A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO ARBITRATION.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

1	SECTION 1. Section 658A-12, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
2	amended to read as follows:
3	"[+] §658A-12[+] Disclosure by arbitrator. (a) Before
4	accepting appointment, an individual who is requested to serve
5	as an arbitrator, after making a reasonable inquiry, shall
6	disclose to all parties to the agreement to arbitrate and
7	arbitration proceeding and to any other arbitrators any known
8	facts that a reasonable person would consider likely to affect
9	the impartiality of the arbitrator in the arbitration
10	proceeding, including:
11	(1) A direct and material financial or personal interest
12	in the outcome of the arbitration proceeding; and
13	(2) An existing or past substantial relationship with any
14	of the parties to the agreement to arbitrate or the
15	arbitration proceeding, their counsel or
16	representatives, a witness, or another arbitrator.

S.B. NO. S.D.

1 (b) An arbitrator has a continuing obligation to disclose 2 to all parties to the agreement to arbitrate and arbitration 3 proceeding and to any other arbitrators any facts that the 4 arbitrator learns after accepting appointment [which] that a 5 reasonable person would consider likely to affect the 6 impartiality of the arbitrator. 7 (c) If an arbitrator discloses a fact required by 8 subsection (a) or (b) to be disclosed and a party timely objects 9 to the appointment or continued service of the arbitrator based 10 upon the fact disclosed, the objection may be a ground under 11 section 658A-23(a)(2) for vacating an award made by the 12 arbitrator. 13 [(d) If the arbitrator did not disclose a fact as required by subsection (a) or (b), upon timely objection by a party, the 14 15 court under section 658A-23(a)(2) may vacate an award. 16 (e) An arbitrator appointed as a neutral arbitrator who **17** does not disclose a known, direct, and material interest in the 18 outcome of the arbitration proceeding or a known, existing, and 19 substantial relationship with a party is presumed to act with 20 evident partiality under section 658A-23(a)(2).]

- 1 (d) If the court, upon timely objection by a party,
- 2 determines that the arbitrator did not disclose a fact required
- 3 by subsection (a) or (b) to be disclosed, the court may
- 4 determine that such failure to disclose constituted evident
- 5 partiality and vacate an award made by the arbitrator pursuant
- 6 to section 658A-23(a)(2).
- 7 $\left[\frac{f}{f}\right]$ (e) If the parties to an arbitration proceeding
- 8 agree to the procedures of an arbitration organization or any
- 9 other procedures for challenges to arbitrators before an award
- 10 is made, substantial compliance with those procedures is a
- 11 condition precedent to a motion to vacate an award on that
- 12 ground under section 658A-23(a)(2)."
- 13 SECTION 2. Statutory material to be repealed is bracketed
- 14 and stricken. New statutory material is underscored.
- 15 SECTION 3. This Act shall take effect on January 7, 2059.

Report Title:

Arbitration; Required Disclosure by Arbitrator

Description:

Clarifies provisions relating to required disclosures by arbitrators. (SB314 HD1)

The summary description of legislation appearing on this page is for informational purposes only and is not legislation or evidence of legislative intent.