THE SENATE TWENTY-EIGHTH LEGISLATURE, 2015 STATE OF HAWAII S.B. NO. 682

JAN 2 3 2015

A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO MEDICAL MARIJUANA.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

SECTION 1. The legislature finds that support for the 1 medical use of marijuana in the State is strong and that the 2 experience of the State with the medical use of marijuana has 3 been favorable, but that existing protections for patients are 4 very weak regarding civil penalties. Patients within the 5 medical marijuana program should not be less secure in their 6 housing, school enrollment, employment, or supplemental medical 7 care than patients who have made different private decisions 8 with their doctors concerning medication. 9

The legislature is mindful of the difficult position of 10 medical marijuana patients under federal law and seeks to ensure 11 12 that the rights of patients are protected, while at the same time respecting the needs of institutions and individuals to 13 protect themselves from federal penalties. For this reason, the 14 rights afforded here are limited to those situations in which no 15 16 monetary or licensing benefit would be revoked for compliance with state law, and to those situations in which patients and 17

SB LRB 15-0898.doc

1

Page 2

| 1 | caregivers are in strict compliance with the State's medical |
|----|--|
| 2 | marijuana law. |
| 3 | SECTION 2. Chapter 329, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is |
| 4 | amended by adding a new section to part IX to be appropriately |
| 5 | designated and to read as follows: |
| 6 | "§329- Medical marijuana patient and caregiver |
| 7 | protections. (a) No school shall refuse to enroll or otherwise |
| 8 | penalize, and no landlord shall refuse to lease property to or |
| 9 | otherwise penalize, a person solely for their status as a |
| 10 | qualifying patient or primary caregiver in the medical marijuana |
| 11 | program under this part, unless failing to do so would cause the |
| 12 | school or landlord to lose a monetary- or licensing-related |
| 13 | benefit under federal law or regulation; provided that the |
| 14 | qualifying patient or primary caregiver strictly complied with |
| 15 | the requirements of this part. |
| 16 | (b) No employer shall discriminate against a person in |
| 17 | hiring, termination, or imposing any term or condition of |
| 18 | employment, unless a failure to do so would cause an employer to |
| 19 | lose a monetary- or licensing-related benefit under federal law |
| 20 | or regulation, based solely upon either: |



2

| 1 | (1) | The person's status as a qualifying patient or primary |
|----|-----------|--|
| 2 | | caregiver in the medical marijuana program under this |
| 3 | | part; or |
| 4 | (2) | A registered qualifying patient's positive drug test |
| 5 | | for marijuana components or metabolites; provided that |
| 6 | | this paragraph shall not apply if the patient used, |
| 7 | | possessed, or was impaired by marijuana on the |
| 8 | | premises of the place of employment or during the |
| 9 | | hours of employment. |
| 10 | (C) | For the purposes of medical care, including organ |
| 11 | transplan | ts, a registered qualifying patient's use of marijuana |
| 12 | in compli | ance with this part shall be considered the equivalent |
| 13 | of the us | e of any other medication under the direction of a |
| 14 | physician | and shall not constitute the use of an illicit |
| 15 | substance | or otherwise disqualify a registered qualifying |
| 16 | patient f | rom medical care. |
| 17 | (d) | No person shall be denied: |
| 18 | (1) | Custody of; |
| 19 | (2) | Visitation with; or |
| 20 | (3) | Parenting time with |



.

Page 3

a minor, and there shall be no presumption of neglect or child 1 endangerment, for conduct allowed under this part; provided that 2 this subsection shall not apply if the person's conduct created 3 an unreasonable danger to the safety of the minor as established 4 by clear and convincing evidence." 5 SECTION 3. Section 329-125, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is 6 7 amended to read as follows: 8 "[+]\$329-125]+] Protections afforded to a qualifying 9 patient or primary caregiver. (a) A qualifying patient or the primary caregiver may assert the medical use of marijuana as an 10 affirmative defense to any prosecution involving marijuana under 11 this [+]part[+] or chapter 712; provided that the qualifying 12 patient or the primary caregiver strictly complied with the 13 14 requirements of this part. (b) A qualifying patient or primary caregiver shall not be 15 16 subject to any civil penalty or disciplinary action by a court or occupational or professional licensing board or bureau for 17 any behavior that is in strict compliance with this part. 18 [(b)] (c) Any qualifying patient or primary caregiver not 19 complying with the permitted scope of the medical use of 20 marijuana shall not be afforded the protections against searches 21



4

and seizures pertaining to the misapplication of the medical use 1 2 of marijuana.

 $\left[\frac{(c)}{(c)}\right]$ (d) No person shall be subject to arrest or 3 prosecution for simply being in the presence or vicinity of the 4 5 medical use of marijuana as permitted under this part."

SECTION 4. This Act does not affect rights and duties that 6 matured, penalties that were incurred, and proceedings that were 7 begun before its effective date. 8

9 SECTION 5. Statutory material to be repealed is bracketed and stricken. New statutory material is underscored. 10

SECTION 6. This Act shall take effect upon its approval. 11 12

INTRODUCED BY: Nill Syro



Report Title:

Medical Marijuana; Patients and Caregivers; Protections

Description:

Prohibits discrimination against medical marijuana patients and caregivers by schools, landlords, employers, courts, and licensing boards, or with regard to medical care or parental rights.

The summary description of legislation appearing on this page is for informational purposes only and is not legislation or evidence of legislative intent.

