A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO CANCER.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

1	SECTION 1. The legislature finds that after Congress
2	passed the Breast and Cervical Cancer Mortality Act in 1990,
3	which led to the creation of cancer screening programs in all
4	fifty states, the Hawaii breast and cervical cancer control
5	program was established in 1993. To address the issue of
6	treatment costs, the Breast and Cervical Cancer Prevention and
7	Treatment Act of 2000, P.L. 106-354, provided states with the
8	option to provide coverage for treatment costs to eligible women
9	screened for and diagnosed with breast or cervical cancer
10	through a state's breast and cervical cancer screening program.

- 11 As a result, the State established the breast and cervical
- 12 cancer treatment program, administered by the department of
- 13 human services med-QUEST division.
- 14 The legislature finds that the department of health's
- 15 breast and cervical cancer control program is the safety net for
- 16 the most vulnerable women in the State. Eligible women for the
- 17 program face numerous barriers in their efforts to receive



- 1 proper care, including socioeconomic status, language, literacy,
- 2 and affordability of adequate health insurance.
- 3 The legislature further finds that since 1997, the
- 4 department of health's breast and cervical cancer control
- 5 program has provided critical screening and early detection
- 6 services to more than nine thousand five hundred women and
- 7 diagnosed two hundred sixty-three invasive breast cancers and
- 8 one hundred forty-eight cervical cancers and precancerous
- 9 lesions. While progress is being made, breast and cervical
- 10 cancers continue to take the lives of nearly two hundred women
- 11 in the State each year.
- 12 The legislature further finds that federal funding for the
- 13 program has declined over the last five-year grant period, while
- 14 at the same time, the need for outreach and screening has
- 15 increased. Despite the Patient Protection and Affordable Care
- 16 Act providing more women with access to health insurance
- 17 coverage and preventative cancer screenings and treatment, gaps
- 18 still remain for women who continue to be uninsured or
- 19 underinsured or lack access to culturally sensitive, appropriate
- 20 health screening and care. The program is able to screen only a
- 21 fraction of women who are eligible for the program, and many

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- 1 women never receive the life-saving cancer screening. According
- 2 to the department of health, approximately \$100,000 will allow
- 3 the program to screen an additional one hundred twenty-five
- 4 high-risk, uninsured or underinsured, rarely or never-screened
- 5 women.
- 6 The purpose of this Act is to appropriate funds for the
- 7 department of health's breast and cervical cancer control
- 8 program to continue its valuable breast and cervical cancer
- 9 screening; diagnostic, education, and outreach services; and
- 10 treatment referrals.
- 11 SECTION 2. There is appropriated out of the general
- 12 revenues of the State of Hawaii the sum of \$ or so much
- 13 thereof as may be necessary for fiscal year 2015-2016 and the
- 14 same sum or so much thereof as may be necessary for fiscal year
- 15 2016-2017 for the breast and cervical cancer control program.
- 16 The sums appropriated shall be expended by the department
- 17 of health for the purposes of this Act.
- 18 SECTION 3. This Act shall take effect on July 1, 2050.

Report Title:

Breast and Cervical Cancer Control Program; Department of Health; Appropriation

Description:

Appropriates funds to the department of health for the breast and cervical cancer control program. Effective 7/1/2050. (SD1)

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