THE SENATE TWENTY-NINTH LEGISLATURE, 2017 STATE OF HAWAII S.B. NO. ⁵⁵⁹ ^{5.D. 1} ^{H.D. 1}

A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO CLIMATE CHANGE.

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BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

PART I

SECTION 1. The legislature finds that not only is climate 2 3 change real, but it is the overriding challenge of the 21st 4 century and one of the priority issues of the senate. Climate 5 change poses immediate and long-term threats to the State's 6 economy, sustainability, security, and way of life. Hawai'i has 7 a tradition of environmental leadership, having prioritized 8 policies regarding conservation, reduction in greenhouse gas 9 emissions, and development and use of alternative renewable 10 energy. The legislature has passed numerous measures over the 11 last decade to address climate change.

12 The legislature recognized in Act 234, Session Laws of 13 Hawaii 2007, that "climate change poses a serious threat to the 14 economic well-being, public health, natural resources, and the 15 environment of Hawaii . . . " and that the "potential adverse 16 effects of global warming include a rise in sea levels resulting 17 in the displacement of businesses and residences and the



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1 inundation of Hawaii's freshwater aquifers, damage to marine 2 ecosystems and the natural environment, extended drought and 3 loss of soil moisture, an increase in the spread of infectious 4 diseases, and an increase in the severity of storms and extreme 5 weather events." Countless scientific studies have concluded 6 that greenhouse gas emissions are a leading contributing factor 7 to global warming. The purpose of Act 234 was to achieve a 8 cost-effective statewide greenhouse gas emissions limit at or 9 below the State's greenhouse gas emissions estimates of 1990 by 10 2020. However, even if greenhouse gas emissions are reduced to 11 1990 levels, Hawai'i will still be significantly impacted by climate change well into the future, thus the legislature 12 13 acknowledges that climate change requires a two-pronged approach 14 - reduction of activities that contribute to global warming and 15 adaptations to mitigate the impacts of climate change on the 16 State.

Act 73, Session Laws of Hawaii 2010, established the
environmental response, energy, and food security tax, otherwise
known as the barrel tax, to provide resources for addressing the
effects of climate change. Act 286, Session Law of Hawaii 2012,
amended the Hawaii State Planning Act to establish climate



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change adaptation priority guidelines, which require that all 1 2 county and state activities consider the impacts of climate change in land use, capital improvement, and program decisions. 3 4 The legislature also finds that in 2013, President Barack Obama 5 appointed former Governor Neil Abercrombie to serve on the 6 President's Task Force on Climate Preparedness and Resilience to 7 develop recommendations on how the federal government can better 8 support state, local, and tribal efforts in climate mitigation, adaptation, and resilience in the areas of Disaster Management; 9 10 Built Systems (water, transportation, energy, facilities, and 11 coastal infrastructure); Natural Resources and Agriculture; and 12 Community Development and Health. The Hawaii Climate Adaptation 13 Initiative Act, Act 83, Session Laws of Hawaii 2014, established 14 an Interagency Climate Adaptation Committee and authorized the 15 Department of Land and Natural Resources and Office of Planning 16 to create a Sea Level Rise Vulnerability and Adaption Report by 17 December 2017. Act 83 further authorized the Office of Planning 18 to coordinate development of statewide climate adaptation plans 19 to address the effects of climate change through 2050 to protect 20 the State's economy, health, environment, and way of life.



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2 Conservation of Nature at the Hawaii World Conservation 3 Conference adopted The Pacific Region Climate Resiliency Plan 4 and the Aloha + Challenge Model for Sustainable Development 5 Policy Motions to facilitate climate mitigation, adaption and 6 resiliency efforts in the Pacific region. 7 The legislature further finds that on December 12, 2015, 8 one hundred ninety-five countries at the 21st Conference of the 9 Parties of the United Nations Framework Convention on Climate 10 Change adopted an agreement addressing greenhouse gas emissions 11 mitigation, adaptation, and finance starting in the year 2020, known as the Paris Agreement. Under the Agreement, the parties 12 13 will set greenhouse gas reductions goals, record and communicate 14 information through a transparency mechanism, and provide 15 support to undeveloped countries through a finance mechanism. 16 Specifically, the Paris Agreement aims to strengthen the global 17 response to the threat of climate change, in the context of 18 sustainable development and efforts to eradicate poverty,

In September 2016, the International Union for the

19 including by:

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(1) Holding the increase in the global average temperature to well below 2 degrees Celsius above pre-industrial



1 levels and pursuing efforts to limit the temperature 2 increase to 1.5 degrees Celsius above pre-industrial 3 levels, recognizing that this would significantly 4 reduce the risks and impacts of climate change; 5 (2) Increasing the ability to adapt to the adverse impacts 6 of climate change and foster climate resilience and 7 low greenhouse gas emissions development, in a manner 8 that does not threaten food production; and 9 Making finance flows consistent with a pathway toward (3) 10 low greenhouse gas emissions and climate-resilient 11 development. 12 The Agreement will be implemented to reflect equity and the 13 principle of common but differentiated responsibilities and 14 respective capabilities, in light of different national 15 circumstances. The Paris Agreement was adopted on November 4, 16 2016, and is the largest concerted global effort to combat 17 climate change to date. Regardless of federal action, the

18 legislature supports the goals of the Paris Agreement to combat 19 climate change and its effects on environments, economies, and 20 communities around the world.

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1	There	efore, the purpose of this part is to document the
2	State's co	ommitment to combat climate change by systematically
3	reducing g	greenhouse gas emissions and improving our resiliency
4	to climate	e change aligned with the principles and contributing
5	to the goa	als set by the Paris Agreement.
6	The S	State recognizes that to promote a statewide response
7	to climate	e change collaboration and cooperation is needed in:
8	(1)	Early warning systems;
9	(2)	Emergency preparedness;
10	(3)	Slow onset events;
11	(4)	Events that may involve irreversible and permanent
12		loss and damage;
13	(5)	Comprehensive risk assessment and management;
14	(6)	Risk insurance facilities, climate risk pooling, and
15		other insurance solutions;
16	(7)	Non-economic losses; and
17	(8)	Resilience of communities, livelihoods, and
18		ecosystems.
19	SECT	ION 2. (a) The State shall expand strategies and
20	mechanism	s to reduce the greenhouse gas emissions statewide
21	through tl	he reduction of energy use, adoption of renewable



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1 energy, and control of air pollution among all agencies, departments, industries, and sectors, including transportation. 2 3 Such strategies and mechanisms shall utilize the best available science, technologies, and policies to reduce greenhouse gas 4 5 emissions and shall be closely aligned with the climate change principles and goals adopted in the Paris Agreement and Hawaii's 6 share of obligations within the expectations apportioned to the 7 United States in the Paris Agreement, regardless of federal 8 9 action.

(b) The State shall strive to formulate and communicate
long-term low greenhouse gas emission development strategies and
shall take actions to conserve and enhance long-term sinks and
reservoirs of greenhouse gases, by prioritizing the development
of parks, greenways, and restoration of native upland and
coastal forests and wetlands.

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PART II

SECTION 3. Chapter 225P, Hawaii Revised Statutes, isamended by amending the title of the chapter to read as follows:

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"HAWAII CLIMATE ADAPTATION INITIATIVE"

20 SECTION 4. Section 225P-2, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is 21 amended as follows:



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1	1. By adding a new definition to be appropriately
2	inserted and to read:
3	""Commission" means the Hawaii climate commission."
4	2. By repealing the definition of "committee".
5	[""Committee" means the interagency climate adaptation
6	committee."]
7	SECTION 5. Section 225P-3, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
8	amended to read as follows:
9	"[+]§225P-3[+] [Interagency climate adaptation committee;]
10	Hawaii climate commission; general functions, duties, and
11	powers. (a) There is established [an interagency climate
12	adaptation committee] the Hawaii climate commission that shall
13	be placed within the department of land and natural resources
14	for administrative purposes only.
15	(b) Coordination of the [committee] <u>commission</u> shall be
16	headed jointly by the chairperson of the board of land and
17	natural resources, or the chairperson's designee, and the
18	director of the office of planning, or the director's designee.
19	[Among the various potential impacts of climate change, the
20	committee shall, as a first-step, focus on and develop sea level
21	rise vulnerability and adaptation reports that shall include:



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1	(1)	Identification of the major areas of sea level rise
2		impacts affecting the State and counties through 2050;
3	(2)	Identification of expected impacts of sea level rise
4		based on the latest scientific research for each area
5		through 2050;
6	(3)	Identification of the economic ramifications of sea
7		level rise;
8	-(4)-	Identification of applicable federal laws, policies,
9		or programs that impact affected areas; and
10	(5)	Recommendations for planning, management, and
11		adaptation for hazards associated with increasing sea
12		level rise.
13	The repor	t-shall-be made publicly available no later than
14	December	31, 2017.]
15	[+] (c)[]] The [committee] <u>commission</u> shall include the
16	following	members:
17	(1)	The chairs of the standing committees of the
18		legislature with subject matter jurisdiction
19		encompassing environmental protection and land use;



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1	(2)	The chairperson of the board of land and natural
2		resources or the chairperson's designee, who shall be
3		the co-chair of the [committee] <u>commission</u> ;
4	(3)	The director of the office of planning or the
5		director's designee, who shall be the co-chair of the
6		[committee] commission;
7	(4)	The director of business, economic development, and
8		tourism or the director's designee;
9	(5)	The chairperson of the board of directors of the
10		Hawaii tourism authority or the chairperson's
11		designee;
12	(6)	The chairperson of the board of agriculture or the
13		chairperson's designee;
14	(7)	The chief executive officer of the office of Hawaiian
15		affairs or the officer's designee;
16	(8)	The chairperson of the Hawaiian homes commission or
17		the chairperson's designee;
18	(9)	The director of transportation or the director's
19		designee;
20	(10)	The director of health or the director's designee;

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1	(11)	The adjutant general or the adjutant general's
2		designee;
3	(12)	The chairperson of the board of education or the
4		chairperson's designee;
5	(13)	The directors of each of the county planning
6		departments, or the directors' designees; and
7	(14)	The manager of the coastal zone management program.
8	[+] (d) []] In addition to the members listed in subsection
9	(c), the	chairs of the [committee] <u>commission</u> may request the
10	participa	tion or input of members of the public; experts in the
11	field; an	d county, state, or federal officials [necessary for
12	the formu	lation of the report.] or others as necessary.
13	[-[-(e)] In developing the report, the committee shall:
14	(1)	Solicit public views and concerns; and
15	(2)	Coordinate with the various county, state, and federal
16		agencies involved in ongoing climate change adaptation
17		planning initiatives.
18	[(f)] The committee shall reevaluate and update the sea
19	level ris	e vulnerability and adaptation report every five
20	years.]	

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1	[[(g)]] <u>(e)</u> The members of the [committee] <u>commission</u>
2	shall serve without pay but shall be reimbursed for their actual
3	and necessary expenses, including travel expenses, incurred in
4	carrying out their duties.
5	(f) The commission shall provide policy direction,
6	facilitation, coordination, and planning among state and county
7	agencies, federal agencies, and other partners as appropriate.
8	(g) The commission shall establish climate change
9	mitigation and adaptation strategies and goals to help guide
10	planning and implementation statewide using the latest
11	scientific analysis and risk assessment to monitor and forecast
12	climate change related impacts at the regional, state, and local
13	level, including any additional information deemed necessary.
14	(h) The commission shall identify vulnerable people,
15	communities, industries, ecosystems, and the potential economic
16	ramifications for climate change related impacts.
17	(i) The commission shall identify existing climate change
18	adaptation and mitigation efforts at the federal, state and
19	local levels and make recommendations for how to meet or exceed
20	Hawaii's state mitigation goals in section 225P-1, and shall



1	adopt a liberal approach in preparation, so as to minimize
2	future risk to the people and environment of Hawaii.
3	(j) The commission shall assess the capacity and
4	availability of existing resources and identify new sources of
5	revenue necessary to address climate change mitigation and
6	adaptation and achieve the goals of section 225P-1, and shall
7	advise the governor, legislature, and counties on the economic
8	and budgetary ramifications of climate impacts, mitigation, and
9	adaptation.
10	(k) The commission shall identify the information
11	necessary to track progress in implementing mitigation and
12	adaptation efforts in meeting the goals of section 225P-1 and
13	shall submit an annual report to the governor and legislature no
14	later than twenty days prior to the convening of each regular
15	session of the legislature.
16	(1) The commission shall maintain a website that includes
17	a mission statement as well as access to climate change related
18	actions, plans, policies and results.
19	(m) The commission shall conduct a comprehensive review of
20	the implementation as required by this section toward achieving
21	the goals in section 225P-1 and submit a report to the governor,



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1	legislatu	re, and the counties no later than twenty days prior to
2	the conve	ning of the regular session of 2023 and every five
3	years the	reafter.
4	<u>(n)</u>	The commission shall, as a first step, focus on and
5	<u>develop s</u>	ea level rise vulnerability and adaptation reports that
6	shall inc	lude:
7	(1)	Identification of the major areas of sea level rise
8		impacts affecting the State and counties through 2050;
9	(2)	Identification of expected impacts of sea level rise
10		based on the latest scientific research for each area
11		through 2050;
12	(3)	Identification of the economic ramifications of sea
13		level rise;
14	(4)	Identification of applicable federal laws, policies,
15		or programs that impact affected areas; and
16	(5)	Recommendations for planning, management, and
17		adaptation for hazards associated with increasing sea
18		level rise.
19	The repor	t shall be made publicly available no later than
20	December	31, 2017, and the committee shall reevaluate and update



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1	the sea level rise vulnerability and adaptation report every
2	five years.
3	(o) In developing the report, pursuant to subsection (n),
4	the committee shall:
5	(1) Solicit public views and concerns; and
6	(2) Coordinate with the various county, state, and federal
7	agencies involved in ongoing climate change adaptation
8	planning initiatives."
9	PART III
10	SECTION 6. There is appropriated out of the general
11	revenues of the State of Hawaii the sum of \$ or so much
12	thereof as may be necessary for fiscal year 2017-2018 and the
13	same sum or so much thereof as may be necessary for fiscal year
14	2018-2019 for the purposes of this Act.
15	The sums appropriated shall be expended by the department
16	of accounting and general services for the purposes of this Act.
17	SECTION 7. There is appropriated out of the general
18	revenues of the State of Hawaii the sum of \$ or so much
19	thereof as may be necessary for fiscal year 2017-2018 and the
20	same sum or so much thereof as may be necessary for fiscal year
21	2018-2019 for the establishment of one full-time equivalent





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1	(1.00 FTE) climate mitigation and adaptation coordinator
2	position to support the Hawaii climate commission.
3	The sums appropriated shall be expended by the department
4	of land and natural resources for the purposes of this Act.
5	PART IV
6	SECTION 8. Statutory material to be repealed is bracketed
7	and stricken. New statutory material is underscored.
8	SECTION 9. This Act shall take effect on March 9, 2092.





Report Title:

Climate Change; Paris Agreement; Policy Priorities; Hawaii Climate Commission; Appropriation

Description:

Requires the State to expand strategies and mechanisms to reduce greenhouse gas emissions statewide in alignment with the principles and goals adopted in the Paris Agreement. Renames the Interagency Climate Adaptation Committee as the Hawaii Climate Commission. Establishes the duties of the Commission. Makes appropriations. (SB559 HD1)

The summary description of legislation appearing on this page is for informational purposes only and is not legislation or evidence of legislative intent.

