICIARY AND LABOR AND WAYS AND MEANS

#### MARCH 30, 2017, 9:50 AM

#### HOUSE BILL 847, HD1 RELATING TO THE UNIVERSITY OF HAWAII RESEARCH

Chairs Keith-Agaran and Tokuda, Vice-Chairs Rhoads and Dela Cruz, and members of the committees, thank you for the opportunity to submit testimony on HB 847, HD1. The State Procurement Office's (SPO) comments are limited to SECTION 2 of the bill amending HRS §304A by adding a section exempting all costs and expenses expended from the University's innovation and commercialization initiative special fund's revenues from chapter 103D as follows:

"Revenues deposited into this special fund may be expended by the university for all costs and expenses associated with the operation of this program without regard to chapters 76, 78, 89, 102, 103, and 103D. Revenues not expended as provided in this section may be transferred to other university funds to be expended for the general benefit of the university."

The SPO is in opposition of this Bill's exemption from the Procurement Code as stated in SECTION 2, page 10, lines 4 to 10.

This exemption is not necessary. The Code already provides flexibility to address the needs of the University of Hawaii's Innovation and Commercialization Initiative Program's needs. HRS §103D-102(b)(4)(L) gives the Chief Procurement Officer, the President of the University of Hawaii, the authority to exempt specific purchases when it is not advantageous or practicable. HAR §3-120-5 provides the mechanism for the head of a purchasing agency to follow when requesting an exemption to the Code.

The harm of granting a statutory blanket exemption is that the procurement would not be reviewed to determine the appropriateness of that exemption, which over a period of time may

HB 847, HD1 Senate Committees on Judiciary and Labor and Ways and Means March 30, 2017 Page 2

change. In addition, statutory exemptions are contrary to the Hawaii Public Procurement Code (Code), section 103D-102, HRS, on the applicability of the chapter that states in part "...shall apply to all procurement contracts made by governmental bodies whether the consideration for the contract is cash, revenues, realizations, receipts, or earnings...." Any governmental agency with the authority to expend funds should be in compliance with chapter 103D, which promotes the policy of fair and equitable treatment of all persons who deal with the procurement system; fosters effective broad-based competition; and increases public confidence in public procurement.

The Code should not be viewed as an obstacle to a purchasing agency's mission, but rather as the single source of public procurement policy to be applied equally and uniformly to obtain its requirements, which was the legislature's intent for the Code. If individual agencies are exempted and allowed to develop their own individual processes, it becomes problematic for the administration and vendors/contractors that must comply with a variety of processes. Most agencies agree that fairness, open competition, a level playing field, and government disclosure and transparency in procurement and contracting process are vital to good government. They believe that for this to be accomplished, we must participate in the process with one set of statutes and rules.

One of public procurement's primary objectives is to provide everyone equal opportunity to compete for government contracts, to prevent favoritism, collusion, or fraud in the awarding of contracts. Another critical objective is to ensure disclosure and public visibility into the way tax-payer dollars are being spent. As such, along with open competition the Code provides safeguards to ensure procurement integrity, determination of fair and reasonable pricing, public notice, and transparency. The Code also provides consistency in the manner in which purchasing agencies procure goods, services, and construction.

The National Association of State Procurement Officials state: "Businesses suffer when there is inconsistency in procurement laws and regulations. Complex, arcane procurement rules of numerous jurisdictions discourage competition by raising the costs to businesses to understand and comply with these different rules. Higher costs are recovered through the prices offered by a smaller pool of competitors, resulting in unnecessarily inflated costs to state and local governments."

Exemptions to the Code mean that all procurements made with taxpayer monies for this authority, will not have the same oversight, accountability and transparency requirements mandated by those procurements processes provided in the Code. It means that there is no requirement for due diligence, proper planning or consideration of protections for the State in contract terms and conditions, nor are there any set requirements to conduct cost and price analysis and market research or post-award contract management. As such, the authority can choose whether to compete any procurement or go directly to one contractor. As a result, leveraging economies of scale and cost saving efficiencies found in the consistent application of the procurement code are lost. It also means the authority is not required to adhere to the Code's procurement integrity laws.

When public bodies are removed from the State's procurement code it results in the harm described above. As these entities create their own procurement rules, businesses are forced to track their various practices. Moreover, a public body often can no longer achieve the benefits of

HB 847, HD1 Senate Committees on Judiciary and Labor and Ways and Means March 30, 2017 Page 3

aggregation by using another public body's contract because different state laws and regulations may apply to the various public bodies making compliance more difficult.

Each year new procurement laws are applied to state agencies causing state agency contracts to become more complex and costly, while other public bodies, such as agencies with strong legislative influence, are exempted. Relieving some public bodies from some laws by exempting or excluding them from compliance with a common set of legal requirements creates an imbalance wherein the competitive environment becomes different among the different jurisdictions and the entire procurement process becomes less efficient and more costly for the State and vendors.

Thank you.



HAWAII STATE ETHICS COMMISSION

State of Hawaii • Bishop Square, 1001 Bishop Street, ASB Tower 970 • Honolulu, Hawaii 96813

Committee:	Committee on Judiciary and Labor		
	Committee on Ways and Means		
Bill Number:	H.B. 847, HD1		
Hearing Date/Time:	Thursday, March 30, 2017, 9:50 a.m.		
Re:	Testimony of the Hawaii State Ethics Commission with		
	COMMENTS AND PROPOSED AMENDMENTS to H.B. 847,		
	HD1, Relating to University of Hawaii Research		

Dear Chair Keith-Agaran, Chair Tokuda, and Committee Members:

The Hawaii State Ethics Commission ("Commission") hereby submits <u>comments</u> and proposed amendments to H.B. 847, HD1 which seeks to promote the commercialization of research conducted at the University of Hawaii.

In short, the Ethics Commission fully supports the University's efforts to take advantage of its employees' outstanding research; as the saying goes, a rising tide lifts all boats, and the University and its employees ought to be encouraged to promote (and profit from) their many accomplishments. So long as the University establishes safeguards to ensure that the University's interests are adequately protected, these activities are <u>already</u> permitted by the Ethics Code, Hawaii Revised Statutes ("HRS") chapter 84.<sup>1</sup>

<u>See</u> Hawaii State Ethics Commission, Advisory Opinion No. 1992-2 at 5-6, available at <u>http://files.hawaii.gov/ethics/advice/AO1992-2.pdf</u>. The Commission reviewed several technology transfer proposals and concluded that they satisfied the Ethics Code because, among other things, they were subject to "strict oversight and review by appropriate State authorities for the purpose of insuring that [University employees'] official action would be directed toward the stated goals of the proposal." Id. at 8.

The Legislature intended that Advisory Opinions "be a source of reference for all persons concerned and contribute to a proper understanding of the code. These opinions

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Indeed, more than twenty years ago, the Commission issued an Advisory Opinion stating:

<sup>[</sup>W]hen the State of Hawaii stood to benefit from arrangements in which an employee acquired a financial interest subject to his official action, or took official action directly affecting that interest, or assisted or represented a business on a matter in which the employee had participated or would participate, or assisted or represented that business before the agency of which he or she was an employee, the conflicts of interests law did not <u>per se</u> prohibit such arrangements, so long as the State's interest was adequately protected.

Committee on Judiciary and Labor Committee on Ways and Means House Bill 847, HD1 Page 2

The Commission respectfully submits that the language in the bill requiring that the Ethics Code be construed "in recognition of the public benefits created and state interests advanced by university activities" is redundant. Both the Commission and the courts already construe statutes in relation to one another; the phrase used by courts is that statutes that are "<u>in pari materia</u>," or on the same subject matter, are to be construed together. In evaluating the Ethics Code's application to any proposed activities, the Commission <u>always</u> considers the state purpose at hand; as such, while the Commission does not oppose the proposed language, the Commission respectfully suggests that it is unnecessary.

As such, the Commission respectfully suggests that this Committee <u>amend this</u> <u>measure</u> on page 12, line 19, to remove the phrase "including without limitation the state code of ethics"; similarly, the Commission respectfully suggests that the Committee remove the phrase "including the state code of ethics" on page 3, line 18.

Thank you for considering the Commission's testimony on H.B. 847, HD1.

Very truly yours,

Daniel Gluck Executive Director and General Counsel

should reflect the practical operation of the code and begin to develop a body of 'case law' on ethics." Conf. Comm. Rep. No. 16, in 1967 House Journal, at 856.

### **OFFICE OF INFORMATION PRACTICES**

STATE OF HAWAII NO. 1 CAPITOL DISTRICT BUILDING 250 SOUTH HOTEL STREET, SUITE 107 HONOLULU, HAWAII 96813 TELEPHONE: 808-586-1400 FAX: 808-586-1412 EMAIL: oip@hawaii.gov

To:	Senate Committees on Judiciary and Labor and on Ways and Means
From:	Cheryl Kakazu Park, Director
Date:	March 30, 2017, 9:50 a.m. State Capitol, Conference Room 211
Re:	Testimony on H.B. No. 847, H.D. 1 Relating to University of Hawaii Research

Thank you for the opportunity to submit testimony on this bill. The Office of Information Practices ("OIP") takes **no position** on this bill, which proposes an innovation and commercialization program at the University of Hawaii ("UH").

The bill (at page 9, lines 4-7) would create an exemption to the Sunshine Law, part I of chapter 92, HRS, for any advisory committees created by UH under the innovation and commercialization program proposed by this bill. However, given the quasi-commercial nature of the proposed program, the stated intent of which is to transform UH research into commercially viable products and businesses, it does not appear that such advisory committees would be discussing issues central to public policy, so OIP does not have any strong concerns about the proposed exception. Rather, OIP views the decision on whether such advisory groups should be subject to the Sunshine Law as a policy call for the Legislature to make.

OIP further notes that this bill (starting at page 10 line 11) would create a special executive session purpose allowing the UH Board of Regents to hold a closed session to discuss trade secrets or confidential commercial or financial Senate Committees on Judiciary and Labor and on Ways and Means March 30, 2017 Page 2 of 2

information that UH could properly withhold from public disclosure under chapter 92F, HRS, the Uniform Information Practices Act ("UIPA"). Even though the UIPA allows an agency to withhold such information in response to a public record request, the Sunshine Law, part I of chapter 92, does not generally allow a board to hold a closed meeting to protect such information, because the UIPA's exceptions to public disclosure are not confidentiality statutes and thus a board could not go into executive session to protect information falling under a UIPA exception (unless some other executive session purpose applied). Thus, without this provision, the UH Board of Regents would be able to withhold trade secrets or confidential commercial or financial information in response to a public UIPA request, but it would <u>not</u> be able to discuss that information in a closed session under the Sunshine Law. OIP does not have concerns over the proposal to allow the UH Board of Regents to maintain the confidentiality of trade secrets or other sensitive commercial information coming before it in connection with the proposed program, as it would simply allow the board to protect the information from disclosure at a public meeting to an extent consistent with existing UIPA protections.

For these reasons, OIP views the provisions of this bill affecting the Sunshine Law and the UIPA as reasonably limited to achieve their intended purpose of protecting proprietary information without unduly restricting public access to the formation of public policy, and believes that the decision of whether to provide that protection is a policy call for the Legislature to make. Thus, OIP takes no position on this bill.



#### Testimony to the Senate Committee on Judiciary and Labor and the Senate Committee on Ways and Means Thursday, March 30, 2017 at 9:50 A.M. Conference Room 211, State Capitol

#### **RE: HOUSE BILL 847 HD1 RELATING TO UNIVERSITY OF HAWAII RESEARCH**

Chairs Keith-Agaran and Tokuda, Vice Chairs Rhoads and Dela Cruz, and Members of the Committees:

The Chamber of Commerce Hawaii ("The Chamber") **supports** HB 847 HD1, which establishes the Innovation and Commercialization Initiative Program to expressly give the University of Hawaii the legal authority to create, promote, and participate in new economic enterprises and expand workforce opportunities based on inventions and discoveries generated by or at the University.

The Chamber is Hawaii's leading statewide business advocacy organization, representing about 1,600+ businesses. Approximately 80% of our members are small businesses with less than 20 employees. As the "Voice of Business" in Hawaii, the organization works on behalf of members and the entire business community to improve the state's economic climate and to foster positive action on issues of common concern.

The University of Hawaii is the state's public institution supporting an array of programs such as ocean sciences, energy research, sustainable agriculture, astronomy, and more. Much of the research produced by these many fields has strong commercial potential that has not been capitalized. In order to reach its full potential, UH needs to proactively move these research projects to commercialization in order to become a major contributor to the state's economy and workforce. This bill would establish the Innovation and Commercialization Initiative Program and create the second state agency with this capability that could help move projects along and achieve maximum commercial potential within the University.

Thank you for the opportunity to testify.

1003 Bishop Street • Pauahi Tower • Suite 2630 • Honolulu, HI 96813



Phone: (808) 532-2244 • Fax: (808) 545-2025

## Testimony to the Senate Committee on Judiciary and Labor and the Senate Committee on Ways and Means

#### March 30, 2017 9:50 a.m. Conference Room 211

## RE: RELATING TO TECHNOLOGY TRANSFER AT THE UNIVERSITY OF HAWAII – HOUSE BILL 847, HD1

Chairs Keith-Agaran and Tokuda, Vice Chairs Rhoads and Dela Cruz and Members of the Committees:

My name is Gary Kai and I am the Executive Director of the Hawaii Business Roundtable. The Hawaii Business Roundtable strongly supports House Bill 847, HD1, relating to the University of Hawaii Research. The bill is to provide to provide express statutory authority to enable and facilitate the deployment of university educational and instructional resources, university managerial and fiscal resources, and university personnel to promote the economic health and diversification of workforce opportunities in the State through the commercialization of inventions and discoveries generated by or at the university.

The Hawaii Business Roundtable strongly believes that a strong research and innovation sector led by the University of Hawaii can be a large and important magnet for new money and new fields of job growth in Hawai'i. We concur with the Legislature that the commercialization of the intellectual property created by basic and applied research conducted at the University of Hawaii, holds great promise to contribute to the creation of jobs and economic growth. It is a vital component of the creation of jobs in the local economies of many universities across the country and we believe it can be done here in Hawaii.

This legislation is one very good example of growing our Research and Innovation Economy which is critical for the future of our young people. It provides them with the choice to live and work in their island home -- and the opportunity to come home after gaining experience on the mainland or abroad. Furthermore, it helps to improve the quality of their lives and the lives of all who live here.

Thank you very much for the opportunity to testify.

Gary K. Kai, Executive Director Hawaii Business Roundtable

# HVCA

#### HAWAII VENTURE CAPITAL ASSOCIATION

Statement of **Melialani James** President Hawaii Venture Capital Association (HVCA)

Testimony Presented Before the Senate Committee on Judiciary and Labor and Senate Committee on Ways and Means March 30, 2017 at 9:50 a.m.

#### In Consideration of HB 847 HD1 – RELATING TO UNIVERSITY OF HAWAII RESEARCH.

Chair Keith-Agaran and Chair Tokuda; Vice Chair Rhoads and Vice Chair Dela Cruz; and members of the committees on Judiciary and Labor and Ways and Means:

The Hawaii Venture Capital Association (HVCA) **strongly supports** this bill to provide The University of Hawai'i (UH) statutory authority to encourage, financially support and directly participate in innovation and commercialization of university-related research.

Since its founding in 1988, the Hawaii Venture Capital Association (HVCA) has stood as a nexus for entrepreneurs, capital foundation, and networking opportunities in Hawaii. Fostering entrepreneurship through education and exposure to prime members of our business community continues to be our goal as we strive to grow a vibrant and successful venture community.

UH has a significant amount of academic research that has viable commercial potential. Successful commercialization contributes directly to the State's economy, its academic and business reputation and to creating diverse, well-paying jobs and careers. This bill will assist in streamlining the progress of XLR8UH, the development of UH research-based high potential commercialization projects, and innovation in Hawai'i as a whole.

HVCA is committed to working with XLR8UH, and will actively connect newly formed companies to its wide network in order to maintain competitiveness and grow the industry. We fully agree on the relevance and importance of HB 847 HD1.

Thank you for the opportunity to offer our comments on this bill.



**UNIVERSITY OF HAWAI'I SYSTEM** 

Legislative Testimony

#### Testimony Presented Before the Senate Committees on Judiciary and Labor and Ways and Means March 30, 2017 at 9:50 a.m. by Vassilis L. Syrmos, Vice President for Research and Innovation University of Hawai'i System

HB 847 HD1 – RELATING TO UNIVERSITY OF HAWAII RESEARCH

Chairs Keith-Agaran and Tokuda, Vice Chairs Rhoads and Dela Cruz, and members of both committees:

The University of Hawai'i (UH) supports this bill that will provide UH express statutory authority to encourage, promote, financially support and directly participate in the commercialization of intellectual property generated by its researchers, students and alumni.

After observing how mainland public universities promote innovation and research, it is clear that UH needs to be more active in its support and more focused in its efforts to commercialize its research products. These efforts, in turn, will contribute to a dynamic and more diverse workforce in the state and promote economic health.

If a clear legal framework authorizing UH to participate directly and indirectly in new commercial enterprises were established, UH could more efficiently contribute to the Hawai'i Innovation Initiative's goal to help diversify the state's economy through the creation of a vibrant innovation and entrepreneurial ecosystem. This express legal authority would reduce the uncertainty in creating, financing, and operating new ventures affiliated with UH, and could thereby induce greater private sector participation to commercialize promising discoveries.

The University of Hawai'i's brand will also be enhanced. Currently, UH lags its peer institutions in having the support infrastructure to encourage and nurture technology transfer. To keep UH competitive with its mainland peers in the competition for external commercial research sponsorship and in the completion for hiring entrepreneurial faculty or staff, we need to develop a capacity to commercialize its intellectual property.

Thank you for the opportunity to testify in support of this measure.



The Senate Committee on Judiciary and Labor And The Senate Committee on Ways and Means Thursday, March 30, 2017 9:50 am, Room 211

#### RE: RELATING TO UNIVERSITY OF HAWAII RESEARCH

Attention: Chairs Gilbert Keith-Agaran and Jill Tokuda, Vice Chairs Karl Rhoads and Donovan Dela Cruz and Members of the respective Committees

The University of Hawaii Professional Assembly (UHPA) **supports HB 847, HD1**. The purpose of this bill is to codify through placement into statute, that which is currently an Ethics Code Advisory Opinion (No. 1992-2) that allows faculty members to advance technology transfer activities at the University of Hawai'i without penalties for commercializing their work which financially benefits the University. UHPA believes this proposed legislation will make it clear that technology transfer is recognized appropriately in state law.

HB 847, HD1 would ensure the long-standing ethical research principles and technology transfer regulations currently used by the federal government. This also supports the ability of the University to be competitive for external research funding and attracting and retaining innovative faculty.

This benefits both the State and the University by removing current uncertainties surrounding the Advisory Opinion. HB 847, HD1 provides an effective and efficient transfer of the results of research in a collaborative manner.

#### UHPA supports the passage of HB 847, HD1.

Respectfully submitted

pisten Dauceman

Kristeen Hanselman Executive Director

University of Hawaii Professional Assembly

1017 Palm Drive ◆ Honolulu, Hawaii 96814-1928 Telephone: (808) 593-2157 ◆ Facsimile: (808) 593-2160 Website: www.uhpa.org

## »XR8UH

Statement of Omar Sultan Managing Partner XLR8UH

Testimony Presented Before the Senate Committee on Judiciary and Labor and Senate Committee on Ways and Means March 30, 2017 at 9:50 a.m.

#### In Consideration of HB 847 HD1 – RELATING TO UNIVERSITY OF HAWAII RESEARCH

Chair Keith-Agaran and Chair Tokuda; Vice Chair Rhoads and Vice Chair Dela Cruz; and members of the committees on Judiciary and Labor and Ways and Means:

XLR8UH respectfully submits testimony in <u>strong support</u> of HB 847 HD1 to provide The University of Hawai'i (UH) express statutory authority to promote, financially support and directly participate in innovation and commercialization of UH-generated intellectual property.

One of the first of its kind in the nation, XLR8UH is a public-private partnership with University of Hawaii through the Office of the Vice President for Research and Innovation and Honolulu-based Sultan Ventures, a local venture accelerator. Although just over 2 years old, XLR8UH is already a multiple award winning, venture accelerator program. It was nationally recognized by the Small Business Association in 2015 and 2016 and the Economic Development Association in 2016 under the Department of Commerce Regional Innovation Strategies i6 Challenge, which makes small, targeted, high-impact investments to support startup creation, innovation and help turn technology into jobs.

The bill before you is intended to eliminate the unnecessary delays and confusion that impede the progress of XLR8UH and the development of UH research-based high potential commercialization projects. With its undeniable strengths in ocean sciences, energy research, sustainable agriculture and astronomy, and its growing strength in cybersecurity and health sciences -- UH has a significant amount of academic research that has viable commercial potential. Successful commercialization contributes directly to the State's economy, its academic and business reputation and to creating diverse, well-paying jobs and careers.

A clear legal framework, authorizing UH to participate directly and indirectly with enterprises such as the proof-of-concept and venture accelerator, XLR8UH, is needed to reduce uncertainty and to facilitate the development and commercialization of innovative UH-based research enterprises.

We urge you to pass this legislation so that Hawaii can take its rightful place as a birthplace of innovation and provider of 21st century careers and jobs. Thank you for the opportunity to provide testimony on this bill.



Statement of **Tarik Sultan** Managing Partner Sultan Ventures

#### Testimony Presented Before the Senate Committee on Judiciary and Labor and Senate Committee on Ways and Means March 30, 2017 at 9:50 a.m.

#### In Consideration of HB 847 HD1 – RELATING TO UNIVERSITY OF HAWAII RESEARCH

Chair Keith-Agaran and Chair Tokuda; Vice Chair Rhoads and Vice Chair Dela Cruz; and members of the committees on Judiciary and Labor and Ways and Means:

Sultan Ventures respectfully submits testimony in <u>strong support</u> of HB 847 HD1 to provide the University of Hawai'i (UH) statutory authority to encourage, financially support and directly participate in innovation and commercialization of university-related research.

Sultan Ventures is a Hawaii-based boutique venture firm focusing on early stage startups and investments. As a startup catalyst, we provide pivotal resources via our powerful network of experts and investors. We work closely with innovative startups, and run the XLR8UH program in partnership with UH, providing the hands-on expertise and access to capital needed to accelerate growth.

A clear legal framework, authorizing UH to participate directly and indirectly with enterprises such as the proof-of-concept and venture accelerator, XLR8UH, is needed to reduce uncertainty and to facilitate the development and commercialization of innovative UH-based research enterprises. This will aims to eliminate the unnecessary delays and confusion that impede the progress of XLR8UH and the development of UH research-based high potential commercialization projects.

We urge you to pass this legislation so that Hawaii can take its rightful place as a birthplace of innovation and provider of 21st century careers and jobs.

Thank you for the opportunity to provide testimony on this bill.

#### Testimony Presented Before the Senate Committee on Ways and Means and Senate Committee on Judiciary and Labor On Thursday, March 30, 2017 at 9:50 a.m., Conference Room 211 by Brandon Marc Higa (as current law student)

#### Testimony in Support: HB 847, HD1 - RELATING TO THE UNIVERSITY OF HAWAI'I

Chairs Tokuda and Keith-Agaran, Vice Chairs Dela Cruz and Rhoads, and members of the committees:

My name is Brandon Marc Higa, a second year law student at the University of Hawaii William S. Richardson School of Law.

I am writing in support of HB847, HD1 – Relating to the University of Hawaii Innovation and Commercialization Initiative Program, as well as companion bill HB909, SD2, as integral measures to support the University of Hawaii's Hawaii Innovation Initiative.

The proposed Center for Commercialization is necessary for the University of Hawaii to proactively build the infrastructure needed to foster an environment conducive to innovation among faculty, students, and community members. The proposed commercialization hub will build capacity to greatly enhance the productivity in various revenue generating activities.

Thank you for the opportunity to testify in support of these measures.

Respectfully submitted: March 27, 2017.

s/Brandon Marc Higa President Emeritus, Student Bar Association William S. Richardson School of Law Entering Class of 2015

From:	mailinglist@capitol.hawaii.gov
To:	JDLTestimony
Cc:	
Subject:	Submitted testimony for HB847 on Mar 30, 2017 09:50AM
Date:	Monday, March 27, 2017 10:10:51 AM

#### <u>HB847</u>

Submitted on: 3/27/2017 Testimony for JDL/WAM on Mar 30, 2017 09:50AM in Conference Room 211

Submitted By	Organization	Testifier Position	Present at Hearing
cheryl	Individual	Comments Only	No

Comments: I question giving UH too much power over anything. To date, they have not been responsible with management of various areas under their controls.

Please note that testimony submitted less than 24 hours prior to the hearing, improperly identified, or directed to the incorrect office, may not be posted online or distributed to the committee prior to the convening of the public hearing.

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