

### A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO MENTAL HEALTH, ILLNESS AND ADDICTION.

#### BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

1 SECTION 1. Section 334-59, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is

2 amended to read as follows:

3 "§334-59 Emergency examination and hospitalization. (a)

4 Initiation of proceedings. An emergency admission may be

5 initiated as follows:

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(1) If a law enforcement officer has reason to believe that a person is imminently dangerous to self or others, the officer shall call for assistance from the mental health emergency workers designated by the director. Upon determination by the mental health emergency workers that the person is imminently dangerous to self or others, the person shall be transported by ambulance or other suitable means, to a licensed psychiatric facility for further evaluation

and possible emergency hospitalization. A law enforcement officer may also take into custody and transport to any facility designated by the director

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any person threatening or attempting suicide. The officer shall make application for the examination, observation, and diagnosis of the person in custody. The application shall state or shall be accompanied by a statement of the circumstances under which the person was taken into custody and the reasons therefor which shall be transmitted with the person to a physician, advanced practice registered nurse, or psychologist at the facility.

(2) Upon written or oral application of any licensed physician, advanced practice registered nurse, psychiatrist, psychologist, attorney, member of the clergy, health or social service professional, or any state or county employee in the course of employment, a judge may issue an ex parte order orally, but shall reduce the order to writing by the close of the next court day following the application, stating that there is probable cause to believe the person is mentally ill or suffering from substance abuse, is imminently dangerous to self or others and in need of care or treatment, or both, giving the findings upon

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1		which the conclusion is based. The order shall direct
2		that a law enforcement officer or other suitable
3		individual take the person into custody and deliver
4		the person to a designated mental health program, if
5		the person is subject to an assisted community
6		treatment order issued pursuant to part VIII of this
7		chapter, or to the nearest facility designated by the
8		director for emergency examination and treatment, or
9		both. The ex parte order shall be made a part of the
10		patient's clinical record. If the application is
11		oral, the person making the application shall reduce
12		the application to writing and shall submit the same
13		by noon of the next court day to the judge who issued
14		the oral ex parte order. The written application
15		shall be executed subject to the penalties of perjury
16		but need not be sworn to before a notary public.
17	(3)	Any licensed physician, advanced practice registered
18		nurse, physician assistant, psychiatrist, or
19		psychologist who has examined a person and has reason

(A) Mentally ill or suffering from substance abuse;

to believe the person is:

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(B)

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2	(C) In need of care or treatment;
3	may direct transportation, by ambulance or other
4	suitable means, to a licensed psychiatric facility for
5	further evaluation and possible emergency
6	hospitalization. A licensed physician, an advanced
7	practice registered nurse, or physician assistant may
8	administer treatment as is medically necessary, for
9	the person's safe transportation. A licensed
10	psychiatrist or psychologist may administer treatment
11	as is psychologically necessary.
12	(b) Emergency examination. A patient who is delivered for
13	emergency examination and treatment to a facility designated by
14	the director shall be examined by a licensed physician or
15	advanced practice registered nurse without unnecessary delay,
16	and may be given [such] treatment as is indicated by good
17	medical practice. A psychiatrist, advanced practice registered
18	nurse, or psychologist may further examine the patient to

diagnose the presence or absence of a mental disorder, assess

the risk that the patient may be dangerous to self or others,

and assess whether or not the patient needs to be hospitalized.

Imminently dangerous to self or others; and

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1	(c) Release from emergency examination. If the physician
2	or advanced practice registered nurse who performs the emergency
3	examination, in consultation with a psychiatrist or psychologist
4	if applicable, concludes that the patient need not be
5	hospitalized, the patient shall be discharged immediately unless
6	the patient is under criminal charges, in which case the patient
7	shall be returned to the custody of a law enforcement officer.
8	(d) Emergency hospitalization. If the physician, advanced
9	practice registered nurse, psychiatrist, or psychologist who
10	performs the emergency examination has reason to believe that
11	the patient is:
12	(1) Mentally ill or suffering from substance abuse;
13	(2) Imminently dangerous to self or others; and
14	(3) In need of care or treatment, or both;
15	the physician, advanced practice registered nurse, psychiatrist,
16	or psychologist may direct that the patient be hospitalized on
17	an emergency basis or cause the patient to be transferred to
18	another psychiatric facility for emergency hospitalization, or
19	both. The patient shall have the right immediately upon
20	admission to telephone the patient's guardian or a family member
21	including a reciprocal beneficiary, or an adult friend and an

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- 1 attorney. If the patient declines to exercise that right, the
- 2 staff of the facility shall inform the adult patient of the
- 3 right to waive notification to the family including a reciprocal
- 4 beneficiary, and shall make reasonable efforts to ensure that
- 5 the patient's guardian or family including a reciprocal
- 6 beneficiary, is notified of the emergency admission but the
- 7 patient's family including a reciprocal beneficiary, need not be
- 8 notified if the patient is an adult and requests that there be
- 9 no notification. The patient shall be allowed to confer with an
- 10 attorney in private.
- 11 (e) Release from emergency hospitalization. If at any
- 12 time during the period of emergency hospitalization the
- 13 responsible physician concludes that the patient no longer meets
- 14 the criteria for emergency hospitalization the physician shall
- 15 discharge the patient. If the patient is under criminal
- 16 charges, the patient shall be returned to the custody of a law
- 17 enforcement officer. In any event, the patient must be released
- 18 within forty-eight hours of the patient's admission, unless the
- 19 patient voluntarily agrees to further hospitalization, or a
- 20 proceeding for court-ordered evaluation or hospitalization, or
- 21 both, is initiated as provided in section 334-60.3. If that

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2	initiation is extended to the close of the next court day. Upon
3	initiation of the proceedings the facility shall be authorized
4	to detain the patient until further order of the court.
5	(f) If warranted, the mental health emergency workers,
6	physician, advanced practiced registered nurse, psychiatrist, or
7	psychologist shall refer the person who is not placed into
8	custody or discharged pursuant to this section:
9	(1) To a designated mental health program, if the patient
10	is subject to an assisted community treatment order
11	issued pursuant to part VIII of this chapter; or
12	(2) To the nearest mental health treatment facility
13	designated by the director for examination and
14	<pre>treatment."</pre>
15	SECTION 2. Statutory material to be repealed is bracketed
16	and stricken. New statutory material is underscored.
17	SECTION 3. This Act shall take effect upon its approval.
18	INTRODUCED BY:
	JAN 2 4 2017

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#### Report Title:

Mental Health, Illness, Addiction; Emergency Examination; Hospitalization; Referral

### Description:

Requires attending medical professionals to refer patients to mental health treatment programs or facilities when they are discharged from emergency examination and hospitalization and determined not to be imminently dangerous to self or others.

The summary description of legislation appearing on this page is for informational purposes only and is not legislation or evidence of legislative intent.

HB HMS 2017-1233