JAN 2 9 2015

### A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO PUBLIC ACCESS.

#### BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

- 1 SECTION 1. The legislature finds that access to
- 2 information is critical to an informed engaged public and
- 3 increases government transparency and accountability. However,
- 4 access to public information is hindered by confusing request
- 5 processes, high fees, and outdated practices.
- 6 The legislature also finds that several provisions of the
- 7 laws relating to public agency meetings and records in chapter
- 8 92, Hawaii Revised Statutes, have not been amended for over
- 9 forty years, and, as a result, have outdated technological
- 10 references. Meanwhile, electronic posting of information has
- 11 become common because it is easy, efficient, relatively
- 12 inexpensive, and it increases public access to the information.
- 13 Efforts are underway throughout state and county governments to
- 14 reduce the use of hard-copy documents, improve public access to
- 15 government records, and facilitate communication through
- 16 technology.

The legislature further finds that board members must be 1 held accountable for violations of chapter 92, Hawaii Revised 2 3 Statutes, by making accountability measures available to the public including tolling the statute of limitations and awarding 4 attorney's fees. A mandatory award of attorney's fees to a 5 6 prevailing member of the public will ensure that the public will 7 not be hindered by holding board members accountable. The legislature finds that requesters frequently do not 8 9 understand how an agency maintains its records and processes 10 requests. Because of this, requesters are not able to tailor requests to minimize the burden on agencies and the expense to 11 requesters. The agency is in the best position to identify the 12 13 most efficient way to obtain information sought by a requester. The legislature also finds that fees were not intended to 14 hinder public access or chill the exercise of First Amendment 15 16 rights. However, fees have become an impediment to access public information that should be widely accessible. 17 The legislature further finds that these actions will 18 provide more flexibility in how the public obtains information, 19 enhance government transparency, accountability, and lead to a 20 21 more engaged informed public.

1	The	purpose of this Act is to:
2	(1)	Update public meeting practices, including posting
3		meeting notices and board minutes electronically,
4		informing the public of notices electronically, and
5		making public records that are available to the board
6		also available to the public;
7	(2)	Provide increased accountability measures to the
8		public when holding board members accountable
9		including mandatory award of attorney's fees and
10		tolling the statute of limitations when a member of
11		the public files a complaint to void a board action
12		pursuant to section 92-1.5, Hawaii Revised Statutes;
13	(3)	Require agency officials to assist public requests for
14		information, when reasonable; and
15	(4)	Waive fees for access to public records when in the
16		public interest.
17	SECT	ION 2. Chapter 92, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is amended
18	by adding	a new section to be appropriately designated and to
19	read as f	ollows:
20	"§ <b>92</b>	- Board packet; filing. At the time that the
21	agenda is	filed and posted under section 92-7(b) or when the

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1	board packet is distributed to the board members, whichever
2	occurs earlier, the board shall file the board packet in the
3	board's office for public inspection and provide copies to
4	persons requesting notification pursuant to section 92-7(e).
5	For purposes of this subsection, "board packet" means
6	documents subject to disclosure under chapter 92F, or
7	disclosable portions thereof, that are compiled by the board and
8	distributed to the board members before a meeting for use at
9	that meeting."
10	SECTION 3. Section 1-28.5, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
11	amended as follows:
12	1. By amending subsection (a) to read:
13	"(a) Notwithstanding any other statute, law, charter
14	provision, ordinance, or rule to the contrary, whenever a
15	government agency is required to give public notice or to
16	publish notice, the notice shall be given [only] as follows:
17	(1) For statewide publication:
18	(A) In a daily or weekly publication of statewide
19	circulation; or

1	(B)	By publication in separate daily or weekly
2	•	publications whose combined circulation is
3		statewide; and
4	(C)	By electronic or online publication on the
5		designated central State of Hawaii website; and
6	(2) For (	county-wide publication[7]:
7	(A)	[by] By publication in a daily or weekly
8		publication in the affected county [+]; and
9	<u>(B)</u>	Electronic or online publication on the website
10	•	of the affected county.
11	Additional supp	plemental notice may also be given through Hawaii
12	FYI, the State	's interactive computer system."
13	2. By amo	ending subsection (c) to read:
14	"(c) When	never a public notice is published [in a newspaper
15	or other public	cation] as described in subsection (a), proof of
16	the publication	n shall be [ <del>the affidavit of the</del> ]:
17	(1) The a	affidavit of the printer, publisher, designated
18	agen	t of the publishing group, principal clerk, or
19	busi	ness manager of the newspaper or other publication
20	· [ <del>or ·</del>	of the designated agent of the group that
21	<del>publ</del>	ished the notice.]; or

1	<u>(2)</u> <u>I</u>	Provided by the designated representative of the
2	(	government agency operating the designated central
3	<u>.</u>	State of Hawaii website or the website of the affected
4	· <u>·</u>	county, as applicable; provided that if the notice is
5	Ī	published on the designated central State of Hawaii
6	·	website or the website of the affected county, the
7	<u> </u>	oublic notice shall include information or links to
8	<u> </u>	other locations of the electronic or online notice."
9	SECTIO	ON 4. Section 92-7, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
10	amended to	read as follows:
11	"§ <b>92</b> -	7 Notice. (a) The board shall give written and
12	electronic	public notice of any regular, special, or rescheduled
13	meeting, or	r any executive meeting when anticipated in advance.
14	The notice	shall include an agenda $[\frac{which}]$ that lists all of the
15	items to be	e considered at the forthcoming meeting, the date,
16	time, and p	place of the meeting, and in the case of an executive
17	meeting the	e purpose shall be stated. If an item to be
18	considered	is the proposed adoption, amendment, or repeal of
19	administra	tive rules, an agenda meets the requirements for
20	public not:	ice pursuant to this section if it contains a
21	statement o	on the topic of the proposed rules or a general

- 1 description of the subjects involved, as described in section
- 2 91-3(a)(1)(A), and a statement of when and where the proposed
- 3 rules may be viewed in person and on the Internet as provided in
- 4 section 91-2.6. The means specified by this section shall be
- 5 the only means required for giving notice under this part
- 6 notwithstanding any law to the contrary.
- 7 (b) [The] At least six calendar days before the meeting,
- 8 the board shall:
- 9 (1) [file] File the notice in the office of the lieutenant
- governor or the appropriate county clerk's office[7
- 11 and];
- 12 (2) File the notice in the board's office for public
- inspection [, at least six calendar days before the
- 14 meeting.]; and
- 15 (3) Publicly post the notice on the board's website or, if
- the board does not have a website, on a designated
- 17 central State of Hawaii website.
- 18 The notice shall also be posted at the site of the meeting
- 19 whenever feasible.
- 20 (c) If the written public notice is filed in the office of
- 21 the lieutenant governor or the appropriate county clerk's office



or electronically posted on the appropriate internet website 1 less than six calendar days before the meeting, the lieutenant 2 3 governor or the appropriate county clerk shall immediately notify the chairperson of the board, or the director of the 4 department within which the board is established or placed, of 5 the [tardy] late filing or posting of the meeting notice. [The] 6 7 If a meeting notice is filed or posted late, the meeting shall be canceled as a matter of law, and the chairperson or the 8 9 director shall ensure that a notice canceling the meeting is **10** posted in the board's office, and whenever feasible, at the [place] location of the meeting, and no meeting shall be held. 11 (d) No board shall change the agenda, once filed  $[\tau]$  and 12 posted, by adding items thereto without a two-thirds recorded 13 14 vote of all members to which the board is entitled; provided that no item shall be added to the agenda if it is of reasonably 15 major importance and action thereon by the board will affect a 16 **17** significant number of persons. Items of reasonably major 18 importance not decided at a scheduled meeting shall be 19 considered only at a meeting continued to a reasonable day and 20 time.

1	(e)	The board shall maintain a list of names and			
2	[ <del>addresse</del>	e] contact information of persons who request written			
3	or electronic notification of meetings and shall provide [mail]				
4	a copy of	the notice to [such] these persons at their last			
5	recorded i	mailing or electronic mailing address [ <del>no later than</del>			
6	the time	the agenda is filed under subsection (b).] at least six			
7	calendar (	days before the meeting."			
8	SECT	ION 5. Section 92-8, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is			
9	amended by	y amending subsections (a) and (b) to read as follows:			
10	"(a)	If a board finds that an imminent peril to the public			
11	health, sa	afety, or welfare requires a meeting in less time than			
12	is provid	ed for in section 92-7, the board may hold an emergency			
13	meeting <u>;</u>	provided that:			
14	(1)	The board states in writing the reasons for its			
15		findings;			
16	(2)	Two-thirds of all members to which the board is			
17		entitled agree that the findings are correct and an			
18		emergency exists;			
19	(3)	An emergency agenda and the findings are filed [with			
20		the office of the lieutenant governor or the			
21		appropriate county clerk's office, and in the board's			

Ţ		office; and posted as provided in section 92-7(b);
2		and
3	(4)	Persons requesting notification on a regular basis are
4		contacted [by mail or telephone] as soon as
5		practicable.
6	(b)	If an unanticipated event requires a board to take
7	action on	a matter over which it has supervision, control,
8	jurisdict:	ion, or advisory power, within less time than is
9	provided :	for in section 92-7 to notice and convene a meeting of
10	the board	, the board may hold an emergency meeting to deliberate
11	and decide	e whether and how to act in response to the
12	unanticipa	ated event; provided that:
13	(1)	The board states in writing the reasons for its
14		finding that an unanticipated event has occurred and
15		that an emergency meeting is necessary and the
16		attorney general concurs that the conditions necessary
17		for an emergency meeting under this subsection exist;
18	(2)	Two-thirds of all members to which the board is
19		entitled agree that the conditions necessary for an
20		emergency meeting under this subsection exist;

1	(3)	The finding that an unanticipated event has occurred
2		and that an emergency meeting is necessary and the
3		agenda for the emergency meeting under this subsection
4		are filed [with the office of the lieutenant governor
5		or the appropriate county clerk's office, and in the
6		board's office; and posted as provided in section 92-
7		7(b);
8	(4)	Persons requesting notification on a regular basis are
9		contacted [by mail or telephone] as soon as
10		practicable; and
11	(5)	The board limits its action to only that action which
12		must be taken on or before the date that a meeting
13		would have been held, had the board noticed the
14		meeting pursuant to section 92-7."
15	SECT	ION 6. Section 92-9, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
16	amended b	y amending subsections (b) and (c) to read as follows:
17	"(b)	[The] Within thirty days after the meeting, the
18	minutes,	in whatever form and regardless whether approved by the
19	board, sh	all be public records and shall be [available within
20	thirty da	ys after the meeting] publicly posted on the board's
21	website o	r, if the board does not have a website, a designated

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- 1 central State of Hawaii website, except where such disclosure
- 2 would be inconsistent with section 92-5; provided that minutes
- 3 of executive meetings may be withheld so long as their
- 4 publication would defeat the lawful purpose of the executive
- 5 meeting, but no longer.
- 6 (c) All or any part of a meeting of a board may be
- 7 recorded by any person in attendance by [means of a tape
- 8 recorder or any [other] means of [sonic] reproduction, except
- 9 when a meeting is closed pursuant to section 92-4; provided the
- 10 recording does not actively interfere with the conduct of the
- 11 meeting."
- 12 SECTION 7. Section 92-11, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
- 13 amended to read as follows:
- 14 "§92-11 Voidability. (a) Any final action taken in
- 15 violation of sections 92-3 and 92-7 may be voidable upon proof
- 16 of violation.
- 17 (b) A suit to void any final action shall be commenced
- 18 within [ninety]:
- 19 (1) Ninety days of the final action[-]; or

1	(2) Ten days after a final decision of the office of
2	information practices, regarding a complaint filed
3	pursuant to section 92-1.5.
4	(c) When the office of information practices receives a
5	complaint that may void a final action of a board, it shall give
6	precedence to the complaint and expedite the final decision
7	regarding the complaint, to the extent practicable."
8	SECTION 8. Section 92-12, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
9	amended by amending subsection (c) to read as follows:
10	"(c) Any person may commence a suit in the circuit court
11	of the circuit in which a prohibited act occurs for the purpose
12	of requiring compliance with or preventing violations of this
13	part or to determine the applicability of this part to
14	discussions or decisions of the public body. [The] If the
15	complainant prevails in an action brought under this section,
16	the court [may order payment of] shall assess against the board
17	reasonable attorney's fees and [costs to the prevailing party in
18	a suit brought under this section. all other expenses
19	reasonably incurred in the litigation."
20	SECTION 9. Section 92F-11, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
21	amended by amending subsection (b) to read as follows:

1	"(b) Except as provided in section 92F-13, each agency <u>,</u>
2	upon request by any person, shall make government records
3	available for inspection and copying during regular business
4	hours. To assist a person making a request, the agency shall,
5	when reasonable under the circumstances:
6	(1) Assist the person to identify records that are
7	responsive to the request or the purpose of the
8	request, if stated;
9	(2) Describe the medium in which the records are available
10	and their physical location; and
11	(3) Provide suggestions for overcoming any practical basis
12	for denying access to the records requested."
13	SECTION 10. Section 92F-42, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
14	amended to read as follows:
15	"§92F-42 Powers and duties of the office of information
16	practices. The director of the office of information practices:
17	(1) Shall, upon request, review and rule on an agency
18	denial of access to information or records, or an
19	agency's granting of access; provided that any review
20	by the office of information practices shall not be a
21	contested case under chapter 91 and shall be optional

1		and without prejudice to rights of judicial
2		enforcement available under this chapter;
3	(2)	Upon request by an agency, shall provide and make
4		public advisory guidelines, opinions, or other
5		information concerning that agency's functions and
6		responsibilities;
7	(3)	Upon request by any person, may provide advisory
8		opinions or other information regarding that person's
9		rights and the functions and responsibilities of
10		agencies under this chapter;
11	(4)	May conduct inquiries regarding compliance by an
12		agency and investigate possible violations by any
13		agency;
14	(5)	May examine the records of any agency for the purpose
15		of paragraph (4) and seek to enforce that power in the
16		courts of this State;
17	(6)	May recommend disciplinary action to appropriate
18		officers of an agency;
19	(7)	Shall report annually to the governor and the state
20		legislature on the activities and findings of the

1		offi	ce of information practices, including
2,		reco	mmendations for legislative changes;
3	(8)	Shal	l receive complaints from and actively solicit the
4		comm	ents of the public regarding the implementation of
5		this	chapter;
6	(9)	Shal	l review the official acts, records, policies, and
7		proc	edures of each agency;
8	(10)	Shal	l assist agencies in complying with the provisions
9		of t	his chapter;
10	(11)	Shal	l inform the public of the following rights of an
11		indi	vidual and the procedures for exercising them:
12		(A)	The right of access to records pertaining to the
13			individual;
14		(B)	The right to obtain a copy of records pertaining
15			to the individual;
16		(C)	The right to know the purposes for which records
17			pertaining to the individual are kept;
18		(D)	The right to be informed of the uses and
19			disclosures of records pertaining to the
20			individual.

1		(E) The right to correct or amend records pertaining
2		to the individual; and
3		(F) The individual's right to place a statement in a
4		record pertaining to that individual;
5	(12)	Shall adopt rules that set forth an administrative
6		appeals structure which provides for:
7		(A) Agency procedures for processing records
8		requests;
9		(B) A direct appeal from the division maintaining the
10		record; and
11		(C) Time limits for action by agencies;
12	(13)	Shall adopt rules that set forth the fees and other
13		charges that may be imposed for searching, reviewing,
14		or segregating disclosable records[, as well as to
15		provide for a waiver of fees]; provided that fees
16		shall be waived when the public interest would be
17		served;
18	(14)	Shall adopt rules [which] that set forth uniform
19		standards for the records collection practices of
20		agencies;

1	(15)	Shall adopt rules that set forth uniform standards for
2		disclosure of records for research purposes;
3	(16)	Shall have standing to appear in cases where the
4		provisions of this chapter are called into question;
5	(17)	Shall adopt, amend, or repeal rules pursuant to
6		chapter 91 necessary for the purposes of this chapter;
7		and
8	(18)	Shall take action to oversee compliance with part I of
9		chapter 92 by all state and county boards including:
10		(A) Receiving and resolving complaints;
11		(B) Advising all government boards and the public
12		about compliance with chapter 92; and
13	,	(C) Reporting each year to the legislature on all
14		complaints received pursuant to section 92-1.5."
15	SECT	ION 10. This Act does not affect rights and duties
16	that matu	red, penalties that were incurred, and proceedings that
17	were begun before its effective date.	
18	SECT	ION 11. Statutory material to be repealed is bracketed
19	and stric	ken. New statutory material is underscored.

SECTION 12. This Act shall take effect upon its approval.

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#### Report Title:

Public Access to Information; Public Records; Board Meetings; OIP

#### Description:

Requires notice to be posted on the appropriate internet website. Allows notice to be sent electronically to persons who request notification. Provides for award of attorney's fees if a complainant prevails in an action pursuant to section 92-12, HRS. Requires agency officials to assist persons making requests for records. Waives fees for access to public records, when in the public interest.

The summary description of legislation appearing on this page is for informational purposes only and is not legislation or evidence of legislative intent.