JAN 2 0 2016

A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO HEALTH CARE PROVIDERS.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

- 1 SECTION 1. The legislature finds that the physician-
- 2 patient relationship is essential to the practice of medicine
- 3 and the proper diagnosis and treatment of illness and disease.
- 4 A good physician-patient relationship facilitates the transfer
- 5 of information between the physician and patient, enhances
- 6 accuracy of the diagnosis, and increases the patient's knowledge
- 7 about the patient's diagnosis and treatment. A patient should
- 8 feel comfortable to confide in the physician and in return a
- 9 physician should be honest and provide reassurance and comfort
- 10 to the patient.
- 11 Historically, physicians have been advised, and sometimes
- 12 are even required, to stay silent when an unanticipated medical
- 13 care event occurs that results in pain and suffering or death of
- 14 the patient. In absence of any laws that shield physicians, an
- 15 apology in which the physician admits fault may be considered an
- 16 admission against interest and may be admissible in a
- 17 malpractice proceeding as evidence of acknowledgment of fault.



- 1 However, medical standards require that health care providers
- 2 disclose to patients any unanticipated event, including details
- 3 of, reasons for, and any consequences of the unanticipated
- 4 event. This type of conversation can be difficult to conduct
- 5 with a patient without expressing sympathy or regret for
- 6 unanticipated and sometimes negative outcomes.
- 7 The physician-patient relationship is threatened by the
- 8 rising number of medical malpractice lawsuits and increasing
- 9 medical malpractice insurance premiums. Physician apology laws
- 10 enable candid communication between a physician and the
- 11 physician's patient following an unanticipated medical care
- 12 outcome, and appear to reduce overall medical malpractice
- 13 liability costs by reducing the number of lawsuits and
- 14 consequent attorney's fees and claim costs. Studies show that
- 15 patients are far less likely to sue when provided a full
- 16 explanation and apology.
- 17 In response, states have passed legislation to create
- 18 apology exemptions. Massachusetts was the first state to adopt
- 19 a physician apology law to protect physicians from statements
- 20 they might make to their patients regarding complications their
- 21 patients may have suffered while under their care. More



- 1° recently enacted apology laws specifically declare that a
- 2 statement of apology by a physician to a patient is inadmissible
- 3 as evidence of liability in court.
- 4 In Hawaii, section 626-1, rule 409.5, Hawaii Rules of
- 5 Evidence, allows individuals and entities to express sympathy
- 6 and condolence concerning the consequences of an event in which
- 7 the declarant was a participant without the expression being
- 8 used to establish liability. However, this rule does not
- 9 specifically protect communication that amounts to an apology,
- 10 which could be admissible as evidence to establish liability.
- 11 Under section 626-1, rule 104, Hawaii Rules of Evidence, the
- 12 court is authorized to determine whether the utterance amounts
- 13 to an expression of sympathy or an acknowledgement of fault.
- 14 Furthermore, section 626-1, rule 409.5, Hawaii Rules of
- 15 Evidence, generally applies to individuals and entities and
- 16 fails to specifically address the communications with health
- 17 care providers regarding the consequences of an unanticipated
- 18 medical care outcome involving pain, suffering, or death.
- 19 The purpose of this Act is to remove the obstacles that may
- 20 discourage physicians from apologizing by establishing that
- 21 statements of apology made by a health care provider concerning



- 1 an unanticipated medical care outcome are inadmissible to prove
- 2 liability for any claim arising out of the event.
- 3 SECTION 2. Section 626-1, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
- 4 amended by adding a new rule to article IV to be appropriately
- 5 designated and to read as follows:
- 6 "Rule Inadmissibility of unanticipated medical
- 7 outcomes; health care provider apologies. Evidence of
- 8 statements, affirmations, gestures, or conduct that expresses
- 9 apology, sympathy, commiseration, condolence, compassion, or a
- 10 general sense of benevolence that are made by a health care
- 11 provider or an employee of a health care provider concerning the
- 12 consequences of an unanticipated outcome of medical care
- 13 resulting in discomfort, pain, suffering, injury, or death is
- 14 not admissible to prove liability for any claim arising out of
- 15 the event."
- 16 SECTION 3. This Act does not affect rights and duties that
- 17 matured, penalties that were incurred, and proceedings that were
- 18 begun before its effective date.
- 19 SECTION 4. New statutory material is underscored.

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1 SECTION 5. This Act shall take effect upon its approval.

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INTRODUCED BY:

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Report Title:

Evidence; Apology; Health Care Providers

Description:

Establishes a new rule of evidence that statements or conduct that expresses apology that are made by a health care provider concerning an unanticipated medical care outcome are inadmissible to prove liability for any claim arising out of the event.

The summary description of legislation appearing on this page is for informational purposes only and is not legislation or evidence of legislative intent.