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## DEPARTMENT OF BUSINESS, ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT & TOURISM

No. 1 Capitol District Building, 250 South Hotel Street, 5th Floor, Honolulu, Hawaii 96813 Mailing Address: P.O. Box 2359, Honolulu, Hawaii 96804 Web site: www.hawaii.gov/dbedt Telephone: (808) 586-2355 Fax: (808) 586-2377

Statement of LUIS P. SALAVERIA Director Department of Business, Economic Development, and Tourism before the HOUSE COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND

HOUSE COMMITTEE ON WATER AND LAND

Wednesday, March 23, 2016 10:00 AM State Capitol, Conference Room 309

#### in consideration of SB 3077, SD1 RELATING TO STATEWIDE COMMUNITY PLANNING.

Chairs Aquino and Yamane, Vice Chairs LoPresti and Cullen, and Members of the Committees.

The Department of Business, Economic Development, and Tourism (DBEDT) <u>strongly</u> <u>supports</u> SB 3077, SD1, which establishes the Hawaii Interagency Council for Transit-Oriented Development within DBEDT to formalize intergovernmental and interagency coordination on transit-oriented development (TOD) planning statewide.

In late 2014, State legislators, led by Senator Suzanne Chun Oakland, convened the State TOD Task Force to coordinate State agency projects and activities for TOD. The Task Force has met monthly since January 2015 for this purpose, and to prioritize their planned projects. Although the Task Force has been actively coordinating TOD activities, it has been on a voluntary and informal basis.

With the assistance of Task Force members, the Office of Planning (OP) prepared a "Status Report on the State Transit-Oriented Development Task Force," which summarizes the efforts of the Task Force in 2015 and which identifies priority sites and projects that should be considered for State TOD master planning and development. One of the Report's goals for 2016 is to formally constitute the State TOD Task Force to promote more effective and efficient TOD

DAVID Y. IGE GOVERNOR

LUIS P. SALAVERIA DIRECTOR

MARY ALICE EVANS DEPUTY DIRECTOR planning and coordination among the State, county, and federal governments as well as the private and non-profit sectors.

We understand the OP and the Hawaii Housing Finance and Development Corporation (HHFDC) have been working with the City and County of Honolulu's Department of Planning and Permitting (DPP) on amendments to HB 2302, HD1, the companion bill to SB 2831, to address concerns raised by the City. We support the amendments offered by OP, HHFDC and the City.

SB 3077, SD1, with the amendments proposed by OP, HHFDC and DPP is consistent with the activities of the State TOD Task Force and will ensure continued coordination and support for project planning and implementation of successful TOD projects on State lands, not just in Honolulu, but also in our Neighbor Island counties.

Thank you for the opportunity to testify on this measure.



#### STATE OF HAWAII

DEPARTMENT OF BUSINESS, ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT AND TOURISM HAWAII HOUSING FINANCE AND DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION 677 QUEEN STREET, SUITE 300 Honolulu, Hawaii 96813 FAX: (808) 587-0600

IN REPLY REFER TO:

Statement of **Craig K. Hirai** Hawaii Housing Finance and Development Corporation Before the

#### HOUSE COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION HOUSE COMMITTEE ON WATER & LAND

March 23, 2016 at 10:00 a.m. State Capitol, Room 309

#### In consideration of S.B. 3077, S.D. 1 RELATING TO STATEWIDE COMMUNITY PLANNING.

The HHFDC <u>supports</u> S.B. 3077, S.D. 1, which is similar to H.B. 2302, H.D. 1, previously heard by both committees. This measure creates an Interagency Council for Transit-Oriented Development with members from federal, state, and county government to create an effective and efficient statewide transit-oriented development plan.

The council would be placed in DBEDT for administrative purposes, and jointly chaired by the Office of Planning and HHFDC. Transit-oriented development presents a unique opportunity to address simultaneously the issues of economic stimulation and affordable housing shortages. An increased supply of workforce units on state lands in transit-oriented development zones can provide low-income and moderate-income families with the opportunity to reside in vibrant communities and growing microeconomies. The development of workforce housing units on state lands around transitcentered communities will also encourage families to utilize public transportation, providing the transit system with increased ridership.

Thank you for the opportunity to testify.



### OFFICE OF PLANNING STATE OF HAWAII

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LEO R. ASUNCION DIRECTOR OFFICE OF PLANNING

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Statement of LEO R. ASUNCION Director, Office of Planning before the HOUSE COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND HOUSE COMMITTEE ON WATER AND LAND Wednesday, March 23, 2016 10:00 AM State Capitol, Conference Room 309

#### in consideration of SB 3077 SD1 RELATING TO STATEWIDE COMMUNITY PLANNING

Chairs Aquino and Yamane, Vice Chairs LoPresti and Cullen, and Members of the House Committees on Transportation and Water and Land.

The Office of Planning (OP) strongly supports SB 3077, SD1, which establishes the Hawaii Interagency Council for Transit-Oriented Development within the Department of Business, Economic Development, and Tourism (DBEDT) to institutionalize intergovernmental and interagency coordination on transit-oriented development (TOD) planning statewide. In his State of the State Address, Governor Ige aptly stated that "[p]erhaps the greatest opportunities for housing on Oahu rest with transit-oriented development." Governor Ige has since established TOD as a priority of his Administration, stating that rail can help sensibly direct growth, protect open space and agriculture, stimulate business, reinvigorate older neighborhoods, and build affordable homes.

In late 2014, State legislators, led by Senator Suzanne Chun Oakland, convened the State TOD Task Force to coordinate State agency projects and activities for TOD. The Task Force has met monthly since January 2015 for this purpose, and to prioritize their planned projects in consultation with the Task Force. Although the Task Force has been actively coordinating TOD activities, it has been on a voluntary and informal basis.

With the assistance of Task Force members, OP prepared a "Status Report on the State Transit-Oriented Development Task Force," which summarizes the efforts of the Task Force in 2015 and which identifies priority sites and projects that should be considered for State TOD master planning and development. One of the Report's goals for 2016 is to formally constitute the State TOD Task Force to promote more effective and efficient TOD planning and coordination among the State, county, and federal governments as well as the private and nonprofit sectors.

While we strongly support SB 3077, SD1, we have a number of concerns with the bill as written, as enumerated below:

- The bill would give the council the authority to coordinate transit-oriented development, review capital improvement project requests, and oversee TOD planning and policy development for <u>all</u> lands in the State. This could create conflicts with TOD planning and policy efforts currently underway at the county level.
- The bill does not address the City's need to inventory and prioritize public infrastructure investments required to support TOD, such as local roads, sewer, drainage, and water facilities.
- There are several language inconsistencies throughout the bill, and references to TOD on the Neighbor Islands are unclear.

In order to address these concerns, we prepared SB 3077, SD1, Proposed HD1, attached, which would allow the proposed Hawaii Interagency Council for Transit-Oriented Development to more effectively and efficiently accomplish its stated tasks.

SB 3077, SD1, Proposed HD1 also includes Section 3 from SB 3076, SD2, as a new section, designating the Office of Planning as the lead agency in order to ensure that the State has a unified vision and approach toward the development or redevelopment of its properties.

In 2012, OP and Smart Growth America convened a Project Stakeholders Group to develop a TOD implementation strategy for State agencies, recommending that TOD be identified as a priority for implementing smart growth in the State. As such, the addition of this section is in accordance with the goals of the State regarding TOD and smart growth principles. We note that on the Neighbor Islands, where the population centers are not sufficiently large enough to support rail transit systems, bus transit needs and smart growth principles are still relevant.

SB 3077, SD1, Proposed HD1 makes one change to the last item in Section 3 of SB 3076, SD2, which has been amended to read as follows:

## "(H) Coordinate state agency development planning for state-controlled parcels within transit-oriented development areas."

SB 3077, SD1, Proposed HD1, therefore, is well-aligned with the activities initiated by the State TOD Task Force and will ensure continued coordination and support for project planning and implementation of successful TOD projects on State lands, not just in Honolulu, but also in our Neighbor Island counties.

Thank you for the opportunity to testify on this measure.

**S.B. N.O.** <sup>3077</sup> S.D. 1 H.D. 1

# A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO TRANSIT-ORIENTED DEVELOPMENT.

#### BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

1	SECTION 1. The legislature finds that with Honolulu's
2	construction of an elevated rail transit system, the State has
3	an opportunity to enhance Oahu's urban environment and increase
4	the quality of life for residents by utilizing sound smart
5	growth and transit-oriented development principles to revitalize
6	neighborhoods and increase affordable housing inventory, among
7	other public benefits. As the largest landowner of properties
8	along the transit line, with approximately two thousand acres
9	under the jurisdiction of various departments, the State must be
10	proactive and coordinate planning and development efforts among
11	State agencies to maximize the benefits of redevelopment of
12	state lands in areas served by public transit.
13	The legislature <mark>further</mark> finds that in 2015, the ad-hoc
14	state transit-oriented development task force was convened to
15	identify and determine priority sites and projects that should
16	be considered for transit-oriented development master planning
17	and development. Task force members included state and city and

1	county agencies, elected officials, and numerous private
2	individuals and entities. In December 2015, the task force
3	submitted a report to the legislature, which included various
4	recommendations such as formally constituting the state transit-
5	oriented development task force to promote effective and
6	efficient transit-oriented development planning and coordination
7	among state agencies and the counties statewide.
8	To ensure that the State has a unified vision and approach
9	toward redevelopment of its properties, the purpose of this Act
10	is to <mark>designate the office of planning as the lead agency to</mark>
11	coordinate and advance transit-oriented development planning in
12	the State, and to establish an interagency council for transit-
13	oriented development within the department of business, economic
14	development, and tourism to coordinate effective and efficient
15	transit-oriented development planning statewide.
16	SECTION 2. Section 225M-2, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
17	amended by amending subsection (b) to read as follows:
18	"(b) The office of planning shall gather, analyze, and
19	provide information to the governor to assist in the overall
20	analysis and formulation of state policies and strategies to
21	provide central direction and cohesion in the allocation of
22	resources and effectuation of state activities and programs and
23	effectively address current or emerging issues and

1	opportunities. More specifically, the office shall engage in
2	the following activities:
3	(1) State comprehensive planning and program coordination.
4	Formulating and articulating comprehensive statewide
5	goals, objectives, policies, and priorities, and
6	coordinating their implementation through the
7	statewide planning system established in part II of
8	chapter 226;
9	(2) Strategic planning. Identifying and analyzing
10	significant issues, problems, and opportunities
11	confronting the State, and formulating strategies and
12	alternative courses of action in response to
13	identified problems and opportunities by:
14	(A) Providing in-depth policy research, analysis, and
15	recommendations on existing or potential areas of
16	critical state concern;
17	(B) Examining and evaluating the effectiveness of
18	state programs in implementing state policies and
19	priorities;
20	(C) Monitoring through surveys, environmental
21	scanning, and other techniquescurrent social,
22	economic, and physical conditions and trends; and

1		(D) Developing, in collaboration with affected public
2		or private agencies and organizations,
3		implementation plans and schedules and, where
4		appropriate, assisting in the mobilization of
5		resources to meet identified needs;
6	(3)	Planning coordination and cooperation. Facilitating
7		coordinated and cooperative planning and policy
8		development and implementation activities among state
9		agencies and between the state, county, and federal
10		governments, by:
11		(A) Reviewing, assessing, and coordinating, as
12		necessary, major plans, programs, projects, and
13		regulatory activities existing or proposed by
14		state and county agencies;
15		(B) Formulating mechanisms to simplify, streamline,
16		or coordinate interagency development and
17		regulatory processes; and
18		(C) Recognizing the presence of federal defense and
19		security forces and agencies in the State as
20		important state concerns;
21	(4)	Statewide planning and geographic information system.
22		Collecting, integrating, analyzing, maintaining, and
23		disseminating various forms of data and information,

1	including geospatial data and information, to further
2	effective state planning, policy analysis and
3	development, and delivery of government services by:
4	(A) Collecting, assembling, organizing, evaluating,
5	and classifying existing geospatial and non-
6	geospatial data and performing necessary basic
7	research, conversions, and integration to provide
8	a common database for governmental planning and
9	geospatial analyses by state agencies;
10	(B) Planning, coordinating, and maintaining a
11	comprehensive, shared statewide planning and
12	geographic information system and associated
13	geospatial database. The office shall be the
14	lead agency responsible for coordinating the
15	maintenance of the multi-agency, statewide
16	planning and geographic information system and
17	coordinating, collecting, integrating, and
18	disseminating geospatial data sets that are used
19	to support a variety of state agency applications
20	and other spatial data analyses to enhance
21	decision-making. The office shall promote and
22	encourage free and open data sharing among and
23	between all government agencies. To ensure the

1	maintenance of a comprehensive, accurate, up-to-
2	date geospatial data resource that can be drawn
3	upon for decision-making related to essential
4	public policy issues such as land use planning,
5	resource management, homeland security, and the
6	overall health, safety, and well-being of
7	Hawaii's citizens, and to avoid redundant data
8	development efforts, state agencies shall provide
9	to the shared system either their respective
10	geospatial databases or, at a minimum, especially
11	in cases of secure or confidential data sets that
12	cannot be shared or must be restricted, metadata
13	describing existing geospatial data. In cases
14	where agencies provide restricted data, the
15	office of planning shall ensure the security of
16	that data; and
17	(C) Maintaining a centralized depository of state and
18	national planning references;
19	(5) Land use planning. Developing and presenting the
20	position of the State in all boundary change petitions
21	and proceedings before the land use commission,
22	assisting state agencies in the development and
23	submittal of petitions for land use district boundary

1	amendments, and conducting periodic reviews of the
2	classification and districting of all lands in the
3	State, as specified in chapter 205;
4	(6) Coastal and ocean policy management. Carrying out the
5	lead agency responsibilities for the Hawaii coastal
6	zone management program, as specified in chapter 205A.
7	Also, developing and maintaining an ocean and coastal
8	resources information, planning, and management system
9	further developing and coordinating implementation of
10	the ocean resources management plan, and formulating
11	ocean policies with respect to the exclusive economic
12	zone, coral reefs, and national marine sanctuaries;
13	(7) Regional planning and studies. Conducting plans and
14	studies to determine:
15	(A) The capability of various regions within the
16	State to support projected increases in both
17	resident populations and visitors;
18	(B) The potential physical, social, economic, and
19	environmental impact on these regions resulting
20	from increases in both resident populations and
21	visitors;
22	(C) The maximum annual visitor carrying capacity for

1		(D) The appropriate guidance and management of
2		selected regions and areas of statewide critical
3		concern.
4		The studies in subparagraphs (A) to (C) shall be
5		conducted at appropriate intervals, but not less than
6		once every five years;
7	(8)	Regional, national, and international planning.
8		Participating in and ensuring that state plans,
9		policies, and objectives are consistent, to the extent
10		practicable, with regional, national, and
11		international planning efforts; [and]
12	(9)	Climate adaptation planning. Conducting plans and
13		studies and preparing reports as follows:
14		(A) Develop, monitor, and evaluate strategic climate
14 15		(A) Develop, monitor, and evaluate strategic climate adaptation plans and actionable policy
15		adaptation plans and actionable policy
15 16		adaptation plans and actionable policy recommendations for the State and counties
15 16 17		adaptation plans and actionable policy recommendations for the State and counties addressing expected statewide climate change
15 16 17 18		adaptation plans and actionable policy recommendations for the State and counties addressing expected statewide climate change impacts identified under Act 286, Session Laws of
15 16 17 18 19		adaptation plans and actionable policy recommendations for the State and counties addressing expected statewide climate change impacts identified under Act 286, Session Laws of Hawaii 2012, through the year 2050;

1	((	C) Publish its findings, recommendations, and
2		progress reports on actions taken no later than
3		December 31, 2017, and its annual report to the
4		governor and the legislature thereafter[ $_{f  au}$ ] ; and
5	(10) <u>Sr</u>	mart growth and transit-oriented development. Acting
6	a	s the lead agency to coordinate and advance smart
7	<mark>g:</mark>	rowth and transit-oriented development planning
8	w.	ithin the State as follows:
9	(2	A) Identify transit-oriented development
10		opportunities shared between state and county
11		agencies, including relevant initiatives such as
12		the department of health's healthy Hawaii
13		initiative and the Hawaii clean energy
14		initiative;
15	<mark>()</mark>	B) Refine the definition of "transit-oriented
16		development" in the context of Hawaii, while
17		recognizing the potential for smart growth
18		development patterns in all locations;
19	((	C) <u>Clarify state goals for transit-oriented</u>
20		development and smart growth that support the
21		principles of the Hawaii State Planning Act by
22		preserving non-urbanized land, improving worker
23		access to jobs, and reducing fuel consumption;

1	(D)	Target transit-oriented development areas for
2		significant increase in affordable housing and
3		rental units;
4	<u>(E)</u>	Conduct outreach to state agencies to help
5		educate state employees about the ways they can
6		support and benefit from transit-oriented
7		development and the State's smart growth goals;
8	<u>(F)</u>	Publicize coordinated state efforts that support
9		smart growth, walkable neighborhoods, and
10		transit-oriented development;
11	( <u>G)</u>	Review state land use decision-making processes
12		to identify ways to make transit-oriented
13		development a higher priority and facilitate
14		better and more proactive leadership in creating
15		walkable communities and employment districts,
16		even if transit will only be provided at a later
17		date; and
18	(H)	Coordinate state agency development planning for
19		state-controlled parcels within transit-oriented
20		development areas."
21	SECTION <mark>3</mark> .	Chapter 226, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
22	amended by addi	ng two new sections to part II to be
23	appropriately d	lesignated and to read as follows:

1	<mark>"</mark> §22	6-A Hawaii interagency council for transit-oriented
2	developme	ent. (a) There is established the Hawaii interagency
3	council f	or transit-oriented development, which shall be an
4	advisory	body exempt from section 26-34, to coordinate and
5	facilitat	e state agency transit-oriented development planning,
6	<mark>and facil</mark>	itate consultation and collaboration between the State
7	<mark>and the c</mark>	counties on transit-oriented development initiatives.
8	The Hawai	i interagency council for transit-oriented development
9	shall be	established within the department of business, economic
10	developme	ent, and tourism for administrative purposes.
11	(b)	The Hawaii interagency council for transit-oriented
12	developme	ent shall:
13	(1)	Serve as the State's transit-oriented development
14		planning and policy development entity with
15		representation from state and county government and
16		the community;
17	(2)	Formulate and advise the governor on the
18		implementation of a strategic plan to address transit-
19		oriented development on state lands in each county;
20	(3)	Facilitate the acquisition of funding and resources
21		for state and county transit-oriented development
22		projects on state lands;

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1	(4)	Monitor the preparation and conduct of plans and
2		studies to facilitate implementation of state transit-
3		oriented development plans prepared pursuant to this
4		section, including but not limited to the preparation
5		of site or master plans and implementation plans and
6		studies;
7	<mark>(5)</mark>	Review all capital improvement project requests to the
8		legislature for transit-oriented development projects
9		on state lands within county-designated transit-
10		oriented development zones or within a one-half-mile
11		radius of public transit stations, if a county has not
12		designated transit-oriented development zones.
12 13	(6)	designated transit-oriented development zones. Recommend policy, regulatory, and statutory changes,
	(6)	
13	<u>(6)</u>	Recommend policy, regulatory, and statutory changes,
13 14	<u>(6)</u> (7)	Recommend policy, regulatory, and statutory changes, and identify resource strategies for the successful
13 14 15		Recommend policy, regulatory, and statutory changes, and identify resource strategies for the successful execution of the strategic plan;
13 14 15 16		Recommend policy, regulatory, and statutory changes, and identify resource strategies for the successful execution of the strategic plan; Assemble accurate fiscal and demographic information
13 14 15 16 17	(7)	Recommend policy, regulatory, and statutory changes, and identify resource strategies for the successful execution of the strategic plan; Assemble accurate fiscal and demographic information to support policy development and track outcomes;
13 14 15 16 17 18	(7)	Recommend policy, regulatory, and statutory changes, and identify resource strategies for the successful execution of the strategic plan; Assemble accurate fiscal and demographic information to support policy development and track outcomes; Consider collaborative transit-oriented development
13 14 15 16 17 18 19	(7)	Recommend policy, regulatory, and statutory changes, and identify resource strategies for the successful execution of the strategic plan; Assemble accurate fiscal and demographic information to support policy development and track outcomes; Consider collaborative transit-oriented development initiatives of other states that have demonstrated

23 activities, including formulation and progress on the

1		<mark>strategic</mark> plan no later than twenty days prior to the
2		convening of each regular session.
3	<u>(c)</u>	The strategic plan developed by the Hawaii interagency
4	council f	or transit-oriented development shall:
5	(1)	Coordinate with the counties on transit-oriented
6		development;
7	(2)	For each county, compile an inventory of state,
8		county, and private sector transit-oriented
9		development projects lacking infrastructure,
10		identifying what type of infrastructure is lacking and
11		the approximate timeframe when additional capacity is
12		needed;
13	(3)	Prioritize the development of transit-oriented
14		development projects on state lands;
15	(4)	Identify financing sources and prioritize state
16		financing for the public infrastructure, facility, and
17		service investments required to support transit-
18		oriented development plans; and
19	(5)	Encourage and promote partnerships between public and
20		private entities to identify, renovate, and secure
21		affordable housing options on state lands within
22		county-designated transit-oriented development zones
23		or within a one-half-mile radius of public transit



1		stations <mark>, if a county has not designated transit-</mark>
2		oriented development zones.
3	<u>§226</u> ·	-B Hawaii interagency council for transit-oriented
4	developme	nt membership. (a) The Hawaii interagency council for
5	<u>transit-o</u>	riented development shall be composed of the following
6	members:	
7	(1)	Director of the office of planning, who shall serve as
8		<u>co-chair;</u>
9	(2)	Executive director of the Hawaii housing finance and
10		development corporation, who shall serve as co-chair;
11	(3)	Chairperson of the board of land and natural
12		resources;
13	(4)	Director of transportation;
14	(5)	Comptroller;
15	(6)	Director of health;
16	(7)	Director of human services;
17	(8)	Director of public safety;
18	(9)	Chairperson of the Hawaiian homes commission;
19	(10)	Chairperson of the board of trustees of the office of
20		<u>Hawaiian Affairs;</u>
21	(11)	President of the University of Hawaii;
22	(12)	Superintendent of education;

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1	(13)	Executive director of the Hawaii community development
2		authority;
3	(14)	Executive director of the Hawaii public housing
4		authority;
5	(15)	One member of the house of representatives to be
6		designated by the speaker of the house of
7		representatives; provided that the speaker of the
8		house of representatives may designate a second member
9		of the house of representatives to serve as an
10		alternate;
11	(16)	One member of the senate to be designated by the
12		president of the senate; provided that the president
13		of the senate may designate a second member of the
14		senate to serve as an alternate;
15	(17)	The mayor of each county;
16	(18)	A representative of the Honolulu field office of the
17		United States Department of Housing and Urban
18		Development, who shall be requested to serve on an ex-
19		officio basis by the governor;
20	(19)	A representative of the business community, to be
21		designated by the governor; and

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1	(20) A representative of the community who is a housing
2	advocate, to be designated by the governor.
3	(b) The nongovernmental members of the Hawaii interagency
4	council for transit-oriented development shall serve without
5	compensation but shall be reimbursed for expenses, including
6	travel expenses, necessary for the performance of their duties.
7	(c) Except as provided in subsections (a)(15) and (16), if
8	a member of the Hawaii interagency council for transit-oriented
9	development is unable to attend a meeting, that member may
10	appoint a designee to attend and to act on the member's behalf
11	during the meeting."
12	SECTION 4. There is appropriated out of the general
13	revenues of the State of Hawaii the sum of \$ or so
14	much thereof as may be necessary for fiscal year 2016-2017 to
15	carry out the purposes of this Act.
16	The sum appropriated shall be expended by the department of
17	business, economic development, and tourism for the purposes of
18	this Act.
19	SECTION 5. This Act shall take effect on July 1, 2076.

**Report Title:**[Click here and type **Report Title** (1 line limit)]

**Description:** [Click here and type **Description** (5 line limit)]

The summary description of legislation appearing on this page is for informational purposes only and is not legislation or evidence of legislative intent.

DAVID Y. IGE GOVERNOR



HAKIM OUANSAFI EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR

STATE OF HAWAII DEPARTMENT OF HUMAN SERVICES HAWAII PUBLIC HOUSING AUTHORITY 1002 NORTH SCHOOL STREET Honolulu, Hawaii 96817

BARBARA E. ARASHIRO EXECUTIVE ASSISTANT

Statement of **Hakim Ouansafi** Hawaii Public Housing Authority Before the

#### HOUSE COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND HOUSE COMMITTEE ON WATER AND LAND

March 23, 2016 10:00 A.M. Room 309, Hawaii State Capitol

### In consideration of SB 3077, SD1 RELATING TO STATEWIDE COMMUNITY PLANNING.

Honorable Chair Aquino and Chair Yamane and Members of the House Committees on Transportation and Water and Land, thank you for the opportunity to provide testimony in <u>support of the intent</u> of Senate Bill (SB) 3077, Senate Draft (SD) 1 relating to statewide community planning, to establish the Hawaii Interagency Council for Transit-Oriented Development within the Department of Business, Economic Development and Tourism (DBEDT) to coordinate effective and efficient transit-oriented development planning on a statewide level; and to appropriate moneys.

The Governor and his Administration have been working diligently and created a housing strategy that encompasses TOD development. The Governor is committed to "Build homes that people can afford, including rentals, to address the needs of those entering the work force; Renovate the state's public housing facilities; and on O'ahu, identify state lands near transit stations for housing, employment centers, daycare, senior centers, and community facilities."

The Hawaii Public Housing Authority (HPHA) is finalizing a public-private partnership to redevelop Mayor Wright Homes, which is located within a quarter mile of the proposed Iwilei Honolulu Rail station. This redevelopment project will include public housing units as well as affordable and market rate units and commercial uses. The HPHA is endeavoring to redevelop several of its other properties within the TOD zones of the Honolulu Rail line, envisioning the creation of vibrant, walkable, accessible and diverse communities, and a substantial increase in the number of housing units for each project. As a member of the State TOD Task Force that

Hawaii Public Housing Authority March 23, 2016 Page 2

was initiated in late 2014 and led by Senator Suzanne Oakland, we welcome the opportunity to continue to coordinate with other State stakeholders through a formal TOD advisory group to ensure that all resources are efficiently and effectively used for TOD for the benefit of the community, HPHA tenants and taxpayers.

The HPHA appreciates the opportunity to provide the House Committees on Transportation and Water and Land with the HPHA's testimony regarding SB 3077, SD 1.

DAVID Y. IGE GOVERNOR



KATHRYN S. MATAYOSHI SUPERINTENDENT



STATE OF HAWAII DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION P.O. BOX 2360 HONOLULU, HAWAI`I 96804

> Date: 03/23/2016 Time: 10:00 AM Location: 309 Committee: House Transportation House Water & Land

Department: Education

**Person Testifying:** Kathryn S. Matayoshi, Superintendent of Education

Title of Bill: SB 3077, SD1 RELATING TO STATEWIDE COMMUNITY PLANNING.

**Purpose of Bill:** Establishes the Hawaii Interagency Council for Transit-oriented Development within DBEDT to coordinated effective and efficient transit-oriented development planning on a statewide level. Appropriates moneys. Effective 7/1/2076. (SD1)

#### **Department's Position:**

The Department of Education (DOE) supports SB3077 proposed HD1 language as it will enable the DOE to use school impact fees more effectively in its urban districts. The DOE would initially like to establish school impact fees for residential development from Kalihi to Ala Moana in areas expected to grow due to transit oriented development. DOE has been collecting impact fees for the past five years in high growth areas that were formerly vacant or agricultural land.

The Legislature designed the impact fee law in 2007 with an emphasis on collecting land for future schools. The current law is designed to collect almost 100% of the school land that would be needed by new residential development, but it only collects 10% of what is expected to be the construction cost to build facilities for the new students.

In the DOE's first effort at collecting fees in an urban setting the DOE needs to be able to apply land fees to more than just land. Funds will be needed to develop schools in high rise buildings, old shopping centers, and public housing projects. SB3077 SD1 HD1 allows the DOE to do more than just acquire land on the ground; it would allow DOE to buy space above the ground. This is not the conventional, mostly suburban pattern of establishing new schools. DOE needs to be able to use impact fees in new ways to adapt to an urban pattern that is constrained by expensive land in small parcels, existing schools on small campuses, and a large wave of unprecedented urban development.

Thank you for this opportunity to testify.

# CITY AND COUNTY OF HONOLULU

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GEORGE I. ATTA, FAICP DIRECTOR

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March 23, 2016

The Honorable Henry J.C. Aquino, Chair and Members of the Committee on Transportation The Honorable Ryan I. Yamane, Chair and Members of the Committee on Water and Land Hawaii House of Representatives Hawaii State Capitol 415 South Beretania Street Honolulu, Hawaii 96813

Dear Chairs Aquino and Yamane, and Committee Members:

Subject: Senate Bill No. 3077, SD 1 Relating to Statewide Community Planning

The Department of Planning and Permitting (DPP) **supports** Senate Bill No. 3077, SD 1, **with two requested amendments related to home rule**. The Bill would establish the Hawaii Interagency Council for Transit-Oriented Development (TOD) within the Department of Business, Economic Development and Tourism to coordinate effective and efficient TOD planning on a statewide level.

Under the City's TOD initiative, the DPP has long believed that State participation is essential to developing mixed-use, mixed-income projects in the TOD areas because of the amount of State lands in close proximity to the rail stations. The State is able to provide land and funding to develop more affordable and workforce housing, provide required infrastructure to support development of State-owned parcels, and contribute to increasing the regional capacity of major infrastructure systems to accelerate development. It is also critical to designate an agency or working group to coordinate TOD and smart growth planning efforts of the many different agencies that own State lands or have a role in development and finance.

We are deeply grateful for the interest, support and commitment that many State agencies have already shown towards TOD. Senate Bill No. 3077, SD 1, will formalize a comprehensive coordination strategy at the State level. However, we are concerned that it

The Honorable Henry J.C. Aquino, Chair and Members of the Committee on Transportation The Honorable Ryan I. Yamane, Chair and Members of the Committee on Water and Land Hawaii House of Representatives Re: Senate Bill No. 3077, SD 1 March, 23, 2016 Page 2

would intrude on county home rule by authorizing the proposed Council to prioritize projects on both State and county lands. The Council should limit itself to prioritizing projects on State lands, as the county is already prioritizing projects on its lands.

In addition, while the Bill acknowledges the county-determined TOD boundaries, it also sets as an option areas within a one-half-mile radius of transit stations. This latter option should be dropped, as the county carefully determined its TOD boundaries based on potential development areas that will be influenced and enhanced by rail ridership. A onehalf-mile radius can be arbitrary and ensuing development may not contribute to TOD goals.

We believe it is critical for the State to coordinate planning and prioritize its investments in TOD infrastructure and projects on State lands. The City is eager to continue collaborating with the State on this effort.

Please adopt Senate Bill No. 3077, SD 1, with the requested amendments.

Thank you for the opportunity to testify.

Very truly yours,

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George I. Atta, FAICP Director



### Testimony to the House Committee on Transportation and Committee on Water & Land Wednesday, March 23, 2016 at 10:00 A.M. Conference Room 309, State Capitol

#### **RE:** SENATE BILL 3077 SD 1 RELATING TO STATEWIDE COMMUNITY <u>PLANNING</u>

Chairs Aquino and Yamane, Vice Chairs LoPresti and Cullen, and Members of the Committees:

The Chamber of Commerce Hawaii ("The Chamber") **provides the following comments on** SB 3077 SD 1, which establishes the Hawaii Interagency Council for Transit-oriented Development within DBEDT to coordinated effective and efficient transit-oriented development planning on a statewide level.

The Chamber is Hawaii's leading statewide business advocacy organization, representing about 1,000 businesses. Approximately 80% of our members are small businesses with less than 20 employees. As the "Voice of Business" in Hawaii, the organization works on behalf of members and the entire business community to improve the state's economic climate and to foster positive action on issues of common concern.

We understand that all future growth within Oahu's urban core will be focused along the transit corridor, especially at the transit stations. We believe that there is a need for government leadership in the redevelopment areas near the transit stations. There has been and continues to be an overall lack of coordination between the land use planning/zoning and the need to increase infrastructure capacity along the entire transit corridor. The effort should be done through a "redevelopment authority," if we are to realize any of the increased density at the transit stations.

This redevelopment authority needs to have both the responsibility for planning for the redevelopment of the areas around the transit stations including the authority to build the infrastructure required to support the planned density at each of the stations.

There needs to be a connection between the "Planning" for Transit Oriented Development (TOD) and "Implementation" of exactly how the redevelopment will occur. Right now, there is too much "Planning" and not enough recognition on how the plans will be implemented.

Essentially, the transit redevelopment authority could be modeled after HCDA. HCDA currently has all of the statutory authority to redevelop urban areas, as has been done in Kakaako. The statutory authority provided to HCDA recognized the need to plan and implement any redevelopment efforts.



In order for the redevelopment effort to be a success, we believe that the legislature should create a transit redevelopment authority, with powers similar to HCDA to oversee planning and redevelopment along the entire transit corridor. As one of the largest landowners in the Hawaii, the State has an interest to insure that the investments in infrastructure are done in a prudent manner that will insure the State owned lands are used in a manner that benefits the public.

We are also concerned that the proposed Hawaii interagency council for transit-oriented development would be comprised of predominately government agencies (19 of the 23 members of the council would be from government agencies). We believe that in order for the state to realize the full potential of its real estate assets along the transit corridor, the oversight of this redevelopment effort must include professionals with real estate development experience.

We suggest that the legislature consider consolidating the "planning and implementation" of the redevelopment efforts along the transit corridor within one entity.

Thank you for the opportunity to provide comments on this measure.



THE VOICE OF THE CONSTRUCTION INDUSTRY

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#### Testimony to the House Committee on Transportation; and House Committee on Water and Land Wednesday, March 23, 2016 10:00 a.m. State Capitol - Conference Room 309



#### RE: S.B. 3077 S.D. 1, Relating to Community Planning.

Dear Chairs Aquino & Yamane, Vice-Chairs LoPresti & Cullen, and members of the Committees:

My name is Gladys Marrone, Chief Executive Officer for the Building Industry Association of Hawaii (BIA-Hawaii), the Voice of the Construction Industry. We promote our members through advocacy and education, and provide community outreach programs to enhance the quality of life for the people of Hawaii. BIA-Hawaii is a not-for-profit professional trade organization chartered in 1955, and affiliated with the National Association of Home Builders.

BIA-HAWAII provides the following **comments** on S.B. 3077 S.D. 1, which proposes to establish the Hawaii Interagency Council for Transit-oriented Development within DBEDT to coordinated effective and efficient transit-oriented development planning on a statewide level.

We understand that all future growth within Oahu's urban core will be focused along the transit corridor, especially at the transit stations. We believe that there is a need for government leadership in the redevelopment areas near the transit stations. There has been and continues to be an overall lack of coordination between the land use planning/zoning and the need to increase infrastructure capacity along the entire transit corridor. The effort should be done through a "redevelopment authority," if we are to realize any of the increased density at the transit stations.

This redevelopment authority needs to have both the responsibility for planning for the redevelopment of the areas around the transit stations including the authority to build the infrastructure required to support the planned density at each of the stations.

There needs to be a connection between the "Planning" for Transit Oriented Development (TOD) and "Implementation" of exactly how the redevelopment will occur. Right now, there is too much "Planning" and not enough recognition on how the plans will be implemented.

Essentially, the transit redevelopment authority could be modeled after HCDA. HCDA currently has all of the statutory authority to redevelop urban areas, as has been done in Kakaako. The statutory authority provided to HCDA recognized the need to plan and implement any redevelopment efforts.

In order for the redevelopment effort to be a success, we believe that the legislature should creating a transit redevelopment authority, with powers similar to HCDA to oversee planning and redevelopment along the entire transit corridor. As one of the largest landowners in the Hawaii, the State has an interest to insure that the investments in infrastructure are done in a prudent manner that will insure the State owned lands are used in a manner that benefits the public.

We are also concerned that the proposed Hawaii interagency council for transit-oriented development would be comprised of predominately government agencies (19 of the 23 members of the council would be from government agencies). We believe that in order for the state to realize the full potential of its real estate assets along the transit corridor, the oversight of this redevelopment effort must include professionals with real estate development experience.

We suggest that the legislature consider consolidating the "planning and implementation" of the redevelopment efforts along the transit corridor within one entity.

Thank you for the opportunity to provide comments on this measure.



March 22, 2016

Representative Henry J.C. Aquino, Chair Representative Matthew S. LoPresti, Vice Chair House Committee on Transportation

Representative Ryan I. Yamane, Chair Representative Ty J.K. Cullen, Vice Chair House Committee on Water & Land

Comments and proposed Revisions to SB 3077, SD1 Relating to Statewide Community Planning. (Establishes the Hawaii Interagency Council for Transit-oriented Development [TOD] within Department of Business, Economic Development and Tourism [DBEDT] to coordinate effective and efficient TOD planning on a statewide level. Appropriates moneys.)

#### TRN/WAL Hearing: Wednesday, March 23, 2016, 10:00 am, Conf. Rm. 309

The Land Use Research Foundation of Hawaii (LURF) is a private, non-profit research and trade association whose members include major Hawaii landowners, developers and a utility company. LURF's mission is to advocate for reasonable, rational and equitable land use planning, legislation and regulations that encourage well-planned economic growth and development, while safeguarding Hawaii's significant natural and cultural resources, and public health and safety.

LURF provides the following **comments and proposed amendments in support of the intent of SB 3077, SD1**, which proposes to establish the Hawaii Interagency Council for TOD (Interagency Council) within DBEDT to coordinate effective and efficient TOD planning on a statewide level; and appropriate moneys.

**LURF's Position.** TOD is expected to provide significant economic, social, and environmental benefits through the co-location of jobs, workforce housing, public transportation alternatives and economic opportunities in mixed-use communities near public transportation nodes.

State participation is essential to developing mixed-use, mixed-income projects on state lands in TOD areas in close proximity to rail transit stations. The State is also able to provide land and funding to develop more affordable and workforce housing, provide required infrastructure to support development of state-owned parcels, and contribute to increasing the regional capacity of major infrastructure systems to accelerate development. House Committee on Transportation Committee on Water & Land March 22, 2016 Page 2

In 2015, the ad-hoc State TOD Task Force submitted a report to the Legislature that recommended formally constituting the task force to promote effective and efficient TOD planning and coordination in the State. The Interagency Council proposed by this bill is based on the recommendation of the former ad-hoc State TOD Task Force.

## While LURF <u>supports the intent</u> of SB 3077, SD1, it has the following <u>major</u> <u>comments and concerns</u>:

- (1) For purposes of institutional knowledge and continuity, the Interagency Council should be attached to a State department or office. The Interagency TOD Council has the potential to coordinate effective and efficient TOD planning and to formulate and <u>partially implement</u> the proposed *"Unified Ten-Year Plan."* However, the full development of TOD, state projects, and projects on state lands will last through several State administrations, and when administrations change, most, if not all of the Interagency Council members will change. Thus, for continuity, it would be prudent to **assign the Interagency Council to be within an existing state department or agency**. Also, it may be better to have a State department or agency be the "approving body" for the State's Ten-Year Statewide Plan, instead of an advisory body, such as the Interagency Council.
- (2) <u>Scope, jurisdiction and authority</u>. The bill should <u>further clarify</u> if the scope, jurisdiction and authority of the Interagency Council will primarily be on State projects and state lands in the TOD areas, of if it is intended to take over the counties' roles relating to TOD.
- (3) <u>The Interagency Council should also include key stakeholders with expertise that is</u> <u>necessary for successful TOD developments</u>. Key TOD stakeholders include the county departments responsible for planning and permitting, transportation, environmental services (sewer infrastructure), and water supply; as well as important private "partners" and "experts" including housing developers and the major landowners along the TOD corridor. These individuals should be <u>added to</u> the Interagency Council.
- (4) <u>Hopefully, the Interagency Council and its process will not create yet another administrative permitting or regulatory agency</u>. If so, it will result in more costs, delays, legal challenges and litigation relating to State, county and private TOD projects. The bill should <u>clarify</u> that the Interagency Council will serve in an *advisory and coordination* role and not as a new permitting or regulatory agency.

<u>**Conclusion</u></u>. While LURF supports the intent of this measure, LURF <b>cannot fully support** this measure in its current form; and respectfully requests the amendment of this bill as described above.</u>

Thank you for the opportunity to present comments regarding this matter.