#### A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO TAXATION.

#### BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

- 1 SECTION 1. The purpose of this Act is to adopt changes to
- 2 Hawaii's tax law that will allow Hawaii to participate in the
- 3 national streamlined sales and use tax agreement. This
- 4 agreement simplifies state tax systems, removes burdens to
- 5 interstate commerce that are defined in the United States
- 6 Supreme Court decision in Quill Corp. v. North Dakota, 504 U.S.
- 7 298 (1992), and "levels the playing field" between local and
- 8 out-of-state retailers. At its core, the Streamlined Sales Tax
- 9 Project uses technology to accurately identify tax rates,
- 10 collect taxes, and remit state tax revenues. Since 2005,
- 11 out-of-state retailers have voluntarily collected and remitted
- over \$350,000,000 in taxes to participating states that would
- 13 have otherwise likely gone uncollected by the states.
- 14 Hawaii's use tax, chapter 238, Hawaii Revised Statutes, has
- 15 been on the books for over forty years and is similar to use tax
- 16 laws in forty-five other states. Most Hawaii consumers do not
- 17 realize that they owe the State a 4 per cent tax on their out-



- 1 of-state purchases via catalog, direct mail, or the Internet,
- 2 and it is virtually impossible for the department of taxation to
- 3 calculate and collect what individual taxpayers owe on those
- 4 purchases.
- 5 In 2003, the State of Hawaii became a participant in the
- 6 national Streamlined Sales Tax Project by enacting the Hawaii
- 7 Simplified Sales and Use Tax Administration Act (Act 173,
- 8 Session Laws of Hawaii 2003).
- 9 In 2005, to advance the State's efforts to comply with the
- 10 terms and conditions of the conforming legislation reflected in
- 11 the Streamlined Sales Tax Project's model agreement and act, the
- 12 legislature enacted Act 3, Special Session Laws of Hawaii 2005.
- 13 Act 3 also established a technical advisory group to assist the
- 14 department of taxation in identifying and resolving issues
- 15 necessary for Streamlined Sales Tax Project compliance. A joint
- 16 house-senate legislative oversight committee was formed to
- 17 provide additional tax policy support and guidance.
- 18 During the 2006-2008 legislative sessions, legislation was
- 19 introduced to implement conforming amendments to Hawaii's tax
- 20 laws to implement the streamlined sales and use tax agreement in
- 21 Hawaii. In 2009, the legislature adopted streamlined sales and



- 1 use tax legislation that was subsequently vetoed by the
- 2 administration (Governor's Message 835, July 15, 2009). The
- 3 2010 legislation was a culmination of prior efforts to adopt
- 4 conforming legislation for the State to participate in and
- 5 become a full member of the Streamlined Sales Tax Project. This
- 6 Act will finally allow the State to begin collecting more of the
- 7 use taxes that are legally required to be collected under
- 8 chapter 238, Hawaii Revised Statutes, but are presently going
- 9 uncollected on the majority of out-of-state purchases.
- 10 To participate and become a full member in the streamlined
- 11 sales and use tax agreement, Hawaii must amend its tax law to be
- 12 in conformity with the streamlined sales and use tax agreement.
- 13 The State must also adopt a single rate of general excise tax,
- 14 Hawaii's substitute for a sales tax, to conform to the
- 15 streamlined sales and use tax agreement. In accordance with
- 16 advice received from the Streamlined Sales Tax Governing Board
- 17 and COST, a national organization representing businesses, this
- 18 was accomplished by:
- 19 (1) Moving the 0.5 per cent tax rate for wholesale
- transactions to a new chapter;

20	TAX	ON WHOLESALERS, SERVICE BUSINESSES, AND CONTRACTORS
19		"CHAPTER A
18	as follow	s:
17	adding a	new chapter to be appropriately designated and to read
16	SECT	ION 2. The Hawaii Revised Statutes is amended by
15	federal l	egislation is being re-introduced in 2015.
14	streamlin	ed sales and use tax agreement at the same time that
13	that woul	d enable the State to be in compliance with the
12	of Hawaii	would benefit tremendously by adopting legislation
11	streamlin	ed sales and use tax agreement through 2009. The State
10	Streamlin	ed Sales Tax Governing Board's amendments to the
9	The	contents of this Act are updated to reflect the
8	amnesty.	
7	This Act	also provides for destination-based sourcing and
6		persons.
5	(4)	Eliminating the tax on businesses owned by disabled
4		a new chapter; and
3	(3)	Moving the 0.15 per cent tax on insurance producers to
2		property, services, and contracting;
1	(2)	Adding a new chapter on the taxation of imports of

1	<b>§A-1</b>	<b>Definitions.</b> "Department" means the department of
2	taxation.	
3	The o	definitions contained in sections 237-1, 237-2, and
4	237-3 shal	ll apply to this chapter.
5	§ <b>A-2</b>	"Wholesaler" and "jobber" defined. (a) "Wholesaler"
6	or "jobbe	applies only to a person making sales at wholesale.
7	Only the	Following are sales at wholesale:
8	(1)	Sales to a licensed retail merchant, jobber, or other
9		licensed seller for purposes of resale;
10	(2)	Sales to a licensed manufacturer of materials or
11		commodities that are to be incorporated by the
12		manufacturer into a finished or saleable product
13		(including the container or package in which the
14		product is contained) during the course of its
15		preservation, manufacture, or processing, including
16		preparation for market, and that will remain in a
17		finished or saleable product in a form as to be
18		perceptible to the senses, the finished or saleable
19		product is to be sold and not otherwise used by the
20		manufacturer;

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1	(3)	Sales to a licensed producer or cooperative
2		association of materials or commodities that are to be
3		incorporated by the producer or by the cooperative
4		association into a finished or saleable product that
5		is to be sold and not otherwise used by the producer
6		or cooperative association, including specifically
7		materials or commodities expended as essential to the
8		planting, growth, nurturing, and production of
9		commodities that are sold by the producer or by the
10		cooperative association;

- (4) Sales to a licensed contractor of materials or commodities that are to be incorporated by the contractor into the finished work or project required by the contract and that will remain in a finished work or project in a form as to be perceptible to the senses;
- (5) Sales to a licensed producer, or to a cooperative association described in section 237-23(a)(7) for sale to a licensed producer, or to a licensed person operating a feed lot, of poultry or animal feed, hatching eggs, semen, replacement stock, breeding

1	services for the purpose of raising or producing
2	animal or poultry products for disposition as
3	described in section A-3 or for incorporation into a
4	manufactured product as described in paragraph (2) or
5	for the purpose of breeding, hatching, milking, or egg
6	laying other than for the customer's own consumption
7	of the meat, poultry, eggs, or milk so produced;
8	provided that in the case of a feed lot operator, only
9	the segregated cost of the feed furnished by the feed
10	lot operator as part of the feed lot operator's
11	service to a licensed producer of poultry or animals
12	to be butchered or to a cooperative association
13	described in section 237-23(a)(7) of these licensed
14	producers shall be deemed to be a sale at wholesale;
15	and provided further that any amount derived from the
16	furnishing of feed lot services, other than the
17	segregated cost of feed, shall be deemed taxable at
18	the service business rate specified in section
19	A-6(a)(4). This paragraph shall not apply to the sale
20	of feed for poultry or animals to be used for hauling,
21	transportation, or sports purposes;

<b>-</b> ,	(0)	bales to a licensea producer, or to a cooperative
2	-	association described in section 237-23(a)(7) for sale
3		to the producer, of seed or seedstock for producing
4		agricultural and aquacultural products, or bait for
5		catching fish (including the catching of bait for
6		catching fish), the agricultural and aquacultural
7		products or fish are to be disposed of as described in
8		section A-3 or to be incorporated in a manufactured
9		product as described in paragraph (2);
10	(7)	Sales to a licensed producer, or to a cooperative
11		association described in section 237-23(a)(7) for sale
12		to a licensed producer; of polypropylene shade cloth;
13		of polyfilm; of polyethylene film; of cartons and
14		other containers, wrappers, and sacks, and binders to
15		be used for packaging eggs, vegetables, fruits, and
16		other agricultural and aquacultural products; of
17		seedlings and cuttings for producing nursery plants or
18		aquacultural products; or of chick containers; the
19		cartons and other containers, wrappers, and sacks,

binders, seedlings, cuttings, and containers are to be

used as described in section A-3, or to be

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1		11100	rporaced in a manuractured product as described in
2		para	graph (2);
3	(8)	Sale	s of tangible personal property where:
4		(A)	Tangible personal property is sold upon the order
5			or request of a licensed seller for the purpose
6			of rendering a service in the course of the
7			person's service business or calling, or upon the
8			order or request of a person subject to tax under
9			section 237D-2 for the purpose of furnishing
10			transient accommodations;
11		(B)	The tangible personal property becomes or is used
12			as an identifiable element of the service
13			rendered; and
14		(C)	The cost of the tangible personal property does
15			not constitute overhead to the licensed seller;
16	(9)	Sale	s to a licensed leasing company of capital goods
17		that	have a depreciable life, are purchased by the
18		leas	ing company for lease to its customers, and are
19	,	ther	eafter leased as a service to others;
20	(10)	Sale	s of services to a licensed seller engaging in a
21		busi	ness or calling whenever:

1	(A) Eith	er:
2	(i)	In the context of a service-to-service
3		transaction, a service is rendered upon the
4		order or request of a licensed seller for
5		the purpose of rendering another service in
6		the course of the seller's service business
7		or calling;
8	(ii)	In the context of a service-to-tangible
9		personal property transaction, a service is
10		rendered upon the order or request of a
11		licensed seller for the purpose of
12		manufacturing, producing, or preparing
13		tangible personal property to be sold;
14	(iii)	In the context of a service-to-contracting
15		transaction, a service is rendered upon the
16		order or request of a licensed contractor as
17		defined in section 237-6 for the purpose of
18		assisting that licensed contractor; or
19	(iv)	In the context of a service-to-transient
20		accommodations rental transaction, a service
21		is rendered upon the order or request of a

1		person subject to tax under section 237D-2
2		for the purpose of furnishing transient
3		accommodations;
4	(B)	The benefit of the service passes to the customer
5		of the licensed seller, licensed contractor, or
6		person furnishing transient accommodations as an
7		identifiable element of the other service or
8		property to be sold, the contracting, or the
9		furnishing of transient accommodations;
10	(C)	The cost of the service does not constitute
11		overhead to the licensed seller, licensed
12		contractor, or person furnishing transient
13		accommodations;
14	(D)	The gross income of the licensed seller is not
15		divided between the licensed seller and another
16		licensed seller, contractor, or person furnishing
17		transient accommodations for imposition of the
18		tax under this chapter or chapter 237;
19	(E)	The gross income of the licensed seller is not
20		subject to a deduction under this chapter,
21		chapter 237, or chapter 237D; and

•		(1) The result of the service, tangible personal
2		property, contracting, or transient
3		accommodations is subject to the tax imposed
4		under this chapter or chapter 237 at the highest
5		rate;
6	(11)	Sales to a licensed retail merchant, jobber, or other
7		licensed seller of bulk condiments or prepackaged
8		single-serving packets of condiments that are provided
9		to customers by the licensed retail merchant, jobber,
10		or other licensed seller;
11	(12)	Sales to a licensed retail merchant, jobber, or other
12		licensed seller of tangible personal property that
13		will be incorporated or processed by the licensed
14		retail merchant, jobber, or other licensed seller into
15		a finished or saleable product during the course of
16		its preparation for market (including disposable,
17		nonreturnable containers, packages, or wrappers, in
18		which the product is contained and that are generally
19		known and most commonly used to contain food or
20		beverage for transfer or delivery), and the finished

or saleable product is to be sold and not otherwise

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1		used by th	ne licensed retail merchant, jobber, or other
2		licensed s	seller;
3	(13)	Sales of a	amusements subject to taxation under section
4		A-6(a)(3)	to a licensed seller engaging in a business
5		or calling	g whenever:
6		(A) Eithe	er:
7		(i)	In the context of an amusement-to-service
8			transaction, an amusement is rendered upon
9			the order or request of a licensed seller
10			for the purpose of rendering another service
11			in the course of the seller's service
12			business or calling;
13		(ii)	In the context of an amusement-to-tangible
14			personal property transaction, an amusement
15			is rendered upon the order or request of a
16			licensed seller for the purpose of selling
17			tangible personal property; or
18		(iii)	In the context of an amusement-to-amusement
19			transaction, an amusement is rendered upon
20			the order or request of a licensed seller
21			for the purpose of rendering another

1		amusement in the course of the person's
2		amusement business;
3	(B)	The benefit of the amusement passes to the
4		customer of the licensed seller as an
5		identifiable element of the other service,
6		tangible personal property to be sold, or
7		amusement;
8	(C)	The cost of the amusement does not constitute
9		overhead to the licensed seller;
10	(D)	The gross income of the licensed seller is not
11		divided between the licensed seller and another
12		licensed seller, person furnishing transient
13		accommodations, or person rendering an amusement
14		for imposition of the tax under chapter 237;
15	(E)	The gross income of the licensed seller is not
16		subject to a deduction under this chapter or
17		chapter 237; and
18	(F)	The resale of the service, tangible personal
19		property, or amusement is subject to the tax
20		imposed under this chapter or chapter 237.

1		As used in this paragraph, "amusement" means
2		entertainment provided as part of a show for which
3		there is an admission charge; and
4	(14)	Sales by a printer to a publisher of magazines or
5		similar printed materials containing advertisements,
6		when the publisher is under contract with the
7		advertisers to distribute a minimum number of
8	N.	magazines or similar printed materials to the public
9		or defined segment of the public, whether or not there
10		is a charge to the persons who actually receive the
11		magazines or similar printed materials.
12	(b)	If the use tax law under chapter B is finally held by
13	a court o	f competent jurisdiction to be unconstitutional or
14	invalid i	nsofar as it purports to tax the use or consumption of
15	tangible	personal property imported into the State in interstate
16	or foreig	n commerce, or both, wholesalers and jobbers shall be
17	taxed the	reafter under this chapter in accordance with the
18	following	definition (that shall supersede the definitions for
19	"wholesal	er" or "jobber" in subsection (a)): "Wholesaler" or
20	"jobber"	means a person, or an organized division thereof,
21	definitel	y organized to render and rendering a general

- 1 distribution service that buys and maintains at the person's
- 2 place of business a stock or lines of merchandise that the
- 3 person distributes; and that the person, through salespersons,
- 4 advertising, or sales promotion devices, sells to licensed
- 5 retailers, to institutional, or licensed commercial or
- 6 industrial users, in wholesale quantities and at wholesale
- 7 rates. A corporation deemed not to be carrying on a trade or
- 8 business in this State under section 235-6 shall nevertheless be
- 9 deemed to be a wholesaler and shall be subject to the tax
- 10 imposed by this chapter.
- 11 §A-3 "Producer" defined. (a) "Producer" means any person
- 12 engaged in the business of raising and producing agricultural
- 13 products in their natural state, or in producing natural
- 14 resource products, or engaged in the business of fishing or
- 15 aquaculture, for sale, or for shipment or transportation out of
- 16 the State, of the agricultural or aquaculture products in their
- 17 natural or processed state, or butchered and dressed, or the
- 18 natural resource products, or fish.
- (b) As used in this section, "agricultural products"
- 20 include floricultural, horticultural, viticultural, forestry,

nut, coffee, dairy, livestock, poultry, bee, animal, and any 1 2 other farm, agronomic, or plantation products. 3 §A-4 Definitions; "contractor", "service business or 4 calling". The definitions contained in sections 237-6 and 237-7 5 shall be applicable for this chapter. 6 **SA-5** Licensing; tax year. Sections 237-9, 237-9.5, 7 237-11, and 237-12 shall be applicable for this chapter. 8 Imposition of tax. (a) There is hereby levied and 9 shall be assessed and collected annually privilege taxes against 10 persons on account of their business and other activities in the 11 State measured by the application of rates against values of 12 products, gross proceeds of sales, or gross income, whichever is 13 specified, as follows: 14 (1)Tax on manufacturers: 15 (A) Upon every person engaging or continuing within 16 the State in the business of manufacturing, 17 including compounding, canning, preserving, 18 packing, printing, publishing, milling, 19 processing, refining, or preparing for sale, 20 profit, or commercial use, either directly or 21 through the activity of others, in whole or in

1 .		part, any article or articles, substance or
2		substances, commodity or commodities, the amount
3		of the tax to be equal to the value of the
4		articles, substances, or commodities,
5		manufactured, compounded, canned, preserved,
6		packed, printed, milled, processed, refined, or
7		prepared for sale, as shown by the gross proceeds
8		derived from the sale thereof by the manufacturer
9		or person compounding, preparing, or printing
10		them, multiplied by 0.5 per cent;
11	(B)	The measure of the tax on manufacturers is the
12		value of the entire product for sale, regardless
13		of the place of sale or the fact that deliveries
14		may be made to points outside the State; and
15	(C)	If any person liable for the tax on manufacturers
16		ships or transports the person's product, or any
17		part thereof, out of the State, whether in a
18		finished or unfinished condition, or sells the
19		same for delivery to points outside the State
20		(for example, consigned to a mainland purchaser
21		via common carrier f.o.b. Honolulu), the value of

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the products in the condition or form in which they exist immediately before entering interstate or foreign commerce, determined as hereinafter provided, shall be the basis for the assessment of the tax imposed by this paragraph. This tax shall be due and payable as of the date of entry of the products into interstate or foreign commerce, whether the products are then sold or not. The department shall determine the basis for assessment, as provided by this paragraph, as follows:

(i) If the products at the time of their entry into interstate or foreign commerce already have been sold, the gross proceeds of sale, less the transportation expenses, if any, incurred in realizing the gross proceeds for transportation from the time of entry of the products into interstate or foreign commerce, including insurance and storage in transit, shall be the measure of the value of the products;

.i)	If the products have not been sold at the
	time of their entry into interstate or
	foreign commerce, and in cases governed by
	clause (i) in which the products are sold
	under circumstances in which the gross
	proceeds of sale are not indicative of the
	true value of the products, the value of the
	products constituting the basis for
	assessment shall correspond as nearly as
	possible to the gross proceeds of sales for
	delivery outside the State, adjusted as
	provided in clause (i) or, if sufficient
	data is not available, sales in the State of
	similar products of like quality and
	character and in similar quantities, made by
	the taxpayer (unless not indicative of the
	true value), or by others. Sales outside
	the State, adjusted as provided in clause
	(i), may be considered when they constitute
	the best available data. The department
	.i)

1		shall prescribe uniform and equitable rules
2		for ascertaining the values;
3	(iii)	At the election of the taxpayer and with the
4		approval of the department, the taxpayer may
5		make the taxpayer's returns under clause (i)
, <b>6</b>		even though the products have not been sold
7		at the time of their entry into interstate
8		or foreign commerce; and
9	(iv)	In all cases in which products leave the
10		State in an unfinished condition, the basis
11		for assessment shall be adjusted so as to
12		deduct the portion of the value as is
13		attributable to the finishing of the goods
14		outside the State;
<b>15</b> (2	) Tax on pr	oducers. Upon every person engaging or
16	continuin	g within this State in the business of a
17	producer,	the tax shall be equal to 0.5 per cent of
18	the gross	proceeds of sales of the business, or the
19	value of	the products, for sale, if sold for delivery
20	outside t	he State or shipped or transported out of the
21	State, an	d the value of the products shall be

1		determined in the same manner as the value of
2		manufactured products covered in the cases under
3		paragraph (1)(C). No manufacturer or producer,
4		engaged in the business of manufacturing or producing
5		in the State and selling the manufacturer's or
6		producer's products for delivery outside of the State
7		(for example, consigned to a mainland purchaser via
8		common carrier f.o.b. Honolulu), shall be required to
9		pay the tax imposed in this chapter for the privilege
10		of so selling the products, and the value or gross
11		proceeds of sales of the products shall be included
12		only in determining the measure of the tax imposed
13		upon the manufacturer or producer;
14	(3)	Tax on theaters, amusements, radio broadcasting
15		stations, etc. Upon every person engaging or
16		continuing within the State in the business of
17		operating a theater, opera house, moving picture show,
18		vaudeville, amusement park, dance hall, skating rink,

radio broadcasting station, or any other place at

which amusements are offered to the public, at

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1		wholesale, the tax shall be 0.5 per cent of the gross
2		proceeds of the business;
3	(4)	Tax on service business. Upon every person engaging
4		or continuing within the State in any service business
5		or calling including professional services not
6		otherwise specifically taxed under this chapter, as a
7		wholesaler under section A-2, the tax shall be equal
8		to 0.5 per cent of the gross proceeds of the business;
9	(5)	Tax on sales by wholesalers:
10		(A) Upon every person who is engaged in the business
11		of a wholesaler or jobber under section A-2 or
12		selling any tangible personal property whatsoever
13		(not including, however, bonds or other evidences
14		of indebtedness, or stocks), there is hereby
15		levied, and shall be assessed and collected, a
16		tax equivalent to 0.5 per cent of the gross
17		proceeds of sales of the business as a wholesaler
18		or jobber as defined in section A-2; and
19		(B) Gross proceeds of sales of tangible property in
20		interstate and foreign commerce shall constitute
21		a part of the measure of the tax imposed on

1	persons in the business of selling tangible
2	personal property as a wholesaler, to the extent
3	under the conditions, and in accordance with the
4	provisions of the Constitution of the United
5	States and the Acts of Congress of the United
6	States that may be now in force or may be
7	hereafter adopted, and whenever there occurs in
8	the State an activity to which, under the
9	Constitution and Acts of Congress, there may be
10	attributed gross proceeds of sales, the gross
11	proceeds shall be so attributed.

12 (b) When a manufacturer or producer, engaged in business 13 in the State, also is engaged in selling the manufacturer's or 14 producer's products in the State at wholesale taxed under this 15 chapter, retail under chapter 237, or in any other manner, the **16** tax for the privilege of engaging in the business of selling the 17 products in the State shall apply to the manufacturer or **18** producer as well as the tax for the privilege of manufacturing 19 or producing in the State, and the manufacturer or producer 20 shall make the returns of the gross proceeds of the wholesale, 21 retail under chapter 237, or other sales required for the

- 1 privilege of selling in the State, as well as making the returns
- 2 of the value or gross proceeds of sales of the products required
- 3 for the privilege of manufacturing or producing in the State.
- 4 The manufacturer or producer shall pay the tax imposed in this
- 5 chapter for the privilege of selling its products in the State,
- 6 and the value or gross proceeds of sales of the products, thus
- 7 subjected to tax, may be deducted insofar as duplicated as to
- 8 the same products by the measure of the tax upon the
- 9 manufacturer or producer for the privilege of manufacturing or
- 10 producing in the State under this chapter; provided that no
- 11 producer of agricultural products who sells the products to a
- 12 purchaser who will process the products outside the State shall
- 13 be required to pay the tax imposed in this chapter for the
- 14 privilege of producing or selling those products.
- 15 §A-7 Resale certificates. (a) The department, by rule,
- 16 may require that a seller take from the purchaser of tangible
- 17 personal property a certificate, in a form prescribed by the
- 18 department, certifying that the sale is a sale at wholesale;
- 19 provided that:
- **20** (1) Any purchaser who furnishes a certificate shall be
- obligated to pay to the seller, upon demand, the



1		amount of the additional tax that is imposed upon the
2		seller whenever the sale in fact is not at wholesale;
3		and
4	(2)	The absence of a certificate in itself shall give rise
5		to the presumption that the sale is not at wholesale
6		unless the sales of the business are exclusively at
7		wholesale.
8	(b)	The department may require that the person rendering
9	an amusem	ent at wholesale take from the licensed seller a
10	certifica	te, in a form prescribed by the department, certifying
11	that the	sale is a sale at wholesale; provided that:
12	(1)	Any licensed seller who furnishes a certificate shall
13		be obligated to pay to the person rendering the
14		amusement, upon demand, the amount of additional tax
15		that is imposed upon the seller whenever the sale is
16		not at wholesale; and
17	(2)	The absence of a certificate in itself shall give rise
18		to the presumption that the sale is not at wholesale
19		unless the person rendering the sale is exclusively
20		rendering the amusement at wholesale.

1	(c) The department may require that the person rendering a
2	service at wholesale take from the licensed seller a
3	certificate, in a form prescribed by the department, certifying
4	that the sale is a sale at wholesale; provided that:
5	(1) Any licensed seller who furnishes a certificate shall
6	be obligated to pay to the person remdering the
7	service, upon demand, the amount of additional tax
8	that is imposed upon the seller whenever the sale is
9	not at wholesale; and
10	(2) The absence of a certificate in itself shall give rise
11	to the presumption that the sale is not at wholesale,
12	unless the person rendering the sale is exclusively
13	rendering services at wholesale.
14	§A-8 Tax on receipts of sugar benefit payments. Upon the
15	amounts received from the United States government by any
16	producer of sugar (or the producer's legal representative or
17	heirs), as defined under and by virtue of the Sugar Act of 1948,
18	as amended, or other Acts of the Congress of the United States
19	relating thereto, there is hereby levied a tax of 0.5 per cent
20	of the gross amount received; provided that the tax levied
2.1	hereunder on any amount so received and actually disbursed to

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another by a producer in the form of a benefit payment shall be
paid by the person or persons to whom the amount is actually
disbursed, and the producer actually making a benefit payment to
another shall be entitled to claim on the producer's return a
deduction from the gross amount taxable hereunder in the sum of
the amount so disbursed. The amounts taxed under this section

shall not be taxable under any other paragraph, subsection, or

section of this chapter or chapter 237.

9 §A-9 Segregation of gross income, etc., on records and in 10 returns. The imposition of taxes and the application of tax rates do not depend upon the business in which the taxpayer is 11 12 primarily engaged. One business may be subject to two or more 13 tax rates under this chapter and chapter 237. If a business is 14 within the purview of two or more of the paragraphs of section 15 237-13 or other provisions of this chapter or chapter 237, all 16 of them apply, each provision being applicable to the 17 appropriate item of gross income, gross proceeds of sales, or 18 value of products. However, any person engaging or continuing 19 in a business having gross income, gross proceeds of sales, and 20 value of products, or any of these as the case may be, taxable 21 at different rates, shall be subject to taxation upon the

1 aggregate amount of the gross income, gross proceeds of sales, 2 and value of products of the business at the highest rate 3 applicable to any part of the aggregate, unless the person shall 4 segregate the parts taxable at different rates upon the person's 5 records and in the person's returns, and shall sustain the 6 burden of proving that the segregation was correctly made. 7 **SA-10** Assessment on generated electricity. Any other 8 provision of law to the contrary notwithstanding, the levy and 9 assessment of tax on the gross proceeds from the sale of 10 electric power to a public utility company for resale to the 11 public, shall be made only as a tax on business of a producer, 12 at the rate assessed producers under section A-6(a)(2). 13 **SA-11 Technicians.** When technicians supply dentists or physicians with dentures, orthodontic devices, braces, and 14 15 similar items that have been prepared by the technician in 16 accordance with specifications furnished by the dentist or 17 physician, and these items are to be used by the dentist or 18 physician in the dentist's or physician's professional practice 19 for a particular patient who is to pay the dentist or physician 20 for the same as a part of the dentist's or physician's 21 professional services, the technician shall be taxed as though

- 1 the technician were a manufacturer selling a product under
- 2 A-6(a)(1) to a licensed retailer, rather than pursuant to
- 3 chapter 237, at the rate of 4 per cent that is generally applied
- 4 to professions and services.
- 5 §A-12 Activity ordered by others. (a) Where, through the
- 6 activity of a person taxable under section 237-13(5), a product
- 7 has been milled, processed, or otherwise manufactured upon the
- 8 order of another taxpayer who is a manufacturer taxable upon the
- 9 value of the entire manufactured products, that consists in part
- 10 of the value of the services taxable under section 237-13(5), so
- 11 much gross income as is derived from the rendering of the
- 12 services shall be subjected to tax on the person rendering the
- 13 services at the rate of 0.5 cent, and the value of the entire
- 14 product shall be included in the measure of the tax imposed on
- 15 the other taxpayer as elsewhere provided.
- (b) Where, through the activity of a person taxable under
- 17 section 237-13(5), there have been rendered to a cane planter
- 18 services consisting in the harvesting or hauling of the cane, or
- 19 consisting in road maintenance, under a contract between the
- 20 person rendering the services and the cane planter, covering the
- 21 services and also the milling of the sugar, the services of



- 1 harvesting and hauling the cane and road maintenance shall be
- 2 treated the same as the service of milling the cane, as provided
- 3 by subsection (a), and the value of the entire product,
- 4 manufactured or sold for the cane planter under the contract,
- 5 shall be included in the measure of the tax imposed on the
- 6 persons as elsewhere provided.
- 7 §A-13 Sales of telecommunications services through prepaid
- 8 telephone calling service. (a) For the purposes of this
- 9 section, "prepaid telephone calling service" means the right to
- 10 exclusively purchase telecommunications services, paid for in
- 11 advance, that enables the origination of calls using an access
- 12 number or authorization code, whether manually or electronically
- 13 dialed.
- 14 (b) If the sale or recharge of a prepaid telephone calling
- 15 service does not take place at the vendor's place of business,
- 16 it shall be conclusively determined to take place at the
- 17 customer's shipping address; or if there is no item shipped,
- 18 then it shall be the customer's billing address.
- (c) When a person licensed under this chapter sells
- 20 prepaid telephone calling services to a licensed retail
- 21 merchant, jobber, or other licensed seller for purposes of



- 1 resale, the person shall be taxed as a wholesaler selling
- 2 tangible personal property.
- 3 (d) For purposes of prepaid telephone calling services
- 4 only, all the services shall be taxed under this section and
- 5 shall be in lieu of taxation under chapter 239.
- 6 §A-14 Apportionment. In the case of a tax upon the
- 7 production of property in the State, the apportionment shall be
- 8 determined as in the case of the tax on manufacturers provided
- 9 in section A-6(a)(1).
- 10 §A-15 Conformity to Constitution. Section 237-22 shall
- 11 apply to this chapter.
- 12 **SA-16 Exemptions.** The exemptions provided in sections
- 13 237-23, 237-26, 237-27, 237-27.5, 237-29, 237-29.5, and
- 14 237-29.53 shall apply to this chapter.
- 15 SA-17 Amounts not taxable. This chapter shall not apply
- 16 to the following amounts:
- 17 (1) The amounts of taxes on cigarettes and tobacco
- 18 products imposed by chapter 245 on wholesalers or
- dealers holding licenses under that chapter and
- 20 selling the products at wholesale;

1	(2)	The amounts of rederal caxes imposed on sugar
2		manufactured in the State, paid by the manufacturer to
3		the federal government;
4	(3)	Gross income received by any blind, deaf, or totally
5		disabled person engaging, or continuing, in any
6		business, trade, activity, occupation, or calling
7		within the State; a corporation all of whose
8		outstanding shares are owned by an individual or
9		individuals who are blind, deaf, or totally disabled;
10		a general, limited, or limited liability partnership,
11		all of whose partners are blind, deaf, or totally
12		disabled; or a limited liability company, all of whose
13		members are blind, deaf, or totally disabled; and
14	(4)	Amounts received by a producer of sugarcane from the
15		manufacturer to whom the producer sells the sugarcane,
16		where:
17		(A) The producer is an independent cane farmer, so
18		classed by the Secretary of Agriculture under the
19		Sugar Act of 1948 (61 Stat. 922, Chapter 519) as
20		the Act may be amended or supplemented;

1	(B)	The value or gross proceeds of sale of the sugar,
2		and other products manufactured from the
3		sugarcane, is included in the measure of the tax
4		levied on the manufacturer under section
5		A-6(a)(1);
6	(C)	The producer's gross proceeds of sales are
7		dependent upon the actual value of the products
8		manufactured therefrom or the average value of
9		all similar products manufactured by the
10		manufacturer; and
11	(D)	The producer's gross proceeds of sales are
12		reduced by reason of the tax on the value or sale
13		of the manufactured products.
14	§A-18 Ex	emption for sale of tangible personal property for
15	resale at whol	esale. (a) There shall be exempted from, and
16	excluded from	the measure of, the taxes imposed by this chapter
17	all of the gro	ss proceeds or gross income arising from the sale
18	of tangible pe	rsonal property imported to Hawaii from a foreign
19	or domestic so	urce to a licensed taxpayer for subsequent resale
20	for the purpos	e of sale at wholesale as defined under section
21	A-2.	

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- The department, by rule, may provide that a seller may 2 take from the purchaser of imported tangible personal property,
- 3 a certificate in a form that the department shall prescribe,
- 4 certifying that the purchaser of the imported tangible personal
- 5 property shall resell the imported tangible personal property at
- 6 wholesale as defined under section A-2. Any purchaser who
- 7 furnishes a certificate shall be obligated to pay to the seller,
- 8 upon demand, if the sale in fact is not a sale for the purpose
- 9 of resale at wholesale, the amount of the additional tax that is
- 10 imposed upon the seller. The absence of a certificate, unless
- 11 the sales of the business are exclusively a sale for the purpose
- 12 of resale at wholesale, in itself, shall give rise to the
- 13 presumption that the sale is not a sale for the purpose of
- 14 resale at wholesale.
- 15 **SA-19** Administrative provisions. Sections 237-8, 237-20,
- 16 237-21, 237-30, 237-31, 237-32, 237-33, 237-33.5, 237-34,
- 237-35, 237-36, 237-37, 237-38, 237-39, 237-40, 237-41, 237-42, 17
- 237-43, 237-46, 237-47, 237-49, and 237-A to 237-F shall apply 18
- 19 to this chapter."

1	SECTION 3. The Hawaii Revised Statutes is amended by
2	adding a new chapter to be appropriately designated and to read
3	as follows:
4	"CHAPTER B
5	TAX ON IMPORT OF GOODS, SERVICES, AND CONTRACTING FOR RESALE
6	§B-1 Definitions. Definitions contained in section 238-1
7	shall apply to this chapter.
8	§B-2 Imposition of tax on tangible personal property;
9	exemptions. There is hereby levied an excise tax on the use in
10	this State of tangible personal property that is imported by a
11	taxpayer in this State whether owned, purchased from an
12	unlicensed seller, or however acquired for use in this State.
13	The tax imposed by this chapter shall accrue when the property
14	is acquired by the importer or purchaser and becomes subject to
15	the taxing jurisdiction of the State. The rate of the tax
16	hereby imposed and the exemptions thereof are as follows:
17.	(1) If the importer or purchaser is licensed under chapter
18	A and is:
19	(A) A wholesaler or jobber importing or purchasing
20	for purposes of sale or resale; or



1	(B) A manufacturer importing or purchasing material
2	or commodities that are to be incorporated by the
3	manufacturer into a finished or saleable product
4	(including the container or package in which the
5	product is contained) wherein it will remain in a
6	form as to be perceptible to the senses, and the
7	finished or saleable product is to be sold in a
8	manner as to result in a further tax on the
9	activity of the manufacturer as the manufacturer
10	or as a wholesaler, and not as a retailer;
11	there shall be no tax; provided that if the
12	wholesaler, jobber, or manufacturer is also engaged in
13	business as a retailer (so classed under chapter 237),
14	paragraph (2) shall apply to the wholesaler, jobber,
15	or manufacturer, but the director of taxation shall
16	refund to the wholesaler, jobber, or manufacturer, in
17	the manner provided under section 231-23(c) the amount
18	of tax as the wholesaler, jobber, or manufacturer
19	shall establish, to the satisfaction of the director,
20	to have been paid by the wholesaler, jobber, or
21	manufacturer to the director with respect to property

1		ţhat	has been used by the wholesaler, jobber, or
2		manu	facturer for the purposes stated in this
3		para	graph; and
4	(2)	If t	he importer or purchaser is licensed under chapter
5		237	and is:
6		(A)	A retailer or other person importing or
7			purchasing for purposes of sale or resale, not
8			exempted by paragraph (1);
9		(B)	A manufacturer importing or purchasing material
10			or commodities that are to be incorporated by the
11			manufacturer into a finished or saleable product
12			(including the container or package in which the
13			product is contained) wherein it will remain in a
14			form as to be perceptible to the senses, and the
15			finished or saleable product is to be sold at
16			retail in this State, in a manner as to result in
17			a further tax on the activity of the manufacturer
18			in selling the products at retail;
19		(C)	A contractor importing or purchasing material or
20			commodities that are to be incorporated by the
21			contractor into the finished work or project

1		required by the contract and that will remain in
2		the finished work or project in a form as to be
3		perceptible to the senses;
4	(D)	A person engaged in a service business or calling
5		as defined in section 237-7, or a person
6		furnishing transient accommodations subject to
7		the tax imposed by section 237D-2, in which the
8		import or purchase of tangible personal property
9		would have qualified as a sale at wholesale as
10		defined in section A-2(a)(8) had the seller of
11		the property been subject to the tax in chapter
12		237; or
13	(E)	A publisher of magazines or similar printed
14		materials containing advertisements, when the
15		publisher is under contract with the advertisers
16		to distribute a minimum number of magazines or
17		similar printed materials to the public or
18		defined segment of the public, whether or not
19		there is a charge to the persons who actually
20		receive the magazines or similar printed
21		materials,

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1	the tax shall be 0.5 per cent of the purchase price of
2	the property, if the purchase and sale are consummated
3	in Hawaii; or, if there is no purchase price
4	applicable thereto, or if the purchase or sale is
5	consummated outside of Hawaii, then 0.5 per cent of
6	the value of the property.
7	§B-3 Imposition of tax on imported services or
8	contracting; exemptions. There is hereby levied an excise tax
9	on the value of services or contracting as defined in section
10	237-6 that is performed by an unlicensed seller at a point
11	outside the State and imported or purchased for use in this
12	State. The tax imposed by this chapter shall accrue when the
13	service or contracting as defined in section 237-6 is received
14	by the importer or purchaser and becomes subject to the taxing
15	jurisdiction of the State. The rate of the tax hereby imposed
16	and the exemptions from the tax are as follows:
17	(1) If the importer or purchaser is licensed under chapter
18	A and is:
19	(A) Engaged in a service business or calling in which
20	the imported or purchased services or contracting
21	becomes identifiable elements, excluding

1	overhead, of the services rendered by the
2	importer or purchaser, and the gross income of
3	the importer or purchaser is subject to the tax
4	imposed under chapter A on services at the rate
5	of 0.5 per cent; or
6	(B) A manufacturer importing or purchasing services
7	or contracting that becomes identifiable
8	elements, excluding overhead, of a finished or
9	saleable product (including the container or
10	package in which the product is contained) and
11	the finished or saleable product is to be sold in
12	a manner that results in a further tax under
13	chapter A on the manufacturer as a wholesaler,
14	and not a retailer,
15	there shall be no tax imposed on the value of the
16	imported or purchased services or contracting;
17	provided that if the manufacturer is also engaged in
18	business as a retailer as classified under chapter
19	237, paragraph (2) shall apply to the manufacturer,
20	but the director of taxation shall refund to the
21	manufacturer, in the manner provided under section

1		231-23(c), that amount of tax that the manufacturer,
2		to the satisfaction of the director, shall establish
3		to have been paid by the manufacturer to the director
4	•	with respect to services that have been used by the
5		manufacturer for the purposes stated in this
6		paragraph; and
7	(2)	If the importer or purchaser is a person licensed
8		under chapter 237 and is:
9		(A) Engaged in a service business or calling in which
10		the imported or purchased services or contracting
11		becomes identifiable elements, excluding
12		overhead, of the services rendered by the
13		importer or purchaser, and the gross income from
14		those services when sold by the importer or
15		purchaser is subject to the tax imposed under
16		chapter 237;
17	•	(B) A manufacturer importing or purchasing services
18		or contracting that becomes identifiable
19		elements, excluding overhead, of the finished or

saleable manufactured product (including the

container or package in which the product is

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1		contained, and the limished of saleable product
2		is to be sold in a manner that results in a
3		further tax under chapter 237 on the activity of
4		the manufacturer as a retailer; or
5	(C)	A contractor importing or purchasing services or
6		contracting that becomes identifiable elements,
7 ·		excluding overhead, of the finished work or
8		project required under the contract, and where
9		the gross proceeds derived by the contractor are
10		subject to the tax under section 237-13(2) as a
11		contractor,
12	the	tax shall be 0.5 per cent of the value of the
13	impo	rted or purchased services or contracting.
14	§B-4 App	lication of tax, etc. Section 238-3 shall apply
15	to this chapte	r.
16	§B-5 Cer	tain property used by producers. If a licensed
17	producer, or a	cooperative association acting under the
18	authority of c	hapter 421, in order to sell to the producer, or a
19	licensed perso	n, imports into the State or acquires in the State
20	commodities, m	aterials, items, services, or living things
21	enumerated in	section A-2(a)(3) and (a)(5) to (a)(7), then

- 1 section A-2 shall apply. If section A-2 applies and the
- 2 producer is engaged in the sale of the producer's products at
- 3 retail or in any manner other than at wholesale, then the tax
- 4 upon use of property in the State imposed by section 238-2 shall
- 5 apply the same as in the case of a purchaser who is a licensed
- 6 retailer. In other cases no tax shall be imposed under this
- 7 chapter.
- 8 §B-6 Administration. Sections 238-5, 238-6, 238-7, 238-8,
- 9 238-9, 238-9.5, 238-10, 238-11, 238-13, 238-14, and 238-16 shall
- 10 apply to this chapter."
- 11 SECTION 4. The Hawaii Revised Statutes is amended by
- 12 adding a new chapter to be appropriately designated and to read
- 13 as follows:
- 14 "CHAPTER C
- 15 INSURANCE PRODUCER'S TAX
- 16 §C-1 Definitions. The definitions contained in sections
- 17 237-1, 237-2, and 237-3 shall apply to this chapter.
- 18 §C-2 Tax on insurance producers. Upon every person
- 19 engaged as a licensed producer pursuant to chapter 431, there is
- 20 hereby levied and shall be assessed and collected a tax equal to
- 21 0.15 per cent of the commissions due to that activity.



- 1 §C-3 Apportionment. Where insurance producers, who are
- 2 not employees and are licensed pursuant to chapter 431, produce
- 3 commissions that are divided between the insurance producers,
- 4 the tax levied under section C-2 as to insurance producers shall
- 5 apply to each producer with respect to the producer's portion of
- 6 the commissions, and no more.
- 7 §C-4 Administrative provisions. Sections 237-8, 237-9,
- 8 237-9.5, 237-11, 237-12, 237-30, 237-31, 237-32, 237-33,
- 9 237-33.5, 237-34, 237-35, 237-36, 237-37, 237-38, 237-39,
- 10 237-40, 237-41, 237-42, 237-43, 237-46, 237-47, 237-49, and
- 11 237-A to 237-F shall apply to this chapter."
- 12 SECTION 5. Chapter 46, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is amended
- 13 by adding a new section to be appropriately designated and to
- 14 read as follows:
- 15 "\$46- County compliance with the streamlined sales and
- 16 use tax agreement. The counties shall not adopt any ordinance
- 17 or interpret any ordinance in a manner that violates the
- 18 streamlined sales and use tax agreement established by the
- 19 Streamlined Sales Tax Governing Board, Incorporated, and adopted
- 20 pursuant to chapter 255D."

1	SECTIO	ON 6	. Chapter 237, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
2	amended by	add.	ing six new sections to be appropriately
3	designated	and	to read as follows:
4	" <u>§237</u>	<u>-A</u>	General sourcing rules.
5	(1)	The :	retail sale, excluding lease or rental, of a
6	]	prod	uct shall be sourced as follows:
7	-	(A)	When the product is received by the purchaser at
8			a business location of the seller, the sale is
9			sourced to that business location;
10	-	(B)	When the product is not received by the purchaser
11			at a business location of the seller, the sale is
12			sourced to the location where receipt by the
13			purchaser (or the purchaser's designated donee)
14			occurs, including the location indicated by
15			instructions for delivery to the purchaser (or
16			designated donee), known to the seller;
17	-	(C)	When subparagraph (A) or (B) does not apply, the
18			sale is sourced to the location indicated by an
19			address for the purchaser that is available from
20			the business records of the seller that are
21			maintained in the ordinary course of the seller's

1		business when use of this address does not
2		constitute bad faith;
3	<u>(D)</u>	When subparagraphs (A), (B), and (C) do not
4		apply, the sale is sourced to the location
5		indicated by an address for the purchaser
6		obtained during the consummation of the sale,
7		including the address of a purchaser's payment
8		instrument, if no other address is available,
9		when use of this address does not constitute bad
10		faith; or
11	<u>(E)</u>	When subparagraphs (A), (B), (C), and (D) do not
12		apply, including the circumstance in which the
13		seller is without sufficient information to apply
14		subparagraphs (A), (B), (C), and (D), then the
15		location shall be determined by the address from
16		which tangible personal property was shipped,
17		from which the digital good or the computer
18		software delivered electronically was first
19		available for transmission by the seller, or from
20		which the service was provided (disregarding for

1		these purposes any location that merely provided
2		the digital transfer of the product sold);
3	(2)	The lease or rental of tangible personal property,
4		other than property identified in paragraph (3) or
5		(4), shall be sourced as follows:
6		(A) For a lease or rental that requires recurring
7		periodic payments, the first periodic payment is
8		sourced the same as a retail sale in accordance
9		with paragraph (1). Periodic payments made
10		subsequent to the first payment are sourced to
11		the primary property location for each period
12		covered by the payment. The primary property
13		location shall be as indicated by an address for
14		the property provided by the lessee that is
15		available to the lessor from its records
16		maintained in the ordinary course of business,
17		when use of this address does not constitute bad
18		faith. The property location shall not be
19		altered by intermittent use at different
20		locations, such as use of business property that

1		accompanies employees on business trips and
2		service calls; or
3		(B) For a lease or rental that does not require
4		recurring periodic payments, the payment is
.5		sourced the same as a retail sale in accordance
6		with paragraph (1).
7		This paragraph does not affect the imposition or
8		computation of general excise or use tax on leases or
<b>9</b> .		rentals based on a lump sum or accelerated basis, or
10		on the acquisition of property for lease;
11	(3)	The lease or rental of motor vehicles, trailers,
12		semi-trailers, or aircraft that do not qualify as
13		transportation equipment, as defined in paragraph (4),
14		shall be sourced as follows:
15		(A) For a lease or rental that requires recurring
16		periodic payments, each periodic payment is
17		sourced to the primary property location. The
18		primary property location shall be as indicated
19		by an address for the property provided by the
20		lessee that is available to the lessor from its
21		records maintained in the ordinary course of

1		business, when use of this address does not
2		constitute bad faith. This location shall not be
3		altered by intermittent use at different
4		locations; or
5		(B) For a lease or rental that does not require
6		recurring periodic payments, the payment is
7		sourced the same as a retail sale in accordance
8		with paragraph (1).
9		This paragraph does not affect the imposition or
10		computation of general excise or use tax on leases or
11		rentals based on a lump sum or accelerated basis, or
12		on the acquisition of property for lease; and
13	(4)	The retail sale, including lease or rental, of
14		transportation equipment shall be sourced the same as
15		a retail sale in accordance with paragraph (1),
16		notwithstanding the exclusion of lease or rental in
17		paragraph (1). "Transportation equipment" means any
18		of the following:
19		(A) Locomotives and rail cars that are utilized for
20		the carriage of persons or property in interstate
21		commerce;

1	<u>( E</u>	3) Truc	ks and truck-tractors with a gross vehicle
2		weig	ht rating of ten thousand one pounds or
3		grea	ter, trailers, semi-trailers, or passenger
4		buse	s that are:
5		<u>(i)</u>	Registered through the international
6			registration plan; and
7		<u>(ii)</u>	Operated under authority of a carrier
8			authorized and certificated by the United
9			States Department of Transportation or
10			another federal authority to engage in the
11			carriage of persons or property in
12			interstate commerce;
13	· · · (C	C) Airc	raft that are operated by air carriers
14		auth	orized and certificated by the United States
15		Depa	rtment of Transportation or another federal
16		or a	foreign authority to engage in the carriage
17		of p	ersons or property in interstate or foreign
18		comm	erce; and
19	<u>(</u> [	O) Cont	ainers designed for use on and component
20		part	s attached or secured on the items set forth
21		<u>in</u> s	ubparagraphs (A) to (C).

1	§237-B General sourcing definitions. For the purposes of
2	section 237-A(1), the terms "receive" and "receipt" mean:
3	(1) Taking possession of tangible personal property;
4	(2) Making first use of services; or
5	(3) Taking possession or making first use of digital
6	goods,
7	whichever comes first.
8	The terms "receive" and "receipt" do not include possession
9	by a shipping company on behalf of the purchaser.
10	§237-C Telecommunications sourcing rule. (a) Except for
11	the defined telecommunications services in subsection (c), the
12	sale of telecommunications service sold on a call-by-call basis
13	shall be sourced to:
14	(1) Each level of taxing jurisdiction where the call
15	originates and terminates in that jurisdiction; or
16	(2) Each level of taxing jurisdiction where the call
17	either originates or terminates and in which the
18	service address is also located.
19	(b) Except for the defined telecommunications services in
20	subsection (c), a sale of telecommunications service sold on a



1	basis oth	ner than a call-by-call basis, is sourced to the
2	customer'	s place of primary use.
3	<u>(c)</u>	The sale of the following telecommunications services
4	shall be	sourced to each level of taxing jurisdiction as
5	follows:	
6	(1)	A sale of mobile telecommunications service other than
7		air-to-ground radiotelephone service and prepaid
8		calling service, is sourced to the customer's place of
9		primary use as required by the Mobile
10		Telecommunications Sourcing Act;
11	(2)	A sale of post-paid calling service is sourced to the
12		origination point of the telecommunications signal as
13		first identified by either:
14		(A) The seller's telecommunications system; or
15		(B) Information received by the seller from its
16		service provider, where the system used to
17	·	transport the signals is not that of the seller;
18	<u>(3)</u>	A sale of prepaid calling service or a sale of a
19		prepaid wireless calling service is sourced in
20		accordance with section 237-A; provided that in the
21		case of a sale of prepaid wireless calling service,

1		sect	ion 237-A(1)(E) shall apply in addition to an
2		opti	on to use the location associated with the mobile
3		tele	phone number; or
4	(4)	<u>A sa</u>	le of a private communication service is sourced
5		as f	ollows:
6		<u>(A)</u>	Service for a separate charge related to a
7			customer channel termination point is sourced to
8			each level of jurisdiction in which the customer
9			channel termination point is located;
10		<u>(B)</u>	Service where all customer termination points are
11			located entirely within one jurisdiction or
12			levels of jurisdiction is sourced in the
13			jurisdiction in which the customer channel
14			termination points are located; or
15		(C)	Service for segments of a channel between two
16			customer channel termination points located in
17			different jurisdictions and that segment of a
18			channel are separately charged is sourced 50 per
19			cent in each level of jurisdiction in which the
20			customer channel termination points are located.

1		Service for segments of a channel located in more than
2		one jurisdiction or levels of jurisdiction and where
3		the segments are not separately billed shall be
4		sourced in each jurisdiction based on the percentage
5	•	determined by dividing the number of customer channel
6		termination points in the jurisdiction by the total
7		number of customer channel termination points in all
8		jurisdictions.
9	<u>§237</u>	-D Telecommunications sourcing definitions. For the
10	purpose o	f section 237-C, the following definitions shall apply:
11	"Air	-to-ground radiotelephone service" means a radio
12	service,	as that term is defined in 47 C.F.R. 22.99, in which
13	common car	rriers are authorized to offer and provide radio
14	telecommu	nications service for hire to subscribers in aircraft.
15	<u>"Cal</u>	l-by-call basis" means any method of charging for
16	telecommu	nications services where the price is measured by
17	<u>individua</u>	l calls.
18	"Com	munications channel" means a physical or virtual path
19	of commun	ications over which signals are transmitted between or
20	among cus	tomer channel termination points.
21	"Cus	tomer":



1	(1)	Means the person or entity that contracts with the
2		seller of telecommunications services. For the
3	•	purpose of sourcing sales of telecommunications
4		services under section 237-C, the end user of
5		telecommunications services is not the contracting
6		party, the end user of the telecommunications service
7		is the customer of the telecommunications service; and
8	(2)	Does not include a reseller of telecommunications
9		service or for mobile telecommunications service of a
10		serving carrier under an agreement to serve the
11		customer outside the home service provider's licensed
12		service area.
13	"Cus	tomer channel termination point" means the location
14	where the	customer either inputs or receives the communications.
15	"End	user" means the person who utilizes the
16	telecommu	nications service. In the case of an entity, "end
17	user" mea	ns the individual who utilizes the service on behalf of
18	the entit	y ·
19	"Hom	e service provider" has the same meaning as that term
20	is define	d in section 124(5) of Public Law 106-252 (Mobile
21	Telecommu	nications Sourcing Act).



1 "Mobile telecommunications service" has the same meaning as 2 that term is defined in section 124(7) of Public Law 106-252 3 (Mobile Telecommunications Sourcing Act). 4 "Place of primary use" means the street address 5 representative of where the customer's use of the 6 telecommunications service primarily occurs, that shall be the residential street address or the primary business street 7 8 address of the customer. In the case of mobile telecommunications services, "place of primary use" shall be 9 10 within the licensed service area of the home service provider. 11 "Post-paid calling service" means the telecommunications **12** service obtained by making a payment on a call-by-call basis 13 either through the use of a credit card or payment mechanism 14 such as a bank card, travel card, or debit card, or by charge 15 made to a telephone number that is not associated with the origination or termination of the telecommunications service. A 16 17 post-paid calling service includes a telecommunications service, 18 except a prepaid wireless calling service, that would be a 19 prepaid calling service except it is not exclusively a 20 telecommunications service.

1	"Prepaid calling service" means the right to access
2	exclusively telecommunications services that must be paid in
3	advance and that enables the origination of calls using an
4	access number or authorization code, whether manually or
5	electronically dialed, and is sold in predetermined units or
6	dollars of which the number declines with use in a known amount.
7	"Prepaid wireless calling service" means a
8	telecommunications service that provides the right to utilize
9	mobile wireless service as well as other non-telecommunications
10	services, including the download of digital products delivered
11	electronically, and content and ancillary services, that shall
12	be paid for in advance and is sold in predetermined units or
13	dollars of which the number declines with use in a known amount.
14	"Private communication service" means a telecommunications
15	service that entitles the customer to exclusive or priority use
16	of a communications channel or group of channels between or
17	among termination points, regardless of the manner in which the
18	channel or channels are connected, and includes switching
19	capacity, extension lines, stations, and any other associated
20	services that are provided in connection with the use of the
21	channel or channels.

1	"Ser	vice address" means:
2	(1)	The location of the telecommunications equipment to
3		which a customer's call is charged and from which the
4	·	call originates or terminates, regardless of where the
5		call is billed or paid;
6	(2)	If the location in paragraph (1) is not known, service
7		address means the origination point of the signal of
8		the telecommunications service first identified by
9		either the seller's telecommunications system or in
10		information received by the seller from its service
11	·	provider, where the system used to transport the
12		signals is not that of the seller; or
13	(3)	If the location in paragraphs (1) and (2) is not
14		known, service address means the location of the
15		customer's place of primary use.
16	<u>§237</u>	-E Deduction for bad debts. (a) A seller shall be
17	allowed a	deduction from taxable sales for bad debts. A seller
18	may deduc	t the amount of bad debts from the seller's gross
19	sales, re	ntals, or services used for the computation of the tax.
20	The amoun	t of gross sales, rentals, or services deducted shall
21	be charge	d off as uncollectible on the books and records of the



1 seller at the time the debt becomes worthless and deducted on 2 the return for the period during which the bad debt is written 3 off as uncollectible in the claimant's books and records and 4 shall be eligible to be deducted for income tax purposes. 5 For the purposes of this section, a claimant who is not 6 required to file a federal income tax return may deduct a bad 7 debt on a return filed for the period in which the bad debt 8 becomes worthless and is written off as uncollectible in the 9 claimant's books and records and would be eligible for a bad debt deduction for federal income tax purposes if the claimant 10 11 was required to file a federal income tax return. 12 If a consumer or other person pays all or part of a bad **13** debt with respect to which a seller claimed a deduction under 14 this section, the seller is liable for the amount of taxes **15** deducted in connection with that portion of the debt for which **16** payment is received and shall remit these taxes in the seller's 17 next payment to the department. Any payments made on a bad debt 18 shall be applied proportionally first to the taxable price of 19 the property and the tax on the property and second to any 20 interest, service, or other charge.

1	(b) Any claim for a bad debt deduction under this section
2	shall be supported by evidence required by the department. The
3	department shall review any change in the rate of taxation
4	applicable to any taxable sales, rentals, or services by a
5	seller claiming a deduction pursuant to this section and shall
6	ensure that the deduction on any bad debt does not result in the
7	seller claiming the deduction recovering any more or less than
8	the taxes imposed on the sale, rental, or service that
9	constitutes the bad debt.
10	(c) If a certified service provider assumed filing
11	responsibility under chapter 255D, the certified service
12	provider may claim, on behalf of the seller, any bad debt
13	allowable to the seller and shall credit or refund that amount
14	of bad debt allowed or refunded to the seller.
15	(d) If the books and records of a seller under chapter
16	255D, who claims a bad debt allowance, support an allocation of
17	the bad debts among member states of that agreement, the seller
18	may allocate the bad debt.
19	(e) As used in this section, "bad debt" means any portion
20	of a debt resulting from a seller's collection of the use tax
21	under chapter 255D on the purchase of tangible personal property

1	or servic	es that is not otherwise deductible or excludable and
2	is eligib	le to be claimed, or could be eligible to be claimed if
3	the selle	r kept accounts on an accrual basis, as a deduction
4	pursuant	to section 166 (with respect to bad debts) of the
5	Internal	Revenue Code. A bad debt does not include any of the
6	following	<u>:</u>
7	(1)	Interest, finance charge, or use tax on the purchase
8		price;
9	(2)	Uncollectible amounts on property that remains in the
10		possession of the seller until the full purchase price
11		is paid;
12	(3)	Expenses incurred in attempting to collect any account
13		receivable or any portion of the debt recovered;
14	(4)	Any accounts receivable that have been sold to and
15		remain in the possession of a third party for
16		collection; or
17	(5)	Repossessed property.
18	<u>§237</u>	-F Direct mail sourcing. (a) Notwithstanding the
19	general s	ourcing provisions of section 237-A, a purchaser of
20	direct ma	il who is not a holder of a direct pay permit shall
21	provide t	o the seller, in conjunction with the purchase, either



1 a direct mail form or information to show the jurisdictions to 2 which the direct mail is delivered to recipients. 3 Upon receipt of the direct mail form, the seller shall be relieved of all obligations to collect, pay, or remit the 4 5 applicable tax and the purchaser shall be obligated to pay or 6 remit the applicable tax on a direct pay basis. A direct mail 7 form shall remain in effect for all future sales of direct mail 8 by the seller to the purchaser until it is revoked in writing. 9 Upon receipt of information from the purchaser showing the 10 jurisdictions to which the direct mail is delivered to 11 recipients, the seller shall collect the tax according to the 12 delivery information provided by the purchaser. In the absence 13 of bad faith, the seller shall be relieved of any further 14 obligation to collect tax on any transaction for which the seller has collected tax pursuant to the delivery information 15 16 provided by the purchaser. **17** If the purchaser of direct mail does not have a direct 18 pay permit and does not provide the seller with either a direct 19 mail form or delivery information as required under subsection 20 (a), the seller shall collect the tax. Nothing in this

1 subsection shall limit a purchaser's obligation for sales or use 2 tax to any state to which the direct mail is delivered. 3 If a purchaser of direct mail provides the seller with 4 documentation of direct pay authority, the purchaser shall not 5 be required to provide a direct mail form or delivery 6 information to the seller. 7 (d) Receipts from sales of direct mail for distribution to 8 out-of-state recipients and receipts from sales of direct mail 9 processing services in connection with distribution of direct 10 mail to out-of-state recipients shall be exempt from taxation 11 under this chapter. The exemption provided by this section 12 shall apply to receipts from charges for the printing or 13 production of direct mail, whether prepared in or shipped into 14 Hawaii, after preparation, and stored for subsequent shipment to 15 out-of-state customers. The direct mail processing services 16 exemption provided under this section shall apply to receipts 17 from charges for all direct mail processing services for 18 distribution to out-of-state recipients, including but not 19 limited to preparing and maintaining mailing lists, addressing, 20 separating, folding, inserting, sorting, and packaging direct

1	mail materials, and transporting the direct mail to the point of				
2	shipment by the mail service or other carrier."				
3	SECTION 7. Section 237-1, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is				
4	amended by adding seven new definitions to be appropriately				
5	inserted and to read as follows:				
6	""Delivery charges" means charges by the seller for				
7	preparation and delivery to a location designated by the				
8	purchaser of personal property or services, including but not				
9	limited to transportation, shipping, postage, handling, crating,				
10	and packing. If a shipment includes both exempt and taxable				
11	property, the seller shall allocate the delivery charge by				
12	using:				
13	(1) A percentage based on the total sales price of the				
14	taxable property compared to the total sales price of				
15	all property in the shipment; or				
16	(2) A percentage based on the total weight of the taxable				
17	property compared to the total weight of all property				
18	in the shipment.				
19	"Department" means the department of taxation.				
20	"Direct mail":				



1	(1)	Means printed material delivered or distributed by
2		United States mail or other delivery service to a mass
3		audience or to addresses on a mailing list provided by
4		the purchaser, or at the direction of the purchaser,
5		in cases in which the cost of the items are not billed
6		directly to the recipients;
7	(2)	Includes tangible personal property supplied directly
8		or indirectly by the purchaser to the direct mail
9		seller for inclusion in the package containing the
10		<pre>printed material; and</pre>
11	(3)	Does not include multiple items of printed material.
12	<u>"Leas</u>	se or rental":
13	(1)	Means any transfer of possession or control of
14		tangible personal property for a fixed or
15		indeterminate term for consideration;
16	(2)	May include future options to purchase or extend; and
17	(3)	Does not include:
18		(A) A transfer of possession or control of property
19		under a security agreement or deferred payment
20		plan that requires the transfer of title upon
21		completion of the required payments;



1	(B)	A transfer of possession or control of property
2		under an agreement that requires the transfer of
3		title upon completion of required payments and
4		payment of an option price that does not exceed
5		the greater of \$100 or 1 per cent of the total
6		required payments;
7	(C)	Providing tangible personal property along with
8		an operator for a fixed or indeterminate period
9		of time. A condition of this exclusion is that
10		the operator is necessary for the equipment to
11		perform as designed. For the purpose of this
12		subparagraph, an operator shall do more than
13		maintain, inspect, or set-up the tangible
14		personal property; or
15	(D)	Agreements covering motor vehicles and trailers
16		where the amount of consideration may be
17		increased or decreased by reference to the amount
18		realized upon sale or disposition of the property
19		as defined in section 7701(h) (with respect to
20		motor vehicle operating leases) of the Internal
21		Revenue Code.

1	For the pu	rposes of this chapter, the definition of "lease				
2	or rental" shal	l be used regardless of whether a transaction is				
3	characterized a	s a lease or rental under generally accepted				
4	accounting prin	ciples, the federal Internal Revenue Code, or				
5	other provision	s of federal, state, or local law; provided that				
6	this definition	shall not apply to section 237-16.5 or 237-43.				
7	"Purchase	price" applies to the measure subject to use tax				
8	and has the sam	e meaning as sales price.				
9	"Sales price" applies to the measure subject to tax and					
10	means the total	amount of consideration, including cash, credit,				
11	property, and s	ervices for which personal property or services				
12	are sold, lease	d, or rented, valued in money, whether money is				
13	received or oth	erwise, without any deduction for the following:				
14	(1) The s	eller's cost of the property sold;				
15	(2) The c	cost of the materials used, labor or service cost,				
16	losse	es, all costs of transportation to the seller, all				
17	taxes	s imposed on the seller, and any other expense of				
18	the s	seller;				
19	(3) Charg	ges by the seller for any services necessary to				
20	compl	ete the sale, other than delivery and				
21	insta	allation charges;				



1	(4) Delivery and installation charges; or
2	(5) Installation charges.
3	"Tangible personal property" means personal property that
4	can be seen, weighed, measured, felt, or touched, or that is in
5	any manner perceptible to the senses. Tangible personal
6	property includes gas, steam, and prewritten computer software.
7	SECTION 8. Chapter 239, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
8	amended by adding a new section to part II to be appropriately
9	designated and to read as follows:
10	"§239- Treatment of conflicts. In a case where the tax
11	under chapter 237 and this part may be applied to the same gross
12	income or gross proceeds, the tax shall only be levied,
13	assessed, and collected under chapter 237."
14	SECTION 9. Chapter 255D, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
15	amended by adding nine new sections to be appropriately
16	designated and to read as follows:
17	" <u>§255D-A</u> Relief from certain liability. All sellers and
18	certified service providers as defined in section 255D-2 using
19	databases pursuant to section 255D-D(f) and (g) shall be
20	relieved from liability to the state and local jurisdictions for
21	having charged and collected the incorrect amount of sales or

1	use tax resulting from the seller or certified service provider
2	relying on erroneous data provided by the State on tax rates,
3	boundaries, or taxing jurisdiction assignments.
4	§255D-B Rounding rule. For the purpose of calculating the
5	amount of the sales or use tax:
6	(1) The tax computation shall be carried to the third
7	decimal place; and
8	(2) The tax shall be rounded to a whole cent using a
9.	method that rounds up to the next cent whenever the
10	third decimal place is greater than four.
11	Sellers may elect to compute the tax due on a transaction
12	on an item or an invoice basis, and shall allow the rounding
13	rule to be applied to the aggregated state and local taxes.
14	§255D-C Amnesty for registration under this chapter. (a)
15	The department shall provide amnesty for uncollected or unpaid
16	sales tax under chapter 237 or use tax under chapter 238,
17	including any county surcharge, to a seller who registers to pay
18	or to collect and remit applicable sales or use tax on
19	transactions made to purchasers in the State in accordance with
20	the terms of the streamlined sales and use tax agreement;
21	provided that the seller was not so registered in the State in

- 1 the twelve-month period preceding the effective date of the
- 2 State's participation in the streamlined sales and use tax
- 3 agreement.
- 4 (b) The amnesty shall preclude assessment for uncollected
- 5 or unpaid sales tax under chapter 237 or use tax under chapter
- 6 238 together with penalty or interest for sales made during the
- 7 period the seller was not registered in the State; provided
- 8 registration occurs within twelve months of the effective date
- 9 of the State's participation in the streamlined sales and use
- 10 tax agreement.
- 11 (c) The amnesty shall not be available to a seller with
- 12 respect to any matter or matters for which the seller received
- 13 notice of the commencement of an audit and the audit is not yet
- 14 finally resolved including any related administrative and
- 15 judicial processes.
- 16 (d) The amnesty shall not be available for sales or use
- 17 taxes already paid or remitted to the State or to taxes
- 18 collected by the seller.
- 19 (e) The amnesty shall be fully effective, absent the
- 20 seller's fraud or intentional misrepresentation of a material
- 21 fact, as long as the seller continues registration and continues



- 1 payment or collection and remittance of applicable sales or use
- 2 taxes for a period of at least thirty-six months. The statute
- 3 of limitations is tolled with respect to asserting a tax
- 4 liability during this thirty-six month period.
- 5 (f) The amnesty shall only apply to sales or use taxes due
- 6 from a seller in its capacity as a seller and not to sales or
- 7 use taxes due from a seller in its capacity as a buyer.
- 8 §255D-D Local rate and boundary changes. (a) Any rate
- 9 changes by a local jurisdiction shall be effective only on the
- 10 first day of a calendar quarter after a minimum of sixty days
- 11 notice to sellers.
- 12 (b) Any local tax rate changes relating to purchases from
- 13 printed catalogs wherein the purchaser computes the tax based
- 14 upon local tax rates published in the catalog shall be effective
- 15 only on the first day of a calendar quarter after a minimum of
- 16 one hundred twenty days notice to sellers.
- (c) For sales and use tax purposes only, local
- 18 jurisdiction boundary changes apply only on the first day of a
- 19 calendar quarter after a minimum of sixty days notice to
- 20 sellers.



1	(d) The department shall provide and maintain a database
2	that describes boundary changes for all taxing jurisdictions.
3	The database shall include a description of the change and the
4	effective date of the change for sales tax under chapter 237 and
5	use tax under chapter 238 purposes.
6	(e) The department shall provide and maintain a database
7	of all sales tax rates under chapter 237 and use tax rates under
8	chapter 238 for all of the jurisdictions levying taxes within
9	the State. For the identification of states, counties, and
10	cities, codes corresponding to the rates shall be provided
11	according to Federal Information Processing Standards as
12	developed by the National Institute of Standards and Technology.
13	For the identification of all other jurisdictions, codes
14	corresponding to the rates shall be in the format determined by
15	the Streamlined Sales Tax Governing Board, Incorporated.
16	(f) The department shall provide and maintain a database
17	that assigns each five-digit and nine-digit zip code within the
18	State to the proper tax rates and jurisdictions. The department
19	shall apply the lowest combined tax rate imposed in the zip code
20	area if the area includes more than one tax rate in any level of
21	taxing jurisdictions. If a nine-digit zip code designation is

1	not available for a street address or if a seller or certified
2	service provider is unable to determine the nine-digit zip code
3	designation of a purchaser after exercising due diligence to
4	determine the designation, the seller or certified service
5	provider may apply the rate for the five-digit zip code area.
6	For the purposes of this section, there is a rebuttable
7	presumption that a seller or certified service provider has
8	exercised due diligence if the seller has attempted to determine
9	the nine-digit zip code designation by utilizing software
10	approved by the Streamlined Sales Tax Governing Board,
11	Incorporated, that makes this designation from the street
12	address and the five-digit zip code of the purchaser.
13	(g) The State shall participate with other states in the
14	development of an address-based system for assigning taxing
15	jurisdictions. The system shall meet the requirements developed
16	pursuant to the federal Mobile Telecommunications Sourcing Act
17	(4 U.S.C. 116). If any state develops an address-based
18	assignment system pursuant to the Mobile Telecommunications
19	Sourcing Act, a seller may use that system in place of the
20	system provided for in subsection (e).

7	SZSSD-E Certified service provider; agent of the seller.
2	(a) A certified service provider is the agent of a seller, with
3	whom the certified service provider has contracted for the
4	collection and remittance of sales and use taxes. As the
5	seller's agent, the certified service provider is liable for
6	sales and use tax due to the State on all sales transactions it
7	processes for the seller unless the seller made a material
8	misrepresentation or committed fraud.
9	(b) A seller that uses a certified automated system is
10	responsible and is liable to the State for reporting and
11	remitting tax.
12	§255D-F Confidentiality of records. (a) Except as
13	provided in subsection (c), a certified service provider shall
14	not retain or disclose the personally identifiable information
15	of consumers. A certified service provider's system shall be
16	designed and tested to ensure the privacy of consumers by
17	protecting their anonymity.
18	(b) A certified service provider shall provide clear and
19	conspicuous notice of its information practices to consumers,
20	including but not limited to what information it collects, how
21	it collects the information, how it uses the information, how

•	Tong it retains the information, and whether it discloses the
2	information to member states.
3	(c) A certified service provider's retention or disclosure
4	to member states of personally identifiable information is
5	limited to that required to ensure the validity of exemptions
6	claimed because of a consumer's status or intended use of the
7	goods or services purchased.
8	(d) A certified service provider shall provide the
9	necessary technical, physical, and administrative safeguards to
10	protect personally identifiable information from unauthorized
11	access and disclosure.
12	(e) The privacy policy required under this section shall
13	be subject to enforcement by the attorney general.
14	(f) If personally identifiable information is retained by
15	the State for the purpose of subsection (c), in the absence of
16	exigent circumstances, a person shall be afforded reasonable
17	access to the person's own data, with a right to correct
18	inaccurately recorded data.
19	(g) The agreement does not enlarge or limit the State's



**20** 

authority to do any of the following:

1	(1)	Conduct audits or other reviews as provided under the			
2		agreement or the State's law;			
3	(2) Provide records pursuant to chapter 92F, disclosure				
4	laws with governmental agencies, or other regulati				
5	(3)	Prevent, consistent with the State's law, disclosures			
6		of confidential taxpayer information;			
7	(4)	Prevent, consistent with federal law, disclosures or			
8		misuse of federal return information obtained under a			
9		disclosure agreement with the Internal Revenue			
10		Service; or			
11	<u>(5)</u>	Collect, disclose, disseminate, or otherwise use			
12		anonymous data for governmental purposes.			
13	(h)	The department shall publish on the department's			
14	website t	he State's policy relating to the collection, use, and			
15	retention	of personally identifiable information obtained from a			
16	certified	service provider under subsection (c).			
17	(i)	The department shall destroy personally identifiable			
18	informati	on obtained from a certified service provider when the			
19	informati	on is no longer required for purposes under subsection			
20	(c).				



1 (j) If a person other than a member state or person 2 authorized by a member state's law or the agreement seeks to 3 discover personally identifiable information about an individual from the State, the department shall make a reasonable and 4 5 timely effort to notify that individual of the request. (k) As used in this section, "personally identifiable 6 7 information" means information that identifies a specific 8 person. **§255D-G** Liability for uncollected tax. (a) A seller 9 10 registered under the agreement is not liable for any uncollected 11 or nonremitted tax on transactions with purchasers in the State 12 before the date of registration, if the seller was not licensed 13 or registered under chapter 237 in the twelve-month period 14 preceding the effective date of the State's participation in the 15 agreement. The seller is also not responsible for any penalty 16 or interest that may be due on those transactions. This **17** subsection applies only if the seller is registered in this 18 State within twelve months of the effective date of this State's 19 participation in the agreement.

(b) Subsection (a) does not apply to:

20

1	<u>(1)</u>	Any tax liability of the registered seller for
2		transactions that are subject to sales or use tax in
3		the State in which the registered seller is the
4		purchaser;
5	(2)	Any sales or use taxes already paid or remitted to the
6		State or to taxes collected by the seller; and
7	<u>(3)</u>	Any transactions for which the seller received notice
8		of the commencement of an audit and the audit is not
9		finally resolved, including related administrative or
10		judicial processes.
11	(c)	Subsection (a) applies to the seller absent the
12	seller's	fraud or intentional misrepresentation of a material
13	fact, onl	y if the seller continues to be registered under the
14	agreement	and continues collection and remittance of applicable
15	sales and	use taxes in the State for at least thirty-six months.
16	The statu	te of limitations applicable to assessing a tax
17	liability	shall be tolled during the thirty-six-month period.
18	<u>§255</u>	D-H Rate changes. (a) The department shall publish
19	on its we	bsite a notification to sellers registered under the
20	agreement	of a change in tax rate or tax base within five
21	business	days of receiving notice of the changes to the tax rate



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Whenever possible, a tax rate or tax base change should occur on 2 3 the first day of a calendar quarter. 4 The failure of a seller to receive notice under 5 subsection (a) does not relieve the seller of its obligation to 6 collect the sales or use tax. 7 (c) The department shall complete a taxability matrix as 8 provided for under section 328 of the agreement, maintain it in 9 a database in a downloadable format approved by the Streamlined 10 Sales Tax Governing Board, Incorporated, and provide notice of 11 changes in the matrix. 12 §255D-I Customer refund procedures. A cause of action against a seller for over-collected sales or use taxes does not 13 14 accrue until sixty days after a purchaser has provided written 15 notice to the seller. The purchaser shall provide sufficient 16 information in the notice to determine the validity of the **17** request. In matters relating to the request, a seller is **18** presumed to have a reasonable business practice if, in the 19 collection of sales or use tax, the seller has a certified 20 service provider or a system, including a proprietary system, 21 certified by the department, and has remitted to this State all

or tax base or of an amendment to sales and use tax rules.

taxes collected, less any deductions, credits, or collection 1 2 allowances." 3 SECTION 10. Section 237-3, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is 4 amended by amending subsection (a) to read as follows: 5 "(a) "Gross income" means the gross receipts, cash or 6 accrued, of the taxpayer received as compensation for personal 7 services and the gross receipts of the taxpayer derived from 8 trade, business, commerce, or sales and the value proceeding or 9 accruing from the sale of tangible personal property, or 10 service, or both, and all receipts, actual or accrued as 11 hereinafter provided, by reason of the investment of the capital 12 of the business engaged in, including interest, discount, 13 rentals, royalties, fees, or other emoluments however designated 14 and without any deductions on account of the cost of property 15 sold, the cost of materials used, labor cost, taxes, royalties, 16 interest, or discount paid or any other expenses whatsoever. 17 Every taxpayer shall be presumed to be dealing on a cash basis 18 unless the taxpayer proves to the satisfaction of the department 19 of taxation that the taxpayer is dealing on an accrual basis and 20 the taxpayer's books are so kept, or unless the taxpayer employs 21 or is required to employ the accrual basis for the purposes of

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event the taxpayer shall report the taxpayer's gross income for 2 3 the purposes of this chapter on the accrual basis for the same period. 4 "Gross proceeds of sale" means the [value actually 5 6 proceeding from the sale of tangible personal property without 7 any deduction on account of the cost of property sold or 8 expenses of any kind.] sales price." 9 SECTION 11. Section 237-8.6, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is 10 amended by amending subsection (a) to read as follows: 11 The county surcharge on state tax, upon the adoption "(a) 12 of county ordinances and in accordance with the requirements of 13 section 46-16.8, shall be levied, assessed, and collected as 14 provided in this section on all gross proceeds and gross income taxable under this chapter. No county shall set the surcharge 15 16 on state tax at a rate greater than [one-half] 0.5 per cent of 17 all gross proceeds and gross income taxable under this chapter. 18 All provisions of this chapter shall apply to the county 19 surcharge on state tax. With respect to the surcharge, the 20 director of taxation shall have all the rights and powers 21 provided under this chapter. No county shall conduct an

the tax imposed by chapter 235 for any taxable year in which

independent tax audit of sellers registered under the 1 streamlined sales and use tax agreement. In addition, the 2 director of taxation shall have the exclusive rights and power 3 to determine the county or counties in which a person is engaged 4 5 in business and, in the case of a person engaged in business in 6 more than one county, the director shall determine, through 7 apportionment or other means, that portion of the surcharge on state tax attributable to business conducted in each county." 8 SECTION 12. Section 237-9, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is 9 10 amended to read as follows: 11 "\$237-9 Licenses; penalty. (a) Except as provided in 12 this section, any person who has a gross income or gross 13 proceeds of sales or value of products upon which a privilege 14 tax is imposed by this chapter, as a condition precedent to 15 engaging or continuing in [such] the business, shall in writing 16 apply for and obtain from the department of taxation, upon a 17 one-time payment of the sum of \$20, a license to engage in and 18 to conduct [such] the business, upon condition that the person 19 shall pay the taxes accruing to the State under this chapter, 20 and the person shall thereby be duly licensed to engage in and 21 conduct the business. The license shall not be transferable and

- 1 shall be valid only for the person in whose name it is issued
- 2 and for the transaction of business at the place designated
- 3 therein. The license may be inspected and examined, and shall
- 4 at all times be conspicuously displayed at the place for which
- 5 it is issued.
- 6 A seller registered under the streamlined sales and use tax
- 7 agreement who is not otherwise obligated to obtain a license in
- 8 the State is not required to obtain a license because of that
- 9 registration.
- 10 (b) Licenses and applications therefor shall be in [such]
- 11 the form as the department shall prescribe, except that where
- 12 the licensee is engaged in two or more forms of business of
- 13 different classification, the license shall so state on its
- 14 face. The license provided for by this section shall be
- 15 effective until canceled in writing. Any application for the
- 16 reissuance of a previously canceled license identification
- 17 number after December 31, 1989, shall be regarded as a new
- 18 license application and subject to the payment of the one-time
- 19 license fee of \$20. The director may revoke or cancel any
- 20 license issued under this chapter for cause as provided by rules
- 21 adopted pursuant to chapter 91.



1 (c) Any person who receives gross income or gross proceeds 2 of sales or value of products from engaging in business in the State and who fails to obtain a license or receives gross income 3 4 or gross proceeds of sales or value of products from engaging in 5 business in the State without a license required under this 6 section may be fined not more than \$500; provided that a cash-7 based business may be fined not less than \$500 and not more than 8 \$2,000, as determined by the director or the director's 9 designee. The penalty under this subsection shall be in 10 addition to any other penalty provided under law and may be 11 waived or canceled upon a showing of good cause. If the license fee is paid, the department shall not 12 13 refuse to issue a license or revoke or cancel a license for the 14 exercise of a privilege protected by the First Amendment of the 15 Constitution of the United States, or for the carrying on of 16 interstate or foreign commerce, or for any privilege the 17 exercise of which, under the Constitution and laws of the United 18 States, cannot be restrained on account of nonpayment of taxes, 19 nor shall section 237-46 be invoked to restrain the exercise of 20 [such] a privilege, or the carrying on of [such] interstate or 21 foreign commerce.

1	(e)	The director may permit a person engaged in network		
2	marketing	, multi-level marketing, or other similar business to		
3	obtain th	e license required under this section for purposes of		
4	becoming	a tax collection agent on behalf of its direct sellers.		
5	The tax c	ollection agent shall report, collect, and pay over the		
6	taxes due	under this chapter and chapter 238 on behalf of its		
7	direct se	llers who are covered by the tax collection agreement.		
8	The tax c	ollection agent's direct sellers shall be deemed to be		
9	licensed	under this chapter; provided that the licensure shall		
10	apply solely to the business activity conducted directly through			
11	the marketing arrangement. Under this section, a tax collection			
12	agent sha	11:		
13	(1)	Notify all of its direct sellers making sales in the		
14		State that it has been designated to collect, report,		
15		and pay over the tax imposed by this chapter and		
16		chapter 238 on their behalf on the business activity		
17		conducted through the marketing arrangement;		
18	(2)	If required by the director as a condition of		
19		obtaining the license, furnish with the annual return,		
20		a list (including identification numbers) of all		
21		direct sellers for the taxable year who have been		

1		provided (by the tax collection agent) information			
2		returns required under section 6041A (with respect to			
3	returns regarding payments of remuneration for				
4	services and direct sales) of the Internal Revenue				
5	Code [ <del>of 1986, as amended,</del> ] and any other information				
6		that is relevant to ensure proper payment of taxes due			
7		under this section; and			
8	(3)	Be personally liable for the taxes due and collected			
9	under the tax collection agreement if taxes are				
10	collected, but not reported or paid, together with				
11		penalties and interest as provided by law.			
12	<u>(f)</u>	The director may authorize a person to assume the			
13	obligation of self-accruing and remitting tax due on purchases				
14	or leases	or rentals directly to the department under a direct			
15	payment a	uthorization, if the following conditions are met:			
16	(1)	The authorization is to be used for the purchase or			
17		lease of tangible personal property or services;			
18	(2)	The authorization is necessary because it is either			
19		impractical at the time of acquisition to determine			
20		the manner in which the tangible personal property or			

1		services will be used or it will facilitate improved				
2	compliance with the tax laws of the State; and					
3	(3)	The person requesting authorization for direct payment				
4	maintains accurate and complete records of all					
5		purchases or leases and uses of tangible personal				
6	property or services purchased pursuant to the direct					
7	payment authorization in a form acceptable to the					
8		department.				
9	<u>The</u>	department may identify items that are not eligible for				
10	a direct	payment authorization.				
11	[ <del>(f)</del>	g (g) For the purposes of this section:				
12	"Cash-based business" has the same meaning as in section					
13	231-93.					
14	"Consumer product" shall include tangible consumer products					
15	and intan	gible consumer services.				
16	"Dir	ect seller" means any person who is engaged in the				
17	trade or	business of selling (or soliciting the sale of)				
18	consumer	products:				
19	(1)	To any buyer on a buy-sell basis, a deposit-commission				
20		basis, or any similar basis, that the director				

1		prescribes by rule adopted pursuant to chapter 91, for
2		resale other than in a permanent retail establishment;
3	(2)	Other than in a permanent retail establishment;
4		provided that:
5		(A) Substantially all the remuneration (whether or
6		not paid in cash) for the sale of consumer
7		products is directly related to sales or other
8		output rather than to the number of hours worked;
9		and
10		(B) The sales of consumer products by the person are
11		performed pursuant to a written contract that
12		provides that the person will not be treated as
13		an employee with respect to those sales for
14		federal or state tax purposes.
15	"Dir	ect seller" includes individuals who realize
16	remunerat	ion dependent on the productivity of other individuals
17	in the ma	rketing arrangement.
18	"Net	work marketing" or "multi-level marketing" means a
19	marketing	arrangement in which consumer products are distributed
20	and sold	to or through direct sellers."

1	SECTION 13. Section 237-13, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
2	amended to read as follows:
3	"\$237-13 Imposition of tax. There is hereby levied and
4	shall be assessed and collected annually privilege taxes against
5	persons on account of their business and other activities in the
6	State measured by the application of rates against values of
7	products, gross proceeds of sales, or gross income, whichever is
8	specified, as follows:
9	[ <del>(1)</del> Tax on manufacturers.
10	(A) Upon every person engaging or continuing within
11	the State in the business of manufacturing,
12	including compounding, canning, preserving,
13	packing, printing, publishing, milling,
14	processing, refining, or preparing for sale,
15	profit, or commercial use, either directly or
16	through the activity of others, in whole or in
17	part, any article or articles, substance or
18	substances, commodity or commodities, the amount
19	of the tax to be equal to the value of the
20	articles, substances, or commodities,
21	manufactured, compounded, canned, preserved,

1 .		packed, printed, milled, processed, refined, or
2		prepared for sale, as shown by the gross proceeds
3		derived from the sale thereof by the manufacturer
4		or person compounding, preparing, or printing
5		them, multiplied by one-half of one per cent.
6	<del>(B)</del>	The measure of the tax on manufacturers is the
7		value of the entire product for sale, regardless
8		of the place of sale or the fact that deliveries
9		may be made to points outside the State.
10	<del>(C)</del>	If any person liable for the tax on manufacturers
11		ships or transports the person's product, or any
12		part thereof, out of the State, whether in a
13		finished or unfinished condition, or sells the
14		same for delivery to points outside the State
15		(for example, consigned to a mainland purchaser
16		via common carrier f.o.b. Honolulu), the value of
17		the products in the condition or form in which
18		they exist immediately before entering interstate
19		or foreign commerce, determined as hereinafter
20		provided, shall be the basis for the assessment
21		of the tax imposed by this paragraph. This tax

1	shall be due and payable as of the date of entry
2	of the products into interstate or foreign
3	commerce, whether the products are then sold or
4	not. The department shall determine the basis
5	for assessment, as provided by this paragraph, as
6	follows:
7	(i) If the products at the time of their entry
8	into interstate or foreign commerce already
9	have been sold, the gross proceeds of sale,
10	less the transportation expenses, if any,
11	incurred in realizing the gross proceeds for
12	transportation from the time of entry of the
13	products into interstate or foreign
14	commerce, including insurance and storage in
15	transit, shall be the measure of the value
16	of the products;
17	(ii) If the products have not been sold at the
18	time of their entry into interstate or
19	foreign commerce, and in cases governed by
20	clause (i) in which the products are sold
21	under circumstances such that the gross

1		proceeds of sale are not indicative of the
2		true value of the products, the value of the
3		products constituting the basis for
4		assessment shall correspond as nearly as
5		possible to the gross proceeds of sales for
6		delivery outside the State, adjusted as
7		provided in clause (i), or if sufficient
8		data are not available, sales in the State,
9		of similar products of like quality and
10		character and in similar quantities, made by
11		the taxpayer (unless not indicative of the
12		true value) or by others. Sales outside the
13		State, adjusted as provided in clause (i),
14		may be considered when they constitute the
15		best available data. The department shall
16		prescribe uniform and equitable rules for
17		ascertaining the values;
18	<del>(iii)</del>	At the election of the taxpayer and with the
19		approval of the department, the taxpayer may
20		make the taxpayer's returns under clause (i)
21		even-though the products have not been sold

1	at the time of their entry into interstate
2	or foreign commerce; and
3	(iv) In-all-cases in which products leave the
4	State in an unfinished condition, the basis
5	for assessment shall be adjusted so as to
6	deduct the portion of the value as is
7	attributable to the finishing of the goods
8	outside the State.
9	$\frac{(2)}{(1)}$ Tax on business of selling tangible personal
10	property[; producing.]:
11	(A) Upon every person engaging or continuing in the
12	business of selling any tangible personal
13	property [whatsoever] (not including, however,
14	bonds or other evidence of indebtedness, or
15	stocks), unless subject to chapter A, there is
16	[likewise] hereby levied, and shall be assessed
17	and collected, a tax equivalent to $[four]$ 4 per
18	cent of the gross proceeds of sales of the
19	business; [provided that, in the case of a
20	wholesaler, the tax shall be equal to one-half of
21	one per cent of the gross proceeds of sales of

1		the business; and provided further that insofar
2		as the sale of tangible personal property is a
3		wholesale sale under section 237-4(a)(8), the
4		sale shall be subject to section 237-13.3. Upon
5		every person engaging or continuing within this
6		State in the business of a producer, the tax
7		shall be equal to one-half of one per cent of the
8		gross proceeds of sales of the business, or the
9		value of the products, for sale, if sold for
10		delivery outside the State or shipped or
11		transported out of the State, and the value of
12		the products shall be determined in the same
13		manner as the value of manufactured products
14		covered in the cases under paragraph (1)(C).
15	(B)	Gross proceeds of sales of tangible property.
16		unless subject to chapter A, in interstate and
17		foreign commerce shall constitute a part of the
18		measure of the tax imposed on persons in the
19		business of selling tangible personal property,
20		to the extent, under the conditions, and in
21		accordance with the provisions of the

		constitution of the united states and the Acts of
2		the Congress of the United States [which] that
3		may be now in force or may be hereafter adopted,
4		and whenever there occurs in the State an
5		activity to which, under the Constitution and
6		Acts of Congress, there may be attributed gross
7		proceeds of sales, the gross proceeds shall be so
8		attributed[-
9	<del>(C)</del>	No manufacturer or producer, engaged in such
10		business in the State and selling the
11		manufacturer's or producer's products for
12		delivery outside of the State (for example,
13		consigned to a mainland purchaser via common
14		carrier f.o.b. Honolulu), shall be required to
15		pay the tax-imposed in this chapter for the
16		privilege of so selling the products, and the
17		value or gross proceeds of sales of the products
18		shall be included only in determining the measure
19		of the tax imposed upon the manufacturer or
20		producer.];

1	[ (,\frac{1}{1})	$\frac{\langle c \rangle}{\langle c \rangle}$ when a manufacturer of $\underline{a}$ producer[7] $\underline{as}$
2		defined under section A-3, engaged in [such] the
3		business of manufacturing or producing in the
4		State, also is engaged in selling the
5		manufacturer's or producer's products in the
6		State at wholesale[ $_{ au}$ ] and taxed under chapter A,
7		retail, or in any other manner, the tax for the
8		privilege of engaging in the business of selling
9		the products in the State shall apply to the
10		manufacturer or producer as well as the tax for
11		the privilege of manufacturing or producing in
12		the State, and the manufacturer or producer shall
13		make the returns of the gross proceeds of the
14		wholesale, retail, or other sales required for
15		the privilege of selling in the State, as well as
16		making the returns of the value or gross proceeds
17		of sales of the products required for the
18		privilege of manufacturing or producing in the
19		State. The manufacturer or producer shall pay
20		the tax imposed in this chapter for the privilege
21		of selling its products in the State, and the

1		value or gross proceeds of sales of the products,
2		thus subjected to tax, may be deducted insofar as
3		duplicated as to the same products by the measure
4		of the tax upon the manufacturer or producer for
5		the privilege of manufacturing or producing in
6		the State[ $\div$ ] under chapter A; provided that no
7		producer of agricultural products who sells the
8		products to a purchaser who will process the
9		products outside the State shall be required to
10		pay the tax imposed in this chapter for the
11		privilege of producing or selling those
12		products[-]; and
13	[ <del>(E)</del> ]	(D) A taxpayer selling to a federal cost-plus
14		contractor may make the election provided for by
15		paragraph $[\frac{(3)(C)}{7}]$ $\underline{(2)(C)}$ , and in that case the
16	·	tax shall be computed pursuant to the election,
17		notwithstanding this paragraph [or paragraph (1)]
18		to the contrary[-
19	<del>-(F)-</del>	The department, by rule, may require that a
20		seller take from the purchaser of tangible
21		personal property a certificate, in a form



1	prescribed by the department, certifying that the
2	sale is a sale at wholesale; provided that:
3	(i) Any purchaser who furnishes a certificate
4	shall be obligated to pay to the seller,
5	upon demand, the amount of the additional
6	tax that is imposed upon the seller whenever
7	the sale in fact is not at wholesale; and
8	(ii) The absence of a certificate in itself shall
9	give rise to the presumption that the sale
10	is not at wholesale unless the sales of the
11	business are exclusively at wholesale.];
12	$\left[\frac{(3)}{(2)}\right]$ Tax upon contractors $\left[\div\right]$ :
13	(A) Upon every person engaging or continuing within
14	the State in the business of contracting, the tax
15	shall be equal to $[four]$ 4 per cent of the gross
16	income of the business[-];
17	(B) In computing the tax levied under this paragraph,
18	there shall be deducted from the gross income of
19	the taxpayer so much thereof as has been included
20	in the measure of the tax levied under
21	subparagraph (A), on:

1	(i)	Another taxpayer who is a contractor, as
2		defined in section 237-6;
3	(ii)	A specialty contractor, duly licensed by the
4		department of commerce and consumer affairs
5		pursuant to section 444-9, in respect of the
6		specialty contractor's business; or
7	(iii)	A specialty contractor who is not licensed
8		by the department of commerce and consumer
9		affairs pursuant to section 444-9, but who
10		performs contracting activities on federal
11		military installations and nowhere else in
12		this State;
13	prov	ided that any person claiming a deduction
14	unde	r this paragraph shall be required to show in
15	the p	person's return the name and general excise
16	numbe	er of the person paying the tax on the amount
17	dedu	cted by the person[-];
18	(C) In co	omputing the tax levied under this paragraph
19	agai	nst any federal cost-plus contractor, there
20	shal	l be excluded from the gross income of the

1	cont	ractor so much thereof as fulfills the
2	foll	owing requirements:
3	(i)	The gross income exempted shall constitute
4		reimbursement of costs incurred for
5		materials, plant, or equipment purchased
6		from a taxpayer licensed under this chapter
7		not exceeding the gross proceeds of sale of
8		the taxpayer on account of the transaction;
9		and
10	(ii)	The taxpayer making the sale shall have
11		certified to the department that the
12		taxpayer is taxable with respect to the
13		gross proceeds of the sale, and that the
14		taxpayer elects to have the tax on gross
15		income computed the same as upon a sale to
16		the state government[+];
17	(D) A pe	rson who, as a business or as a part of a
18	busi	ness in which the person is engaged, erects,
19	cons	tructs, or improves any building or
20	stru	cture, of any kind or description, or makes,
21	cons	tructs, or improves any road, street,

1	sidewalk, sewer, or water system, or other
2	improvements on land held by the person (whether
3	held as a leasehold, fee simple, or otherwise),
4	upon the sale or other disposition of the land or
5	improvements, even if the work was not done
6	pursuant to a contract, shall be liable to the
7	same tax as if engaged in the business of
8	contracting, unless the person shows that at the
9	time the person was engaged in making the
10	improvements the person intended, and for the
11	period of at least one year after completion of
12	the building, structure, or other improvements
13	the person continued to intend to hold and not
14	sell or otherwise dispose of the land or
15	improvements. The tax in respect of the
16	improvements shall be measured by the amount of
17	the proceeds of the sale or other disposition
18	that is attributable to the erection,
19	construction, or improvement of [such] the
20	building or structure, or the making,
21	constructing, or improving of the road, street,

1		sidewalk, sewel, of water system, of other
2	·	improvements. The measure of tax in respect of
3		the improvements shall not exceed the amount
4		[which] that would have been taxable had the work
5		been performed by another, subject as in other
6		cases to the deductions allowed by subparagraph
7		(B). Upon the election of the taxpayer, this
8 .		paragraph may be applied notwithstanding that the
9		improvements were not made by the taxpayer, or
10		were not made as a business or as a part of a
11		business, or were made with the intention of
12		holding the same. However, this paragraph shall
13		not apply in respect of any proceeds that
14		constitute or are in the nature of rent; all
15		[such] gross income shall be taxable under
16		paragraph $[\frac{(9)}{:}]$ $\underline{(6)}$ ; provided that insofar as
17		the business of renting or leasing real property
18		under a lease is taxed under section 237-16.5,
19		the tax shall be levied by section 237-16.5[ $\div$ ];
20	[ <del>(4)</del> ] <u>(3)</u>	Tax upon theaters, amusements, radio broadcasting
21	stat	ions, etc.

1	[ <del>-(A)-</del> ]	Upon every person engaging or continuing within
2		the State in the business of operating a theater,
3		opera house, moving picture show, vaudeville,
4		amusement park, dance hall, skating rink, radio
5		broadcasting station, or any other place at which
6		amusements are offered to the public, <u>unless</u>
7		taxed under section A-6, the tax shall be equal
8		to [four] 4 per cent of the gross income of the
9		business[, and in the case of a sale of an
10		amusement at wholesale under section 237-
11		4(a)(13), the tax shall be subject to section
12		<del>237-13.3.</del>
13	<del>(B)-</del>	The department may require that the person
14		rendering an amusement at wholesale take from the
15		licensed seller a certificate, in a form
16		prescribed by the department, certifying that the
17		sale is a sale at wholesale; provided that:
18		(i) Any licensed seller who furnishes a
19		certificate shall be obligated to pay to the
20		person rendering the amusement, upon demand,
21	-	the amount of additional tax that is imposed

1		upon the seller whenever the sale is not at
2		wholesale; and
3		(ii) The absence of a certificate in itself shall
4		give rise to the presumption that the sale
5		is not at wholesale unless the person
6		rendering the sale is exclusively rendering
7		the amusement at wholesale.];
8	[ <del>(5)</del> ]	(4) Tax upon sales representatives, etc. Upon every
9		person classified as a representative or purchasing
10		agent under section 237-1, engaging or continuing
11		within the State in the business of performing
12		services for another, other than as an employee, there
13		is likewise hereby levied and shall be assessed and
14		collected a tax equal to $[four]$ $\underline{4}$ per cent of the
15		commissions and other compensation attributable to the
16		services so rendered by the person[-], unless taxable
17		under chapter A or C;
18	[ <del>-(6)</del> ]	(5) Tax on service business[-]:
19		(A) Upon every person engaging or continuing within
20		the State in any service business or calling
21		including professional services not otherwise



1		specifically taxed under this chapter, chapter A,
2		or chapter C, there is likewise hereby levied and
3		shall be assessed and collected a tax equal to
4		[four] 4 per cent of the gross income of the
5		business[, and in the case of a wholesaler under
6		section 237-4(a)(10), the tax shall be equal to
7		one-half of one-per cent of the gross income of
8		the business. Notwithstanding the foregoing, a
9		wholesaler under section 237-4(a)(10) shall be
10		subject to section 237-13.3.
11	<del>(B)</del>	The department may require that the person
12		rendering a service at wholesale take from the
13		licensed seller a certificate, in a form
14		prescribed by the department, certifying that the
15		sale is a sale at wholesale; provided that:
16		(i) Any licensed seller who furnishes a
17		certificate shall be obligated to pay to the
18		person rendering the service, upon demand,
19		the amount of additional tax that is imposed
20		upon the seller whenever the sale is not at
21		wholesale; and

1		(11)	THE absence of a certificate in reserr shaff
2			give rise to the presumption that the sale
3			is not at wholesale unless the person
4			rendering the sale is exclusively rendering
5			services at wholesale.];
6	[ <del>(C)</del> ]	(B)	Where any person is engaged in the business
7		of s	elling interstate or foreign common carrier
8		[ <del>tel</del>	ecommunication] telecommunications services
9		with:	in and without the State, other than as a
10		home	service provider, the tax shall be imposed
11		on t	hat portion of gross income received by a
12		perso	on from service [ <del>which</del> ] <u>that</u> is originated or
13		term	inated in this State and is charged to a
14		tele	phone number, customer, or account in this
15		State	e notwithstanding any other state law (except
16		for	the exemption under section 237-23(a)(1)) to
17		the	contrary. If, under the Constitution and
18		laws	of the United States, the entire gross
19		inco	me as determined under this paragraph of a
20		busi	ness selling interstate or foreign common
21		carr	ier [ <del>telecommunication</del> ] <u>telecommunications</u>

•	Services cannot be included in the measure of the
2	tax, the gross income shall be apportioned as
3	provided in section 237-21; provided that the
4	apportionment factor and formula shall be the
5	same for all persons providing those services in
6	the State[-];
7 [ <del>(D)</del> ]	(C) Where any person is engaged in the business
8	of a home service provider, the tax shall be
9	imposed on the gross income received or derived
10	from providing interstate or foreign mobile
11	telecommunications services to a customer with a
12	place of primary use in this State when [such]
13	the services originate in one state and terminate
14	in another state, territory, or foreign country;
15	provided that all charges for mobile
16	telecommunications services [which] that are
17	billed by or for the home service provider are
18	deemed to be provided by the home service
19	provider at the customer's place of primary use,
20	regardless of where the mobile telecommunications
21	originate, terminate, or pass through; provided

1	further that the income from charges specifically
2	derived from interstate or foreign mobile
3	telecommunications services, as determined by
4	books and records that are kept in the regular
5	course of business by the home service provider
6	in accordance with section 239-24, shall be
7	apportioned under any apportionment factor or
8	formula adopted under subparagraph $[-(C)$ . $(B)$ .
9	Gross income shall not include:
10	(i) Gross receipts from mobile
11	telecommunications services provided to a
12	customer with a place of primary use outside
13	this State;
14	(ii) Gross receipts from mobile
15	telecommunications services that are subject
16	to the tax imposed by chapter 239;
17	(iii) Gross receipts from mobile
18	telecommunications services taxed under
19	section 237-13.8; and
20	(iv) Gross receipts of a home service provider
21	acting as a serving carrier providing mobile



1		telecommunications services to another home
2		service provider's customer.
3		For the purposes of this paragraph, ["charges for
4		<pre>mobile telecommunications services",</pre> "customer",
5		"home service provider", "mobile
6	•	telecommunications services", and "place of
7		primary use"[, and "serving carrier"] have the
8		same meaning as in section [239-22.] 237-D and
9		"charges for mobile telecommunications services"
10		and "serving carrier" have the same meaning as in
11		section 239-22; and
12	[ <del>(7)</del>	Tax on insurance producers. Upon every person engaged
13		as a licensed producer pursuant to chapter 431, there
14		is hereby levied and shall be assessed and collected a
15		tax-equal to 0.15 per cent of the commissions due to
16		that activity.
17	<del>(8)</del>	Tax on receipts of sugar benefit payments. Upon the
18		amounts received from the United States government by
19		any producer of sugar (or the producer's legal
20		representative or heirs), as defined under and by
21		virtue of the Sugar Act of 1948, as amended, or other



Ţ		Acts of the Congress of the United States relating
2		thereto, there is hereby levied a tax of one-half of
3		one per cent of the gross-amount received; provided
4		that the tax levied hereunder on any amount so
5		received and actually disbursed to another by a
6		producer in the form of a benefit payment shall be
7		paid by the person or persons to whom the amount is
8		actually disbursed, and the producer actually making a
9		benefit payment to another shall be entitled to claim
10		on the producer's return a deduction from the gross
11		amount taxable hereunder in the sum of the amount so
12		disbursed. The amounts taxed under this paragraph
13		shall not be taxable under any other paragraph,
14		subsection, or section of this chapter.
15	<del>(9)</del> ]	(6) Tax on other business. Upon every person
16		engaging or continuing within the State in any
17		business, trade, activity, occupation, or calling not
18		included in the preceding paragraphs or any other
19		provisions of this chapter, there is likewise hereby
20		levied and shall be assessed and collected, a tax
21		equal to [ <del>four</del> ] 4 per cent of the gross income

1	thereof. In addition, the rate prescribed by this
2	paragraph shall apply to a business taxable under one
3	or more of the preceding paragraphs or other
4	provisions of this chapter, as to any gross income
5	thereof not taxed thereunder as gross income or gross
6	proceeds of sales or by taxing an equivalent value of
7	products, unless specifically exempted[+] or subject
8	to taxation under chapter A or C."
9	SECTION 14. Section 237-13.8, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
10	amended by amending subsection (c) to read as follows:
11	"(c) When a person licensed under this chapter sells
12	prepaid telephone calling services to a licensed retail
13	merchant, jobber, or other licensed seller for purposes of
14	resale, the person shall be taxed as a wholesaler selling
15	tangible personal property[-] under section A-13. All other
16	sales of prepaid telephone calling services shall be taxed as
17	retail sales of tangible personal property."
18	SECTION 15. Section 237-18, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
19	amended to read as follows:
20	"§237-18 Further provisions as to application of tax. (a)
21	Where a coin operated device produces gross income which is



- 1 divided between the owner or operator of the device, on the one
- 2 hand, and the owner or operator of the premises where the device
- 3 is located, on the other hand, the tax imposed by this chapter
- 4 shall apply to each [such] person with respect to the person's
- 5 portion of the proceeds, and no more.
- **6** (b) Where gate receipts or other admissions are divided
- 7 between the person furnishing or producing a play, concert,
- 8 lecture, athletic event, or similar spectacle (including any
- 9 motion picture showing) on the one hand, and a promoter
- 10 (including any proprietor or other operator of a motion picture
- 11 house) offering the spectacle to the public, on the other hand,
- 12 the tax imposed by this chapter, if the promoter is subject to
- 13 the tax imposed by this chapter, shall apply only to the
- 14 promoter measured by the whole of the proceeds, and the promoter
- 15 shall be authorized to deduct and withhold from the portion of
- 16 the proceeds payable to the person furnishing or producing the
- 17 spectacle the amount of the tax payable by the person upon
- 18 [such] the portion. No tax shall apply to a promoter with
- 19 respect to [such] the portion of the proceeds as is payable to a
- 20 person furnishing or producing the spectacle, who is exempted by
- 21 section 237-23 from taxation upon [such] the activity.



1	[(c) Where, through the activity of a person taxable under
2	section 237-13(6), a product has been milled, processed, or
3	otherwise manufactured upon the order of another taxpayer who is
4	a manufacturer taxable upon the value of the entire manufactured
5	products, which consists in part of the value of the services
6	taxable under section 237-13(6), so much gross income as is
7	derived from the rendering of the services shall be subjected to
8	tax on the person rendering the services at the rate of one-half
9	of one per cent, and the value of the entire product shall be
10	included in the measure of the tax imposed on the other taxpayer
11	as-elsewhere provided.
12	(d) Where, through the activity of a person taxable under
13	section 237-13(6), there have been rendered to a cane planter
14	services consisting in the harvesting or hauling of the cane, or
15	consisting in road maintenance, under a contract between the
16	person rendering the services and the cane planter, covering the
17	services and also the milling of the sugar, the services of
18	harvesting and hauling the cane and road maintenance shall be
19	treated the same as the service of milling the cane, as provided
20	by subsection (c), and the value of the entire product,
21	manufactured or sold for the cane planter under the contract,



shall be included in the measure of the tax imposed on the 1 2 person as elsewhere provided. 3 (c) Where [insurance agents, including general 4 agents, subagents, or solicitors, who are not employees and are 5 licensed pursuant to chapter 431, or | real estate brokers or 6 salespersons, who are not employees and are licensed pursuant to 7 chapter 467, produce commissions [which] that are divided 8 between [such general agents, subagents, or solicitors, or 9 between such] real estate brokers or salespersons, [as the case **10**  $\frac{\text{may be}_{I}}{\text{may be}_{I}}$ ] the tax levied under section [ $\frac{237-13(6)}{100}$ ] 237-13(5) as 11 to real estate brokers or salespersons[, or under section 237-12 13(7) as to insurance general agents, subagents, or solicitors 13 shall apply to each [such] person with respect to the person's 14 portion of the commissions, and no more. 15  $\left[\frac{f}{f}\right]$  (d) Where tourism related services are furnished 16 through arrangements made by a travel agency or tour packager **17** and the gross income is divided between the provider of the 18 services and the travel agency or tour packager, the tax imposed 19 by this chapter shall apply to each [such] person with respect 20 to [such] the person's respective portion of the proceeds, and 21 no more.



As used in this subsection "tourism related services" means 1 catamaran cruises, canoe rides, dinner cruises, lei greetings, 2 3 transportation included in a tour package, sightseeing tours not subject to chapter 239, admissions to luaus, dinner shows, 4 5 extravaganzas, cultural and educational facilities, and other services rendered directly to the customer or tourist, but only 6 if the providers of the services other than air transportation 7 are subject to a [four] 4 per cent tax under this chapter or 8 9 chapter 239. 10 [<del>(g)</del>] (e) Where transient accommodations are furnished through arrangements made by a travel agency or tour packager at 11 noncommissioned negotiated contract rates and the gross income 12 13 is divided between the operator of transient accommodations on the one hand and the travel agency or tour packager on the other 14 hand, the tax imposed by this chapter shall apply to each [such] 15 person with respect to [such] the person's respective portion of 16 17 the proceeds, and no more. As used in this subsection, the words "transient 18 accommodations" and "operator" shall be defined in the same 19



20

manner as they are defined in section 237D-1.

1  $[\frac{h}{h}]$  (f) Where the transportation of passengers or 2 property is furnished through arrangements between motor 3 carriers, and the gross income is divided between the motor 4 carriers, any tax imposed by this chapter shall apply to each 5 motor carrier with respect to each motor carrier's respective 6 portion of the proceeds. 7 As used in this subsection: 8 "Carrier" means a person who engages in transportation, and 9 does not include a person such as a freight forwarder or tour 10 packager who provides transportation by contracting with others, 11 except to the extent that [such] the person [oneself] engages in 12 transportation. 13 "Contract carrier" means a person other than a public 14 utility as defined under section 239-2 or taxicab, [which] that 15 under contracts or agreements, engages in the transportation of 16 persons or property for compensation, by land, water, or air. 17 "Motor carrier" means a common carrier or contract carrier 18 transporting persons or property for compensation on the public 19 highways, other than a public utility as defined under section 20 239-2 or taxicab.

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"Public highways" has the meaning defined by section 264-1
1
2
    including both state and county highways, but operation upon
3
    rails shall not be deemed transportation on the public
    highways."
4
5
         SECTION 16. Section 237-21, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
6
    amended to read as follows:
         "$237-21 Apportionment. If any person [, other than
7
8
    persons liable to the tax on manufacturers as provided by
9
    section 237-13(1)_{7}] is engaged in business both within and
10
    without the State or in selling goods for delivery outside the
11
    State, and if under the Constitution or laws of the United
12
    States or section 237-29.5 the entire gross income of [such] the
13
    person cannot be included in the measure of this tax, there
14
    shall be apportioned to the State and included in the measure of
15
    the tax that portion of the gross income [which] that is derived
16
    from activities within the State, to the extent that the
17
    apportionment is required by the Constitution or laws of the
18
    United States or section 237-29.5. [In the case of a tax upon
19
    the production of property in the State the apportionment shall
20
    be determined as in the case of the tax on manufacturers.
21
    other cases, if and to the extent that the apportionment cannot
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1	De accurac	ery made by separate accounting methods, there sharr
2	be apporti	oned to the State and included in the measure of this
3	tax that p	roportion of the total gross income, so requiring
4	apportionm	ent, which the cost of doing business within the
5	State, app	licable to the gross income, bears to the cost of
6	doing busi	ness both within and without the State, applicable to
7	the gross	income."
8	SECTI	ON 17. Section 237-24, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
9	amended to	read as follows:
10	"§237	-24 Amounts not taxable. This chapter shall not
11	apply to t	he following amounts:
12	(1)	Amounts received under life insurance policies and
13		contracts paid by reason of the death of the insured;
14	(2)	Amounts received (other than amounts paid by reason of
15		death of the insured) under life insurance, endowment,
16		or annuity contracts, either during the term or at
17	:	maturity or upon surrender of the contract;
18	(3)	Amounts received under any accident insurance or
19		health insurance policy or contract or under workers'
20		compensation acts or employers' liability acts, as
21		compensation for personal injuries, death, or

1		sickness, including also the amount of any damages or
2		other compensation received, whether as a result of
3		action or by private agreement between the parties on
4		account of the personal injuries, death, or sickness;
5	(4)	The value of all property of every kind and sort
6		acquired by gift, bequest, or devise, and the value of
7		all property acquired by descent or inheritance;
8	(5)	Amounts received by any person as compensatory damages
9		for any tort injury to the person, or to the person's
10		character reputation, or received as compensatory
11		damages for any tort injury to or destruction of
12		property, whether as the result of action or by
13		private agreement between the parties (provided that
14		amounts received as punitive damages for tort injury
15		or breach of contract injury shall be included in
16		gross income);
17	(6)	Amounts received as salaries or wages for services
18		rendered by an employee to an employer;
19	(7)	Amounts received as alimony and other similar payments
20		and settlements;

1	(8)	Amounts collected by distributors as fuel taxes on
2		"liquid fuel" imposed by chapter 243, and the amounts
3		collected by [such] the distributors as a fuel tax
4	1	imposed by any Act of the Congress of the United
5		States;
6	(9)	Taxes on liquor imposed by chapter 244D on dealers
7		holding permits under that chapter;
8	[ <del>(10)</del>	The amounts of taxes on cigarettes and tobacco
9		products imposed by chapter 245 on wholesalers or
10		dealers holding licenses under that chapter and
11		selling the products at wholesale;
12	<del>(11)</del> ]	(10) Federal excise taxes imposed on articles sold at
13		retail and collected from the purchasers thereof and
14		paid to the federal government by the retailer;
15	[ <del>(12)</del>	The amounts of federal taxes under chapter 37 of the
16		Internal Revenue Code, or similar federal taxes,
17		imposed on sugar manufactured in the State, paid by
18		the manufacturer to the federal government;
19	<del>(13)</del>	An amount up to, but not in excess of, \$2,000 a year
20		of gross income]



1	(11)	Amou	nts received by any blind, deaf, or totally
2		disa	bled person engaging, or continuing, in any
3		busi	ness, trade, activity, occupation, or calling
4		with	in the State; a corporation all of whose
5		outs	tanding shares are owned by an individual or
6		indi	viduals who are blind, deaf, or totally disabled;
7		a ge	neral, limited, or limited liability partnership,
8		all	of whose partners are blind, deaf, or totally
9		disa	bled; or a limited liability company, all of whose
10		memb	ers are blind, deaf, or totally disabled;
11	[-(14)-	Amou	nts received by a producer of sugarcane from the
12		manu	facturer to whom the producer sells the sugarcane,
13		wher	e:
14		<del>(A)</del>	The producer is an independent cane farmer, so
15			classed by the Secretary of Agriculture under the
16			Sugar Act of 1948 (61 Stat. 922, chapter 519) as
17			the Act may be amended or supplemented;
18		<del>(B)</del>	The value or gross proceeds of the sale of the
19			sugar, and other products manufactured from the
20			sugarcane, are included in the measure of the tax



1			levied on the manufacturer under section 237-
2			<del>13(1) or (2);</del>
3		<del>(C)</del>	The producer's gross proceeds of sales are
4			dependent upon the actual value of the products
5			manufactured therefrom or the average value of
6			all similar products manufactured by the
7			manufacturer; and
8		<del>(D)</del>	The producer's gross proceeds of sales are
9			reduced by reason of the tax on the value or sale
10			of the manufactured products;
11	<del>(15)</del> ]	(12)	Money paid by the State or eleemosynary child-
12		plac:	ing organizations to foster parents for their care
13		of cl	nildren in foster homes;
14	[ <del>(16)</del> ]	(13)	Amounts received by a cooperative housing
15		corp	oration from its shareholders in reimbursement of
16		fund	s paid by the corporation for lease rental, real
17		prop	erty taxes, and other expenses of operating and
18		main	taining the cooperative land and improvements;
19		prov	ided that the cooperative corporation is a
20		corp	oration:

1		(A)	having one and only one class of stock
2			outstanding;
3		(B)	Each of the stockholders of which is entitled
4			solely by reason of the stockholder's ownership
5			of stock in the corporation, to occupy for
6			dwelling purposes a house, or an apartment in a
7			building owned or leased by the corporation; and
8		(C)	No stockholder of which is entitled (either
9			conditionally or unconditionally) to receive any
10			distribution not out of earnings and profits of
11			the corporation except in a complete or partial
12			liquidation of the corporation;
13	[ <del>(17)</del> ]	(14)	Amounts received by a managed care support
14		cont	ractor of the TRICARE program that is established
15		unde	r title 10 United States Code chapter 55, as
16		amen	ded, for the actual cost or advancement to third
17		part	y health care providers pursuant to a contract
18		with	the United States; and
19	[ <del>(18)</del> ]	<u>(15)</u>	Amounts received by a contractor of the Patient-
20		Cente	ered Community Care program that is established by
21		the U	United States Department of Veterans Affairs

1		pursuant to title 38 United States Code section 8153,
2		as amended, for the actual costs or advancements to
3		third party health care providers pursuant to a
4		contract with the United States."
5	SECT	ION 18. Section 237-24.3, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
6	amended to	o read as follows:
7	"§23	7-24.3 Additional amounts not taxable. In addition to
8	the amoun	ts not taxable under section 237-24, this chapter shall
9	not apply	to:
10	(1)	Amounts received from the loading, transportation, and
11		unloading of agricultural commodities shipped for a
12		producer or produce dealer on one island of this State
13		to a person, firm, or organization on another island
14		of this State. The terms "agricultural commodity",
15		"producer", and "produce dealer" shall be defined in
16		the same manner as they are defined in section 147-1;
17		provided that agricultural commodities need not have
18		been produced in the State;
19	(2)	Amounts received by the manager, submanager, or board
20	4	of directors of:

1		(A)	An association of owners of a condominium
2			property regime established in accordance with
3			chapter 514A or 514B; or
4		(B)	A nonprofit homeowners or community association
5			incorporated in accordance with chapter 414D or
6			any predecessor thereto and existing pursuant to
7			covenants running with the land,
8		in r	eimbursement of sums paid for common expenses;
9	(3)	Amou	nts received or accrued from:
10		(A)	The loading or unloading of cargo from ships,
11			barges, vessels, or aircraft, whether or not the
12			ships, barges, vessels, or aircraft travel
13			between the State and other states or countries
14			or between the islands of the State;
15		(B)	Tugboat services including pilotage fees
16			performed within the State, and the towage of
17			ships, barges, or vessels in and out of state
18			harbors, or from one pier to another; and
19		(C)	The transportation of pilots or governmental
20			officials to ships, barges, or vessels offshore;
21			rigging gear; checking freight and similar

1	services;	standby	charges;	and	use	of	moorings
2	and runnir	ng moorin	ng lines;				

3 (4)Amounts received by an employee benefit plan by way of 4 contributions, dividends, interest, and other income; 5 and amounts received by a nonprofit organization or 6 office, as payments for costs and expenses incurred for the administration of an employee benefit plan; 7 8 provided that this exemption shall not apply to any 9 gross rental income or gross rental proceeds received after June 30, 1994, as income from investments in 10 11 real property in this State; and provided further that 12 gross rental income or gross rental proceeds from investments in real property received by an employee 13 14 benefit plan after June 30, 1994, under written 15 contracts executed prior to July 1, 1994, shall not be 16 taxed until the contracts are renegotiated, renewed, or extended, or until after December 31, 1998, 17 whichever is earlier. For the purposes of this 18 19 paragraph, "employee benefit plan" means any plan as 20 defined in section 1002(3) of title 29 of the United 21 States Code, as amended;

1	(5)	Amounts received for purchases made with United States
2		Department of Agriculture food coupons under the
3		federal food stamp program, and amounts received for
4		purchases made with United States Department of
5		Agriculture food vouchers under the Special
6		Supplemental Foods Program for Women, Infants and
7		Children;
8	(6)	Amounts received by a hospital, infirmary, medical
9		clinic, health care facility, pharmacy, or a
10		practitioner licensed to administer the drug to an
11		individual for selling prescription drugs or
12		prosthetic devices to an individual; provided that
13		this paragraph shall not apply to any amounts received
14		for services provided in selling prescription drugs or
15		prosthetic devices. As used in this paragraph:
16		"Prescription drugs" are those drugs defined
17		under section 328-1 and dispensed by filling or
18		refilling a written or oral prescription by a
19		practitioner licensed under law to administer the drug

and sold by a licensed pharmacist under section 328-16

or practitioners licensed to administer drugs; and

**20** 

21

1	"Prosthetic device" means [any artificial device
2	or appliance, instrument, apparatus, or contrivance,
3	including their components, parts, accessories, and
4	replacements thereof, used to replace a missing or
5	surgically removed part of the human body, which is
6	prescribed by a licensed practitioner of medicine,
7	osteopathy, or podiatry and which is sold by the
8	practitioner or which is dispensed and sold by a
9	dealer of prosthetic devices; provided that
10	"prosthetic device" shall not mean any auditory,
11	ophthalmic, dental, or ocular device or appliance,
12	instrument, apparatus, or contrivance; a replacement,
13	corrective, or supportive device including repair and
14	replacement parts for the device, worn on or in the
15	body to:
16	(A) Artificially replace a missing portion of the
17	body;
18	(B) Prevent or correct physical deformity or
19	malfunction; or
20	(C) Support a weak or deformed portion of the body.

1		A prosthetic device does not include corrective
2		eyeglasses, contact lenses, hearing aids, and dental
3		prosthesis;
4	(7)	Taxes on transient accommodations imposed by chapter
5		237D and passed on and collected by operators holding
6		certificates of registration under that chapter;
7	(8)	Amounts received as dues by an unincorporated
8		merchants association from its membership for
9		advertising media, promotional, and advertising costs
10		for the promotion of the association for the benefit
11		of its members as a whole and not for the benefit of
12		an individual member or group of members less than the
13		entire membership;
14	(9)	Amounts received by a labor organization for real
15		property leased to:
16		(A) A labor organization; or
17		(B) A trust fund established by a labor organization
18		for the benefit of its members, families, and
19		dependents for medical or hospital care, pensions
20		on retirement or death of employees,

1		apprenticeship and training, and other membership
2		service programs.
3		As used in this paragraph, "labor organization" means
4		a labor organization exempt from federal income tax
5		under section 501(c)(5) (with respect to exemption
6		from tax on corporations, certain trusts, etc.) of the
7		<pre>Internal Revenue Code[, as amended];</pre>
8	(10)	Amounts received from foreign diplomats and consular
9		officials who are holding cards issued or authorized
10		by the United States Department of State granting them
11		an exemption from state taxes; and
12	(11)	Amounts received as rent for the rental or leasing of
13		aircraft or aircraft engines used by the lessees or
14	•	renters for interstate air transportation of
15		passengers and goods. For purposes of this paragraph,
16		payments made pursuant to a lease shall be considered
17		rent regardless of whether the lease is an operating
18		lease or a financing lease. The definition of
19		"interstate air transportation" is the same as in 49
20		U.S.C. section 40102."

1	SECTION 19. Section 237-31, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
2	amended to read as follows:
3	"§237-31 Remittances. All remittances of taxes imposed by
4	this chapter shall be made by money, bank draft, check,
5	cashier's check, money order, or certificate of deposit to the
6	office of the department of taxation to which the return was
7	transmitted. The department shall issue its receipts therefor
8	to the taxpayer and shall pay the moneys into the state treasury
9	as a state realization, to be kept and accounted for as provided
10	by law; provided that:
11	(1) A sum, not to exceed \$5,000,000, from all general
12	excise tax revenues realized by the State shall be
13	deposited in the state treasury in each fiscal year to
14	the credit of the compound interest bond reserve fund;
15	(2) A sum from all general excise tax revenues realized by
16	the State that is equal to one-half of the total
17	amount of funds appropriated or transferred out of the
18	hurricane reserve trust fund under sections 4 and 5 of
19	Act 62, Session Laws of Hawaii 2011, shall be
20	deposited into the hurricane reserve trust fund in
21	fiscal year 2013-2014 and in fiscal year 2014-2015;

1		provided that the deposit required in each fiscal year
2		shall be made by October 1 of that fiscal year; [and
3	<del>[</del> ](3)[ <del>]</del> ]	Commencing with fiscal year 2018-2019, a sum from all
4		general excise tax revenues realized by the State that
5		represents the difference between the state public
6		employer's annual required contribution for the
7		separate trust fund established under section 87A-42
8		and the amount of the state public employer's
9		contributions into that trust fund shall be deposited
10		to the credit of the State's annual required
11		contribution into that trust fund in each fiscal year,
12		as provided in section 87A-42[+]; and
13	(4)	All tax revenues realized by the State under chapters
14		A, B, and C, respectively, shall be deposited in the
15		state treasury."
16	SECT	ION 20. Section 237-34, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
17	amended b	y amending subsection (b) to read as follows:
18	"(b)	All tax returns and return information required to be
19	filed und	er this chapter, and the report of any investigation of
20	the retur	n or of the subject matter of the return, shall be
21	confident	ial. It shall be unlawful for any person or any



1	officer of emproyee of the state, including the auditor of the
2	auditor's agent with regard to tax return information obtained
3	pursuant to section $23-5(a)$ , to intentionally make known
4	information imparted by any tax return or return information
5	filed pursuant to this chapter, or any report of any
6	investigation of the return or of the subject matter of the
7	return, or to wilfully permit any return, return information, or
8	report so made, or any copy thereof, to be seen or examined by
9	any person; provided that for tax purposes only, the taxpayer,
10	the taxpayer's authorized agent, or persons with a material
11	interest in the return, return information, or report may
12	examine them. Unless otherwise provided by law, persons with a
13	material interest in the return, return information, or report
14	shall include:
15	(1) Trustees;
16	(2) Partners;
17	(3) Persons named in a board resolution or a $[\frac{1}{2}]$ per
18	cent shareholder in the case of a corporate return;
19	(4) The person authorized to act for a corporation in
20	dissolution;
21	(5) The shareholder of an S corporation;



1	(6)	The personal representative, trustee, heir, or
2		beneficiary of an estate or trust in the case of the
3		estate's or decedent's return;
4	(7)	The committee, trustee, or guardian of any person in
5		paragraphs (1) through (6) who is incompetent;
6	(8)	The trustee in bankruptcy or receiver, and the
7		attorney-in-fact of any person in paragraphs (1)
8		through (7);
9	(9)	Persons duly authorized by the State in connection
10		with their official duties;
11	(10)	Any duly accredited tax official of the United States
12		or of any state or territory;
13	(11)	The Multistate Tax Commission or its authorized
14		representative;
15	(12)	Members of a limited liability company; [and]
16	(13)	A person contractually obligated to pay the taxes
17		assessed against another when the latter person is
18		under audit by the department[-]; and
19	(14)	The Streamlined Sales Tax Governing Board, Inc., or
20		its authorized representative.



1	Any violation of this subsection shall be a class C
2	felony."
3	SECTION 21. Section 238-2, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
4	amended to read as follows:
5	"§238-2 Imposition of tax on tangible personal property;
6	exemptions. There is hereby levied an excise tax on the use in
7	this State of tangible personal property [which] that is
8	imported by a taxpayer in this State whether owned, purchased
9	from an unlicensed seller, or however acquired for use in this
10	State[-], unless subject to tax or exempt from tax under chapter
- 11	$\underline{\mathtt{B.}}$ The tax imposed by this chapter shall accrue when the
12	property is acquired by the importer or purchaser and becomes
13	subject to the taxing jurisdiction of the State. The [rates]
14	<pre>rate of the tax hereby imposed [and the exemptions thereof are</pre>
15	as follows:
16	(1) If the importer or purchaser is licensed under chapter
17	237 and is:
18	(A) A wholesaler or jobber importing or purchasing
19	for purposes of sale or resale; or
20	(B) A manufacturer importing or purchasing material
21	or commodities which are to be incorporated by



1	the manufacturer into a finished or saleable
2	product (including the container or package in
3	which the product is contained) wherein it will
4	remain in such form as to be perceptible to the
5	senses, and which finished or saleable product is
6	to be sold in such manner as to result in a
7	further tax on the activity of the manufacturer
8	as the manufacturer or as a wholesaler, and not
9	<del>as a retailer,</del>
10	there shall be no tax; provided that if the
11	wholesaler, jobber, or manufacturer is also engaged in
12	business as a retailer (so classed under chapter 237),
13	paragraph (2) shall apply to the wholesaler, jobber,
14	or manufacturer, but the director of taxation shall
15	refund to the wholesaler, jobber, or manufacturer, in
16	the manner provided under section 231-23 (c) such
17	amount of tax as the wholesaler, jobber, or
18	manufacturer shall, to the satisfaction of the
19	director, establish to have been paid by the
20	wholesaler, jobber, or manufacturer to the director
21	with respect to property which has been used by the

1		whol	esaler, jobber, or manufacturer for the purposes	
2		stated in this paragraph;		
3	<del>(2)</del>	If the importer or purchaser is licensed under chapter		
4		237	and is:	
5		<del>(A)</del>	A retailer or other person importing or	
6			purchasing for purposes of sale or resale, not	
7			exempted by paragraph (1);	
8		<del>(B)</del>	A manufacturer importing or purchasing material	
9			or commodities which are to be incorporated by	
10			the manufacturer into a finished or saleable	
11			product (including the container or package in	
12			which the product is contained) wherein it will	
13			remain in such form as to be perceptible to the	
14			senses, and which finished or saleable product is	
15			to be sold at retail in this State, in such	
16			manner as to result in a further tax on the	
17			activity of the manufacturer in selling such	
18		ē	products at retail;	
19		<del>(C)</del>	A contractor importing or purchasing material or	
20			commodities which are to be incorporated by the	
21			contractor into the finished work or project	



1		required by the contract and which will remain in
2		such finished work or project in such form as to
3		be perceptible to the senses;
4	<del>(D)-</del>	A-person engaged in a service business or calling
5		as defined in section 237-7, or a person
6		furnishing transient accommodations subject to
7		the tax imposed by section 237D-2, in which the
8		import or purchase of tangible personal property
9		would have qualified as a sale at wholesale as
10		defined in section 237-4(a)(8) had the seller of
11		the property been subject to the tax in chapter
12		<del>237; or</del>
13	<del>(E)</del>	A publisher of magazines or similar printed
14		materials containing advertisements, when the
15		publisher is under contract with the advertisers
16		to distribute a minimum number of magazines or
17		similar printed materials to the public or
18		defined segment of the public, whether or not
19		there is a charge to the persons who actually
20		receive the magazines or similar printed
21		materials,

1	the tax shall be one-half of one per cent of the
2	purchase price of the property, if the purchase and
3	sale are consummated in Hawaii; or, if there is no
4	purchase price applicable thereto, or if the purchase
5	or sale is consummated outside of Hawaii, then one-
6	half of one per cent of the value of such property;
7	<del>and</del>
8	(3) In all other cases, four] is 4 per cent of the value
9	of the property.
10	For purposes of this section, tangible personal property is
11	property that is imported by the taxpayer for use in this State,
12	notwithstanding the fact that title to the property, or the risk
13	of loss to the property, passes to the purchaser of the property
14	at a location outside this State."
15	SECTION 22. Section 238-2.3, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
16	amended to read as follows:
17	"§238-2.3 Imposition of tax on imported services or
18	contracting; exemptions. There is hereby levied an excise tax
19	on the value of services or contracting as defined in section
20	237-6 that are performed by an unlicensed seller at a point
21	outside the State and imported or purchased for use in this



1	State $[-]$ , unless subject to tax or exempt from tax under chapter
2	$\underline{\mathtt{B.}}$ The tax imposed by this chapter shall accrue when the
3	service or contracting as defined in section 237-6 is received
4	by the importer or purchaser and becomes subject to the taxing
5	jurisdiction of the State. The [rates] rate of the tax hereby
6	imposed [and the exemptions from the tax are as follows:
7	(1) If the importer or purchaser is licensed under chapter
8	237 and is:
9	-(A) Engaged in a service business or calling in which
10	the imported or purchased services or contracting
11	become identifiable elements, excluding overhead,
12	of the services rendered by the importer or
13	purchaser, and the gross income of the importer
14	or purchaser is subject to the tax imposed under
15	chapter 237 on services at the rate of one-half
16	of one per cent or the rate of tax imposed under
17	section 237-13.3;
18	(B) A manufacturer importing or purchasing services
19	or contracting that become identifiable elements,
20	excluding overhead, of a finished or saleable
21	product (including the container or package in

1	which the product is contained) and the finished
2	or saleable product is to be sold in a manner
3	that results in a further tax on the manufacturer
4	as a wholesaler, and not a retailer; or
5	(C) A contractor importing or purchasing contracting
6	that become identifiable elements, excluding
7	overhead, of the finished work or project
8	required under the contract; provided that:
9	(i) The gross proceeds derived by the contractor
10	are subject to the tax under section 237-
11	13(3) as a contractor; and
12	(ii) The contractor could have deducted amounts
13	paid to the subcontractor under section 237-
14	13(3)(B) if the subcontractor was subject to
15	general excise tax under chapter 237;
16	there shall be no tax imposed on the value of the
17	imported or purchased services or contracting;
18	provided that if the manufacturer is also engaged in
19	business as a retailer as classified under chapter
20	237, paragraph (2) shall apply to the manufacturer,
21	but the director of taxation shall refund to the



1		manufacturer, in the manner provided under-section		
2		231-23(c), that amount of tax that the manufacturer,		
3		to the satisfaction of the director, shall establish		
4		to have been paid by the manufacturer to the director		
5		with respect to services that have been used by the		
6		manufacturer for the purposes stated in this		
7		<del>paragraph.</del>		
8	<del>(2)</del>	If the importer or purchaser is a person licensed		
9		under chapter 237 and is:		
10		(A) Engaged in a service-business or calling in which		
11		the imported or purchased services or contracting		
12		become identifiable elements, excluding overhead,		
13		of the services rendered by the importer or		
14		purchaser, and the gross income from those		
15		services when sold by the importer or purchaser		
16		is subject to the tax imposed under chapter 237		
17		at the highest-rate;		
18		(B) A manufacturer importing or purchasing services		
19		or contracting that become identifiable elements,		
20		excluding overhead, of the finished or saleable		
21		manufactured product (including the container or		

1		Ŧ	eackage in which the product is contained) and
2		ŧ	the finished or saleable product is to be sold in
3		ਦੰ	manner that results in a further tax under
4		€	chapter 237 on the activity of the manufacturer
5		ŧ	us a retailer; or
6		<del>(C)</del> #	-contractor-importing or purchasing services
7		ŧ	that become identifiable elements, excluding
8		€	overhead, of the finished work or project
9		<del>1</del>	required, under the contract, and where the gross
10		ŧ	proceeds derived by the contractor are subject to
11		ŧ	the tax under section 237-13(3) as a contractor,
12		the ta	ex shall be one-half of one per cent of the value
13		of the	e imported or purchased services or contracting;
14		<del>and</del>	
15	<del>(3)</del>	<del>In all</del>	Lother cases, the importer or purchaser is
16		subjec	ct to the tax at the rate of four] is 4 per cent
17		on the	e value of the imported or purchased services or
18		contra	acting."
19	SECT	ION 23.	. Section 238-2.6, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
20	amended by	y ameno	ding subsection (a) to read as follows:



1 The county surcharge on state tax, upon the adoption of a county ordinance and in accordance with the requirements of 2 3 section 46-16.8, shall be levied, assessed, and collected as provided in this section on the value of property and services 4 taxable under this chapter. No county shall set the surcharge 5 6 on state tax at a rate greater than [one-half] 0.5 per cent of 7 the value of property taxable under this chapter. All provisions of this chapter shall apply to the county surcharge 8 No county shall conduct an independent audit of 9 on state tax. sellers registered under the streamlined sales and use tax 10 agreement. With respect to the surcharge, the director shall 11 12 have all the rights and powers provided under this chapter. addition, the director of taxation shall have the exclusive 13 rights and power to determine the county or counties in which a 14 15 person imports or purchases tangible personal property and, in the case of a person importing or purchasing tangible property 16 in more than one county, the director shall determine, through 17 18 apportionment or other means, that portion of the surcharge on state tax attributable to the importation or purchase in each 19 20 county."

1	SECT	ION 24. Section 237-4, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
2	repealed.	
3	[" <del>§2</del>	37-4 "Wholesaler", "jobber", defined. (a)
4	<del>"Wholesal</del>	er" or "jobber" applies only to a person making sales
5	at wholes	ale. Only the following are sales at wholesale:
6	<del>(1)</del>	Sales to a licensed retail merchant, jobber, or other
7		licensed seller for purposes of resale;
8	<del>(2)</del>	Sales to a licensed manufacturer of materials or
9		commodities that are to be incorporated by the
10		manufacturer into a finished or saleable product
11		(including the container or package in which the
12		product is contained) during the course of its
13		preservation, manufacture, or processing, including
14		preparation for market, and that will remain in such
15		finished or saleable product in such form as to be
16		perceptible to the senses, which finished or saleable
17		product is to be sold and not otherwise used by the
18		manufacturer;
19	<del>(3)</del>	Sales to a licensed producer or cooperative
20		association of materials or commodities that are to be
21		incorporated by the producer or by the cooperative



1		association into a finished or saleable product that
2		is to be sold and not otherwise used by the producer
3		or cooperative association, including specifically
4		materials or commodities expended as essential to the
5		planting, growth, nurturing, and production of
6		commodities that are sold by the producer or by the
7		cooperative association;
8	<del>(4)</del>	Sales to a licensed contractor, of materials or
9		commodities that are to be incorporated by the
10		contractor into the finished work or project required
11		by the contract and that will remain in such finished
12		work or project in such form as to be perceptible to
13		the senses;
14	<del>(5)</del>	Sales to a licensed producer, or to a cooperative
15		association described in section 237-23(a)(7) for sale
16		to a licensed producer, or to a licensed person
17		operating a feed lot, of poultry or animal feed,
18		hatching eggs, semen, replacement stock, breeding
19		services for the purpose of raising or producing
20		animal or poultry products for disposition as
21		described in section 237-5 or for incorporation into a



1		manufactured product as described in paragraph (2) or
2		for the purpose of breeding, hatching, milking, or egg
3		laying other than for the customer's own consumption
4		of the meat, poultry, eggs, or milk so produced;
5		provided that in the case of a feed lot operator, only
6		the segregated cost of the feed furnished by the feed
7		lot operator as part of the feed lot operator's
8		service to a licensed producer of poultry or animals
9		to be butchered or to a cooperative association
10		described in section 237-23(a)(7) of such licensed
11		producers shall be deemed to be a sale at wholesale;
12		and provided further that any amount derived from the
13		furnishing of feed lot services, other than the
14		segregated cost of feed, shall be deemed taxable at
15		the service business rate. This paragraph shall not
16		apply to the sale of feed for poultry or animals to be
17		used for hauling, transportation, or sports purposes;
18	<del>(6)</del>	Sales to a licensed producer, or to a cooperative
19		association described in section 237-23(a)(7) for sale
20		to the producer, of seed or seedstock for producing
21		agricultural and aquacultural products, or bait for

1		catching fish (including the catching of bait for
2		catching fish), which agricultural and aquacultural
3		products or fish are to be disposed of as described in
4		section 237-5 or to be incorporated in a manufactured
5		product as described in paragraph (2);
6	<del>(7)</del>	Sales to a licensed producer, or to a cooperative
7		association described in section 237-23(a)(7) for sale
8		to such producer; of polypropylene shade cloth; of
9		polyfilm; of polyethylene film; of cartons and such
10		other containers, wrappers, and sacks, and binders to
11		be used for packaging eggs, vegetables, fruits, and
12		other agricultural and aquacultural products; of
13		seedlings and cuttings for producing nursery plants or
14		aquacultural products; or of chick containers; which
15		cartons and such other containers, wrappers, and
16		sacks, binders, seedlings, cuttings, and containers
17		are to be used as described in section 237-5, or to be
18		incorporated in a manufactured product as described in
19		paragraph (2);
20	<del>(8)</del>	Sales of tangible personal property where:



1		<del>-(A)-</del>	Tangible personal property is sold upon the order
2			or request of a licensed seller for the purpose
3			of rendering a service in the course of the
4			person's service business or calling, or upon the
5			order or request of a person-subject to tax under
6			section 237D-2 for the purpose of furnishing
7			transient accommodations;
8		<del>(B)</del>	The tangible personal property becomes or is used
9			as-an-identifiable element of the service
10			rendered; and
11	•	<del>(C)</del>	The cost of the tangible personal property does
12			not constitute overhead to the licensed seller;
13		the	sale shall be subject to section 237-13.3;
14	<del>(9)</del>	Sale	s to a licensed leasing company of capital goods
15		that	have a depreciable life, are purchased by the
16		<del>leas</del>	ing company for lease to its customers, and are
17		ther	eafter leased as a service to others;
18	<del>(10)</del>	Sale	s of services to a licensed seller engaging in a
19		busi	ness or calling whenever:
20		<del>(A)</del>	Either:

1	<del>(i)</del>	In the context of a service-to-service
2		transaction, a service is rendered upon the
3		order or request of a licensed seller for
4		the purpose of rendering another service in
5		the course of the seller's service business
6		or calling, including a dealer's furnishing
7		of goods or services to the purchaser of
8		tangible personal property to fulfill a
9		warranty obligation of the manufacturer of
10		the property;
11	<del>(ii)</del>	In the context of a service-to-tangible
12		personal property transaction, a service is
13		rendered upon the order or request of a
14		licensed seller for the purpose of
15		manufacturing, producing, or preparing
16		tangible personal property to be sold;
17	<del>(iii)</del>	In the context of a services-to-contracting
18		transaction, a service is rendered upon the
19		order or request of a licensed contractor as
20		defined in section 237-6 for the purpose of
21		assisting that licensed contractor; or

1		<del>(iv)</del>	In the context of a services-to-transient
2			accommodations rental transaction, a service
3			is rendered upon the order or request of a
4			person subject to tax under section 237D-2
5			for the purpose of furnishing transient
6			accommodations;
7	<del>(B)</del>	The	penefit of the service passes to the customer
8		of t	he licensed seller, licensed contractor, or
9		<del>pers</del>	on furnishing transient accommodations as an
10		iden	tifiable element of the other service or
11		prop	erty to be sold, the contracting, or the
12		furn	ishing of transient accommodations;
13	<del>(C)</del>	The	cost of the service does not constitute
14		<del>over</del>	head to the licensed seller, licensed
15		cont	ractor, or person furnishing transient
16		acco	mmodations;
17	<del>(D)</del>	The	gross income of the licensed seller is not
18		divi	ded between the licensed seller and another
19		lice	nsed seller, contractor, or person furnishing
20		<del>tran</del>	sient accommodations for imposition of the
21		<del>tax</del>	under-this chapter;

1		(E) The gross income of the licensed seller is not
2		subject to a deduction under this chapter or
3		<del>chapter 237D; and</del>
4		(F) The resale of the service, tangible personal
5		property, contracting, or transient
6		accommodations is subject to the tax imposed
7		under this chapter at the highest tax rate.
8		Sales subject to this paragraph shall be subject to
9		section 237-13.3;
10	(11)	Sales to a licensed retail merchant, jobber, or other
11		licensed seller of bulk condiments or prepackaged
12		single-serving packets of condiments that are provided
13		to customers by the licensed retail merchant, jobber,
14		or other licensed seller;
15	<del>(12)</del>	Sales to a licensed retail merchant, jobber, or other
16		licensed seller of tangible personal property that
17		will be incorporated or processed by the licensed
18		retail merchant, jobber, or other licensed seller into
19		a finished or saleable product during the course of
20		its preparation for market (including disposable,
21		nonreturnable containers, packages, or wrappers, in



1		which the product is contained and that are generally
2		known and most commonly used to contain food or
3		beverage for transfer or delivery), and which finished
4		or saleable product is to be sold and not otherwise
5		used by the licensed retail merchant, jobber, or other
6		<del>licensed seller;</del>
7	<del>(13)</del>	Sales of amusements subject to taxation under section
8		237-13(4) to a licensed seller engaging in a business
9		or-calling whenever:
10		(A) Either:
11		(i) In the context of an amusement-to-service
12		transaction, an amusement is rendered upon
13		the order or request of a licensed seller
14		for the purpose of rendering another service
15		in the course of the seller's service
16		business or calling;
17		(ii) In the context of an amusement-to-tangible
18		personal property transaction, an amusement
19		is rendered upon the order or request of a
20		licensed seller for the purpose of selling
21		tangible personal property; or

1	<del>(iii)</del>	In the context of an amusement-to-amusement
2		transaction, an amusement is rendered upon
3		the order or request of a licensed seller
4		for the purpose of rendering another
5		amusement in the course of the person's
6		amusement business;
7	<del>(B)</del> The k	enefit of the amusement passes to the
8	custo	mer of the licensed seller as an
9	<del>ident</del>	ifiable element of the other service,
10	tangi	ble personal property to be sold, or
11	<del>amusc</del>	<del>ement;</del>
12	<del>(C)</del> The c	cost of the amusement does not constitute
13	overh	read to the licensed seller;
14	<del>(D)</del> The c	gross income of the licensed seller is not
15	divio	led between the licensed seller and another
16	licer	ased seller, person furnishing transient
17	accon	modations, or person rendering an amusement
18	for	mposition of the tax under chapter 237;
19	<del>(E)</del> The c	gross income of the licensed seller is not
20	<del>subj</del> e	ect to a deduction under this chapter; and

1		(F) The resale of the service, tangible personal
2		property, or amusement is subject to the tax
3		imposed under this chapter at the highest rate.
4		As used in this paragraph, "amusement" means
5		entertainment provided as part of a show for which
6		there is an admission charge. Sales subject to this
7		paragraph shall be subject to section 237-13.3; and
8	(14)	Sales by a printer to a publisher of magazines or
9		similar printed materials containing advertisements,
10		when the publisher is under contract with the
11		advertisers to distribute a minimum number of
12		magazines or similar printed materials to the public
13		or defined segment of the public, whether or not there
14		is a charge to the persons who actually receive the
15		magazines or similar printed materials.
16	<del>(b)</del>	If the use tax law is finally held by a court of
17	competent	jurisdiction to be unconstitutional or invalid insofar
18	<del>as it pur</del>	orts to tax the use or consumption of tangible
19	<del>personal</del>	roperty imported into the State in interstate or
20	<del>foreign c</del>	mmerce or both, wholesalers and jobbers shall be taxed
21	thereafte	under this chapter in accordance with the following



1 definition (which shall supersede the preceding paragraph otherwise defining "wholesaler" or "jobber"): "Wholesaler" or 2 3 "jobber" means a person, or a definitely organized division 4 thereof, definitely organized to render and rendering a general 5 distribution service that buys and maintains at the person's 6 place of business a stock or lines of merchandise that the person distributes; and that the person, through salespersons, 7 8 advertising, or sales promotion devices, sells to licensed 9 retailers, to institutional or licensed commercial or industrial 10 users, in wholesale quantities and at wholesale rates. A 11 corporation deemed not to be carrying on a trade or business in 12 this State under section 235-6 shall nevertheless be deemed to 13 be a wholesaler and shall be subject to the tax imposed by this 14 chapter."] 15 SECTION 25. Section 237-5, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is 16 repealed. ["\$237-5 "Producer" defined. "Producer" means any person **17** 18 engaged in the business of raising and producing agricultural 19 products in their natural state, or in producing natural 20 resource products, or engaged in the business of fishing or 21 aquaculture, for sale, or for shipment or transportation out of



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1
    the State, of the agricultural or aquaculture products in their
2
    natural or processed state, or butchered and dressed, or the
3
    natural resource products, or fish.
4
         As used in this section "agricultural products" include
5
    floricultural, horticultural, viticultural, forestry, nut,
6
    coffee, dairy, livestock, poultry, bee, animal, and any other
7
    farm, agronomic, or plantation products."]
         SECTION 26. Section 237-13.3, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
8
9
    repealed.
10
         ["$237-13.3 Application of sections 237-4(a)(8), 237-
11
    4(a)(10), 237-4(a)(13), 237-13(2)(A), 237-13(4)(A), and 237-
12
    13(6)(A). (a) Sections 237-4(a)(8), 237-4(a)(10), 237-
    4(a)(13), 237-13(2)(A), 237-13(4)(A), and 237-13(6)(A) to the
13
    contrary notwithstanding, instead of the tax levied under
14
15
    section 237-13(2)(A) on wholesale sales subject to section 237-
16
    4(a)(8)(B), under section 237-13(4)(A) on a wholesaler subject
    to section 237-4(a)(13), and under section 237-13(6)(A) on a
17
18
    wholesaler subject to section 237-4(a)(10) at one-half of one
19
    per cent, during the period January 1, 2000, to December 31,
20
    2005, the tax shall be as follows:
21
         (1) In calendar year 2000, 3.5 per cent;
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(2) In calendar year 2001, 3.0 per cent;
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              In calendar year 2002, 2.5 per cent;
2
         +(3)
         (4) In calendar year 2003, 2.0 per cent;
3
4
         (5) In calendar year 2004, 1.5 per cent;
         (6) In calendar year 2005, 1.0 per cent; and
5
         (7) In calendar year 2006 and thereafter, the tax shall be
6
7
              0.5 per cent.
         (b) The department shall have the authority to implement
8
    the tax rate changes in subsection (a) by prescribing tax forms
9
    and instructions that require tax reporting and payment by
10
    deduction, allocation, or any other method to determine tax
11
    liability with due regard to the tax rate changes."]
12
         SECTION 27. Section 237-13.5, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
13
14
    repealed.
         ["$237-13.5 Assessment on generated electricity. Any
15
16
    other provision of the law to the contrary notwithstanding, the
    levy and assessment of the general excise tax on the gross
17
    proceeds from the sale of electric power to a public utility
18
19
    company for resale to the public, shall be made only as a tax on
20
    the business of a producer, at the rate assessed producers,
21
    under section 237-13(2)(\Lambda)."]
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1	SECTION 28. Section 237-15, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
2	repealed.
3	[" <del>§237-15 Technicians.</del> When technicians supply dentists
4	or physicians with dentures, orthodontic devices, braces, and
5	similar items which have been prepared by the technician in
6	accordance with specifications furnished by the dentist or
7	physician, and such items are to be used by the dentist or
8	physician in the dentist's or physician's professional practice
9	for a particular patient who is to pay the dentist or physician
10	for the same as a part of the dentist's or physician's
11	professional services, the technician shall be taxed as though
12	the technician were a manufacturer selling a product to a
13	licensed retailer, rather than at the rate of four per cent
14	which is generally applied to professions and services."]
15	SECTION 29. Section 237-17, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
16	repealed.
17	[" <del>§237-17 Persons with impaired sight, hearing, or who are</del>
18	totally disabled. Anything in section 237-13 to the contrary
19	notwithstanding, the privilege tax levied, assessed, and
20	collected on account of the business or other activities of
21	individuals who are blind, deaf, or totally disabled,



1 corporations all of whose outstanding shares are owned by 2 individuals who are blind, deaf, or totally disabled, general, 3 limited, or limited liability partnerships, all of whose 4 partners are blind, deaf, or totally disabled, or limited 5 liability companies, all of whose members are blind, deaf, or 6 totally disabled, shall not exceed one-half of one per cent of 7 the proceeds, sales, income, or other receipts subject to tax. 8 For the purpose of this chapter "blind", "deaf", or "totally 9 disabled" is defined as in section 235-1. The impairment of 10 sight or hearing, or the disability, shall be certified to as 11 provided in section 235-1."] SECTION 30. Section 237-29.55, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is 12 13 repealed. 14 ["[\$237-29.55] Exemption for sale of tangible personal 15 property for resale at wholesale. (a) There shall be exempted 16 from, and excluded from the measure of, the taxes imposed by 17 this chapter all of the gross proceeds or gross income arising 18 from the sale of tangible personal property imported to Hawaii 19 from a foreign or domestic source to a licensed taxpayer for 20 subsequent resale for the purpose of wholesale as defined under 21 section 237-4.

1	(b) The department, by rule, may provide that a seller may		
2	take from the purchaser of imported tangible personal property,		
3	a certificate, in a form that the department shall prescribe,		
4	certifying that the purchaser of the imported tangible personal		
5	property shall resell the imported tangible personal property at		
6	wholesale as defined under section 237-4. Any purchaser who		
7	furnishes a certificate shall be obligated to pay to the seller,		
8	upon demand, if the sale in fact is not a sale for the purpose		
9	of resale at wholesale, the amount of the additional tax which		
10	by reason thereof is imposed upon the seller. The absence of a		
11	certificate, unless the sales of the business are exclusively a		
12	sale for the purpose of resale at wholesale, in itself, shall		
13	give rise to the presumption that the sale is not a sale for the		
14	purpose of resale at wholesale."]		
15	SECTION 31. Section 238-4, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is		
16	repealed.		
17	[" <del>§238-4 Certain property used by producers. If a</del>		
18	licensed producer, or a cooperative association acting under the		
19	authority of chapter 421 or 422, in order to sell to such		
20	producer, or a licensed person, imports into the State or		
21	acquires in the State commodities, materials, items, services,		



1 or living things enumerated in section [237-4(a)(3) and (5) to 2 (7)], then section 237-4 shall apply. If section 237-4 applies 3 and the producer is engaged in the sale of the producer's 4 products at retail or in any manner other than at wholesale, 5 then the tax upon use of property in the State imposed by 6 section 238-2(2) shall apply the same as in the case of a 7 purchaser who is a licensed retailer. In other such cases no 8 tax shall be imposed under this chapter."] SECTION 32. (a) There is created a committee to oversee 9 10 the department of taxation's implementation and administration 11 of and compliance with the streamlined sales and use tax 12 agreement. The committee shall be administratively attached to 13 the department of taxation. Members of the committee shall be 14 reimbursed by their appointing body for expenses, including 15 travel expenses. 16 The president of the senate and the speaker of the 17 house of representatives shall appoint three members each, that 18 shall comprise a committee, the purpose of which is to hold 19 meetings necessary to carry out this Act and to serve as part of 20 the State's official delegation to the Streamlined Sales Tax 21 Governing Board when establishing the State's criteria for



- 1 compliance with the streamlined sales and use tax agreement.
- 2 The director of taxation, or a representative thereof, shall be
- 3 an ex officio member. The members of the committee may elect a
- 4 chair or co-chairs. Duties of the appointees shall include
- 5 attending meetings of the governing board, performing technical
- 6 reviews of Hawaii legislation and state tax operations, and
- 7 working with the department of taxation to ensure that all
- 8 appropriate steps are taken in order to have Hawaii certified as
- 9 a state in full compliance with the streamlined sales and use
- 10 tax agreement.
- 11 (c) The department of taxation may seek technical
- 12 assistance that includes analysis of the fiscal and legal
- 13 impacts of proposed conformance with the existing general excise
- 14 tax law and other laws and any other issues that might result
- 15 from the implementation of a streamlined sales and use tax under
- 16 the streamlined sales and use tax agreement, as well as for the
- 17 preparation of proposed legislation by contracting with legal
- 18 professionals that have a background and practice in taxation.
- 19 (d) The department of taxation shall secure the services
- 20 necessary to support the project in as expeditious a manner as
- 21 possible. The legislative reference bureau shall assist the



- 1 department of taxation or contractor in drafting any appropriate
- 2 legislation.
- 3 (e) In an effort to ensure that the State's application
- 4 for certification with the Streamlined Sales Tax Governing Board
- 5 is completed in as swift and seamless a manner as is possible,
- 6 the department of taxation shall work cooperatively with the
- 7 committee in gaining the committee's concurrence prior to
- 8 contracting for services with outside entities, agencies, or
- 9 persons for the implementation and administration of or
- 10 compliance with the streamlined sales and use tax agreement.
- 11 (f) The department of taxation may contract with outside
- 12 entities, agencies, or persons for the purpose of collecting the
- 13 tax revenues owed by taxpayers pursuant to the streamlined sales
- 14 and use tax agreement, as well as delinquent taxes owed by those
- 15 taxpayers, in implementing the streamlined sales and use tax
- 16 agreement in this State. The outside entities, agencies, or
- 17 persons that the department of taxation contracts with to
- 18 collect the tax revenues generated from the streamlined sales
- 19 and use tax agreement shall be paid from the tax revenues
- 20 collected under the streamlined sales and use tax agreement to
- 21 ensure that the cost of implementing and administering the



1	streamlined sales and use tax agreement for the State is		
2	minimal.		
3	SECT	ION 33. In codifying the new chapters added by	
4	sections 2, 3, and 4 of this Act and new sections added by		
5	sections	6 and 9 of this Act, the revisor of statutes shall	
6	substitute appropriate section numbers for the letters used in		
7	designating the new chapters and sections in this Act.		
8	SECTION 34. Statutory material to be repealed is bracketed		
9	and stricken. New statutory material is underscored.		
10	SECTION 35. This Act shall take effect when the State		
11	becomes a party to the streamlined sales and use tax agreement;		
12	provided that:		
13	(1)	Section 32 shall take effect on approval; and	
14	(2)	The amendments made to section 237-24, Hawaii Revised	
15		Statutes, by this Act shall not be repealed when that	
16		section is reenacted on December 31, 2018, pursuant to	
17		section 4, Act 70, Session Laws of Hawaii 2009, as	
18		amended by section 2 of Act 164, Session Laws of	
19		Hawaii 2013.	

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INTRODUCED BY: Sonzanni Chum aasland

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#### Report Title:

Streamlined Sales and Use Tax Amendments

#### Description:

Adopts amendments to Hawaii tax laws to implement the streamlined sales and use tax agreement; takes effect when the State becomes a party to the streamlined sales and use tax agreement; with section 32, creating a committee to oversee the department of taxation's implementation and administration of and compliance with the streamlined sales and use tax agreement, to take effect on approval.

The summary description of legislation appearing on this page is for informational purposes only and is not legislation or evidence of legislative intent.