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STATE OF HAWAII DEPARTMENT OF LABOR AND INDUSTRIAL RELATIONS 830 PUNCHBOWL STREET, ROOM 321

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February 27, 2015

- To: The Honorable Jill N. Tokuda, Chair The Honorable Ronald D. Kouchi, Vice Chair, and Members of the Senate Committee on Ways and Means
- Date: February 27, 2015

Time: 9:00 a.m.

- Place: Conference Room 211, State Capitol
- From: Elaine N. Young, Acting Director Department of Labor and Industrial Relations (DLIR)

Re: S.B. No. 1122 Relating to Wage and Hour Law

I. OVERVIEW OF PROPOSED LEGISLATION

SB1122 proposes to amend section 387-1, Hawaii Revised Statutes, (HRS) to increase the guaranteed monthly compensation to two hundred seventy-six times the minimum wage for exempting individuals from the minimum wage and overtime protections in the law.

This housekeeping measure would correct the inequity of guaranteed compensation remaining at the same level, while the minimum wage increases over the next three years. Act 43, Session Laws of Hawaii 2002, similarly raised the minimum compensation due to scheduled increases in the minimum wage.

The department strongly supports this Administration proposal.

II. CURRENT LAW

The Hawaii Wage and Hour Law was established to safeguard existing minimum wage and maximum hour standards to maintain the health, efficiency and general well-being of workers. Under the current definition of an "employee" in Section 387-1, HRS, an individual who receives a guaranteed compensation of \$2,000 or more per month is excluded from the requirements of the law. By paying a guaranteed compensation, employers who are subject to the State law may schedule such individuals to work unlimited hours without being required to pay overtime compensation.

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The current \$2,000 guaranteed compensation was enacted as Act 43 (SLH, 2002) when the minimum wage was \$5.75 per hour. Employers who are subject to the Fair Labor Standards Act ("FLSA"), which usually includes business with an annual dollar volume of at least \$500,000, would not be eligible for this type of exemption. This guaranteed salary exemption applies only to employers that are not subject to the FLSA.

Employers who are subject to the State minimum wage and overtime law are those employers who are exempt from the FLSA. These employers generally have annual dollar volumes of less than \$500,000, and do not engage in interstate commerce.

III. COMMENTS ON THE SENATE BILL

The minimum wage will increase three times over the next three years to \$10.10 per hour on January 1, 2018. To maintain a consistent wage proportion, this proposal uses a multiplier mechanism to keep the minimum guaranteed compensation on par with increases in the minimum wage. The DLIR suggests policy makers consider this type of multiplier mechanism to maintain a consistent average wage proportion for the exemption to minimum wage and overtime protections.

If enacted, employees paid at the guaranteed compensation will have their health, efficiency, and general well-being safeguarded. It is likely that employers will experience lower employee turnover and greater productivity, commitment and loyalty. Further, an increase in the guaranteed compensation will boost consumer demand and jobs because guaranteed compensation workers spend most if not all of their increased wages and therefore will generate economic activity.



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COMMITTEE ON WAYS AND MEANS Senator Jill N. Tokuda, Chair Senator Ronald D. Kouchi, Vice Chair

FROM: HAWAII FOOD INDUSTRY ASSOCIAITON Lauren Zirbel, Executive Director

DATE: Friday February 27, 2015 TIME: 9am PLACE: Conference Room 211

RE: SB1122

Position: Oppose

The Hawaii Food Industry Association is comprised of two hundred member companies representing retailers, suppliers, producers, and distributors of food and beverage related products in the State of Hawaii.

This bill will lead to very sudden and drastic increases in the minimum compensation. Tying the minimum compensation to the minimum wage, which will be steadily increased each January for the next four years, means that a person who is making a wage which exempts them in December of one year may not be exempted in January of the following year, even if nothing about their employment has changed in that time. This is places an extreme financial and administrative burden on employers.

For employers in the food industry this burden could have especially wide reaching and negative consequences. Hawaii has one of the lowest unemployment rates in the country, and we pay substantially more than many other parts of the country for food. Food retailers generally operate at a profit margin of around 1 percent. For many it may simply not be possible to change their pay scales and budget around this kind of extreme and abrupt change. This is the kind of thing that can force businesses to downsize or even close their doors, which leaves people without jobs. In addition to which this will lead to increased labor costs which drive up the price of food.

Potentially costing jobs in the food industry and driving up the price of food is not the right choice for our state, for these reasons we ask that this measure be held.

Thank you for the opportunity to testify.



Testimony to the Senate Committee on Ways and Means Friday, February 27, 2015 at 9:00 A.M. Conference Room 211, State Capitol

RE: SENATE BILL 1122 RELATING TO WAGE AND HOUR LAW

Chair Tokuda, Vice Chair Kouchi, and Members of the Committee:

The Chamber of Commerce of Hawaii ("The Chamber") **opposes** SB 1122, which increases the amount of guaranteed monthly compensation required to exempt an individual from minimum wage, overtime, and record keeping requirements under the Hawaii Wage and Hour Law by way of a formula.

The Chamber is the largest business organization in Hawaii, representing about 1,000 businesses. Approximately 80% of our members are small businesses with less than 20 employees. As the "Voice of Business" in Hawaii, the organization works on behalf of members and the entire business community to improve the state's economic climate and to foster positive action on issues of common concern.

The Chamber has concerns regarding the increase in the exemption from the wage and hour law. This is a substantial increase that will only continue going up as it is tied to the minimum wage, which will increase every year until 2018.

Many companies have salaried employees who are not covered by the wage and hour law that start off at \$2,000 per month. In many of these cases, they are compensated with other benefits that are different than hourly employees. Benefits such as flexible time, leave, full health premium coverage and many others may be loss. Increasing this entry level amount could hurt many businesses and employees.

Lastly, the effective date of this bill is unfair as it interferes with existing employment agreements for the current year.

Thank you for the opportunity to testify.

<u>SB1122</u> Submitted on: 2/25/2015 Testimony for WAM on Feb 27, 2015 09:00AM in Conference Room 211

Submitted By	Organization	Testifier Position	Present at Hearing
Ronnie Perry	Individual	Support	No

Comments: I strongly support this bill. Mahalo, Ronnie Perry

Please note that testimony submitted <u>less than 24 hours prior to the hearing</u>, improperly identified, or directed to the incorrect office, may not be posted online or distributed to the committee prior to the convening of the public hearing.

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