A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO PARTITION OF HEIRS PROPERTY.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

1	SECTION 1. The Hawaii Revised Statutes is amended by
2	adding a new chapter to be appropriately designated and to read
3	as follows:
4	"CHAPTER
5	UNIFORM PARTITION OF HEIRS PROPERTY ACT
6	§ -1 Short title. This chapter may be cited as the
7	Uniform Partition of Heirs Property Act.
8	§ -2 Definitions. As used in this chapter:
9	"Ascendant" means an individual who precedes another
10	individual in lineage, in the direct line of ascent from the
11	other individual.
12	"Collateral" means an individual who is related to another
13	individual under the law of intestate succession of this State,
14	but who is not the other individual's ascendant or descendant.
15	"Descendant" means an individual who follows another
16	individual in lineage, in the direct line of descent from the
17	other individual.

1	"Determination of value" means an order of a court
2	determining the fair market value of heirs property under
3	section -7 or -11 or adopting the valuation of the
4	property agreed to by all cotenants.
5	"Heirs property" means real property held in tenancy in
6	common that satisfies all the following requirements as of the
7	filing of an action for partition:
8	(1) There is no agreement in a record binding all the
. 9	cotenants that governs the partition of the property;
10	(2) One or more of the cotenants acquired title from a
11	relative, whether living or deceased; and
12	(3) Any of the following applies:
13	(A) Twenty per cent or more of the interests are held
14	by cotenants who are relatives;
15	(B) Twenty per cent or more of the interests are hele
16	by an individual who acquired title from a
17	relative, whether living or deceased; or
18	(C) Twenty per cent or more of the cotenants are
19	relatives.

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- 1 "Partition by sale" means a court-ordered sale of the
- 2 entire heirs property, whether by auction, sealed bids, or open-
- 3 market sale conducted under section -11.
- 4 "Partition in kind" means the division of heirs property
- 5 into physically distinct and separately titled parcels.
- 6 "Record" means information that is inscribed on a tangible
- 7 medium or that is stored in an electronic or other medium and is
- 8 retrievable in perceivable form.
- 9 "Relative" means an ascendant, descendant, or collateral or
- 10 an individual otherwise related to another individual by blood,
- 11 marriage, adoption, or law of this State other than this
- 12 chapter.
- 13 § -3 Applicability; relation to other law. (a) This
- 14 chapter applies to actions for partition filed on or after
- 15 January 1, 2017.
- (b) In any action for partition of real property under
- 17 chapter 668, the court, shall determine whether the property is
- 18 heirs property. If the court determines that the property is
- 19 heirs property, the property shall be partitioned under this
- 20 chapter, unless all the cotenants agree otherwise in a record.

- 1 (c) This chapter supplements chapter 668 and, if an action
- 2 is governed by this chapter, supersedes provisions of chapter
- 3 668 that are inconsistent with this chapter.
- 4 § -4 Service; notice by posting. (a) This chapter does
- 5 not limit or affect the method by which service of a complaint
- 6 in an action for partition may be made.
- 7 (b) If an order of service by publication of the summons
- 8 for an action for partition of real property is granted and the
- 9 court determines that the property may be heirs property, the
- 10 plaintiff, not later than ten days after the court's
- 11 determination, shall post, and maintain while the action is
- 12 pending, a conspicuous sign on the property that is the subject
- 13 of the action. The sign shall state that the action has
- 14 commenced and identify the name and address of the court and the
- 15 common designation by which the property is known. The court
- 16 may require the plaintiff to publish on the sign the name of the
- 17 plaintiff and the known defendants.
- 18 § -5 Commissioners. If the court appoints commissioners
- 19 pursuant to section 668-13, each commissioner, in addition to
- 20 the requirements and disqualifications applicable to
- 21 commissioners in section 668-13, shall be disinterested,

- 1 impartial, and neither a party to nor a participant in the
- 2 action.
- 3 § -6 Special master. The court shall appoint a special
- 4 master to fulfill the notice requirements pursuant to this
- 5 chapter or that are not specifically assigned to any cotenant by
- 6 this chapter. The costs of the services of the special master
- 7 and the expenses of the notices shall be paid by the cotenants
- 8 at the conclusion of the partition action; provided that the
- 9 court may in its discretion order the payment of costs and
- 10 expenses from the estate of the deceased, the proceeds of the
- 11 partition by sale, the cotenants, or a combination thereof.
- 12 § -7 Determination of value. (a) Except as otherwise
- 13 provided in subsections (b) and (c), if the court determines
- 14 that the property that is the subject of the action for
- 15 partition is heirs property, the court shall determine the fair
- 16 market value of the property by ordering an appraisal pursuant
- 17 to subsection (d).
- 18 (b) If all cotenants have agreed to the value of the
- 19 property or to another method of valuation, the court shall
- 20 adopt that value or the value produced by the agreed method of
- 21 valuation.

- 1 (c) If the court determines that the evidentiary value of
- 2 an appraisal is outweighed by the cost of the appraisal, the
- 3 court, after an evidentiary hearing, shall determine the fair
- 4 market value of the property and the special master shall send
- 5 notice to the parties of the value.
- 6 (d) If the court orders an appraisal, the court shall
- 7 appoint a disinterested real estate appraiser licensed in this
- 8 State to determine the fair market value of the property
- 9 assuming sole ownership of the fee simple estate. On completion
- 10 of the appraisal, the appraiser shall file a sworn or verified
- 11 appraisal with the clerk of the court. The appraiser shall mail
- 12 or deliver to the court a file-marked copy of the appraisal
- 13 filed with the clerk of the court.
- 14 (e) If an appraisal is conducted pursuant to subsection
- 15 (d), not later than ten days after the appraisal is filed, the
- 16 special master shall send notice to each party with a known
- 17 address, stating:
- 18 (1) The appraised fair market value of the property as set
- forth in the appraisal that was filed with the clerk
- of the court;

1	(2)	That	the	appra	isal	is	available	at	the	office	of	the
2		clerk	of	the c	ourt;	ar	nd					

- 3 (3) That a party may object to the appraisal not later
 4 than thirty days after the notice is sent, stating the
 5 grounds for the objection.
- 6 If an appraisal is filed with the court pursuant to 7 subsection (d), the court shall conduct a hearing to determine 8 the fair market value of the property not earlier than thirty 9 days after a copy of the notice of appraisal is sent to each 10 party under subsection (e), regardless of whether an objection 11 to the appraisal is filed under subsection (e)(3). In addition 12 to the court-ordered appraisal, the court may consider any other 13 evidence of value that is offered by a party.
- 14 (g) Before considering the merits of the action for 15 partition, the court shall determine the fair market value of 16 the property and the special master shall send notice to the 17 parties of the value.
- 18 § -8 Cotenant buyout. (a) If any cotenant requested
 19 partition by sale, after the determination of value under
 20 section -7, the special master shall send notice to the
 21 parties that any cotenant except a cotenant that requested

- 1 partition by sale may buy the interest of any cotenant that
- 2 requested partition by sale.
- 3 (b) Not later than forty-five days after the notice is
- 4 sent under subsection (a), any cotenant except a cotenant that
- 5 requested partition by sale may give notice to the court that it
- 6 elects to buy all the interests of the cotenants that requested
- 7 partition by sale.
- 8 (c) The purchase price for each of the interests of a
- 9 cotenant that requested partition by sale is the value of the
- 10 entire parcel determined under section -6 multiplied by that
- 11 cotenant's fractional ownership of the entire parcel.
- 12 (d) After expiration of the period in subsection (b), the
- 13 following rules shall apply:
- 14 (1) If only one cotenant elects to buy all the interests
- of the cotenants that requested partition by sale, the
- 16 special master shall notify all the parties of that
- 17 fact;
- 18 (2) If more than one cotenant elects to buy all the
- interests of the cotenants that requested partition by
- 20 sale, the court shall allocate the right to buy those
- interests among the electing cotenants based on each

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1		electing cotenant's existing fractional ownership of
2		the entire parcel divided by the total existing
3		fractional ownership of all cotenants electing to buy
4		and the special master shall send notice to all the
5		parties of that fact and of the price to be paid by
6		each electing cotenant; and
7	(3)	If no cotenant elects to buy all the interests of the

- (3) If no cotenant elects to buy all the interests of the cotenants that requested partition by sale, the special master shall send notice to all the parties of that fact and resolve the action for partition under section -9(a) and (b).
- (e) If the special master sends notice to the parties
 under subsection (d)(1) or (2), the court shall set a date, not
 earlier than sixty days after the date the notice was sent, by
 which electing cotenants must pay their apportioned price into
 the court. After the deadline for payment set by the court, the
 following rules shall apply:
- 18 (1) If all electing cotenants timely pay their apportioned 19 price, the court shall issue an order reallocating all 20 the interests of the cotenants and disburse the

1	amounts	held	by	the	court	to	the	persons	entitled	to
2	them;									

- (2) If no electing cotenant timely pays its apportioned price, the court shall resolve the action for partition under section -9(a) and (b), as if the interests of the cotenants that requested partition by sale were not purchased; and
- (3) If one or more but not all the electing cotenants fail to timely pay their apportioned price, the court, on motion, shall direct the special master to give notice to the electing cotenants that paid their apportioned price of the interest remaining and the price for that interest. Unless otherwise ordered by the court, for any notice that the special master is required to give pursuant to this paragraph, the movant for notice to be given to electing cotenants pursuant to this paragraph shall deliver to the court a notice in blank to be completed by the special master with sufficient copies for service on the electing cotenants along with envelopes stamped with sufficient postage and addressed to each electing cotenant. The court may

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1	direct	the	movant	to	provide	notice	of	the	value	by
2	any oth	ner m	means.							

- (f) No later than twenty days after the special master

 gives the notice pursuant to subsection (e)(3), any cotenant

 that paid may elect to purchase the remaining interest by paying

 the entire price to the court. After the twenty-day period, the

 following rules shall apply:
- 9 remaining interest, the court shall issue an order
 10 reallocating the remaining interest to that cotenant.
 11 The court shall promptly issue an order reallocating
 12 all the interests of all the cotenants and disburse
 13 the amounts held by the court to the persons entitled
 14 to them;
 - (2) If no cotenant pays the entire price for the remaining interest, the court shall resolve the partition action under section -9(a) and (b), as if the interests of the cotenants that requested partition by sale were not purchased; and
- 20 (3) If more than one cotenant pays the entire price for21 the remaining interest, the court shall reapportion

the remaining interest among those paying cotenants, based on each paying cotenant's original fractional ownership of the entire parcel divided by the total original fractional ownership of all cotenants that paid the entire price for the remaining interest. The court shall promptly issue an order reallocating all the cotenants' interests, disburse the amounts held by the court to the persons entitled to them, and promptly refund any excess payment held by the court to the appropriate cotenant.

- (g) No later than forty-five days after the special master sends notice to the parties pursuant to subsection (a), any cotenant entitled to buy an interest under this section may request the court to authorize the sale of the interests of cotenants named as defendants and served with the complaint but that did not appear in the action as part of the pending action.
- (h) If the court receives a timely request under
 subsection (g), the court, after hearing, may deny the request
 or authorize the requested additional sale on such terms as the
 court determines are fair and reasonable, subject to the
 following limitations:

_	(1)	A bate adenorized dider ents subsection may occur only
2		after the purchase prices for all interests subject to
3		sale under subsections (a) through (f) have been paid
4		into the court and those interests have been
5		reallocated among the cotenants as provided in those
6		subsections; and
7	(2)	The purchase price for the interest of an absent
8		cotenant is based on the court's determination of
9	•	value under section -7.
10	(i)	The cotenant requesting partition by sale shall be
11	liable fo	r reasonable court fees.
12	S	-9 Partition alternatives. (a) If all the interests
13	of all co	tenants that requested partition by sale are not
14	purchased	by other cotenants pursuant to section -8, or if
15	after con	clusion of the buyout under section -8, a cotenant
16	remains t	hat has requested partition in kind, the court shall
17	order par	tition in kind unless the court, after consideration of
18	the facto	rs listed in section -10, finds that partition in
19	kind will	result in great prejudice to the cotenants as a group.
20	In consid	ering whether to order partition in kind, the court

- 1 shall approve a request by two or more parties to have their
- 2 individual interests aggregated.
- 3 (b) If the court does not order partition in kind under
- 4 subsection (a), the court shall order partition by sale pursuant
- 5 to section -11 or, if no cotenant requested partition by
- 6 sale, the court shall dismiss the action.
- 7 (c) If the court orders partition in kind pursuant to
- 8 subsection (a), the court may require that one or more cotenants
- 9 pay one or more other cotenants amounts so that the payments,
- 10 taken together with the value of the in-kind distributions to
- 11 the cotenants, will make the partition in kind just and
- 12 proportionate in value to the fractional interests held.
- (d) If the court orders partition in kind, the court shall
- 14 allocate to the cotenants that are unknown, unlocatable, or are
- 15 the subject of a default judgment, a part of the property
- 16 representing the combined interests of these cotenants as
- 17 determined by the court, and this part of the property shall
- 18 remain undivided; provided that their interests were not bought
- 19 out pursuant to section -8.
- 20 § -10 Considerations for partition in kind. (a) In
- 21 determining under section -9(a) whether partition in kind

1	would	result	in	great	prejudice	to	the	cotenants	as	a	group,	the
2	court	shall	cons	sider	the follow	ina						

- 3 (1) Whether the heirs property practicably may be divided 4 among the cotenants;
- 5 (2) Whether partition in kind would apportion the property
 6 in such a way that the aggregate fair market value of
 7 the parcels resulting from the division would be
 8 materially less than the value of the property if it
 9 were sold as a whole, taking into account the
 10 condition under which the court-ordered sale likely
 11 would occur;
- 12 (3) Evidence of the collective duration of ownership or
 13 possession of the property by a cotenant and one or
 14 more predecessors in title or predecessors in
 15 possession to the cotenant who are or were relatives
 16 of that cotenant or each other;
- 17 (4) A cotenant's sentimental attachment to the property,
 18 including, without limitation, any attachment arising
 19 because the property has ancestral or other unique or
 20 special value to the cotenant;

T	(5)	The lawful use being made of the property by a
2		cotenant and the degree to which the cotenant would be
3		harmed if the cotenant could not continue the same use
4		of the property;
5	(6)	The degree to which the cotenants have contributed
6		their pro rata share of the property taxes, insurance,
7		and other expenses associated with maintaining
8		ownership of the property or have contributed to the
9		physical improvement, maintenance, or upkeep of the
10		property; and
11	(7)	Any other relevant factor.
12	(b)	The court shall not consider any one factor in
13	subsectio	n (a) to be dispositive without weighing the totality
14	of all re	levant factors and circumstances.
15	§	-11 Open-market sale, sealed bids, or auction. (a)
16	If the co	ourt orders a sale of heirs property, the sale shall be
17	an open-m	arket sale unless the court finds that a sale by sealed
18	bids or a	n auction would be more economically advantageous and
19	in the be	st interest of the cotenants as a group.

(b) If the court orders an open-market sale and the

parties, not later than ten days after the entry of the order,

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- 1 agree on a real estate broker licensed in this State to offer
- 2 the property for sale, the court shall appoint that broker and
- 3 establish a reasonable commission. If the parties do not agree
- 4 on a broker, the court shall appoint a disinterested real estate
- 5 broker licensed in this State to offer the property for sale and
- 6 shall establish a reasonable commission. The broker shall offer
- 7 the property for sale in a commercially reasonable manner at a
- 8 price not lower than the determination of value and on the terms
- 9 and conditions established by the court.
- 10 (c) If the broker appointed under subsection (b) obtains
- 11 within a reasonable time an offer to purchase the property for
- 12 at least the determination of value:
- 13 (1) The broker shall comply with the reporting
- 14 requirements set forth in section -12; and
- 15 (2) The sale may be completed in accordance with state law
- other than this chapter.
- (d) If the broker appointed under subsection (b) does not
- 18 obtain within a reasonable time an offer to purchase the
- 19 property for at least the determination of value, the court,
- 20 after hearing, may:
- 21 (1) Approve the highest outstanding offer, if any;

proceeds.

1	(2)	Redetermine the value of the property and order that
2		the property continue to be offered for an additional
3		time; or

- 4 (3) Order that the property be sold by sealed bids or at an auction.
- 6 (e) If the court orders a sale by sealed bids or an7 auction, the court shall set terms and conditions of the sale.
- 8 If the court orders an auction, the auction shall be conducted
 9 pursuant to chapter 667 or 668, as applicable.
- (f) If a purchaser is entitled to a share of the proceeds
 of the sale, the purchaser is entitled to a credit against the
 price in an amount equal to the purchaser's share of the
- 14 § -12 Report of open-market sale. (a) Unless required 15 to do so within a shorter time by chapter 668, a broker 16 appointed under section -11(b) to offer heirs property for 17 open-market sale shall file a report not later than seven days 18 after receiving an offer to purchase the property for at least 19 the value determined under section -7 or -11.
- 20 (b) The report required by subsection (a) shall contain21 the following information:

1	(1)	A description of the property to be sold to each
2		buyer;
3	(2)	The name of each buyer;
4	(3)	The proposed purchase price;
5	(4)	The terms and conditions of the proposed sale,
6		including, without limitation, the terms of any owner
7		financing;
8	(5)	The amounts to be paid to lienholders;
9	(6)	A statement of contractual or other arrangements or
10		conditions of the broker's commission; and
11	(7)	Other material facts relevant to the sale.
12	S	-13 Uniformity of application and construction. In
13	applying	and construing this chapter, consideration shall be
14	given to	the need to promote uniformity of the law with respect
15	to its su	bject matter among the states that enact similar
16	uniform l	egislation.
17	§	-14 Relation to Electronic Signatures in Global and
18	National	Commerce Act. This chapter modifies, limits, and
19	supersede	es the federal Electronic Signatures in Global and

National Commerce Act, P.L. 106-229, title 15 United States Code

chapter 96, but does not modify, limit, or supersede title 15

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- 1 United States Code section 7001(c), or authorize electronic
- 2 delivery of any of the notices described in title 15 United
- 3 States Code section 7003(b)."
- 4 SECTION 2. Section 668-1, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
- 5 amended to read as follows:
- 6 "§668-1 Actions for partition. When two or more persons
- 7 hold or are in possession of real property as joint tenants or
- 8 as tenants in common, in which one or more of them have an
- 9 estate in fee, or a life estate in possession, any one or more
- 10 of such persons may bring an action in the circuit court of the
- 11 circuit in which the property or some part thereof is situated,
- 12 for a partition of the property, according to the respective
- 13 rights of the parties interested therein, and for a sale of the
- 14 same or a part thereof if it appears that a partition cannot be
- 15 made without great prejudice to the owners. [The] Except as
- 16 provided in chapter , the several circuit courts shall have
- 17 power, in any action for partition, to proceed according to the
- 18 usual practice of courts of equity in cases of partition, and
- 19 according to this chapter in enlargement thereof."

- 1 SECTION 3. This Act does not affect rights and duties that
- 2 matured, penalties that were incurred, and proceedings that were
- 3 begun before its effective date.
- 4 SECTION 4. Statutory material to be repealed is bracketed
- 5 and stricken. New statutory material is underscored.
- 6 SECTION 5. This Act shall take effect on January 7, 2059.

Report Title:

Real Property; Partition; Heirs Property; Uniform Partition of Heirs Property Act

Description:

Adopts Uniform Partition of Heirs Property Act. Establishes procedures and remedies for use in actions for partition of real property involving heirs property, real property held in tenancy in common that meets certain requirements. (SB2408 HD2)

The summary description of legislation appearing on this page is for informational purposes only and is not legislation or evidence of legislative intent.