JAN 2 2 2015

#### A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO CRIMINAL PROCEDURE.

#### BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

- 1 SECTION 1. The legislature finds that the goal of a police
- 2 investigation is to apprehend the person or persons responsible
- 3 for the commission of a crime. Mistaken eyewitness
- 4 identification has been shown to have contributed to the
- 5 wrongful conviction in approximately 75 per cent of the nation's
- 6 two hundred eighty-nine exonerations. Over the past thirty
- 7 years, a large body of peer-reviewed, scientific research and
- 8 practice has emerged showing that simple systemic changes in
- 9 administering eyewitness identification procedures can greatly
- 10 improve the accuracy of eyewitness identifications. Policies
- 11 and procedures to improve the accuracy of eyewitness
- 12 identifications, such as those recommended by the United States
- 13 National Institute of Justice, the American Bar Association, the
- 14 New Jersey Office of the Attorney General, the Wisconsin Office
- 15 of the Attorney General, the California Commission on the Fair
- 16 Administration of Justice, and the North Carolina Actual
- 17 Innocence Commission, are readily available for review.



- 1 The legislature further finds that more accurate eyewitness
- 2 identifications increase the ability of police and prosecutors
- 3 to convict the guilty and protect the innocent. The integrity
- 4 of the State's criminal justice process is enhanced by adherence
- 5 to best practices in evidence gathering. The people of the
- 6 State of Hawaii will benefit from the improvement of the
- 7 accuracy of eyewitness identifications.
- SECTION 2. The Hawaii Revised Statutes is amended by
- 9 adding a new chapter to be appropriately designated and to read
- 10 as follows:
- 11 "CHAPTER
- 12 EYEWITNESS IDENTIFICATION PROCEDURES
- 13 § -1 Definitions. As used in this chapter, unless the
- 14 context clearly requires otherwise:
- 15 "Administrator" means the person conducting the photo or
- 16 live lineup or showup for law enforcement.
- 17 "Blind" means the administrator does not know the identity
- 18 of the suspect in the lineup.
- 19 "Blinded" means the administrator may know who the suspect
- 20 is, but by virtue of the use of procedures or technology, does
- 21 not know which lineup member is being viewed by the eyewitness.

- "Contamination" occurs when an eyewitness' memory of a 1 2 person or event becomes altered, replaced, or otherwise impaired 3 as a result of exposure to extrinsic information related to that 4 person or event. 5 "Eyewitness" means a person who observes another person at 6 or near the scene of an offense. 7 "Filler" means either a person or a photograph of a person 8 who is not suspected of an offense and is included in an 9 identification procedure.
- "Identification" means the eyewitness has identified a

  specific person as the perpetrator.
- "Identification procedure" means a live lineup, a photolineup, or a showup.
- "Law enforcement" means any law enforcement entity
  conducting an investigation.
- "Live lineup" means an identification procedure in which a 17 group of persons, including the suspect and other persons not 18 suspected of the offense, is displayed to an eyewitness for the 19 purpose of determining whether the eyewitness identifies the 20 suspect as the perpetrator.

1	"Photo lineup" means an identification procedure in which
2	an array of photographs, including a photograph of the suspect
3	and additional photographs of other persons not suspected of the
4	offense, is displayed to an eyewitness either in hard copy form
5	or via computer or other electronic means for the purpose of
6	determining whether the eyewitness identifies the suspect as the
7	perpetrator.
8	"Showup" means an identification procedure in which an
9	eyewitness is presented in-person with a single suspect for the
10	purpose of determining whether the eyewitness identifies this
11	individual as the perpetrator.
12	"Suspect" means the person believed by law enforcement to
13	be the possible perpetrator of the crime.
14	§ -2 Eyewitness identification procedures for live and
15	photo lineups. (a) Any law enforcement entity conducting
16	eyewitness identification procedures shall adopt specific
17	procedures for conducting photo and live lineups that comply
18	with the following requirements:
19	(1) Prior to a photo or live lineup, law enforcement shall
20	record in writing as complete a description as
21	possible of the perpetrator provided by the eyewitness

1		in the eyewithess own words. This statement shall
2		also include information regarding the conditions
3		under which the eyewitness observed the perpetrator
4		including location, time, distance, obstructions,
5		lighting, weather conditions, and other impairments,
6		including but not limited to alcohol, drugs, stress,
7		and visual or auditory disabilities;
8	(2)	The eyewitness shall also be asked if the eyewitness'
9		vision needs correction by glasses or contact lenses
10		and whether the eyewitness was wearing them at the
11		time of the offense. The administrator shall note
12		whether the eyewitness was wearing glasses or contact
13		lenses at the time of the identification procedure;
14	(3)	All live and photo lineups shall be conducted blind
15		unless to do so would place an undue burden on law
16		enforcement or the investigation; and
17	(4)	The eyewitness shall be instructed, without other
18		eyewitnesses present, prior to any live or photo
19		lineup, that:
20		(A) The perpetrator may or may not be among the
21		persons in the identification procedure;

1		(B)	The administrator does not know the identity of
2			the perpetrator, if applicable;
3		(C)	The eyewitness should not feel compelled to make
4			an identification;
5		(D)	The investigation will continue whether or not an
6			identification is made;
7		(E)	The procedure requires the administrator to ask
8			the eyewitness to state, in the eyewitness' own
9			words, how certain the eyewitness is of any
10			identification; and
11		(F)	The eyewitness is not to discuss the
12			identification procedure or its results with
13			other eyewitnesses involved in the case and
14			should not speak with the media.
15	(b)	The	administrator shall comply with the following:
16	(1)	In a	photo lineup, any photograph of the suspect shall
17		be c	ontemporary and shall resemble the suspect's
18		appe	arance at the time of the offense;
19	(2)	In a	photo lineup, there shall be no characteristics
20		of t	he photographs themselves or the background

1		cont	ext in which they are placed that makes any of the
2		phot	ographs unduly stand out;
3	(3)	A ph	oto or live lineup shall be composed so that the
4		fill	ers generally resemble the eyewitness' description
5		of t	he perpetrator, while ensuring that the suspect
6		does	not unduly stand out from the fillers;
7	(4)	In a	photo or live lineup, the administrator shall
8		comp	ly with the following:
9		(A)	All fillers selected shall resemble the
10			eyewitness' description of the perpetrator in
11			significant features including but not limited to
12			face, weight, build, and skin tone, including any
13			unique or unusual features such as a scar,
14			tattoo, or other unique identifying mark;
15		(B)	At least five fillers shall be included in a
16			photo lineup in addition to the suspect;
17		(C)	At least four fillers shall be included in a live
18			lineup in addition to the suspect; and
19		(D)	If the eyewitness has previously viewed a photo
20			lineup or live lineup in connection with the
21			identification of another person suspected of

1		involvement in the offense, the fillers in the
2		lineup in which the instant suspect participates
3		shall be different from the fillers used in any
4		prior lineups;
5	(5)	In a live lineup, no identifying actions, such as
6		speech, gestures, or other movements, shall be
7		performed by lineup participants;
8	(6)	In a live lineup, all lineup participants shall be out
9		of view of the eyewitness prior to the identification
10		procedure;
11	(7)	In a photo or live lineup, nothing shall be said to
12		the eyewitness regarding the suspect's position in the
13		lineup; and
14	(8)	In a photo or live lineup, nothing shall be said to
15		the eyewitness that might influence the eyewitness'
16		identification of any particular lineup member.
17	(c)	If there are multiple eyewitnesses, the administrator
18	shall com	ply with the following:
19	(1)	Each eyewitness shall view photo or live lineups
20		separately;

1	(2)	The suspect shall be placed in a different position in
2		the live lineup or photo lineup for each eyewitness;
3		and

- 4 (3) The eyewitnesses shall not be permitted to communicate
  5 with each other until all identification procedures
  6 have been completed.
- 7 (d) In any identification procedure, no writings or
  8 information concerning the current investigation or any previous
  9 arrest, indictment, or conviction of the suspect shall be
  10 visible or made known to an eyewitness.
- (e) When there are multiple suspects, each identificationprocedure shall include only one suspect.
- 13 (f) In any identification procedure where an eyewitness
  14 makes an identification, the administrator shall seek and
  15 document a clear statement from the eyewitness at the time of
  16 the identification in the eyewitness' own words, including a
  17 statement describing the eyewitness' confidence level that the
  18 person identified is the perpetrator.
- (g) In any identification procedure where an eyewitness makes an identification, the eyewitness shall not be provided any information concerning the person identified before the

- 1 administrator obtains the eyewitness' statement about the
- 2 selection.
- 3 (h) Law enforcement shall make record of the
- 4 identification procedure that includes all identification and
- 5 non-identification results obtained during all identification
- 6 procedures during an investigation, which record shall be signed
- 7 by the eyewitness.
- 8 (i) When it is impracticable for a blind administrator to
- 9 conduct a lineup, the investigator shall state in writing the
- 10 reason therefore.
- 11 § -3 Eyewitness identification procedures for showups.
- 12 (a) The administrator shall comply with the following in
- 13 conducting a showup:
- 14 (1) Where possible, the administrator shall perform a live
- or photo lineup instead of a showup;
- 16 (2) A showup shall only be performed using a live suspect
- and only in exigent circumstances that require the
- immediate display of a suspect to an eyewitness;
- 19 (3) An administrator shall not conduct a showup with a
- 20 photograph. If investigators wish to determine if an

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1		eyewitness can make an identification using a
2		photograph, a photo lineup must be used;
3	(4)	Prior to any showup, law enforcement shall record in
4		writing as complete a description as possible of the
5		perpetrator provided by the eyewitness in the
6		eyewitness' own words. This statement shall also
7		include information regarding the conditions under
8		which the eyewitness observed the perpetrator
9		including location, time, distance, obstructions,
10		lighting, weather conditions, and other impairments
11		including but not limited to alcohol, drugs, stress,
12		and visual or auditory disabilities;
13	(5)	The eyewitness shall also be asked if the eyewitness'
14		vision needs correction by glasses or contact lenses
15		and whether the eyewitness was wearing them at the
16		time of the offense. The administrator shall note
17		whether the eyewitness was wearing glasses or contact
18		lenses at the time of the identification procedure;

(6) The eyewitness shall be transported to a neutral, non-

detained for the purposes of a showup procedure;

law enforcement location where the suspect is being

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1	( / )	The	eyewithess shall be instructed, without other
2		eyew	itnesses present, prior to any showup that:
3		(A)	The perpetrator may or may not be the person that
4			is presented to the eyewitness;
5		(B)	The administrator does not know the identity of
6			the perpetrator;
7		(C)	The eyewitness should not feel compelled to make
8		,	an identification;
9		(D)	The investigation will continue whether or not an
10			identification is made;
11		(E)	The procedure requires the administrator to ask
12	Į.		the eyewitness to state, in the eyewitness' own
13			words, how certain the eyewitness is of any
14			identification; and
15		(F)	The eyewitness is not to discuss the
16			identification procedure or its results with
1.7			other eyewitnesses involved in the case and
18			should not speak with the media.
19	(b)	At a	ny showup, in order to reduce potentially damaging
20	or prejud	icial	inferences that may be drawn by the eyewitness,
21	the admin	istra	tor shall comply with the following:



1	(1)	Refraining from suggesting, through statements or non-
2		verbal conduct, that the suspect is or may be the
3		perpetrator of the crime;

- 4 (2) Refraining from removing the suspect from a squad car
  5 in front of the eyewitness; and
- (3) When practicable, the administrator shall present the
   suspect to the eyewitness without handcuffs.
- 8 (c) When there are multiple eyewitnesses, the
  9 administrator shall comply with the following:
- 10 (1) Only one eyewitness at a time shall be present at the location of the showup to participate in the showup

  12 procedure; and
- 13 (2) If a positive identification is made, and an arrest is
  14 justified, additional eyewitnesses shall be shown live
  15 or photo lineups.
- (d) If there are multiple suspects, the suspects shall be
  separated and subjected to separate showup procedures.
- (e) If the eyewitness makes an identification, the

  administrator shall seek and document a clear statement from the

  eyewitness, at the time of the identification and in the

  eyewitness' own words, as to the eyewitness' confidence level

I	that the person identified in a given identification procedure
2	is the perpetrator.
3	(f) The administrator shall photograph a suspect or cause
4	the suspect to be photographed at the time and place of the
5	showup to preserve a record of the appearance of the suspect at
6	the time of the showup procedure.
7	(g) When it is impracticable for a blind administrator to
8	conduct a showup, the investigator shall state in writing the
9	reason therefore.
10	§ -4 Video record of identification procedures;
11	impracticability; alternative record. (a) Unless
12	impracticable, a video record of the identification procedure
13	shall be made that includes the following information:
14	(1) All identification and non-identification results
15	obtained during the identification procedures, signed
16	by any eyewitness, including any eyewitness
17	confidence statements;
18	(2) The names of all persons present at the identification
19	procedure, including the name of the lineup
20	administrator and whether the administrator was blind,
21	blinded or non-blind;

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1	(3)	Ιf	an	admi	nist	crator	other	than	a	blind	adminis	strator
2		was	us	ed,	the	reasor	n there	efore	;			

- The date and time of the identification procedure; (4)
- In a photo or live lineup, any eyewitness 4 (5) 5 identification of filler; and
- In a photo or live lineup, the names of the lineup (6) 6 7 members and other relevant identifying information, 8 and the sources of all photographs or persons used in 9 the lineup.
- 10 If a video record of the lineup is impracticable, the (b) 11 administrator of the lineup shall document the reason therefore 12 and an audio record of the identification procedure shall be 13 made. The audio record shall be supplemented by the following:
- All of the photographs used in a photo lineup; and 14
- Photographs of all of the individuals used in a live 15 (2)16 lineup or showup.
- 17 If both a video and audio record of the lineup are (C) 18 impracticable, the administrator of the lineup shall document in 19 writing the reason therefore and a written record of the lineup 20 shall be made. The written record shall be supplemented by all
- 21 of the following:



1	(1)	All of the photographs used in a photo lineup; and
2	(2)	Photographs of all of the individuals used in a live
3		lineup.
4	<b>s</b> -	5 Remedies for noncompliance or contamination. (a)
5	When the p	rosecution intends to offer eyewitness identification
6	evidence a	t trial, the defendant is entitled to a pretrial
7	evidentiar	y hearing as to the reliability of the evidence
8	offered.	
9	(b)	At the hearing, the court shall examine whether law
10	enforcemen	t or any administrator failed to substantially comply
11	with any r	equirement contained in this chapter, resulting in the
12	contaminat	ion of the eyewitness. In making its determination,
13	the court	shall consider the following:
14	(1)	Whether any suggestive identification procedures were
15		employed;
16	(2)	Whether the eyewitness identification evidence may
17		have been otherwise contaminated by state or non-state
18		actors; and
19	(3)	Any other factors bearing upon the reliability of the
20		identification evidence, including but not limited to

characteristics of the witness, perpetrator, or event.

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1	(0)	if the that coult thus evidence of a failule of law								
2	enforceme	nt, an administrator, or prosecuting agencies to comply								
3	with any	of the provisions of this chapter, of the use of any								
4	other suggestive identification procedures, or of any other									
5	contamination of identification evidence by state or non-state									
6	actors, it shall:									
7	(1)	Consider this evidence in determining the								
8		admissibility of the eyewitness identification; and								
9	(2)	Suppress the evidence of eyewitness identification								
10		when there is a substantial probability of eyewitness								
11		misidentification.								
12	(d)	When a court rules an eyewitness identification								
13	admissibl	e after a pretrial evidentiary hearing, the court shall								
14	instruct	the jury when admitting such evidence and prior to the								
15	jury's de	liberation, where applicable:								
16	(1)	That this chapter is designed to reduce the risk of								
17		eyewitness misidentification; and								
18	(2)	That it may consider credible evidence of								
19		noncompliance with this chapter when assessing the								
20		reliability of the eyewitness identification evidence.								

1	S	-6	Training	of	law	enforcement	officers.	The	county
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- 2 police departments shall create, administer, and conduct
- 3 training programs for law enforcement officers and recruits
- 4 regarding the methods, technical aspects, and scientific
- 5 findings regarding the basis of the eyewitness identification
- 6 practices and procedures referenced in this chapter."
- 7 SECTION 3. This Act does not affect rights and duties that
- 8 matured, penalties that were incurred, and proceedings that were
- 9 begun before its effective date.
- 10 SECTION 4. This Act shall take effect on January 1, 2016.

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INTRODUCED BY: MALL



#### Report Title:

Criminal Procedure; Eyewitness Identification; Remedies

#### Description:

Creates procedural and administrative requirements for law enforcement agencies for eyewitness identifications of suspects in criminal investigations. Grants a defendant the right to challenge an eyewitness identification to be used at trial in a pretrial evidentiary hearing. Takes effect 01/01/2016.

The summary description of legislation appearing on this page is for informational purposes only and is not legislation or evidence of legislative intent.