JAN 2 1 2016

A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO THE ROSE-RINGED PARAKEET.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

- 1 SECTION 1. The rose-ringed parakeet, Psittacula krameri,
- 2 native to Africa and India, has been introduced in over thirty-
- 3 five countries and five continents. Stable populations can be
- 4 found in Florida, Hawaii, and southern California. The rose-
- 5 ringed parakeet is considered to be one of the most significant
- 6 agricultural pests of important food crops. It is gregarious, a
- 7 dietary generalist, has a high reproductive rate, is well-
- 8 adapted to living in populated areas, and is without predation
- 9 pressure. The rose-ringed parakeet has proven to be a
- 10 successful invader and poses a significant threat to local
- 11 economies by damaging agriculture and the local ecology by
- 12 causing invasive plant dispersion and competing with native
- wildlife.
- 14 The first noted release of the rose-ringed parakeet on
- 15 Kauai occurred in the 1960s by bed-and-breakfast workers in
- 16 Lawai. By 1982, the feral population had grown to fifty birds
- 17 when a second pet pair was released after Hurricane Iwa. The



- 1 rose-ringed parakeet's population on Kauai was estimated to be
- 2 between one hundred fifty and two hundred in 1994; between five
- 3 hundred and one thousand by the last decade; and, as estimated
- 4 by the National Wildlife Research Center of the United States
- 5 Department of Agriculture, more than two thousand by 2011.
- 6 Kauai residents complain about the calls and shrills from
- 7 the rose-ringed parakeet. The birds also represent a potential
- 8 vector of various pathogens and diseases, including avian
- 9 influenza, avian malaria, and salmonella, that can be passed to
- 10 humans, pets, and native wildlife through direct contact or in
- 11 association with droppings below roosting and foraging sites.
- 12 The staff of the National Wildlife Research Center have
- 13 observed the rose-ringed parakeet on Kauai and have concluded
- 14 that these birds are probably dispersing invasive plant species,
- 15 including lilikoi and strawberry and yellow guava; possibly
- 16 destroying native seeds, including koa; and potentially
- 17 competing with native birds for fruits, seeds, and nesting
- 18 sites.
- 19 The greatest negative effects of the rose-ringed parakeet
- 20 on Kauai, however, are economic. These parakeets are known for
- 21 damaging crops, and reports from fruit farmers suggest that the

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2	crops, including lychee, longan, and rambutan. In response to
3	reports of damage to crops and reduced yields, the National
4	Wildlife Research Center conducted a two-month research study in
5	2011 that documented the movement and foraging patterns of the
6	parakeet, contained additional estimates of their population,
7	and identified roost site locations. This study is the only
8	formal research study of the rose-ringed parakeet on Kauai.
9	There is a strong need for more cost-effective means to
10	control the rose-ringed parakeet on Kauai that will benefit
11	economically important crops, reduce the potential for damage to
12	natural resources, and avoid any negative effects on the health
13	and safety of Kauai residents.
14	The purpose of this Act is to appropriate funds to the
15	department of agriculture to provide assistance and funding to

parakeets are damaging and reducing the yield of many of their

(1) Complete the research assessment of the negative impacts of the rose-ringed parakeet on the island of Kauai initiated by the Center in 2011; and

the National Wildlife Research Center of the United States

Department of Agriculture to:

1	(2) Thereafter, develop and implement a program to
2	effectuate an effective control plan to reduce the
3	negative impacts of the rose-ringed parakeet on the
4	island of Kauai.
5	SECTION 2. The department of agriculture shall assist and
6	collaborate with the National Wildlife Research Center of the
7	United States Department of Agriculture, including funding the
8	completion of the Center's research study on the rose-ringed
9	parakeet on the island of Kauai and related research,
10	development, and implementation programs to reduce the negative
11	impacts of the parakeet on the island of Kauai.
12	SECTION 3. There is appropriated out of the general
13	revenues of the State of Hawaii the sum of \$ or so much
14	thereof as may be necessary for fiscal year 2016-2017 for the
15	department of agriculture to assist the National Wildlife
16	Research Center of the United States Department of Agriculture
17	in:
18	(1) Completing its research assessment of the negative
19	impacts of the rose-ringed parakeet on the island of
20	Kauai; and

1	(2) Developing and implementing an effective control plan
2	for reducing the negative impacts of the rose-ringed
3	parakeet on the island of Kauai.
4	The sum appropriated shall be expended by the department of
5	agriculture for the purposes of this Act.
6	SECTION 4. This Act shall take effect on July 1, 2016.
7	4
	INTRODUCED BY: By Request
	By Request

Report Title:

Rose-Ringed Parakeet; National Wildlife Research Center; Research and Reduction on Kauai; Appropriation

Description:

Appropriates funds to the Department of Agriculture to assist and fund the National Wildlife Research Center to research the negative impacts of the rose-ringed parakeet on Kauai and develop and implement a control plan to reduce the negative impacts.

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