THE SENATE TWENTY-EIGHTH LEGISLATURE, 2016 STATE OF HAWAII

S.B. NO. ²¹⁴⁹ S.D. 2 H.D. 1

A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO FORFEITURE.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

SECTION 1. The legislature finds that forfeiture is used to protect the public from harmful products and the property of criminal enterprise. As a result, criminals are deprived of their working capital and their profits. A secondary benefit of forfeiture laws is that forfeited property or the proceeds of its sale are turned over to law enforcement and used to fight crime.

8 In 2010, the Institute for Justice published a report 9 titled, Policing for Profit: The Abuse of Civil Asset 10 Forfeiture. This report examined the use and abuse of civil 11 asset forfeiture and graded the civil forfeiture laws of all 12 fifty states and the federal government. The report found that 13 under most state and federal laws, law enforcement keeps some or 14 all proceeds from civil forfeitures, which may encourage 15 policing for profit when law enforcement agencies pursue 16 forfeitures to boost their budgets at the expense of other law 17 enforcement priorities. Furthermore, the report criticized the

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1 lower standard of proof the government is required to use in 2 civil forfeiture proceedings to establish that the forfeited 3 property is connected to the alleged criminal activity and 4 criticized the burden that is placed on the forfeited property 5 owner to prove that the forfeited property was used illegally 6 without the owner's knowledge or consent. Lastly, the report 7 found that there was limited oversight and accountability of 8 money raised and spent through civil forfeiture actions. Hawaii 9 received a D grade.

10 Chapter 712A, Hawaii Revised Statutes, provides for 11 forfeiture of property used or acquired in connection with the 12 commission of certain criminal offenses and for the distribution 13 of property, or its proceeds, to law enforcement agencies for 14 law enforcement purposes. The department of the attorney 15 general distributes administratively or judicially forfeited 16 property, and the sale proceeds thereof, to law enforcement 17 agencies. The department of the attorney general processes 18 petitions for administrative forfeiture of personal property 19 valued at less than \$100,000 or of any vehicle or conveyance 20 regardless of value, but not real property. In a case initiated 21 as an administrative forfeiture proceeding, a person may

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1 petition for remission or mitigation upon showing that the 2 person is the owner of the property, had no knowledge that the 3 property was or would be involved in any violation of the law, had no knowledge of the particular violation that subjected the 4 5 property to seizure and forfeiture, and had no knowledge that 6 the user of the property had any record for the violation that 7 subjected the property to seizure and forfeiture. A prosecuting 8 attorney commences judicial forfeiture proceedings concerning 9 real property or personal property valued in excess of \$100,000 10 by filing a petition for forfeiture in the circuit court.

11 The purpose of this Act is to establish a working group to 12 review and discuss Hawaii's forfeiture laws and make 13 recommendations to improve these laws to ensure that forfeiture 14 is used for its intended purposes rather than to create an 15 incentive for law enforcement agencies to generate revenue 16 through forfeiture.

SECTION 2. (a) The department of the attorney general
shall establish a working group to review and discuss Hawaii's
forfeiture laws and make recommendations to improve these laws.
The working group shall include the following members:

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1	(1)	The attorney general or the attorney general's		
2		designee;		
3	(2)	The chief justice or the chief justice's designee;		
4	(3)	One representative of the prosecuting attorney from		
5		each of the four counties;		
6	(4)	One representative of the police chief from each of		
7		the four counties;		
8	(5)	The chairperson of the Hawaii access to justice		
9		commission or the chairperson's designee;		
10	(6)	The president of the Hawaii State Bar Association or		
11		the president's designee;		
12	(7)	One representative of the American Civil Liberties		
13		Union;		
14	(8)	One representative of the Drug Policy Forum of Hawaii;		
15		and		
16	(9)	One representative of the office of the public		
17		defender.		
18	(b)	The working group shall examine and evaluate Hawaii's		
19	19. forfeiture laws by:			
20	(1)	Determining the effectiveness and efficiency of such		
21		laws by examining:		

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1		(A)	The total amount and type of property seized by
2			law enforcement agencies;
3		(B)	The total number of administrative and judicial
4			actions filed by prosecuting attorneys and the
5			disposition of the actions;
6		(C)	The total number of claims or petitions for
7			remission or mitigation filed in administrative
8			actions and the disposition of the actions;
9		(D)	The total amount and type of property forfeited
10			and the sale proceeds thereof; and
11		(E)	The total amount and type of property distributed
12			to units of state and local government;
13	(2)	Exam	ining the different forfeiture laws of other
14		juri	sdictions to determine whether these statutory
15		sche	mes may serve as a model for Hawaii's forfeiture
16		laws	;
17	(3)	Iden	tifying any possible areas for abuse or concern
18		rega	rding Hawaii's forfeiture laws, including any
19		impe	diments that innocent owners of forfeited property
20		face	when petitioning for remission or mitigation; and

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1	(4) Developing solutions to address problem areas or
2	impediments and streamline the forfeiture process.
3	(c) The working group shall submit a written report of its
4	findings and recommendations, including any proposed
5	legislation, to the legislature no later than twenty days prior
6	to the convening of the regular session of 2017.
7	(d) The working group shall cease to exist on June 30,
8	2017.
9	SECTION 3. This Act shall take effect upon its approval.



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Report Title:

Forfeiture; Working Group; Department of the Attorney General

Description:

Requires the Department of the Attorney General to establish a working group to review and discuss Hawaii's asset forfeiture laws and make recommendations to improve these laws. (SB2149 HD1)

The summary description of legislation appearing on this page is for informational purposes only and is not legislation or evidence of legislative intent.

