A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO TAXATION.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

1 SECTION 1. The legislature finds that the federal earned 2 income tax credit (EITC) is one of the most successful anti-3 poverty programs by providing tax relief and refunds to low-4 income and working class families. According to the National 5 Partnership for Women and Families, over 10,000 families in the 6 state have incomes that fall below the poverty level. Since it 7 is targeted especially at workers with children, about 18,000 8 children in Hawaii are kept out of poverty by it each year. Ιt 9 is particularly important to women, who typically earn less than 10 men and are more likely to bear the expenses of raising children 11 on their own. Research shows that the federal EITC increases 12 employment rates and wages of single mothers, thereby helping to 13 narrow the gender income gap, increasing lifetime earnings, and 14 reducing the reliance on government benefits. Studies even 15 suggest that it may improve the health of mothers and their 16 children. So far, twenty-six states and the District of 17 Columbia have built on this success and created a state working



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1 family tax credit. It is estimated that this would cost about 2 \$24,000,000 per year for the State. 3 The purpose of this Act is to create a tax credit, set at ten per cent of the federal EITC, which would help eleven 4 5 thousand families in the State. 6 SECTION 2. Chapter 235, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is 7 amended by adding a new section to be appropriately designated 8 and to read as follows: 9 Hawaii working family tax credit. (a) Each "§235-10 resident individual taxpayer who: 11 (1) Files an individual income tax return for a taxable 12 year; and 13 (2) Is not claimed or is not eligible to be claimed as a 14 dependent by another taxpayer for income tax purposes, 15 may claim a refundable earned income tax credit. The tax 16 credit, for the appropriate taxable year, shall be equal to ten 17 per cent of the federal earned income tax credit allowed under 18 section 32 of the Internal Revenue Code, as amended, and 19 reported as such on the individual's federal income tax return. 20 If the tax credits claimed by a resident individual exceed the 21 amount of income tax payment due from the resident individual,



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1	the excess of credit over payment due shall be refunded to the
2	resident individual; provided that a tax credit properly claimed
3	by a resident individual who has no income tax liability shall
4	be paid to the resident individual; and provided further that no
5	refund or payment on account of the tax credit allowed by this
6	section shall be made for an amount less than \$1.
7	(b) For a non-resident individual taxpayer, the tax credit
8	shall equal the amount of the tax credit calculated in
9	subsection (a) multiplied by the ratio of adjusted gross income
10	attributed to this State to the entire adjusted gross income
11	computed without regard to source in the State pursuant to
12	section 235-5.
13	(c) To claim the tax credit allowed under this section, an
14	individual taxpayer shall use the same filing status on the
15	taxpayer's Hawaii income tax return as used on the taxpayer's
16	federal income tax return for the taxable year.
17	(d) Any claim, including any amended claim, for tax
18	credits under this section shall be filed on or before the end
19	of the twelfth month following the close of the taxable year for
20	which the tax credit may be claimed. Failure to comply with



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1	this subs	ection shall constitute a waiver of the right to claim	
2	the tax c	redit.	
3	<u>(e)</u>	No credit shall be allowed under this section for any	
4	taxable y	ear in the disallowance period. For purposes of this	
5	subsectio:	n, the disallowance period is:	
6	(1)	The period of ten taxable years after the most recent	
7		taxable year for which there was a final determination	
8		that the taxpayer's claim of credit under this section	
9		was due to fraud; and	
10	(2)	The period of two taxable years after the most recent	
11		taxable year for which there was a final determination	
12		that the taxpayer's claim of credit under this section	
13		was due to the reckless or intentional disregard of	
14		rules and regulations to qualify for the tax credit,	
15		but not due to fraud.	
16	<u>(f)</u>	Any person who is a tax return preparer with respect	
17	to any re	turn or claim for refund who fails to comply with due	
18	diligence	requirements imposed by the Secretary of the United	
19	States De	partment of the Treasury by regulations with respect to	
20	determining eligibility for, or the amount of, the credit		



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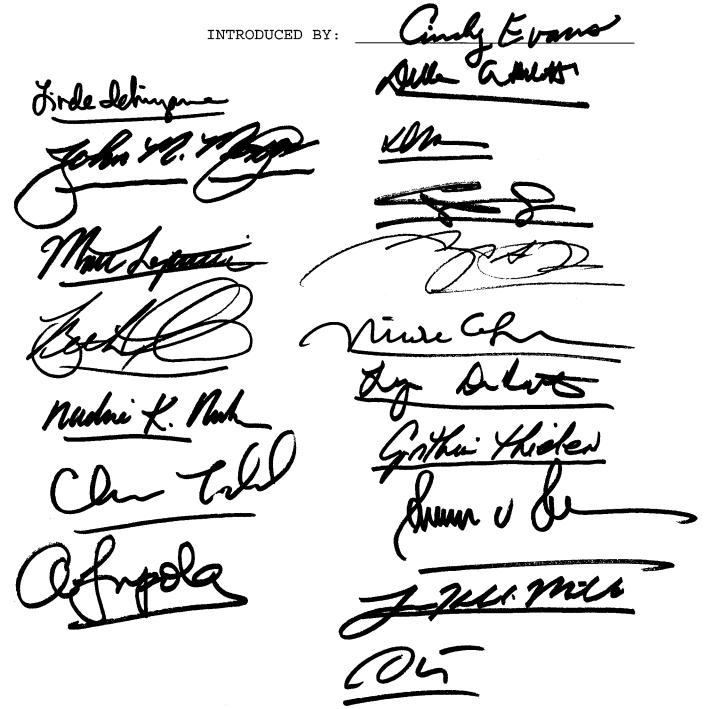
1	allowable	by section 32 of the Internal Revenue Code shall pay a
2	penalty o	f \$100 for each failure.
3	<u>(g)</u>	The director of taxation:
4	(1)	Shall prepare any forms necessary to claim a tax
5		credit under this section;
6	(2)	May require proof of the claim for the tax credit;
7	(3)	Shall alert eligible taxpayers of the tax credit using
8		appropriate and available means;
9	(4)	Shall prepare an annual report to the legislature, the
10		governor, and the public containing the:
11	_	(A) Number of credits granted for the prior calendar
12		year;
13		(B) Total amount of the credits granted; and
14		(C) Average value of the credits granted to taxpayers
15		whose earned income falls within various income
16		ranges; and
17	(5)	May adopt rules pursuant to chapter 91 to effectuate
18		this section."
19	SECT	ION 3. New statutory material is underscored.





SECTION 4. This Act, upon its approval, shall apply to
taxable years beginning after December 31, 2016.

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JAN 2 0 2017

Report Title: Tax Credit; Earned Income

Description: Creates the Hawaii Working Family Tax Credit, a refundable credit capped at 10 percent of the federal earned income tax credit.

The summary description of legislation appearing on this page is for informational purposes only and is not legislation or evidence of legislative intent.

