JAN 2 9 2015

A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO EMPLOYMENT AGREEMENTS.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

- 1 SECTION 1. The legislature finds that postemployment
- 2 restrictive covenants impede the development of businesses
- 3 within the State by driving skilled workers to other
- 4 jurisdictions and by requiring local businesses to solicit
- 5 skilled workers from out of the State. Eliminating restrictive
- 6 covenants for employees of the technology business sector will
- 7 stimulate Hawaii's economy by preserving and providing jobs for
- 8 employees in this sector and by providing opportunities for
- 9 those employees to establish new companies and new job
- 10 opportunities in the State.
- 11 A restrictive covenant not to compete with a former
- 12 employer imposes a special hardship on employees of technology
- 13 businesses as these highly specialized professionals are trained
- 14 to perform specific jobs in the industry. Because the
- 15 geographic area of Hawaii is unique and limited, noncompete
- 16 agreements unduly restrict future employment opportunities for

- 1 these workers and have a chilling effect on the creation of new
- 2 businesses within the State by innovative employees.
- 3 Hawaii has a strong public policy promoting the growth of
- 4 new businesses in the economy, and academic studies have
- 5 concluded that embracing employee mobility is a superior
- 6 strategy for nurturing an innovation-based economy. In
- 7 contrast, a noncompete atmosphere hinders innovation, creates a
- 8 restrictive work environment for technology employees in the
- 9 State, and forces spin-offs of existing technology companies to
- 10 choose places other than Hawaii to establish their businesses.
- 11 In Technicolor, Inc v. Traeger, 57 Haw. 113, 551 P. 2d 163
- 12 (1976), the Hawaii supreme court ruled that noncompete covenants
- 13 and agreements that are not per se violations under section 480-
- 14 4(b), Hawaii Revised Statutes, may be enforced in Hawaii as long
- 15 as they pass a reasonableness analysis. Employers' trade
- 16 secrets are already protected under the federal Uniform Trade
- 17 Secrets Act and under section 480-4(c)(4), Hawaii Revised
- 18 Statutes, therefore, the benefits to the employer of noncompete
- 19 or nonsolicit agreements are unnecessary and overreaching
- 20 protections that unreasonably impose undue hardship upon
- 21 employees of technology businesses and the Hawaii economy.



- 1 The purpose of this Act is to stimulate Hawaii's economy by
- 2 prohibiting noncompete agreements and restrictive covenants that
- 3 forbid post-employment competition for employees of a technology
- 4 business.
- 5 SECTION 2. Section 480-4, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
- 6 amended to read as follows:
- 7 "§480-4 Combinations in restraint of trade, price-fixing
- 8 and limitation of production prohibited. (a) Every contract,
- 9 combination in the form of trust or otherwise, or conspiracy, in
- 10 restraint of trade or commerce in the State, or in any section
- 11 of this State is illegal.
- 12 (b) Without limiting the generality of the foregoing no
- 13 person, exclusive of members of a single business entity
- 14 consisting of a sole proprietorship, partnership, trust, or
- 15 corporation, shall agree, combine, or conspire with any other
- 16 person or persons, or enter into, become a member of, or
- 17 participate in, any understanding, arrangement, pool, or trust,
- 18 to do, directly or indirectly, any of the following acts, in the
- 19 State or any section of the State:
- 20 (1) Fix, control, or maintain, the price of any commodity;

1	(2)	mimit, control, or discontinue, the production,			
2	•	manufacture, or sale of any commodity for the purpose			
3		or with the result of fixing, controlling or			
4		maintaining its price;			
5	(3)	Fix, control, or maintain, any standard of quality of			
6		any commodity for the purpose or with the result of			
7		fixing, controlling, or maintaining its price;			
8	(4)	Refuse to deal with any other person or persons for			
9		the purpose of effecting any of the acts described in			
10		paragraphs (1) to (3) [of this subsection].			
11	(c)	Notwithstanding the foregoing subsection (b) and			
12	without 1	imiting the application of the foregoing subsection (a)			
13	it shall be lawful for a person to enter into any of the				
14	following restrictive covenants or agreements ancillary to a				
15	legitimate purpose not violative of this chapter, unless the				
16	effect thereof may be substantially to lessen competition or to				
17	tend to c	reate a monopoly in any line of commerce in any sectior			
18	of the State:				
19	(1)	A covenant or agreement by the transferor of a			
20		business not to compete within a reasonable area and			

1	within a	reasonable	period of	time :	in connection	with
2	the sale	of the busi	iness;			

- (2) A covenant or agreement between partners not to compete with the partnership within a reasonable area and for a reasonable period of time upon the withdrawal of a partner from the partnership;
- in the use of the leased premises to certain business or agricultural uses, or covenant or agreement of the lessee to be restricted in the use of the leased premises to certain business uses and of the lessor to be restricted in the use of premises reasonably proximate to any such leased premises to certain business to certain business uses;
 - (4) A covenant or agreement by an employee or agent not to use the trade secrets of the employer or principal in competition with the employee's or agent's employer or principal, during the term of the agency or thereafter, or after the termination of employment, within such time as may be reasonably necessary for

1	the protection of the employer or principal, without					
2	imposing undue hardship on the employee or agent.					
3	(d) Except as provided in subsection (c)(4), any					
4	employment contract, post-employment contract, or separation					
5	agreement containing a noncompete or nonsolicit clause relating					
6	to an employee of a technology business is prohibited. Such					
7	agreement shall be void and of no force and effect.					
8	As used in this subsection:					
9	"Information technology" means any equipment or					
10	interconnected system or subsystem of equipment that is used in					
11	the automatic acquisition, storage, manipulation, management,					
12	movement, control, display, switching, interchange,					
13	transmission, or reception of data or information. The term					
14	includes computers, ancillary equipment, software, firmware and					
15	similar procedures, services, and support services, and related					
16	resources.					
17	"Noncompete clause" means a clause in an employment					
18	contract, post-employment contract, or separation agreement that					
19	prohibits an employee from working in a specific geographic area					
20	for a specific period of time after leaving employment with the					
21	employer.					

contract, post-employment contract, or separation agreement that					
prohibits an employee from soliciting employees of the employer					
after leaving employment with the employer.					
"Software development" means the creation of coded computer					
instructions.					
"Technology business" means a trade or business that					
derives the majority of its revenue from software development,					
information technology, or both.					
This subsection shall apply to all written, binding					
noncompete and nonsolicit clauses entered into after June 30,					
2015, and to all amendments adding or amending noncompete and					
nonsolicit clauses in existing written agreements created prior					
to July 1, 2015."					
SECTION 3. Statutory material to be repealed is bracketed					
and stricken. New statutory material is underscored.					
SECTION 4. This Act shall take effect upon its approval.					
INTRODUCED BY: Surveyer Carrier Chishbar O is lift of the Control Charles Control and					

Report Title:

Technology; Employment Covenants or Agreements

Description:

Prohibits noncompete agreements and restrictive covenants that forbid post-employment competition of employees of a technology business.

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