#### A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO SUSTAINABLE LIVING.

#### BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

1 The legislature finds that populations are SECTION 1. 2 increasing while resources are decreasing. The result is a need 3 for more sustainable and environmentally appropriate living. 4 Sustainable and environmentally appropriate living is presently 5 inhibited due to zoning regulations that control and regulate 6 conventional development. Some innovations for more sustainable 7 development can only be researched and tested from outside the 8 confines of the State's existing mechanisms.

9 In 2007, New Mexico's governor signed into law the 10 Sustainable Development Test Site Act, which allows counties 11 throughout that state to define a new category of rules that 12 apply to approved sustainable development sites. Taos county, 13 for example, is issuing permits for sites to conduct sustainable 14 development research that would otherwise be restricted due to 15 ordinances that apply to conventional development.

16 Similarly, this Act allows and encourages privately or 17 otherwise funded sustainable projects within a county to



#### H.B. NO. 813

research new low-impact ways of living and growing food without 1 2 the limitations imposed by traditional codes and ordinances. 3 This Act allows permitted designated sustainable living research 4 sites to receive exemptions from certain codes for experimental 5 purposes. The sites are intended to be located within 6 agricultural and rural districts in certain counties. Under 7 this Act, applicants for permits must provide detailed 8 descriptions of the research to be conducted at the sites as 9 well as annual status reports of research activities. This Act 10 enables the construction of what are often referred to as 11 "ecovillages," which are innovative and rapidly developing 12 nationwide and internationally, but which are not permitted 13 under Hawaii's current laws.

14 The short-term goal of sustainable research sites is to 15 develop sustainable resources and practices such as community 16 resource sharing, natural or recycled building materials, 17 thermal and solar heating or cooling systems, renewable power 18 generation, water harvesting, contained sewage treatment 19 systems, and food production. The long-term goal of these sites 20 is to develop research that will contribute to emergency 21 preparedness development in Hawaii and to further the intentions



1 of the Aloha+ Challenge, which identifies six goals to be 2 achieved by 2030: 3 Clean energy: Seventy per cent clean energy, (1)4 including forty per cent from renewables and thirty 5 per cent from efficiency; 6 Local food: At least double local food production so (2) 7 that twenty to thirty per cent of food consumed is 8 grown locally; 9 (3) Natural resource management: Reverse the trend of 10 natural resource loss mauka to makai by increasing 11 freshwater security, watershed protection, community-12 based marine management, invasive species prevention 13 and control, and restoration of native species; Waste reduction: Reduce the solid waste stream prior 14 (4) 15 to disposal by seventy per cent through source 16 reduction, recycling, bioconversion, and landfill 17 diversion methods; Smart sustainable communities: Increase livability 18 (5) and resilience in the built environment through 19 20 planning and implementation at the state and county 21 levels; and



#### H.B. NO. 873

1	(6) Green workforce and education: Increase local green
2	jobs and education to implement these targets.
3	SECTION 2. The Hawaii Revised Statutes is amended by
4	adding a new chapter to be appropriately designated and to read
5	as follows:
6	"CHAPTER
7	SUSTAINABLE LIVING RESEARCH ACT
8	§ -1 Short title. This chapter shall be known and may
9	be cited as the Sustainable Living Research Act.
10	§ -2 Definitions. As used in this chapter:
11	"Permittee" means a person who holds a sustainable living
12	research permit.
13	"Planning commission" means a county planning commission.
14	"Planning department" means a county planning department.
15	"Sustainable living" means a live-in environment composed
16	of structures and systems that inherently produce utilities and
17	life-support systems that conserve resources and may include:
18	(1) The provision of on-site energy needs by way of
19	renewable resources;
20	(2) The provision of water needs while minimizing the
21	withdrawals from ground water and surface water



4

1		systems in accordance with county and state water law
2		and the rules and policies of the county and state
3		engineers;
4	(3)	The provision of sewage treatment needs with minimal
5		discharge;
6	(4)	The reuse of materials discarded by modern society;
7	(5)	The development of organic foods;
8	(6)	The development of renewable fuel; and
9	(7)	The development and testing of shared living
10		situations.
11	"Sus	tainable living research" means activities conducted at
12	a sustain	able living research site that test ideas, concepts, or
13	invention	s designed to promote sustainable living.
14	"Sus	tainable living research permit" means a permit issued
15	by the pl	anning department that designates an area as a
16	sustainab	le living research site and specifies:
17	(1)	The sustainable living research that can be conducted
18		within the site by the permittee; and
19	(2)	The county codes, ordinances, rules, or permits that
20		are not applicable to the permittee and the research.

٠

#### H.B. NO.813

"Sustainable living research site" means an area that is 1 2 subject to a sustainable living research site permit issued by 3 the planning department. 4 -3 Application for sustainable living research permit; S 5 evaluation. (a) A person desiring a sustainable living 6 research permit shall submit an application to the planning 7 department for the county in which the proposed sustainable 8 living research site is located. The application shall include: 9 (1)A detailed description of the sustainable living 10 research that will be conducted on the sustainable 11 living research site, including an explanation of the 12 ideas, concepts, and inventions that will be tested; A site plan of the sustainable living research site; 13 (2) 14 (3) The number of inhabitants and employees whom are 15 expected to occupy the sustainable living research 16 site; 17 (4) An assessment of the county codes, ordinances, rules, 18 or permits relating to construction or building 19 requirements, occupancy, zoning, or subdivisions that 20 are not practicable for the specific sustainable 21 living research site;

HB LRB 17-0717.doc

Page 7

1	(5)	An application fee, if any, set by the planning
2		department;
3	(6)	Other information as may be required by conditions
4		adopted pursuant to section $-7$ , rules adopted by
5		the planning department or planning commission, or
6		county ordinance; and
7	(7)	An affidavit indemnifying the county and State from
8		liabilities relating to the building exemptions.
9	An applic	ation shall be complete upon submission of all of the
10	above ite	ms to the planning department.
11	(b)	Within ten days of receipt of a complete application,
12	the plann	ing department shall forward a copy of the application
13	to the de	partment of health for review. Within thirty days
14	after its	receipt of the application, the department of health
15	shall det	ermine whether the proposed sustainable living research
16	will have	a detrimental environmental impact on the proposed
17	sustainab	le living research site or the surrounding area.
18	Ş	-4 Application review; decision; permit. (a)
19	Following	the application review conducted pursuant to section
20	-3(b)	, the planning department shall issue its decision in



Page 8

1	writing.	The planning department shall issue a sustainable
2	living re	search permit if:
3	(1)	The department of health has determined that the
4		proposed sustainable living research will not have a
5		detrimental environmental impact on the proposed
6		sustainable living research site or the surrounding
7		area; and
8	(2)	The proposed sustainable living research at the site
9		may be beneficial to the development of sustainable
10		living.
11	(b)	A sustainable living research permit shall include:
12	(1)	The specific sustainable living research that may be
13		conducted at the sustainable living research site;
14	(2)	The maximum number of individuals that may inhabit the
15		sustainable living research site;
16	(3)	The specific county codes, ordinances, rules, and
17		permits relating to construction or building
18		requirements, occupancy, zoning, or subdivisions that
19		the permittee and sustainable living research
20		conducted are excepted from pursuant to the permit;
21		and



1 (4) Other restrictions on the sustainable living research 2 site and the permittee's activities as required by rules adopted pursuant to section -7 and chapter 3 4 91, if any. 5 The sustainable living research permit shall be filed (C) 6 and recorded in the office of the county clerk. The permit 7 shall expire at the earlier of: 8 (1)Ten years after the date of issuance; or 9 (2)The completion of the sustainable living research. 10 The planning department shall approve or deny an (d) 11 application for a sustainable living research permit within ninety days of its receipt of a complete application. 12 This 13 deadline may be extended upon mutual agreement of the applicant 14 and the planning department. 15 If the planning department denies an application for a (e) 16 sustainable living research permit or fails to rule on an 17 application within ninety days after the complete application is 18 submitted, the applicant may appeal the planning department's 19 decision or failure to rule to the appropriate planning 20 commission within thirty days.

## H.B. NO.813

1	§ -5 Sustainable living research site; requirements. A
2	sustainable living research site shall be:
3	(1) Greater than one acre in size;
4	(2) Built with thirty-foot setbacks from adjacent
5	properties; and
6	(3) Located within a county with a population of less than
7	five hundred thousand.
8	-6 Sustainable living research permitted; enforcement.
9	(a) The permittee, when conducting sustainable living research
10	that is specified in the sustainable living research permit,
11	shall comply with all applicable laws and rules except those
12	county codes, ordinances, rules, or permits specified in the
13	permit as inapplicable to the permittee and the research.
14	(b) Nothing in this chapter or the sustainable living
15	research permit shall be deemed to allow the permittee to
16	appropriate or otherwise use underground or surface water
17	without first obtaining a water rights permit or approval if
18	otherwise required pursuant to chapter 174C. New appropriations
19	of water and water rights transfers shall in no event be
20	exempted from applicable state laws and rules relating to water
21	resources.



#### H.B. NO. 813

(c) Nothing in this chapter or the sustainable living
 research permit shall be deemed to exempt the permittee from
 preparing an environmental assessment or environmental impact
 statement where such a statement or assessment is otherwise
 required by law.

6 (d) Relevant employees and agents of the State or the
7 county, at all reasonable times and with reasonable notice, may
8 enter the sustainable living research site for the purpose of
9 inspecting the site and activities conducted on the site to
10 ensure that conditions specified in the sustainable living
11 research permit are being met.

(e) The permittee shall annually submit a report to the planning department describing the sustainable living research and activities conducted during the preceding twelve months and summarizing the research findings. All information contained in the report and all other information learned from activities pursuant to the sustainable living research permit shall be made available to the public.

(f) The planning commission may revoke the sustainable
living research permit if it finds, after a public hearing, that
the permittee has substantially violated a sustainable living



## H.B. NO. 813

research permit provision, this chapter, or an applicable rule
 adopted pursuant to this chapter or chapter 91, and has failed
 to correct the violation within thirty days of notification of
 the violation.

5 (g) A permittee may apply to have a sustainable living 6 research permit amended by submitting a new application pursuant 7 to section -3. If the planning department determines that 8 the proposed amendment will substantially alter the sustainable 9 living research or other activities conducted at the sustainable 10 living research site and does not approve those changes, the 11 permittee may appeal that decision to the appropriate planning 12 commission within thirty days.

13 § -7 Adoption of conditions. The planning department 14 may include, as part of the permit issued pursuant to this 15 chapter, special rules and conditions that are consistent with 16 the purpose of this chapter and other applicable laws and 17 policies. If the applicant is not in agreement with any special 18 rules and conditions imposed by the planning department, the 19 applicant may appeal to the appropriate planning commission.

20 § -8 Rules. No later than October 1, 2017, the planning
21 department of each county with a population of less than five



1 hundred thousand shall adopt rules pursuant to chapter 91 to 2 implement the requirements of this chapter."

3 SECTION 3. Section 205-2, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is 4 amended by amending subsections (c) and (d) to read as follows: 5 "(c) Rural districts shall include activities or uses as 6 characterized by low density residential lots of not more than 7 one dwelling house per one-half acre, except as provided by 8 county ordinance pursuant to section 46-4(c), in areas where 9 "city-like" concentration of people, structures, streets, and 10 urban level of services are absent, and where small farms are 11 intermixed with low density residential lots except that within 12 a subdivision, as defined in section 484-1, the commission for 13 good cause may allow one lot of less than one-half acre, but not 14 less than eighteen thousand five hundred square feet, or an 15 equivalent residential density, within a rural subdivision and 16 permit the construction of one dwelling on such lot; provided 17 that all other dwellings in the subdivision shall have a minimum lot size of one-half acre or 21,780 square feet. Such petition 18 19 for variance may be processed under the special permit 20 procedure. These districts may include contiguous areas which 21 are not suited to low density residential lots or small farms by



1	reason of	topography, soils, and other related characteristics.
2	Rural dis	tricts shall also include golf courses, golf driving
3	ranges, a	nd golf-related facilities.
4	In ac	ddition to the uses listed in this subsection, rural
5	districts	shall include [geothermal] as permissible uses:
6	(1)	Geothermal resources exploration and geothermal
7		resources development, as defined under section
8		182-1[, as permissible uses.]; and
9	(2)	Sustainable living research sites pursuant to chapter
10		<u>.</u>
11	(d)	Agricultural districts shall include[÷] <u>as permissible</u>
12	uses:	
13	(1)	Activities or uses as characterized by the cultivation
14		of crops, crops for bioenergy, orchards, forage, and
15		forestry;
16	(2)	Farming activities or uses related to animal husbandry
17		and game and fish propagation;
18	(3)	Aquaculture, which means the production of aquatic
19		plant and animal life within ponds and other bodies of
20		water;

.



## H.B. NO. 813

1	(4)	Wind generated energy production for public, private,
2		and commercial use;
3	(5)	Biofuel production, as described in section
4		205-4.5(a)(16), for public, private, and commercial
5		use;
6	(6)	Solar energy facilities; provided that:
7		(A) This paragraph shall apply only to land with soil
8		classified by the land study bureau's detailed
9		land classification as overall (master)
10		productivity rating class B, C, D, or E; and
11		(B) Solar energy facilities placed within land with
12		soil classified as overall productivity rating
13		class B or C shall not occupy more than ten per
14		cent of the acreage of the parcel, or twenty
15		acres of land, whichever is lesser, unless a
16		special use permit is granted pursuant to section
17		205-6;
18	(7)	Bona fide agricultural services and uses that support
19		the agricultural activities of the fee or leasehold
20		owner of the property and accessory to any of the
21		above activities, regardless of whether conducted on

HB LRB 17-0717.doc

1		the same premises as the agricultural activities to
2		which they are accessory, including farm dwellings as
3		defined in section 205-4.5(a)(4), employee housing,
4		farm buildings, mills, storage facilities, processing
5		facilities, photovoltaic, biogas, and other small-
6		scale renewable energy systems producing energy solely
7		for use in the agricultural activities of the fee or
8		leasehold owner of the property, agricultural-energy
9		facilities as defined in section 205-4.5(a)(17),
10		vehicle and equipment storage areas, and plantation
11		community subdivisions as defined in section
12		205-4.5(a)(12);
13	(8)	Wind machines and wind farms;
14	(9)	Small-scale meteorological, air quality, noise, and
15		other scientific and environmental data collection and
16		monitoring facilities occupying less than one-half
17		acre of land; provided that these facilities shall not
18		be used as or equipped for use as living quarters or
19		dwellings;
20	(10)	Agricultural parks;



## H.B. NO. 873

1 (11)Agricultural tourism conducted on a working farm, or a 2 farming operation as defined in section 165-2, for the 3 enjoyment, education, or involvement of visitors; 4 provided that the agricultural tourism activity is 5 accessory and secondary to the principal agricultural 6 use and does not interfere with surrounding farm 7 operations; and provided further that this paragraph 8 shall apply only to a county that has adopted 9 ordinances regulating agricultural tourism under 10 section 205-5;

11 Agricultural tourism activities, including overnight (12)12 accommodations of twenty-one days or less, for any one 13 stay within a county; provided that this paragraph 14 shall apply only to a county that includes at least 15 three islands and has adopted ordinances regulating 16 agricultural tourism activities pursuant to section 17 205-5; provided further that the agricultural tourism 18 activities coexist with a bona fide agricultural 19 activity. For the purposes of this paragraph, "bona 20 fide agricultural activity" means a farming operation as defined in section 165-2; 21



1	(13)	Open	area recreational facilities;
2	(14)	Geot	hermal resources exploration and geothermal
3		reso	urces development, as defined under section 182-1;
4	(15)	Agri	cultural-based commercial operations, including:
5		(A)	A roadside stand that is not an enclosed
6			structure, owned and operated by a producer for
7			the display and sale of agricultural products
8			grown in Hawaii and value-added products that
9			were produced using agricultural products grown
10			in Hawaii;
11		(B)	Retail activities in an enclosed structure owned
12			and operated by a producer for the display and
13			sale of agricultural products grown in Hawaii,
14			value-added products that were produced using
15			agricultural products grown in Hawaii, logo items
16			related to the producer's agricultural
17			operations, and other food items; and
18		(C)	A retail food establishment owned and operated by
19			a producer and permitted under title 11, chapter
20			12 of the rules of the department of health that
21			prepares and serves food at retail using products



1		grown in Hawaii and value-added products that
2		were produced using agricultural products grown
3		in Hawaii.
4		The owner of an agricultural-based commercial
5		operation shall certify, upon request of an officer or
6		agent charged with enforcement of this chapter under
7		section 205-12, that the agricultural products
8		displayed or sold by the operation meet the
9		requirements of this paragraph; [and]
10	(16)	Hydroelectric facilities as described in section
11		205-4.5(a)(23)[-]; and
12	(17)	Sustainable living research sites pursuant to chapter
13		<u>.</u>
14	Agricultu	ral districts shall not include golf courses and golf
15	driving r	anges, except as provided in section 205-4.5(d).
16	Agricultu	ral districts include areas that are not used for, or
17	that are	not suited to, agricultural and ancillary activities by
18	reason of	topography, soils, and other related characteristics."
19	SECT	ION 4. Section 205-4.5, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
20	amended b	y amending subsection (a) to read as follows:



## H.B. NO. 813

1	"(a)	Within the agricultural district, all lands with soil
2	classifie	d by the land study bureau's detailed land
3	classific	ation as overall (master) productivity rating class A
4	or B and	for solar energy facilities, class B or C, shall be
5	restricte	d to the following permitted uses:
6	(1)	Cultivation of crops, including crops for bioenergy,
7		flowers, vegetables, foliage, fruits, forage, and
8		timber;
9	(2)	Game and fish propagation;
10	(3)	Raising of livestock, including poultry, bees, fish,
11		or other animal or aquatic life that are propagated
12		for economic or personal use;
13	(4)	Farm dwellings, employee housing, farm buildings, or
14		activities or uses related to farming and animal
15		husbandry. "Farm dwelling", as used in this
16		paragraph, means a single-family dwelling located on
17		and used in connection with a farm, including clusters
18		of single-family farm dwellings permitted within
19		agricultural parks developed by the State, or where
20		agricultural activity provides income to the family
21		occupying the dwelling;

#### H.B. NO. 813

1	(5)	Public institutions and buildings that are necessary
2		for agricultural practices;
3	(6)	Public and private open area types of recreational
4		uses, including day camps, picnic grounds, parks, and
5		riding stables, but not including dragstrips,
6		airports, drive-in theaters, golf courses, golf
7		driving ranges, country clubs, and overnight camps;
8	(7)	Public, private, and quasi-public utility lines and
9		roadways, transformer stations, communications
10		equipment buildings, solid waste transfer stations,
11		major water storage tanks, and appurtenant small
12		buildings such as booster pumping stations, but not
13		including offices or yards for equipment, material,
14		vehicle storage, repair or maintenance, treatment
15		plants, corporation yards, or other similar
16		structures;
17	(8)	Retention, restoration, rehabilitation, or improvement
18		of buildings or sites of historic or scenic interest;
19	(9)	Agricultural-based commercial operations as described
20		in section 205-2(d)(15);

## H.B. NO. 813

1 Buildings and uses, including mills, storage, and (10)2 processing facilities, maintenance facilities, 3 photovoltaic, biogas, and other small-scale renewable 4 energy systems producing energy solely for use in the 5 agricultural activities of the fee or leasehold owner of the property, and vehicle and equipment storage 6 7 areas that are normally considered directly accessory 8 to the above-mentioned uses and are permitted under 9 section 205-2(d);

10 (11) Agricultural parks;

11 Plantation community subdivisions, which as used in (12)12 this chapter means an established subdivision or 13 cluster of employee housing, community buildings, and 14 agricultural support buildings on land currently or 15 formerly owned, leased, or operated by a sugar or pineapple plantation; provided that the existing 16 17 structures may be used or rehabilitated for use, and 18 new employee housing and agricultural support 19 buildings may be allowed on land within the subdivision as follows: 20



1		(A)	The employee housing is occupied by employees or
2			former employees of the plantation who have a
3			property interest in the land;
4		(B)	The employee housing units not owned by their
5			occupants shall be rented or leased at affordable
6			rates for agricultural workers; or
7		(C)	The agricultural support buildings shall be
8			rented or leased to agricultural business
9			operators or agricultural support services;
10	(13)	Agri	cultural tourism conducted on a working farm, or a
11		farm	ing operation as defined in section 165-2, for the
12		enjo	yment, education, or involvement of visitors;
13		prov	ided that the agricultural tourism activity is
14		acce	ssory and secondary to the principal agricultural
15		use	and does not interfere with surrounding farm
16		oper	ations; and provided further that this paragraph
17		shal	l apply only to a county that has adopted
18		ordi	nances regulating agricultural tourism under
19		sect	ion 205-5;
20	(14)	Agri	cultural tourism activities, including overnight
21		acco	mmodations of twenty-one days or less, for any one



1 stay within a county; provided that this paragraph 2 shall apply only to a county that includes at least 3 three islands and has adopted ordinances regulating 4 agricultural tourism activities pursuant to section 5 205-5; provided further that the agricultural tourism 6 activities coexist with a bona fide agricultural 7 activity. For the purposes of this paragraph, "bona 8 fide agricultural activity" means a farming operation as defined in section 165-2; 9

10 (15) Wind energy facilities, including the appurtenances 11 associated with the production and transmission of 12 wind generated energy; provided that the wind energy 13 facilities and appurtenances are compatible with 14 agriculture uses and cause minimal adverse impact on 15 agricultural land;

16 (16) Biofuel processing facilities, including the
17 appurtenances associated with the production and
18 refining of biofuels that is normally considered
19 directly accessory and secondary to the growing of the
20 energy feedstock; provided that biofuel processing
21 facilities and appurtenances do not adversely impact



3

# H.B. NO. 813

1 agricultural land and other agricultural uses in the 2 vicinity.

For the purposes of this paragraph:

4 "Appurtenances" means operational infrastructure
5 of the appropriate type and scale for economic
6 commercial storage and distribution, and other similar
7 handling of feedstock, fuels, and other products of
8 biofuel processing facilities.

9 "Biofuel processing facility" means a facility
10 that produces liquid or gaseous fuels from organic
11 sources such as biomass crops, agricultural residues,
12 and oil crops, including palm, canola, soybean, and
13 waste cooking oils; grease; food wastes; and animal
14 residues and wastes that can be used to generate
15 energy;

16 (17) Agricultural-energy facilities, including
17 appurtenances necessary for an agricultural-energy
18 enterprise; provided that the primary activity of the
19 agricultural-energy enterprise is agricultural
20 activity. To be considered the primary activity of an
21 agricultural-energy enterprise, the total acreage

HB LRB 17-0717.doc

1	devoted to agricultural activity shall be not less
2	than ninety per cent of the total acreage of the
3	agricultural-energy enterprise. The agricultural-
4	energy facility shall be limited to lands owned,
5	leased, licensed, or operated by the entity conducting
6	the agricultural activity.
7	As used in this paragraph:
8	"Agricultural activity" means any activity
9	described in paragraphs (1) to (3) of this subsection.
10	"Agricultural-energy enterprise" means an
11	enterprise that integrally incorporates an
12	agricultural activity with an agricultural-energy
13	facility.
14	"Agricultural-energy facility" means a facility
15	that generates, stores, or distributes renewable
16	energy as defined in section 269-91 or renewable fuel
17	including electrical or thermal energy or liquid or
18	gaseous fuels from products of agricultural activities
19	from agricultural lands located in the State.
20	"Appurtenances" means operational infrastructure
21	of the appropriate type and scale for the economic



## H.B. NO. 873

1 commercial generation, storage, distribution, and 2 other similar handling of energy, including equipment, 3 feedstock, fuels, and other products of agricultural-4 energy facilities; 5 (18)Construction and operation of wireless communication 6 antennas; provided that, for the purposes of this 7 paragraph, "wireless communication antenna" means 8 communications equipment that is either freestanding 9 or placed upon or attached to an already existing 10 structure and that transmits and receives 11 electromagnetic radio signals used in the provision of 12 all types of wireless communications services; 13 provided further that nothing in this paragraph shall 14 be construed to permit the construction of any new 15 structure that is not deemed a permitted use under 16 this subsection; 17 (19)Agricultural education programs conducted on a farming 18 operation as defined in section 165-2, for the 19 education and participation of the general public; 20 provided that the agricultural education programs are 21 accessory and secondary to the principal agricultural

HB LRB 17-0717.doc

1 use of the parcels or lots on which the agricultural 2 education programs are to occur and do not interfere 3 with surrounding farm operations. For the purposes of 4 this paragraph, "agricultural education programs" 5 means activities or events designed to promote 6 knowledge and understanding of agricultural activities 7 and practices conducted on a farming operation as 8 defined in section 165-2; 9 (20)Solar energy facilities that do not occupy more than 10 ten per cent of the acreage of the parcel, or twenty 11 acres of land, whichever is lesser or for which a 12 special use permit is granted pursuant to section 205-13 6; provided that this use shall not be permitted on 14 lands with soil classified by the land study bureau's detailed land classification as overall (master) 15 16 productivity rating class A unless the solar energy 17 facilities are: Located on a paved or unpaved road in existence 18 (A) 19 as of December 31, 2013, and the parcel of land

upon which the paved or unpaved road is located

has a valid county agriculture tax dedication

21

20



1			status or a valid agricultural conservation
2			easement;
3		(B)	Placed in a manner that still allows vehicular
4			traffic to use the road; and
5		(C)	Granted a special use permit by the commission
6			pursuant to section 205-6;
7	(21)	Sola	r energy facilities on lands with soil classified
8		by the land study bureau's detailed land	
9		clas	sification as overall (master) productivity rating
10		B or	C for which a special use permit is granted
11		purs	uant to section 205-6; provided that:
12		(A)	The area occupied by the solar energy facilities
13			is also made available for compatible
14			agricultural activities at a lease rate that is
15			at least fifty per cent below the fair market
16			rent for comparable properties;
17		(B)	Proof of financial security to decommission the
18			facility is provided to the satisfaction of the
19			appropriate county planning commission prior to
20			date of commencement of commercial generation;
21			and



•

1		(C) Solar energy facilities shall be decommissioned	d
2		at the owner's expense according to the follow	ing
3		requirements:	
4		(i) Removal of all equipment related to the	
5		solar energy facility within twelve month	S
6		of the conclusion of operation or useful	
7		life; and	
8		(ii) Restoration of the disturbed earth to	
9		substantially the same physical condition	as
10		$_{oldsymbol{o}}$ existed prior to the development of the	
11		solar energy facility.	
12		For the purposes of this paragraph, "agricultural	
13		activities" means the activities described in	
14		paragraphs (1) to (3);	
15	(22)	Geothermal resources exploration and geothermal	
16		resources development, as defined under section 182	-1;
17		[ <del>or</del> ]	
18	(23)	Hydroelectric facilities, including the appurtenanc	es
19		associated with the production and transmission of	
20		hydroelectric energy, subject to section 205-2;	



1	provided	that the hydroelectric facilities and their
2	appurtena	nces:
3	(A) Shal	l consist of a small hydropower facility as
4	defi	ned by the United States Department of
5	Ener	gy, including:
6	(i)	Impoundment facilities using a dam to store
7		water in a reservoir;
8	(ii)	A diversion or run-of-river facility that
9		channels a portion of a river through a
10		canal or channel; and
11	(iii)	Pumped storage facilities that store energy
12		by pumping water uphill to a reservoir at
13		higher elevation from a reservoir at a lower
14		elevation to be released to turn a turbine
15		to generate electricity;
16	(B) Comp	ly with the state water code, chapter 174C;
17	(C) Shal	l, if over five hundred kilowatts in
18	hydr	oelectric generating capacity, have the
19	appr	oval of the commission on water resource
20	mana	gement, including a new instream flow



1		standard established for any new hydroelectric
2		facility; and
3		(D) Do not impact or impede the use of agricultural
4		land or the availability of surface or ground
5		water for all uses on all parcels that are served
6		by the ground water sources or streams for which
7		hydroelectric facilities are considered[-] <u>or</u>
8	(24)	Sustainable living research sites pursuant to chapter
9		'''
10	SECT	ION 5. Section 205-5, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
11	amended b	y amending subsection (c) to read as follows:
12	"(c)	Unless authorized by special permit issued pursuant
13	to this c	hapter, only the following uses shall be permitted
14	within ru	ral districts:
15	(1)	Low density residential uses;
16	(2)	Agricultural uses;
17	(3)	Golf courses, golf driving ranges, and golf-related
18		facilities;
19	(4)	Public, quasi-public, and public utility facilities;
20		[and]



# H.B. NO. 813

(5)	Geothermal resources exploration and geothermal	
	resources development, as defined under section 182-	
	1[-] <u>; and</u>	
(6)	Sustainable living research sites pursuant to chapter	
	<u> </u>	
In a	ddition, the minimum lot size for any low density	
residential use shall be one-half acre and there shall be but		
one dwelling house per one-half acre, except as provided for in		
section 2	05-2."	
SECTION 6. Statutory material to be repealed is bracketed $\sincerim{'}$		
and stric	ken. New statutory material is underscored.	
SECT	ION 7. This Act shall take effect on July 1, 2017.	
	INTRODUCED BY: Chily Even	
	for form the back	
(	hall bo	
	(6) In a residenti one dwell section 2 SECT and stric	

tokestime



JAN 2 3 2017

Ż

Report Title:

Sustainable Living Research; Permit

#### Description:

Establishes a permit that exempts sustainable living research and sites from certain county codes, ordinances, and rules.

The summary description of legislation appearing on this page is for informational purposes only and is not legislation or evidence of legislative intent.

