JAN 2 2 2015

#### A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO COUNTIES.

#### BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

1 SECTION 1. Section 46-1.5, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is 2 amended to read as follows:

3 "§46-1.5 General powers and limitation of the counties.

4 Subject to general law, each county shall have the following

powers and shall be subject to the following liabilities and

6 limitations:

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- (1) Each county shall have the power to frame and adopt a charter for its own self-government that shall establish the county executive, administrative, and legislative structure and organization, including but not limited to the method of appointment or election of officials, their duties, responsibilities, and compensation, and the terms of their office;
  - (2) Each county shall have the power to provide for and regulate the marking and lighting of all buildings and other structures that may be obstructions or hazards to aerial navigation, so far as may be necessary or

1		proper for the protection and safeguarding of life,
2		health, and property;
3	(3)	Each county shall have the power to enforce all claims
4		on behalf of the county and approve all lawful claims
5		against the county, but shall be prohibited from
6		entering into, granting, or making in any manner any
7		contract, authorization, allowance payment, or
8		liability contrary to the provisions of any county
9		charter or general law;
10	(4)	Each county shall have the power to make contracts and
11		to do all things necessary and proper to carry into
12		execution all powers vested in the county or any
13		county officer;
14	(5)	Each county shall have the power to:
15		(A) Maintain channels, whether natural or artificial,
16		including their exits to the ocean, in suitable
17		condition to carry off storm waters;
18		(B) Remove from the channels, and from the shores and
19		beaches, any debris that is likely to create an
20		unsanitary condition or become a public nuisance;
21		provided that, to the extent any of the foregoing

1			work is a private responsibility, the
2			responsibility may be enforced by the county in
3		•	lieu of the work being done at public expense;
4		(C)	Construct, acquire by gift, purchase, or by the
5			exercise of eminent domain, reconstruct, improve,
6			better, extend, and maintain projects or
7			undertakings for the control of and protection
8			against floods and flood waters, including the
9			power to drain and rehabilitate lands already
10			flooded; and
11		(D)	Enact zoning ordinances providing that lands
12			deemed subject to seasonable, periodic, or
13			occasional flooding shall not be used for
14			residence or other purposes in a manner as to
15			endanger the health or safety of the occupants
16			thereof, as required by the Federal Flood
17			Insurance Act of 1956 (chapter 1025, Public Law
18			1016);
19	(6)	Each	county shall have the power to exercise the power
20		of c	ondemnation by eminent domain when it is in the
21		publ	ic interest to do so;

1	('/')	Each county shall have the power to exercise
2		regulatory powers over business activity as are
3		assigned to them by chapter 445, or other general law;
4	(8)	Each county shall have the power to fix the fees and
5		charges for all official services not otherwise
6		provided for;
7	(9)	Each county shall have the power to provide by
8		ordinance assessments for the improvement or
9		maintenance of districts within the county;
10	(10)	Except as otherwise provided, no county shall have the
11		power to give or loan credit to, or in aid of, any
12		person or corporation, directly or indirectly, except
13		for a public purpose;
14	(11)	Where not within the jurisdiction of the public
15		utilities commission, each county shall have the power
16		to regulate by ordinance the operation of motor
17		vehicle common carriers transporting passengers within
18		the county and adopt and amend rules the county deems
19		necessary for the public convenience and necessity;
20	(12)	Each county shall have the power to enact and enforce
21		ordinances necessary to prevent or summarily remove

1		public nuisances and to compel the clearing or removal
2	• .	of any public nuisance, refuse, and uncultivated
3		undergrowth from streets, sidewalks, public places,
4		and unoccupied lots. In connection with these powers,
5		each county may impose and enforce liens upon the
6		property for the cost to the county of removing and
7		completing the necessary work where the property
8		owners fail, after reasonable notice, to comply with
9		the ordinances. The authority provided by this
10		paragraph shall not be self-executing, but shall
11		become fully effective within a county only upon the
12		enactment or adoption by the county of appropriate and
13		particular laws, ordinances, or rules defining "public
14		nuisances" with respect to each county's respective
15		circumstances. The counties shall provide the
16		property owner with the opportunity to contest the
17		summary action and to recover the owner's property;
18	(13)	Each county shall have the power to enact ordinances
19		deemed necessary to protect health, life, and
20		property, and to preserve the order and security of
21		the county and its inhabitants on any subject or

1		matter not inconsistent with, or tending to defeat,
2		the intent of any state statute where the statute does
3		not disclose an express or implied intent that the
4		statute shall be exclusive or uniform throughout the
5		State;
6	(14)	Each county shall have the power to:
7		(A) Make and enforce within the limits of the county
8		all necessary ordinances covering all:
9		(i) Local police matters;
10		(ii) Matters of sanitation;
11		(iii) Matters of inspection of buildings;
12		(iv) Matters of condemnation of unsafe
13	•	structures, plumbing, sewers, dairies, milk,
14		fish, and morgues; and
15		(v) Matters of the collection and disposition of
16		rubbish and garbage;
17		(B) Provide exemptions for homeless facilities and
18		any other program for the homeless authorized by
19		part XVII of chapter 346, for all matters under
20		this paragraph;

1		(C) Appoint county physicians and sanitary and other
2		inspectors as necessary to carry into effect
3		ordinances made under this paragraph, who shall
4		have the same power as given by law to agents of
5		the department of health, subject only to
6		limitations placed on them by the terms and
7		conditions of their appointments; and
8		(D) Fix a penalty for the violation of any ordinance
9		which penalty may be a misdemeanor, petty
10		misdemeanor, or violation as defined by general
11		law;
12	(15)	Each county shall have the power to provide public
13		pounds; to regulate the impounding of stray animals
14		and fowl, and their disposition; and to provide for
15		the appointment, powers, duties, and fees of animal
16		control officers;
17	(16)	Each county shall have the power to purchase and
18		otherwise acquire, lease, and hold real and personal
19		property within the defined boundaries of the county
20		and to dispose of the real and personal property as

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1		the interests of the inhabitants of the county may
2		require, except that:
3		(A) Any property held for school purposes may not be
4		disposed of without the consent of the
5		superintendent of education;
6		(B) No property bordering the ocean shall be sold or
7		otherwise disposed of; and
8		(C) All proceeds from the sale of park lands shall be
9		expended only for the acquisition of property for
10		park or recreational purposes;
11	(17)	Each county shall have the power to provide by charter
12		for the prosecution of all offenses and to prosecute
13		for offenses against the laws of the State under the
14		authority of the attorney general of the State;
15	(18)	Each county shall have the power to make
16		appropriations in amounts deemed appropriate from any
17		moneys in the treasury, for the purpose of:
18		(A) Community promotion and public celebrations;
19		(B) The entertainment of distinguished persons as may
20		from time to time visit the county;

1		(C)	The entertainment of other distinguished persons,
2			as well as, public officials when deemed to be in
3			the best interest of the community; and
4		(D)	The rendering of civic tribute to individuals
5			who, by virtue of their accomplishments and
6			community service, merit civic commendations,
7			recognition, or remembrance;
8	(19)	Each	county shall have the power to:
9		(A)	Construct, purchase, take on lease, lease,
10			sublease, or in any other manner acquire, manage,
11			maintain, or dispose of buildings for county
12			purposes, sewers, sewer systems, pumping
13			stations, waterworks, including reservoirs,
14			wells, pipelines, and other conduits for
15			distributing water to the public, lighting
16			plants, and apparatus and appliances for lighting
17			streets and public buildings, and manage,
18			regulate, and control the same;
19		(B)	Regulate and control the location and quality of
20			all appliances necessary to the furnishing of

1		water, heat, light, power, telephone, and
2		telecommunications service to the county;
3		(C) Acquire, regulate, and control any and all
4		appliances for the sprinkling and cleaning of the
5	. •	streets and the public ways, and for flushing the
6		sewers; and
7		(D) Open, close, construct, or maintain county
8		highways or charge toll on county highways;
9		provided that all revenues received from a toll
10		charge shall be used for the construction or
11		maintenance of county highways;
12	(20)	Each county shall have the power to regulate the
13		renting, subletting, and rental conditions of property
14		for places of abode by ordinance;
15	(21)	Unless otherwise provided by law, each county shall
16		have the power to establish by ordinance the order of
17		succession of county officials in the event of a
18		military or civil disaster;
19	(22)	Each county shall have the power to sue and be sued in
20		its corporate name;



1	(23)	Each county shall have the power to establish and					
2		main	tain waterworks and sewer works; to collect rates				
3		for	water supplied to consumers and for the use of				
4		sewe	sewers; and to install water meters whenever deemed				
5 *		expe	dient; provided that [owners]:				
6		<u>(A)</u>	Owners of premises having vested water rights				
7			under existing laws appurtenant to the premises				
8			shall not be charged for the installation or use				
9			of the water meters on the premises; [to take				
10			over from the State existing waterworks systems,				
11			including water rights, pipelines, and other				
12		·	appurtenances belonging thereto, and sewer				
13			systems, and to enlarge, develop, and improve the				
14			same;]				
15		<u>(B)</u>	Each county may impose and enforce liens upon the				
16			premises served for any unpaid water or sewer				
17			charges where the premises owner fails, after				
18		·	reasonable notice, to make payment and after				
19		being given an opportunity for a hearing pursuant					
20			to chapter 91; provided that the lien may be				
21			enforced against the entire unpaid amount; and				

1	<u>(C)</u>	The authority provided by subparagraph (B) sharp
2		take effect in a county only upon the ordainment
3		or adoption of ordinances or rules by the county
4		to impose and enforce liens in accordance with
5	·	subparagraph (B);
6	(24) (A)	Each county may impose civil fines, in addition
7		to criminal penalties, for any violation of
8		county ordinances or rules after reasonable
9		notice and requests to correct or cease the
10		violation have been made upon the violator. Any
11		administratively imposed civil fine shall not be
12		collected until after an opportunity for a
13		hearing under chapter 91. Any appeal shall be
14		filed within thirty days from the date of the
15		final written decision. These proceedings shall
16		not be a prerequisite for any civil fine or
17		injunctive relief ordered by the circuit court;
18	(B)	Each county by ordinance may provide for the
19		addition of any unpaid civil fines, ordered by
20		any court of competent jurisdiction, to any
21		taxes, fees, or charges, with the exception of

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fees or charges for water for residential use and sewer charges, collected by the county. Each county by ordinance may also provide for the addition of any unpaid administratively imposed civil fines, which remain due after all judicial review rights under section 91-14 are exhausted, to any taxes, fees, or charges, with the exception of water for residential use and sewer charges, collected by the county. The ordinance shall specify the administrative procedures for the addition of the unpaid civil fines to the eligible taxes, fees, or charges and may require hearings or other proceedings. After addition of the unpaid civil fines to the taxes, fees, or charges, the unpaid civil fines shall not become a part of any taxes, fees, or charges. county by ordinance may condition the issuance or renewal of a license, approval, or permit for which a fee or charge is assessed, except for water for residential use and sewer charges, on payment of the unpaid civil fines.

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recordation of a notice of unpaid civil fines in the bureau of conveyances, the amount of the civil fines, including any increase in the amount of the fine which the county may assess, shall constitute a lien upon all real property or rights to real property belonging to any person liable for the unpaid civil fines. The lien in favor of the county shall be subordinate to any lien in favor of any person recorded or registered prior to the recordation of the notice of unpaid civil fines and senior to any lien recorded or registered after the recordation of the notice. The lien shall continue until the unpaid civil fines are paid in full or until a certificate of release or partial release of the lien, prepared by the county at the owner's expense, is recorded. The notice of unpaid civil fines shall state the amount of the fine as of the date of the notice and maximum permissible daily increase of the fine. The county shall not be required to include a social security number,

1		state general excise taxpayer identification
2		number, or federal employer identification number
3		on the notice. Recordation of the notice in the
4		bureau of conveyances shall be deemed, at such
5		time, for all purposes and without any further
6		action, to procure a lien on land registered in
7		land court under chapter 501. After the unpaid
8		civil fines are added to the taxes, fees, or
9		charges as specified by county ordinance, the
10		unpaid civil fines shall be deemed immediately
11 .		due, owing, and delinquent and may be collected
12		in any lawful manner. The procedure for
13		collection of unpaid civil fines authorized in
14		this paragraph shall be in addition to any other
15		procedures for collection available to the State
16		and county by law or rules of the courts;
17	(C)	Each county may impose civil fines upon any
18		person who places graffiti on any real or
19		personal property owned, managed, or maintained
20		by the county. The fine may be up to \$1,000 or
21		may be equal to the actual cost of having the

i		damaged property repaired or replaced. The
2		parent or guardian having custody of a minor who
3		places graffiti on any real or personal property
4		owned, managed, or maintained by the county shall
5		be jointly and severally liable with the minor
6		for any civil fines imposed hereunder. Any such
7		fine may be administratively imposed after an
8		opportunity for a hearing under chapter 91, but
9		such a proceeding shall not be a prerequisite for
10		any civil fine ordered by any court. As used in
11		this subparagraph, "graffiti" means any
12		unauthorized drawing, inscription, figure, or
13		mark of any type intentionally created by paint,
14		ink, chalk, dye, or similar substances;
15	(D)	At the completion of an appeal in which the
16		county's enforcement action is affirmed and upon
17		correction of the violation if requested by the
18		violator, the case shall be reviewed by the
19		county agency that imposed the civil fines to
20		determine the appropriateness of the amount of

the civil fines that accrued while the appeal

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1	proceedings were pending. In its review of the
2	amount of the accrued fines, the county agency
3	may consider:
4	(i) The nature and egregiousness of the
5	violation;
6	(ii) The duration of the violation;
7	(iii) The number of recurring and other similar
8	violations;
9	(iv) Any effort taken by the violator to correct
10	the violation;
11	(v) The degree of involvement in causing or
12	continuing the violation;
13	(vi) Reasons for any delay in the completion of
14	the appeal; and
15	(vii) Other extenuating circumstances.
16	The civil fine that is imposed by administrative
17	order after this review is completed and the
18	violation is corrected shall be subject to
19	judicial review, notwithstanding any provisions
20	for administrative review in county charters;

1		(上)	After completion of a review of the amount of
2			accrued civil fine by the county agency that
3			imposed the fine, the amount of the civil fine
4			determined appropriate, including both the
5			initial civil fine and any accrued daily civil
6			fine, shall immediately become due and
7			collectible following reasonable notice to the
8			violator. If no review of the accrued civil fine
9			is requested, the amount of the civil fine, not
10			to exceed the total accrual of civil fine prior
11			to correcting the violation, shall immediately
12			become due and collectible following reasonable
13			notice to the violator, at the completion of all
14			appeal proceedings;
15		(F)	If no county agency exists to conduct appeal
16			proceedings for a particular civil fine action
17			taken by the county, then one shall be
18			established by ordinance before the county shall
19			impose the civil fine;
20	(25)	Any	law to the contrary notwithstanding, any county
21		mayo	or, by executive order, may exempt donors, provider

1		agencies, homeless facilities, and any other program
2		for the homeless under part XVII of chapter 346 from
3		real property taxes, water and sewer development fees,
4		rates collected for water supplied to consumers and
5		for use of sewers, and any other county taxes,
6		charges, or fees; provided that any county may enact
7		ordinances to regulate and grant the exemptions
8		granted by this paragraph;
9	(26)	Any county may establish a captive insurance company
10		pursuant to article 19, chapter 431; and
11	(27)	Each county shall have the power to enact and enforce
12		ordinances regulating towing operations."
13	SECT	ION 2. Statutory material to be repealed is bracketed
14	and stric	ken. New statutory material is underscored.
15	SECT	ION 3. This Act shall take effect on July 1, 2015.
16		INTRODUCED BY: Roll E Pac BR
		INTRODUCED BY:

#### Report Title:

Counties; Liens; Water and Sewer Charges; Waterworks Systems; Sewer Systems

#### Description:

Empowers counties to impose and enforce liens upon premises served for unpaid water or sewer charges after an opportunity to be heard under chapter 91, Hawaii Revised Statutes. Repeals the authority of each county to take over from the State existing waterworks systems and sewer systems and to enlarge, develop, and improve the same.

The summary description of legislation appearing on this page is for informational purposes only and is not legislation or evidence of legislative intent.