



## HB1297 RELATING TO THE PENAL CODE

House Committee on Ocean, Marine Resources, & Hawaiian Affairs

February 18, 2015

9:00 a.m.

Room 325

The Office of Hawaiian Affairs (OHA) <u>SUPPORTS WITH AMENDMENTS</u> HB1297, which expressly decriminalizes traditional Native Hawaiian methods of preparing and burying human remains, thereby supporting the perpetuation of Native Hawaiian traditional and customary practices.

Currently, there is apparent public confusion regarding whether Native Hawaiian traditional methods of preparing and burying human remains would violate Hawaiii laws intended to prevent the "abuse" of corpses. This bill clarifies that Native Hawaiians should be able to lawfully perpetuate our ancestors' sacred burial traditions, notwithstanding their differences from more commonly recognized Western religious rituals.

To better accomplish this bill's important goal, OHA respectfully recommends amending page 1, lines 9-11, to read as follows:

sensibilities[-]; provided that the preparation of a corpse for burial and the burial of a corpse in a manner consistent with traditional Hawaiian cultural customs and practices shall not be a violation of this section."

Therefore, OHA urges the committee to **PASS WITH AMENDMENTS** HB1297.

Mahalo for the opportunity to testify on this important measure.



### KO'OLAUPOKO HAWAIIAN CIVIC CLUB

February 16, 2015

TO: Rep. Kaniela Ing, Chair / & Members

Committee on Ocean Marine Resources & Hawaiian Affairs

FROM: Alice P. Hewett, President

Ko`olaupoko Hawaiian Civic Club

RE: <u>Testimony in Support of H.B. 1297, Relating to the Penal Code</u>

Aloha Chair Ing, Vice Chair Lowen & Committee Members:

The Ko`olaupoko Hawaiian Civic Club strongly supports passage of House Bill 1297, which would legalize Hawaiian-style burials. When we first approached our legislators with the subject of Hawaiian burials, it was our intent to encourage and make easier the practice of processing our deceased kupuna to bury their iwi in a more Hawaiian way.

This entails working with a crematory to process the remains so that only the iwi of our loved ones is left. This iwi can then be given to the families, who can then wrap their family iwi in kapa, place in a lauhala or wooden container, and prepared for burial in a private or public cemetery.

We have been informed that such a practice would have been illegal under state law, and this measure seeks to rectify that problem. Let us explain why we think this particular Hawaiian practice is actually something that our entire community should embrace in modern times.

- 1) Deceased persons who are reduced to just iwi bone constitute what we call a "clean burial", no chemicals would be added to our environment. <u>This practice is healthier for our `aina.</u>
- 2) If iwi are placed in lauhala baskets for burial, these would likely be much smaller than modern caskets, therefore requiring less cemetery "real estate" <u>increasing the capacity of our commercial cemeteries to provide burial spaces for our growing population of kupuna</u>.
- 3) Because this process requires less space and could use alternatives to expensive caskets, <u>the cost of burials</u>, <u>particularly for Hawaiian families</u>, <u>could be greatly reduced</u>. Many families today have great difficulty affording modern funerals and all that goes with it.

We urge your committee and the Legislature to act favorably with this bill, and pass H.B. 1297 into law. Mahalo for allowing us to share our mana'o.

The Ko`olaupoko Hawaiian Civic Club was established in 1937 and is a not-for-profit community organization dedicated to preserving and perpetuating the history, heritage and culture of Native Hawaiians. Its membership is open to people of Hawaiian ancestry and those who are "Hawaiian at heart".



# Koʻolau Foundation P. O. Box 4749 Kane'ohe, HI 96744

#### February 16, 2015

To: Rep. Kaniela Ing, Chair

Rep. Nicole E. Lowen, Vice-Chair / & Members

Committee on Ocean Marine Resources & Hawaiian Affairs

From: Mahealani Cypher, Secretary & Board Member

Ko`olau Foundation

Subject: H.B. 1297 – Relating to the Penal Code – Testimony in Support

#### Aloha mai kakou!

The Ko`olau Foundation offers its strong support for passage of H.B. 1297, Relating to the Penal Code. This bill essentially decriminalizes Hawaiian burial practices which might be considered illegal under these sections of state law.

Our organization works hard to advocate for the perpetuation of Hawaiian culture and practices. We are interested in seeing a modern version of an ancient practice, to reduce our deceased to iwi, wrap in kapa and bury in lauhala basket.

Granted, the old practice was reserved for certain individuals, and may not have been available to all our people. However, considering the environmental impacts of modern-style burials and the high cost of funerals and cemetery plots, perhaps it is time to consider these types of burial processes as an alternative for our people.

Clean burials such as the iwi kupuna of centuries ago, which did not contain chemicals, are healthier for our islands. The kapa makers and lauhala weavers would benefit from increased demand for their products. Perhaps families could bury more of their loved ones in the limited plots of our cemeteries. And certainly, this could reduce the cost of funerals, which today poses significant hardships on our bereaved families.

We are not saying that you should do away with modern-style burials; for those who prefer that way, it's up to them. But for those individuals or families who would like to malama `aina for themselves or their loved ones, Hawaiian-style burials — made more "legitimate" by passage of this bill — should be an allowable alternative.

Please pass this bill out of committee and into law.

Mahalo nui loa.

#### ing2-Mary

From: mailinglist@capitol.hawaii.gov
Sent: Saturday, February 14, 2015 3:54 PM

**To:** omhtestimony

**Cc:** rangien2010@yahoo.com

**Subject:** Submitted testimony for HB1297 on Feb 18, 2015 09:00AM

#### **HB1297**

Submitted on: 2/14/2015

Testimony for OMH on Feb 18, 2015 09:00AM in Conference Room 325

Submitted By Organization Testifier Position Present at Hearing

Puanani Rogers Ho`okipa Network - Support No

Kauai

Comments: My name is Puanani Rogers of Ho`okipa Network o Kauai. I was born and raised and still live in the ahupua`a o Kealia. I testify in strong support to this measure that will assure me that our na iwi kupuna will be treated with respect and dignity. I have gone to court against developers who want to build on or around na iwi kupuna burials. I lost because not enough strong laws to protect them. Please honor our ancestors and stop all desecration of our na kupuna na iwi burials. Mahalo a nui! I thank you and my na kupuna thanks you! Puanan

Please note that testimony submitted <u>less than 24 hours prior to the hearing</u>, improperly identified, or directed to the incorrect office, may not be posted online or distributed to the committee prior to the convening of the public hearing.

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Unity, Equality, Aloha for all



To: HOUSE COMMITTEE ON OCEAN, MARINE RESOURCES, & HAWAIIAN AFFAIRS

For hearing Wednesday, February 18, 2015

Re: HB1297 RELATING TO THE PENAL CODE.

Provides that the treatment of a corpse in a manner consistent with traditional Hawaiian cultural customs and practices shall not constitute the abuse of a corpse within the penal code.

TESTIMONY SUPPORTING THE INTENT OF THIS BILL BUT NOTING THAT IT NEEDS AMENDMENTS TO BROADEN IT IN ONE RESPECT AND TO NARROW IT IN ANOTHER RESPECT

I support the intent of this bill, which I believe is to respect the right of Native Hawaiians to preserve their ancient culture by engaging in ancient ways of treating a corpse without being punished for violating modern law regarding abuse of a corpse. But shouldn't this bill grant

that same right to people who are not Native Hawaiian? Also, would we want this bill to authorize a Native Hawaiian to use ancient cultural practices to abuse a corpse when the dead person would have strongly objected, or perhaps was not even Native Hawaiian?

As this bill notes, current law says a person commits the offense of abuse of a corpse if he treats a human corpse "in a way that the person knows would outrage ordinary family sensibilities."

There were many different ways corpses were treated in ancient Hawaiian culture. One of the most gruesome ways, judging by modern mainstream culture, was to put the corpse into an imu (earthen oven) and bake it until the flesh fell off the bones; and then gather the long bones (arms and legs) and wrap them in kapa cloth, enclose them in a coconut-fiber casket shaped like a miniature human, and bury the "ka'ai" secretly in a cave. Clearly that way of treating a corpse "would outrage ordinary family sensibilities" and be subject to prosecution for abuse of a corpse under the existing statute. Is there any Native Hawaiian now living who would like his own corpse to be handled in that way? If so, his surviving family members should be able to do so without fear of prosecution.

However, the bill is too narrow, because it does not grant a similar right to people of other races, religions, and cultures. Shouldn't Christians, Jews, Buddhists, Muslims, and people who have no religious affiliation have the same right to respectfully treat the corpses of their family members or fellow religionists in accordance with religious or cultural customs without fearing prosecution for "abuse of a corpse"? Perhaps a man who was never circumcised would have liked to have that ritual performed upon his corpse before he goes to meet his maker -- a decision his family members should be able to make on his behalf even if he never wrote it in his will. Perhaps a scholar of Egyptology would like his next of kin to eviscerate his corpse and

mummify it. Perhaps someone would like his body to be immediately frozen and put in a cryogenic capsule to be preserved until two centuries later when the disease that killed him can be cured after he is revived.

The bill is also too broad, because it would give license to any Native Hawaiian to treat a corpse according to ancient Hawaiian practices even if the dead person would strongly disapprove of his corpse being treated that way -- perhaps the dead person was not Native Hawaiian at all; or perhaps he was a Native Hawaiian who was nevertheless a Christian, Jew, Buddhist, Muslim or person with no religious affiliation, who did not practice or believe in the ancient Hawaiian culture or religion and would have considered the ancient Hawaiian customs repulsive. The way the bill is written would give license to a zealous practitioner of ancient Hawaiian burial methods to inflict those methods on the corpse even if the person who died would have strenuously objected.

I am not a lawyer, but there are many lawyers available to the legislature. Please improve the language in this bill by taking account of the two areas of improvement I have described; or else defer the bill indefinitely.