A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO WATER RECLAMATION.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

- 1 SECTION 1. The legislature finds that as an island state,
- 2 Hawaii has limited access to natural fresh water supplies. Amid
- 3 increasing population and development, sustainable access to
- 4 fresh water is key to the State's future and new and innovative
- 5 options for water conservation must be explored.
- 6 The process of water scalping involves the extraction of
- 7 valuable, usable water from a sewerage network. By treating
- 8 this extracted water to achieve varying degrees of water safety
- 9 and quality, otherwise unused and wasted water is able to be
- 10 reclaimed and put to beneficial uses, such as outdoor irrigation
- 11 of golf courses, parks, and landscaped areas, and various other
- 12 potable, non-potable, and indirect-potable uses. This
- 13 decentralized method of water treatment and conservation has
- 14 already been successfully implemented in several Australian
- 15 cities and is being explored as an option in several areas of
- 16 the United States, including California, Arizona, and
- 17 Washington.



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following:

S.B. NO. 1225

2	and conservation potential of water scalping in Hawaii by:
3	(1) Conducting a feasibility study on the use of water
4	scalping technology in state facilities; and
5	(2) Creating a water scalping pilot project aimed at
6	implementing water scalping technology in new and
7	existing state facilities.
8	SECTION 2. (a) The department of accounting and general
9	services shall conduct a feasibility study on the use of water
10	scalping technology in state facilities. In conducting this
11	feasibility study, the department of accounting and general
12	services shall coordinate with the department of health and
13	agencies from each county with jurisdiction over wastewater
14	management.

The purpose of this Act is to explore the sustainability

17 (1) Potential benefit to the State from the widespread 18 adoption of water scalping technology;

(b) The feasibility study shall include an analysis of the

- (2) Compatibility of water scalping technology withexisting state infrastructure;
- 21 (3) Cost projections to:

1		(A)	Upgrade existing facilities to incorporate water
2			scalping technology; and
3		(B)	Incorporate water scalping technology in new
4	·		construction plans for state facilities; and
5	(4)	Ince	ntives for private industry to utilize water
6		scal	ping technology in a way that benefits the State.
7	(c)	The	department of accounting and general services
8	shall sub	mit t	o the legislature, no later than twenty days prior
9	to the co	nveni	ng of the 2017 regular session, a report on its
10	findings	and r	ecommendations. Included in this report shall be
11	recommend	ation	s on:
12	(1)	Spec	ific facilities or areas where water scalping
13		tech	nology should be deployed;
14	(2)	The	net benefit, given cost considerations, of
15		mand	ating the use of water scalping technology in
16		stat	e facilities;
17	(3)	Cost	and practicability for the widespread deployment
18		of w	ater scalping throughout the State, including
19		publ	ic acceptance of the technology; and

1	(4)	Requests for data from and recommendations for areas				
2		of inquiry or investigation within the pilot project				
3		implemented pursuant to section 3 of this Act.				
4	SECT	CION 3. (a) The department of accounting and general				
5	services	shall implement a four-year water scalping pilot				
6	project i	n conjunction with the department of health and				
7	agencies	from each county that have jurisdiction over wastewater				
8	management.					
9	(b)	The pilot project shall:				
10	(1)	Develop criteria for implementing water scalping				
11		technology in existing state facilities; and				
12	(2)	Facilitate the installation and operation of water				
13		scalping technology in designated state facilities.				
14	The	water scalping pilot project shall end on June 30,				
15	2019.					
16	(c)	The water scalping pilot project shall submit:				
17	(1)	A progress report of the criteria established and				
18		technology operated under subsection (a), including				
19		the project's observed and projected impact on water				
20		conservation and wastewater management to the				

1	legislature no later than twenty days prior to the
2	convening of the regular session of 2017; and
3	(2) A final report on the operations and findings of the
4	pilot project, including any recommendations for
5	legislation, no later than twenty days prior to the
6	convening of the regular session of 2020.
7	SECTION 4. There is appropriated out of the general
8	revenues of the State of Hawaii the sum of \$ or so much
9	thereof as may be necessary for fiscal year 2015-2016 and the
10	same sum or so much thereof as may be necessary for fiscal year
11	2016-2017 to implement the pilot project established in section
12	3 of this Act.
13	The sums appropriated shall be expended by the department
14	of accounting and general services for the purposes of this Act.
15	SECTION 5. This Act shall take effect on July 1, 2015.
16	INTRODUCED BY:
	INTRODUCED BY:

Report Title:

Water Scalping; Sewer Mining; Pilot Project; Feasibility Study

Description:

Establishes a water scalping feasibility study and four-year pilot project.

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