

A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO CONTRACEPTIVE SUPPLIES.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

- 1 SECTION 1. The legislature finds that many reproductive
- 2 health experts have long sought to make prescription
- 3 contraceptives more readily accessible. Research indicates
- 4 women are more likely to use prescription contraceptives and
- 5 less likely to have unintended pregnancies when barriers are
- 6 lifted to contraceptive access. Furthermore, studies have also
- 7 indicated it is safe for women to obtain contraceptive supplies
- 8 without a physician and that women can accurately identify
- 9 conditions that make it appropriate to use certain
- 10 contraceptives by using a simple checklist.
- 11 The legislature further finds that under the federal
- 12 Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act of 2010,
- 13 contraceptives are required to be covered at a \$0 copayment,
- 14 thus removing financial barriers for patients and ensuring that
- 15 patients have better opportunities to receive contraceptive
- 16 care.

1	The legislature additionally finds that some states are
2	also taking steps to ensure greater access to contraceptive
3	supplies. For example, recent legislation in California and
4	Oregon has expanded access to prescription contraceptives for
5	millions of women. The California and Oregon laws, enacted in
6	2016, permit women to obtain contraceptive supplies from
7	pharmacists without first having to visit a primary care
8	provider for a prescription. The legislature concludes that
9	Hawaii should adopt similar legislation, which will increase
10	access to prescription contraceptive supplies and decrease
11	barriers regarding reproductive health care.
12	The purpose of this Act is to expand access to prescription
13	contraceptives by:
14	(1) Authorizing pharmacists to prescribe and dispense
15	self-administered hormonal contraceptive supplies; and
16	(2) Specifying requirements pharmacists must meet prior to
17	prescribing and dispensing contraceptive supplies.
18	SECTION 2. Chapter 461, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
19	amended by adding a new section to be appropriately designated
20	and to read as follows:

1	" <u>§46</u>	1- Contraceptive supplies; authority to prescribe
2	and dispe	nse; requirements. (a) A pharmacist may prescribe and
3	dispense	contraceptive supplies to a patient regardless of
4	whether t	he patient has evidence of a previous prescription for
5	contracep	tive supplies from a licensed physician, advanced
6	practice	registered nurse, or other primary care provider
7	authorize	d to prescribe contraceptive supplies.
8	(b)	A pharmacist who prescribes contraceptive supplies
9	pursuant	to subsection (a) shall:
10	(1)	Complete an Accreditation Council for Pharmacy
11		Education program approved by the board related to
12		prescribing contraceptive supplies;
13	(2)	Provide a self-screening risk assessment tool that a
14		patient shall complete before the pharmacist
15		prescribes any contraceptive supplies; provided that
16		the self-screening risk assessment tool shall be based
17		on the current version of the United States Medical
18		Eligibility Criteria for Contraceptive Use developed
19		by the federal Centers for Disease Control and
20		Prevention;

1	(3)	Refer the patient to the patient's primary care
2		provider upon prescribing and dispensing the
3		contraceptive supplies; provided that if the patient
4		does not have a primary care provider, the pharmacist
5		shall advise the patient to consult a licensed
6		physician, advanced practice registered nurse, or
7		other primary care provider of the patient's choice;
8	(4)	Provide the patient with a written record of the
9		contraceptive supplies prescribed and dispensed and
10		advise the patient to consult with a primary care
11		provider of the patient's choice; and
12	(5)	Dispense the contraceptive supplies to the patient as
13		soon as practicable after the pharmacist issues the
14		prescription.
15	<u>(c)</u>	A pharmacist who prescribes contraceptive supplies
16	pursuant	to subsection (a) shall not:
17	(1)	Require a patient to schedule an appointment with the
18		pharmacist for the prescribing or dispensing of
19		contraceptive supplies; or
20	(2)	Prescribe and dispense contraceptive supplies to a
21		patient who has not provided evidence of a clinical

1	visit for women's health within three years
2	immediately following the initial prescription and
3	dispensation of contraceptive supplies by a pharmacist
4	to the patient."
5	SECTION 3. Section 461-1, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
6	amended as follows:
7	1. By adding two new definitions to be appropriately
8	inserted and to read:
9	""Advanced practice registered nurse" means a person
10	licensed pursuant to section 457-8.5 and granted prescriptive
11	authority pursuant to section 457-8.6.
12	"Contraceptive supplies" means all United States Food and
13	Drug Administration-approved self-administered hormonal
14	contraceptives."
15	2. By amending the definition of "practice of pharmacy" to
16	read:
17	""Practice of pharmacy" means:
18	(1) The interpretation and evaluation of prescription
19	orders; the compounding, dispensing, and labeling of
20	drugs and devices (except labeling by a manufacturer,
21	packer, or distributor of nonprescription drugs and

1		commercially legend drugs and devices); the.
2		participation in drug selection and drug utilization
3		reviews; the proper and safe storage of drugs and
4		devices and the maintenance of proper records
5		therefor; the responsibility for advising when
6		necessary or where regulated, of therapeutic values,
7		content, hazards, and use of drugs and devices;
8	(2)	Performing the following procedures or functions as
9		part of the care provided by and in concurrence with a
10		"health care facility" and "health care service" as
11		defined in section 323D-2, or a "pharmacy" or a
12		licensed physician or a licensed advanced practice
13		registered nurse with prescriptive authority, or a
14		"managed care plan" as defined in section 432E-1, in
15		accordance with policies, procedures, or protocols
16		developed collaboratively by health professionals,
17		including physicians and surgeons, pharmacists, and
18		registered nurses, and for which a pharmacist has
19		received appropriate training required by these
20		policies, procedures, or protocols:

1	(A)	Ordering or performing routine drug therapy
2		related patient assessment procedures;
3	(B)	Ordering drug therapy related laboratory tests;
4	(C)	Initiating emergency contraception oral drug
5		therapy in accordance with a written
6		collaborative agreement approved by the board,
7		between a licensed physician or advanced practice
8		registered nurse with prescriptive authority and
9		a pharmacist who has received appropriate
10		training that includes programs approved by the
11		American Council of Pharmaceutical Education
12		(ACPE), curriculum-based programs from an ACPE-
13		accredited college of pharmacy, state or local
14		health department programs, or programs
15		recognized by the board of pharmacy;
16	(D)	Administering drugs orally, topically, by
17		intranasal delivery, or by injection, pursuant to
18		the order of the patient's licensed physician or
19		advanced practice registered nurse with
20		prescriptive authority, by a pharmacist having
21		appropriate training that includes programs

1		appr	oved by the ACPE, curriculum-based programs
2		from	an ACPE-accredited college of pharmacy,
3		state	e or local health department programs, or
4		prog	rams recognized by the board of pharmacy;
5	(E)	Admi	nistering:
6		(i)	Immunizations orally, by injection, or by
7			intranasal delivery, to persons eighteen
8			years of age or older by a pharmacist having
9			appropriate training that includes programs
10			approved by the ACPE, curriculum-based
11			programs from an ACPE-accredited college of
12			pharmacy, state or local health department
13			programs, or programs recognized by the
14			board of pharmacy; and
15		(ii)	Vaccines to persons between fourteen and
16			seventeen years of age pursuant to section
17			461-11.4;
18	(F)	As a	uthorized by the written instructions of a
19		lice	nsed physician or advanced practice
20		regi	stered nurse with prescriptive authority,
21		init	iating or adjusting the drug regimen of a

1		patient pursuant to an order or authorization
2		made by the patient's licensed physician or
3		advanced practice registered nurse with
4		prescriptive authority and related to the
5		condition for which the patient has been seen by
6		the licensed physician or advanced practice
7		registered nurse with prescriptive authority;
8		provided that the pharmacist shall issue written
9		notification to the patient's licensed physician
10		or advanced practice registered nurse with
11		prescriptive authority or enter the appropriate
12		information in an electronic patient record
13		system shared by the licensed physician or
14		advanced practice registered nurse with
15		prescriptive authority, within twenty-four hours;
16	(G)	Transmitting a valid prescription to another
17		pharmacist for the purpose of filling or
18		dispensing;
19	(H)	Providing consultation, information, or education
20		to patients and health care professionals based

1		on the pharmacist's training and for which no
2		other licensure is required; or
3		(I) Dispensing an opioid antagonist in accordance
4		with a written collaborative agreement approved
5		by the board, between a licensed physician and a
6		pharmacist who has received appropriate training
7		that includes programs approved by the American
8		Council on Pharmaceutical Education (ACPE),
9		curriculum-based programs from an ACPE-accredited
10		college of pharmacy, state or local health
11	•	department programs, or programs recognized by
12		the board; [and]
13	(3)	The offering or performing of those acts, services,
14		operations, or transactions necessary in the conduct,
15		operation, management, and control of pharmacy[-]; and
16	(4)	Prescribing and dispensing contraceptive supplies
17		pursuant to section 461"
18	SECT	ION 4. Section 461-8, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
19	amended to	o read as follows:
20	"§ 4 6	1-8 Renewal of licenses; continuing education
21	mografi momo:	nt (a) All liganges issued by the board except

- 1 temporary licenses issued under section 461-7, shall be renewed
- 2 biennially on or before December 31 of each odd-numbered year.
- 3 Failure to pay the biennial fee and, beginning with the renewal
- 4 for the licensing biennium commencing on January 1, 2008, to
- 5 satisfy the continuing education requirement on or before
- 6 December 31 of each odd-numbered year, shall constitute a
- 7 forfeiture of the license as of the date of expiration.
- **8** (b) Any license forfeited pursuant to subsection (a) may
- 9 be restored within three years upon payment of any penalty fee,
- 10 the current biennial fees, and the renewal fee for the next
- 11 biennium, if applicable, upon submission of proof of compliance
- 12 with the continuing education requirement for the prior
- 13 biennium, and upon meeting any other requirements specified in
- 14 rules adopted pursuant to chapter 91.
- (c) In the event that the pharmacist has not engaged in
- 16 the practice of pharmacy in this State or in another state or
- 17 territory of the United States within the past five years, the
- 18 board may require the pharmacist to satisfy additional
- 19 requirements, as specified in rules adopted pursuant to chapter
- 20 91, to demonstrate that the pharmacist is competent to practice
- 21 in this State.

1	(d) Beginning with the renewal for the licensing biennium
2	commencing on January 1, 2008, and every biennial renewal
3	thereafter, each licensee shall have completed thirty credit
4	hours in continuing education courses within the two-year period
5	preceding the renewal date, regardless of the licensee's initial
6	date of licensure; provided that a licensee who has graduated
7	from an accredited pharmacy school within one year of the
8	licensee's first license renewal period shall not be subject to
9	the continuing education requirement for the first license
10	renewal. The board may extend the deadline for compliance with
11	the continuing education requirement based on any of the
12	following:
13	(1) Illness, as certified by a physician or osteopathic
14	physician licensed under chapter 453 or licensed in
15	the jurisdiction in which the licensee was treated;
16	(2) Military service under extended active duty with the
17	armed forces of the United States;
18	(3) Lack of access to continuing education courses due to
19	the practice of pharmacy in geographically isolated
20	areas; and

1	(4) Inability to undertake continuing education due to
2	incapacity, undue hardship, or other extenuating
3	circumstances.
4	(e) A pharmacist who administers any vaccine to persons
5	between the ages of fourteen and seventeen years pursuant to
6	section 461-11.4 shall complete a training program approved by
7	the board within every other biennial renewal period and submit
8	proof of successful completion of the training program to the
9	board; provided that the pharmacist shall meet these
10	requirements prior to administering any vaccine to persons
11	between the ages of fourteen and seventeen years.
12	(f) A pharmacist who prescribes and dispenses
13	contraceptive supplies pursuant to section 461- shall
14	complete an Accreditation Council for Pharmacy Education program
15	approved by the board within every other biennial renewal period
16	and submit proof of successful completion of the continuing
17	education program to the board.
18	$[\frac{(f)}{(g)}]$ Each licensee shall maintain the licensee's
19	continuing education records. At the time of renewal, each
20	licensee shall certify under oath that the licensee has complied
21	with the continuing education requirement of this section. The

- 1 board may require a licensee to submit, in addition to the
- 2 certification, evidence satisfactory to the board that
- 3 demonstrates compliance with the continuing education
- 4 requirement of this section.
- 5 $\left[\frac{g}{g}\right]$ (h) The board may conduct random audits to determine
- 6 compliance with the continuing education requirement. The board
- 7 shall provide written notice of an audit to a licensee randomly
- 8 selected for audit. Within sixty days of notification, the
- 9 licensee shall provide the board with documentation verifying
- 10 compliance with the continuing education requirement."
- 11 SECTION 5. Section 461-21, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
- 12 amended by amending subsection (a) to read as follows:
- "(a) In addition to any other actions authorized by law,
- 14 the board may deny, revoke, or suspend any license or permit
- 15 applied for or issued by the board, in accordance with this
- 16 chapter, and fine or otherwise discipline a licensee or permit
- 17 holder for any cause authorized by law, including but not
- 18 limited to the following:
- 19 (1) Procuring a license through fraud, misrepresentation,
- or deceit;

1	(2)	Professional misconduct, gross carelessness, or
2		manifest incapacity;
3	(3)	Permitting an unlicensed person to perform activities
4		that require a license under this chapter;
5	(4)	Violation of any of the provisions of this chapter or
6		the rules adopted pursuant thereto;
7	(5)	Violation of any state or federal drug, controlled
8		substance, or poison law;
9	(6)	False, fraudulent, or deceptive advertising;
10	(7)	Any other conduct constituting fraudulent or dishonest
11		dealings;
12	(8)	Failure to comply with a board order;
13	(9)	Making a false statement on any document submitted or
14		required to be filed by this chapter, including a
15		false certification of compliance with the continuing
16		education requirement;
17	(10)	Habitual intemperance or addiction to the use of
18		habit-forming drugs; [or]
19	(11)	Administering a vaccine to a person between fourteen
20		and seventeen years of age without complying with
21		section 461-11.4[-]; or

6

1	(12) Prescribing or dispensing contraceptive supplies
2	without complying with section 461"
3	SECTION 6. Statutory material to be repealed is bracketed
4	and stricken. New statutory material is underscored.
5	SECTION 7. This Act shall take effect on July 1, 2017.

INTRODUCED BY:

JAN 2 0 2017

Report Title:

Pharmacists; Prescriptive Authority; Contraceptive Supplies; Requirements

Description:

Authorizes pharmacists to prescribe and dispense selfadministered hormonal contraceptive supplies to patients, regardless of a previous prescription from an authorized prescriber. Specifies requirements pharmacists must meet prior to prescribing and dispensing contraceptive supplies.

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