A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO THE CHILD PROTECTIVE ACT.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

- 1 SECTION 1. The legislature finds that the State's best
- 2 practice policies should prioritize the immediate and continued
- 3 safety and stability of foster care children, the State's most
- 4 vulnerable keiki, when making decisions regarding the time
- 5 frame, criteria, and justification for family placement and
- 6 reunification. While biological family bonds are respected and
- 7 the goals of the department of human services, child protective
- 8 services, and parents are to keep biological families intact,
- 9 placement with the biological family is not always in the best
- 10 interest of the foster care child, particularly in an
- 11 "aggravated circumstances" case that involves a history of
- 12 neglect, abandonment, physical abuse, drug use, or sexual abuse.
- 13 The ultimate concern must be for the short- and long-term care,
- 14 safety, and security of the foster care child.
- 15 The legislature further finds that judges and guardians ad
- 16 litem have minimal direction pertaining to cases involving
- 17 "aggravated circumstances". Given the instances of death, re-



- 1 abuse, continued abandonment, neglect, drug use, sex abuse, and
- 2 human trafficking, it is necessary to clarify and specify the
- 3 conditions for which biological families may no longer be
- 4 considered a safe placement for a child, and the assessment of
- 5 the short- and long-term safety and security of a child based on
- 6 un-remedied and chronic family history and case details demands
- 7 a declaration of "aggravated circumstances" on behalf of a
- 8 child.
- 9 The purpose of this Act is to:
- 10 (1) Recognize many of the chronic and rare variables
- 11 associated with the parents of children entering
- 12 foster care by specifying additional chronic or
- repeated circumstances where a biological family shall
- 14 be considered an unsafe placement by expanding the
- 15 definition of "aggravated circumstances" as used in
- 16 chapter 587A, Hawaii Revised Statutes, the Child
- 17 Protective Act, to better support case workers,
- 18 judges, and quardians ad litem as they make decisions
- regarding the care of foster children; and
- 20 (2) Require parents to complete any court-ordered service
- 21 plan before being reunited with their child.

1	SECT	ION 2. Section 587A-4, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
2	amended b	y amending the definition of "aggravated circumstances"
3	to read a	s follows:
4	""Ag	gravated circumstances" means that:
5	(1)	The parent has murdered, or has solicited, aided,
6		abetted, attempted, or conspired to commit the murder
7		or voluntary manslaughter of, another child of the
8		parent;
9	(2)	The parent has committed a felony assault that results
10		in serious bodily injury to the child or another child
11		of the parent;
12	(3)	The parent's rights regarding a sibling of the child
13		have been judicially terminated or divested;
14	(4)	The parent has tortured the child;
15	(5)	The child is an abandoned infant[+] or the parent has
16		repeatedly failed to provide needed health care for
17		the child, which has resulted in serious bodily injury
18		to that child;
19	(6)	The parent has committed sexual abuse against another
20		child of the parent[+] or another parent of that
21		child; [ox]

1	(7)	The parent is required to register with a sex offender
2		registry under section 113(a) of the Adam Walsh Child
3		Protection and Safety Act of 2006, title 42 United
4		States Code section 16913(a)[-]:
5	(8)	The parent has been incarcerated more than once,
6		resulting in the child's repeated placement in foster
7		care;
8	(9)	The parent has repeatedly placed the child or a
9		sibling of the child in foster care more than once;
10	(10)	The parent has previously had parental rights
11		voluntarily or involuntarily terminated;
12	(11)	The parent has failed to complete or comply with the
13		pre-permanency plan or permanency plan requirements
14		more than once, with consideration of the required and
15		appropriate timelines;
16	(12)	A licensed social worker, service provider, health
17		care professional, legal guardian, physical custodian,
18		officer of the court, foster custodian, or other
19		licensed child care provider has reasonable cause to
20		believe that the parent has subjected or may subject

1		the child to repeated or severe child abuse or
2		neglect;
3	(13)	The child suffers repeated or severe abuse or neglect
4		by the parent; or
5	(14)	The parent has committed an offense of promoting
6		prostitution as defined in section 712-1202 or sex
7		trafficking as defined in title 22 United States Code
8		section 7102."
9	SECT	ION 3. Section 587A-28, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
10	amended b	y amending subsection (e) to read as follows:
11	"(e)	If the court finds that the child's physical or
12	psycholog	ical health or welfare has been harmed or is subject to
13	threatene	d harm by the acts or omissions of the child's family,
14	the court	:
15	(1)	Shall enter a finding that the court has jurisdiction
16		pursuant to section 587A-5;
17	(2)	Shall enter a finding regarding whether, before the
18		child was placed in foster care, the department made
19		reasonable efforts to prevent or eliminate the need to
20		remove the child from the child's family home;
21	(3)	Shall enter orders:

1		(A)	That the child be placed in loster custody if the
2			court finds that the child's remaining in the
3			family home is contrary to the welfare of the
4			child and the child's parents are not willing and
5			able to provide a safe family home for the child,
6			even with the assistance of a service plan; or
7		(B)	That the child be placed in family supervision if
8			the court finds that the child's parents are
9			willing and able to provide the child with a safe
10			family home with the assistance of a service
11			plan;
12	(4)	Shal	l determine whether aggravated circumstances are
13		pres	ent.
14		(A)	If aggravated circumstances are present, the
15			court shall:
16			(i) Conduct a permanency hearing within thirty
17			days, and the department shall not be
18			required to provide the child's parents with
19			an interim service plan or interim
20			visitation; and

1		(ii)	Order the department to file, within sixty
2			days after the court's finding that
3			aggravated circumstances are present, a
4			motion to terminate parental rights unless
5			the department has documented in the safe
6			family home factors or other written report
7			submitted to the court a compelling reason
8			why it is not in the best interest of the
9			child to file a motion.
10		(B) If a	ggravated circumstances are not present or
11		ther	e is a compelling reason why it is not in the
12		best	interest of the child to file a motion to
13		term	inate parental rights, the court shall order
14		that	the department make reasonable efforts to
15		reun	ify the child with the child's parents and
16		orde	r an appropriate service plan; provided that
17		the	child shall not be reunified with the child's
18		pare	nts until the child's parents have completed
19		the	service plan;
20	(5)	Shall ord	er reasonable supervised or unsupervised
21		visits fo	r the child and the child's family, including

	with the child's siblings, unless such visits are
	determined to be unsafe or detrimental to, and not in
	the best interests of, the child;
(6)	Shall order each of the child's birth parents to
	complete the medical information forms and release the
	medical information required under section 578-14.5,
	to the department. If the child's birth parents
	refuse to complete the forms or to release the
	information, the court may order the release of the
	information over the parents' objections;
(7)	Shall determine whether each party understands that
	unless the family is willing and able to provide the
	child with a safe family home, even with the
	assistance of a service plan, within the reasonable
	period of time specified in the service plan, their
	respective parental and custodial duties and rights
	shall be subject to termination;

- (8) Shall determine the child's date of entry into foster care as defined in this chapter;
- (9) Shall set a periodic review hearing to be conducted nolater than six months after the date of entry into

18

19

1		fost	er care and a permanency hearing to be held no
2		late	r than twelve months after the date of entry into
3		fost	er care;
4	(10)	Shal	l set a status conference, as the court deems
5		appr	opriate, to be conducted no later than ninety days
6		afte	r the return hearing; and
7	(11)	May	order that:
8	,	(A)	Any party participate in, complete, be liable
9			for, and make every good faith effort to arrange
10			payment for such services or treatment as are
11			authorized by law and that are determined to be
12			in the child's best interests;
13		(B)	The child be examined by a physician, surgeon,
14			psychiatrist, or psychologist; and
15		(C)	The child receive treatment, including
16			hospitalization or placement in other suitable
17			facilities, as is determined to be in the child's
18			best interests."
19	SECT	'ION 4	. This Act does not affect rights and duties that
20	matured,	penal	ties that were incurred, and proceedings that were
21	bogun bef	020 -	ta offoative dato

- 2 and stricken. New statutory material is underscored.
- SECTION 6. This Act shall take effect upon its approval. 3

4

INTRODUCED BY: Frank Chun aallach.

BIR

Report Title:

Child Protective Act; Definition; Aggravated Circumstances; Reunification

Description:

Expands the definition of "aggravated circumstances", as used in chapter 587A, Hawaii Revised Statutes, the Child Protective Act, to include situations where the parent is a repeat criminal offender of specific crimes; has been repeatedly incarcerated, resulting in the child's placement in foster care; has placed the child or a sibling of the child in foster care more than once; had parental rights voluntarily or involuntarily terminated; failed to comply with pre-permanency or permanency requirements; has physically abused or neglected the child; or has engaged in human trafficking involving the child or another child of the parent or has solicited, aided, abetted, attempted, or conspired to engage in human trafficking of the child or another child of the parent. Requires parents to complete any court ordered service plan before being reunified with their child.

The summary description of legislation appearing on this page is for informational purposes only and is not legislation or evidence of legislative intent.