

A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO EQUAL PAY.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

- SECTION 1. The legislature finds that pay disparity

 persists between men and women. The Institute for Women's

 Policy Research reports that if the pace of change continues at
- 4 the same rate as it has since 1960, women and men will not reach
- 5 pay parity until 2059.
- 6 The legislature finds that in 2014, the gender wage gap in
- 7 Hawaii stood at 14.2 cents on the dollar. A woman working full-
- 8 time and year-round earned an average of 85.8 cents to every
- 9 dollar a man earned. This wage gap extends across almost all
- 10 occupations reporting in Hawaii. The gap is far worse for women
- 11 of color: African American women in Hawaii make only 73.4 cents
- 12 for every dollar a white male makes; Latina women make only 61.3
- 13 cents for every dollar a white male makes; and Asian American
- 14 women make only 73.3 cents for every dollar a white male makes.
- 15 The legislature also finds that pay secrecy undermines
- 16 efforts to close the pay gap. A 2010 Institute for Women's
- 17 Policy Research/Rockefeller Survey of Economic Security reported

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- 1 that 23.1 per cent of private sector workers reported that
- 2 discussion of wages and salaries was formally prohibited, and an
- 3 additional 38.1 per cent reported that such discussion was
- 4 discouraged by managers. Pay secrecy inhibits workers from
- 5 pursuing claims of pay discrimination because women cannot
- 6 challenge wage discrimination that they do not know exists. The
- 7 federal government and many states have taken action to end wage
- 8 secrecy by prohibiting retaliation against employees who discuss
- 9 wages. Hawaii can also take this step by banning wage secrecy
- 10 and banning retaliation or discrimination against employees who
- 11 disclose or discuss their wages.
- 12 The purpose of this Act is to encourage equal pay between
- 13 men and women by prohibiting enforced wage secrecy and
- 14 prohibiting retaliation or discrimination against employees who
- 15 disclose, discuss, or inquire about their own or co-workers'
- 16 wages for the purpose of exercising rights under the law.
- 17 SECTION 2. Section 378-2.3, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
- 18 amended to read as follows:
- 19 "[+] §378-2.3[+] Equal pay; sex discrimination. (a) No
- 20 employer shall discriminate between employees because of sex, by
- 21 paying wages to employees in an establishment at a rate less



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- 1 than the rate at which the employer pays wages to employees of
- 2 the opposite sex in the establishment for equal work on jobs the
- 3 performance of which requires equal skill, effort, and
- 4 responsibility, and that are performed under similar working
- 5 conditions. Payment differentials resulting from:
- 6 (1) A seniority system;
- 7 (2) A merit system;
- **8** (3) A system that measures earnings by quantity or quality
- 10 (4) A bona fide occupational qualification; or
- 11 (5) A differential based on any other permissible factor
- 12 other than sex
- 13 do not violate this section.
- 14 (b) An employer shall not retaliate or discriminate
- 15 against an employee for, nor prohibit an employee from
- 16 disclosing the employee's wages, discussing and inquiring about
- 17 the wages of other employees, or aiding or encouraging any other
- 18 employee to exercise rights under this section."
- 19 SECTION 3. Statutory material to be repealed is bracketed
- 20 and stricken. New statutory material is underscored.

1 SECTION 4. This Act shall take effect on July 1, 2017.

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INTRODUCED B la H. JAN 2 0 2017

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Report Title:

Pay Equity; Gender Discrimination

Description:

Prohibits enforced wage secrecy and retaliation or discrimination against employees who disclose, discuss, or inquire about their own or co-workers' wages.

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