A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO HEALTH.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

- 1 The legislature finds it is well-established SECTION 1. that lead poisoning is a serious problem that can cause 2 permanent health damage, including intellectual disabilities, 3 4 learning and behavior problems, high blood pressure, damage to the brain, nervous system, kidneys, and red blood cells, as well 5 as coma and death in severe cases. Even at low levels, lead 6 exposure can result in adverse health effects, especially in 7 young children. According to the Centers for Disease Control 8 and Prevention, childhood lead poisoning is preventable, and the 9 agency has renewed the emphasis on prevention as the effects of 10 11 lead appear to be irreversible.
- Though the reported number of children in Hawaii with
 elevated blood lead levels has decreased over time, elevated
 blood lead levels among children continue to be a concern. An
 additional concern is that the percentage of the State's
 children who are screened for lead exposure is estimated to be
 only one-third of the children that the Centers for Disease

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- 1 Control and Prevention recommends to be screened, which means
- 2 that the blood lead levels of the unscreened children are
- 3 unknown and untreated.
- 4 The department of health has primary responsibility in the
- 5 State to address lead hazards and poisoning and has administered
- 6 a variety of programs and initiatives including the childhood
- 7 lead poisoning prevention program. In 2006, the department of
- 8 health produced the "Childhood Lead Poisoning Prevention
- 9 Guidelines" to provide information and resources on childhood
- 10 lead poisoning and guidance on risk assessment and the
- 11 management of children with elevated blood lead levels. A key
- 12 aspiration of the Guidelines was to reach the goal of total
- 13 elimination of elevated blood lead levels in children, as part
- 14 of the United States Department of Health and Human Services'
- 15 comprehensive, nationwide health promotion and disease
- 16 prevention agenda, "Healthy People 2010." The State still has
- 17 not met the goal of total elimination, and the department of
- 18 health's lead prevention efforts have been severely limited by
- 19 the loss of its Centers for Disease Control and Prevention
- 20 funding.

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- 1 The purpose of this Act is to keep Hawaii's children safe
- 2 from lead hazards and lead poisoning by supporting comprehensive
- 3 outreach by the department of health to community agencies,
- 4 health care providers, and families.
- 5 SECTION 2. There is appropriated out of the general
- 6 revenues of the State of Hawaii the sum of \$1,000,000 or so much
- 7 thereof as may be necessary for fiscal year 2017-2018 and the
- 8 same sum or so much thereof as may be necessary for fiscal year
- 9 2018-2019 for lead poisoning prevention activities.
- 10 The sums appropriated shall be expended by the department
- 11 of health for the purposes of this Act.
- 12 SECTION 3. This Act shall take effect on July 1, 2017.

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INTRODUCED BY:

JAN 1 9 2017

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Report Title:

DOH; Lead Poisoning Prevention; Appropriation

Description:

Appropriates moneys for DOH lead poisoning prevention activities.

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