JAN 2 2 2016

### A BILL FOR AN ACT

PROPOSING AN AMENDMENT TO ARTICLE VI, SECTION 3, OF THE CONSTITUTION OF THE STATE OF HAWAII.

#### BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

- 1 SECTION 1. The legislature finds that in 2012, two days
- 2 after the constitutionally mandated thirty-day time period
- 3 expired, the senate received the governor's appointment to fill
- 4 a vacancy on the supreme court bench. However, the governor and
- 5 attorney general deemed the appointment to be valid because
- 6 notification of the appointment was provided at a news
- 7 conference five days earlier, which was within the thirty-day
- 8 period constitutionally provided to the governor to make such
- 9 judicial appointment.
- 10 The attorney general opined that the news conference met
- 11 constitutional deadlines because it was an open and unequivocal
- 12 act. Furthermore, the constitution does not specify that
- 13 written notice to the senate be given when the appointment is
- 14 made or that written notice be provided in conjunction with the
- 15 appointment. As a result, the senate's constitutionally
- 16 mandated thirty-day period to reject the judicial appointment

- 1 started at the date of the news conference and not when the
- 2 senate received the governor's appointment.
- 3 The purpose of this Act is to propose an amendment to
- 4 article VI, section 3, of the Constitution of the State of
- 5 Hawaii to clarify the responsibilities and procedures for
- 6 judicial appointments.
- 7 SECTION 2. Article VI, section 3, of the Constitution of
- 8 the State of Hawaii is amended to read as follows:
- 9 "APPOINTMENT OF JUSTICES AND JUDGES
- 10 Section 3. The governor, with the consent of the senate,
- 11 shall fill a vacancy in the office of the chief justice, supreme
- 12 court, intermediate appellate court and circuit courts, by
- 13 appointing a person from a list of not less than four, and not
- 14 more than six, nominees for the vacancy, presented to the
- 15 governor by the judicial selection commission.
- 16 If the governor fails to make any appointment within thirty
- 17 days of presentation, or within ten days of the senate's
- 18 rejection of any previous appointment, the appointment shall be
- 19 made by the judicial selection commission from the list with the
- 20 consent of the senate. The senate shall receive written notice
- 21 of the governor's or judicial selection commission's appointment

1 concurrently with the appointment. If the senate fails to 2 reject any appointment within thirty days [thereof,] of the 3 senate's receipt of written notice of the governor's or judicial 4 selection commission's appointment, it shall be deemed to have 5 given its consent to such appointment. If the senate shall 6 reject any appointment, the governor shall make another 7 appointment from the list within ten days thereof [-] and provide 8 concurrent written notice to the senate. The same appointment 9 and consent procedure shall be followed until a valid 10 appointment has been made, or failing this, the commission shall 11 make the appointment from the list, without senate consent. 12 The chief justice, with the consent of the senate, shall fill a vacancy in the district courts by appointing a person 13 14 from a list of not less than six nominees for the vacancy 15 presented by the judicial selection commission. If the chief 16 justice fails to make the appointment within thirty days of 17 presentation, or within ten days of the senate's rejection of 18 any previous appointment, the appointment shall be made by the 19 judicial selection commission from the list with the consent of 20 The senate shall receive written notice of the 21 chief justice's or judicial selection commission's appointment

- 1 concurrently with the appointment. The senate shall hold a
- 2 public hearing and vote on each appointment within thirty days
- 3 of [any appointment.] the senate's receipt of written notice of
- 4 the appointment. If the senate fails to do so, the nomination
- 5 shall be returned to the commission and the commission shall
- 6 make the appointment from the list without senate consent. The
- 7 chief justice shall appoint per diem district court judges as
- 8 provided by law.
- 9 The judicial selection commission shall disclose to the
- 10 public the list of nominees for each vacancy concurrently with
- 11 the presentation of each list to the governor or the chief
- 12 justice, as applicable.

#### 13 QUALIFICATIONS FOR APPOINTMENT

- 14 Justices and judges shall be residents and citizens of the
- 15 State and of the United States, and licensed to practice law by
- 16 the supreme court. A justice of the supreme court, a judge of
- 17 the intermediate appellate court and a judge of the circuit
- 18 court shall have been so licensed for a period of not less than
- 19 ten years preceding nomination. A judge of the district court
- 20 shall have been so licensed for a period of not less than five
- 21 years preceding nomination.

- 1 No justice or judge shall, during the term of office,
- 2 engage in the practice of law, or run for or hold any other
- 3 office or position of profit under the United States, the State
- 4 or its political subdivisions.

#### 5 TENURE; RETIREMENT

- 6 The term of office of justices and judges of the supreme
- 7 court, intermediate appellate court and circuit courts shall be
- 8 ten years. Judges of district courts shall hold office for the
- 9 periods as provided by law. At least six months prior to the
- 10 expiration of a justice's or judge's term of office, every
- 11 justice and judge shall petition the judicial selection
- 12 commission to be retained in office or shall inform the
- 13 commission of an intention to retire. If the judicial selection
- 14 commission determines that the justice or judge should be
- 15 retained in office, the commission shall renew the term of
- 16 office of the justice or judge for the period provided by this
- 17 section or by law.
- Justices and judges shall be retired upon attaining the age
- 19 of seventy years. They shall be included in any retirement law
- 20 of the State."

1	SECTION 3. The question to be printed on the ballot shall
2	be as follows:
3	"Shall the senate receive written notice of the governor's,
4	the chief justice's, or the judicial selection commission's
5	appointment, as applicable, concurrently with the
6	appointment and have thirty days from receipt of the
7	written notice, to reject an appointment to the office of
8	chief justice, supreme court, intermediate appellate court,
9	circuit courts, and to consent to an appointment to fill a
10	vacancy in the district courts?"
11	SECTION 4. Constitutional material to be repealed is
12	bracketed and stricken. New constitutional material is
13	underscored.
14	SECTION 5. This amendment shall take effect upon
15	compliance with article XVII, section 3, of the Constitution of
16	the State of Hawaii.
17	

INTRODUCED BY:

Rose E Rle

Breene tout

2016-0569 SB SMA.QOC

6

Will Lyen

#### Report Title:

Constitutional Amendment; Appointment of Justices and Judges; Written Notice

### Description:

Proposes a constitutional amendment to: (1) require written notice of an appointment to the senate for advice and consent concurrent with the governor, judicial selection commission, or chief justice's making of the appointment; and (2) clarify that the senate's thirty-day period to reject a judicial appointment begins on the senate's receipt of written notice of the governor's, chief justice's, or judicial selection commission's appointment.

The summary description of legislation appearing on this page is for informational purposes only and is not legislation or evidence of legislative intent.