HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES TWENTY-NINTH LEGISLATURE, 2017 STATE OF HAWAII

H.R. NO. **||**

HOUSE RESOLUTION

REQUESTING ADDITIONAL FUNDING FOR EDUCATION FROM THE UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION.

1 WHEREAS, we are now competing and living in a global community, and this new reality can increasingly be a benefit; 2 3 and 4 5 WHEREAS, our public school students no longer compete only 6 with peers in their state or even our country; and 7 8 WHEREAS, our nation's students are now also competing against students in countries all over the world; and 9 10 WHEREAS, as changes make our world much smaller, we must do 11 everything we can to prepare our students for this new 12 reality; and 13 14 WHEREAS, with collective effort and support, our students 15 can achieve any goal placed before them, including being 16 abundantly prepared to compete in the global economy; and 17 18 WHEREAS, the Every Student Succeeds Act was a bipartisan 19 legislative effort signed into law in December 2015, replacing 20 the No Child Left Behind Act; and 21 22 23 WHEREAS, the Every Student Succeeds Act provides the states an opportunity to further shape school systems in a way that 24 will best prepare our public school students for the future; and 25 26 27 WHEREAS, in order for successful change to transpire, additional assistance in funding may be required from the 28 29 federal government; and



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WHEREAS, in the recent past, we have seen that by states' 1 leading policy discussions around public education and the 2 3 federal government's providing needed funding, positive results 4 in increasing student learning outcomes and preparedness can be 5 achieved; and 6 7 WHEREAS, a suitable school system is effective and fair in 8 how it prepares students within the constructs of that 9 particular system; and 10 11 WHEREAS, effectiveness in how well a particular system prepares the students in that system and the fairness with which 12 the resources are allocated to educate students can require 13 additional funding beyond the normal level of current federal 14 15 funding; and 16 WHEREAS, an increase in these two variables will lead to 17 better overall preparedness of all our public school students; 18 19 and 20 WHEREAS, for the purpose of the preceding two clauses, 21 fairness is defined by how equitably funding resources are 22 23 allocated per pupil based on need, with an annual baseline 24 funding amount of \$9,585 per pupil when adjusted for the comparative wage index, or within ten percent of current funding 25 26 levels, whichever is greater; and 27 28 WHEREAS, an effective school system can be defined in 29 different ways; and 30 WHEREAS, the National Conference of State Legislatures 31 convened a bipartisan working group of twenty-eight veteran 32 education-policy legislators from around the country which 33 recently issued a report called "No Time to Lose: How to Build a 34 World-Class Education System State by State"; and 35 36 37 WHEREAS, the report released findings on effective school systems around the world and, after an 18-month period of 38 labor, the group concluded that there were some recurring 39 components and several repeated overarching factors in these 40 41 effective systems; and



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1 2 3		EAS, according to the report, an effective public system is one:
4 5 6 7	(1)	In which "children come to school ready to learn with extra support given to struggling students so all have an opportunity to achieve high standards";
8 9 10 11 12	(2)	That includes "a world-class teaching profession who supports a world-class instructional system, where every student has access to highly effective teachers and is expected to succeed";
13 14 15 16 17	(3)	That includes "a highly effective, intellectually rigorous system of career and technical education, available to those preferring an applied education"; and
17 18 19 20 21	(4)	That is characterized by "individual reforms that are connected and aligned as parts of a clearly planned and carefully designed comprehensive system"; and
22	WHEREAS, for the purpose of the preceding clause:	
 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 	(1)	An "effective school system" is defined as a public school system that sets high student learning outcomes, including academic standards, and then implements changes to achieve those high standards within the system;
30 31	(2)	"High standards" is defined as standards that are internationally competitive; and
32 33 34 35 36	(3)	"Internationally competitive" can be defined as a public school system globally ranked amongst the top ten with respect to the Program for International Student Assessment; and
37 38 39 40	WHEREAS, the Legislature believes that with proper support, our children can be amongst the most internationally competitive students in the new global community; now, therefore,	



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BE IT RESOLVED by the House of Representatives of the 1 Twenty-ninth Legislature of the State of Hawaii, Regular Session 2 3 of 2017, that in accordance with the spirit of the Every Student Succeeds Act, which encourages states to implement adjustments 4 5 to their public school systems and to help achieve higher levels of effectiveness and fairness within our school systems, through 6 7 voluntary partnership, the United States Department of Education is requested to offer competitive sources of additional federal 8 9 funding to the states through their respective eligible entities in a second round of new, additional federal funding; and 10 11

12 BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that through voluntary partnership, 13 the United States Department of Education is requested to 14 provide additional funding to those states currently under an 15 annual baseline funding amount of \$9,585 per pupil when adjusted 16 for the comparative wage index; and

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that because certain states are 18 currently internationally competitive, or are approaching 19 international competitiveness, as a first round of new, 20 21 additional federal funding assistance, through voluntary 22 partnership, the United States Department of Education is requested to immediately award federal funding to the states 23 with the highest National Assessment of Educational Progress 24 25 assessment scores; provided that the cumulative score in reading and math is above 473 in fourth grade, 563 in eighth grade, and 26 450 in twelfth grade; provided further that these states are 27 willing to share information on the specifics of their public 28 school systems' educational reforms and current practices with 29 30 the United States Department of Education and other states' eligible entities; and 31

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that although these types of adjustments require collective effort, educators are the largest contributing factor to student success and preparedness; thus, through voluntary partnership, the United States Department of Education is requested to pay to each full-time national board certified public school teacher a \$5,000 annual bonus payment; provided that certain criteria are met; and



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BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that such criteria include but not 1 2 be limited to the requirement that 50 percent of students per 3 class meet or exceed grade-level proficiency by obtaining subject-matter proficiency equal to or exceeding that of the 4 rate of incremental change to 235 points in fourth-grade 5 reading, to 251 points in fourth-grade math, to 274 points in 6 eighth-grade reading, to 279 points in eighth-grade math, to 293 7 8 points in twelfth-grade reading, and to 161 points in twelfthgrade math in the National Assessment of Educational Progress 9 scores; and, with respect to the Program for International 10 Student Assessment, every three years beginning in the next 11 assessment cycle, to a score of 527 in reading, a score of 514 12 13 in math, and a score of 527 in science for public school students who are fifteen years of age; provided that the same or 14 similar assessment methodology for the National Assessment of 15 Educational Progress be used for the remaining grade levels, 16 17 excluding every third year for public school students who are fifteen years of age, starting in the next Program for 18 International Student Assessment cycle; and 19 20 BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that: 21

- 22 The rate of change increases at an equally divisible 23 (1)rate each year for a period of ten consecutive years 24 from the current point level, also defined as the 25 starting point level; 26
 - This requirement may not be the sole requirement to (2) receive the bonus payment; and
- (3) The primary bargaining unit's exclusive 32 representative, the local counterpart, and the employer must formally agree on any remaining 33 requirements and that such bonus payments must be 34 awarded to each full-time national board certified public school teacher who meets the total requirements; and 37

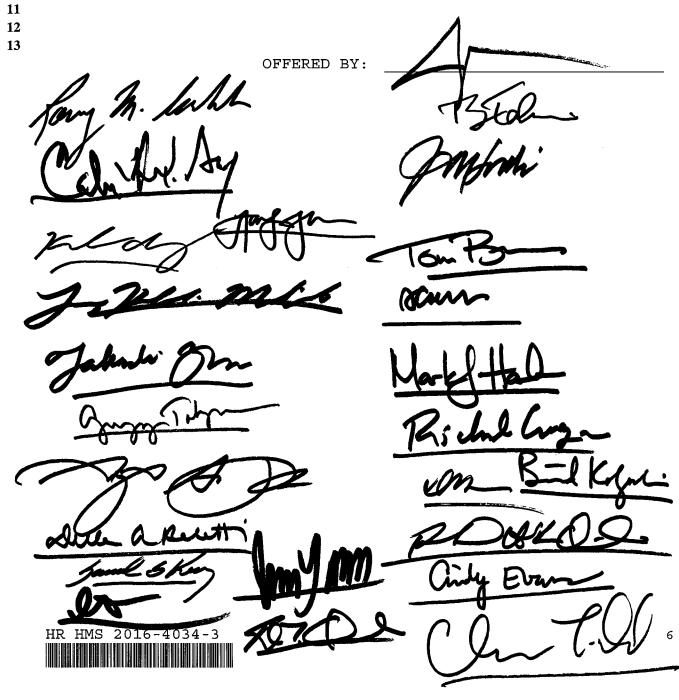
BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that if the states and the federal 39 40 government work together, the states, which have a significant responsibility in preparing public school students for the 41



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1 future success of self, state, and country, can better ensure 2 that these students are internationally competitive and truly 3 prepared for the future, because the states and our country 4 depend on it; and 5

6 BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that certified copies of this 7 Resolution be transmitted to the President of the United States, 8 Secretary of the United States Department of Education, 9 Governor, Chairperson of the Board of Education, and 10 Superintendent of Education.



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