A BILL FOR AN ACT

MAKING AN APPROPRIATION TO THE KAHO'OLAWE ISLAND RESERVE COMMISSION.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

- SECTION 1. Through Act 340, Session Laws of Hawaii 1993,
 the legislature found that the island of Kaho'olawe was of
 significant cultural and historic importance to the native
- 4 people of Hawaii. The legislature also found that due to
- 5 extensive erosion and other ecological problems, the presence of
- 6 unexploded ordnance, the existence of archaeological and other
- 7 cultural and historic sites, and the presence of native and
- 8 endangered flora and fauna, a new management regime was needed
- 9 to effectively meet the unique challenges of restoring,
- 10 preserving, and determining the appropriate use of Kahoʻolawe.
- 11 The Kaho'olawe island reserve commission is funded
- 12 predominantly by a dwindling trust fund created in 1994 during
- 13 the federal cleanup of unexploded ordnance on Kaho'olawe.
- 14 Although it was a considerable amount, the federal appropriation
- 15 totaling approximately \$44,000,000 over a period of several

- 1 years was not substantial enough to establish a sustainable
- 2 endowment for the long-term restoration of Kaho'olawe.
- 3 As stated in the federally mandated Kaho'olawe island
- 4 conveyance commission final report to Congress in 1993, "in the
- 5 short term, federal funds will provide the bulk of the program
- 6 support for specific soil conservation projects and related
- 7 activities. In the longer term, however, state revenues will be
- 8 needed to continue and enhance those activities initiated with
- 9 federal funds." For the past twenty-one years, federal funding
- 10 has allowed the Kaho'olawe island reserve commission to establish
- 11 many innovative programs that emphasize ancestral and
- 12 traditional knowledge, use a cultural approach of respect for
- 13 and connectivity to the environment, and integrate ancient and
- 14 modern resource-management techniques.
- In 2004, the management and control of the Kaho'olawe island
- 16 reserve was transferred from the United States Navy to the State
- 17 of Hawaii, with the Kaho'olawe island reserve commission as the
- 18 state agency designated to oversee the use and restoration of
- 19 the reserve. During the past ten years, the Kaho'olawe island
- 20 reserve commission has been able to develop innovative
- 21 restoration projects that are effective in the extremely harsh



- 1 conditions of Kaho'olawe and will serve as the foundation for the
- 2 future restoration of the island.
- 3 A fiscal audit of the Kaho'olawe rehabilitation trust fund
- 4 performed by the office of the auditor in 2013 reported two key
- 5 findings. First, and more importantly, the trust fund will be
- 6 depleted by 2016. Second, the Kaho'olawe island reserve
- 7 commission lacks a comprehensive and quantifiable restoration
- 8 plan with performance measures to gauge whether objectives are
- 9 being met.
- 10 Also in 2013, the Kaho'olawe island reserve commission
- 11 embarked on the development of a 2026 strategic plan for
- 12 Kaho'olawe, marking fifty years of occupation of Kaho'olawe by the
- 13 people of Hawaii and laying out a pathway for the future use and
- 14 management of the Kaho'olawe island reserve. After a two-year
- 15 effort that engaged Hawaii's residents through numerous
- 16 community meetings and focus-group sessions held on multiple
- 17 occasions on each of the islands, the multi-organizational
- 18 Kaho'olawe strategic planning working group developed an island-
- 19 wide, community-based strategic plan, entitled "I Ola Kanaloa",
- 20 or "Life to Kanaloa", that addresses the future restoration,
- 21 management, and uses of Kaho'olawe for the State, the people of



- 1 Hawaii, and a possible future sovereign Native Hawaiian entity.
- 2 Pursuant to section 6K-9, Hawaii Revised Statutes, the
- 3 management and control of the Kaho'olawe island reserve will be
- 4 transferred to a sovereign Native Hawaiian entity upon its
- 5 recognition by the state and federal governments. This event is
- 6 anticipated to occur within the timeframe of the 2026 strategic
- 7 plan.
- 8 Without additional funding, the Kaho'olawe island reserve
- 9 commission will not be able to continue its innovative
- 10 management regime beyond fiscal year 2015. The Kaho'olawe island
- 11 reserve commission's management and control of Kaho'olawe is not
- 12 only restoring the ecological damage on Kaho'olawe and protecting
- 13 its endangered and rare flora and fauna but also ensuring that
- 14 the people of Hawaii who visit the Kaho'olawe island reserve can
- 15 do so meaningfully and safely.
- 16 The purpose of this Act is to provide funds to the
- 17 Kaho'olawe island reserve commission to meet effectively the
- 18 unique challenges of restoring, preserving, and determining the
- 19 appropriate uses of the Kaho'olawe island reserve for the people
- 20 of Hawaii.



- 1 SECTION 2. There is appropriated out of the general 2 revenues of the State of Hawaii the sum of \$6,000,000 or so much
- 3 thereof as may be necessary for fiscal year 2015-2016 and the
- 4 same sum or so much thereof as may be necessary for fiscal year
- 5 2016-2017 for projects undertaken by the Kaho'olawe island
- 6 reserve commission, including but not limited to the restoration
- 7 and preservation of the natural, cultural, and historic
- 8 resources of the Kaho'olawe island reserve and its meaningful and
- 9 safe use by the people of Hawaii.
- 10 The sums appropriated shall be expended by the Kaho'olawe
- 11 island reserve commission for the purposes of this Act.
- 12 SECTION 3. This Act shall take effect on July 1, 2015.

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INTRODUCED BY:

S 2015-1173

JAN 2 3 2015

Report Title:

Kaho'olawe Island Reserve Commission

Description:

Appropriates funds to the Kaho'olawe Island Reserve Commission for restoration and preservation projects.

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