### A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO TORT LIABILITY.

#### BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

SECT	ION 1. Chapter 662, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
amended by	y adding a new section to be appropriately designated
and to rea	ad as follows:
" <u>\$</u> 662	2- Hazardous recreational activity; limited state
liability;	; limitation on damages. (a) Subject to subsections
(b) and (d	c), no state agency or employee of the State shall be
liable to	<u>:</u>
(1)	Any person who participates in a hazardous
	recreational activity, including any person who
	assists the participant; or
(2)	Any spectator who knew or reasonably should have known
	that the hazardous recreational activity created a
	substantial risk of injury to the spectator and was
	voluntarily in the place of risk, or having the
	ability to do so, failed to leave the place of risk,
for any in	njury or damage to persons or property arising out of
the hazard	dous recreational activity.



Page 2

# H.B. NO. 301

1	(b)	The injuries or damages described in subsection (a)
2	shall inc	lude those resulting from:
3	(1)	Any act of the participant while engaged in the
4		hazardous recreational activity;
5	(2)	The negligence of any participant of the hazardous
6		recreational activity;
7	(3)	Equipment failure that occurs despite reasonable care
8		and maintenance;
9	(4)	Any airborne projectile that is an inherent risk of
10		the hazardous recreational activity, including rocks,
11		trees, equipment, or human bodies, as applicable;
12	(5)	Adverse weather conditions, including lightning, rain,
13		flooding, or heat;
14	(6)	The participant's inability to safely participate in
15		the hazardous recreational activity because of the
16		participant's physical or mental limitations;
17	(7)	A preexisting health condition; or
18	(8)	Training or any other activity that the participant
19		undertakes in preparation for the hazardous
20		recreational activity.



2

.

1	<u>(c)</u>	Notwithstanding subsections (a) and (b), this section
2	shall not	limit liability that would otherwise exist for:
3	(1)	Failure of the state agency or employee of the State
4		to guard or warn of a known dangerous condition or of
5		another hazardous recreational activity known to the
6		state agency or employee of the State that is not
7		reasonably assumed by the participant as inherently a
8		part of the hazardous recreational activity out of
9		which the injury or damage arose;
10	(2)	Injury or damage suffered in any case where permission
11		to participate in the hazardous recreational activity
12		was granted for a specific fee. For the purposes of
13		this paragraph, the term "specific fee" shall not
14		include a fee or consideration charged for a general
15		purpose such as a general park admission charge, a
16		vehicle entry or parking fee, or an administrative or
17		group use application or permit fee, as distinguished
18		from a specific fee charged for participation in the
19		specific hazardous recreational activity out of which
20		the injury or damage arose;



Page 3

1	(3)	Injury or damage suffered to the extent proximately
2		caused by the negligent failure of the state agency or
3		employee of the State to properly construct or
4		maintain in good repair any structure, recreational
5		equipment or machinery, or substantial work or
6		improvement utilized in the hazardous recreational
7		activity out of which the injury or damage arose;
8	(4)	Injury or damage suffered in any case where the state
9		agency or employee of the State promoted the
10		participation in or observance of a hazardous
11		recreational activity recklessly or with gross
12		negligence. For the purposes of this paragraph,
13		promotional literature or a public announcement or
14		advertisement that merely describes the available
15		facilities and services on the property shall not
16		constitute a reckless or grossly negligent promotion;
17		or
18	(5)	An act of gross negligence by a state agency or
19		employee of the State that is the proximate cause of
20		the injury or damage sustained from participation in
21		the hazardous recreational activity;

2015-0136 HB SMA.doc

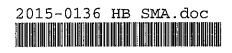
Page 4

4

1	provided	that this subsection shall not be construed to create a
2	duty of c	are or basis of liability for personal injury or damage
3	to person	al property.
4	(d)	In situations where a state agency or employee are
5	<u>liable un</u>	der subsection (c), the maximum amount that may be
6	recovered	from one or more state agencies and employees of the
7	<u>State sha</u>	ll be:
8	(1)	\$150,000 for any injury to one person in any single
9		incident; and
10	(2)	\$600,000 for any injury to two or more persons in any
11		single incident; provided that no person may
12		individually recover more than \$150,000.
13	For	purpose of this subsection:
14	(1)	A state agency or employee of the State shall not be
15		liable either directly or by indemnification for
16		punitive or exemplary damages or for damages for
17		outrageous conduct; and
18	(2)	An assignment of subrogation to recover damages paid
19		or payable for an injury shall not be deemed a
20		separate incident.

2015-0136 HB SMA.doc

1	<u>(e)</u>	As used in this section, the term "hazardous
2	recreatio	nal activity" means a recreational activity conducted
3	on proper	ty of a state agency that creates a substantial risk of
4	injury to	a participant or a spectator, including but not
5	limited t	<u>o:</u>
6	(1)	Water contact activities, except diving, in places
7		where or at a time when lifeguards are not provided
8		and reasonable warning thereof has been given or the
9		injured party should reasonably have known that no
10		lifeguard was provided at the time;
11	(2)	Any form of diving into water from other than a diving
12		board or diving platform, or at any place or from any
13		structure where diving is prohibited and reasonable
14		warning thereof has been given;
15	<u>(3)</u>	Rock climbing; and
16	(4)	Animal riding, including equestrian competition,
17		archery, bicycle racing or jumping, mountain
18		bicycling, boating, cross-country and downhill skiing,
19		hang gliding, kayaking, motorized vehicle racing, off-
20		road motorcycling or all-terrain driving of any kind,
21		orienteering, pistol and rifle shooting, rocketeering,



1	rodeo, spelunking, sky diving, sport parachuting,
2	paragliding, sports in which it is reasonably
3	foreseeable that there will be rough bodily contact
4	with one or more participants, surfing, trampolining,
5	tree climbing, tree rope swinging, waterskiing, white
6	water rafting, windsurfing, and zipline riding. For
7	the purposes of this paragraph, the term "mountain
8	bicycling shall not include riding a bicycle on paved
9	pathways, roadways, or sidewalks."
10	SECTION 2. This Act does not affect rights and duties that
11	matured, penalties that were incurred, and proceedings that were
1 <b>2</b>	begun before its effective date.
13 -	SECTION 3. New statutory material is underscored.

14 SECTION 4. This Act shall take effect upon its approval.

INTRODUCED BY: No. 2015-0136 HB SMA.doc 7 JAN 2 3 2015

15

#### Report Title:

Hazardous Recreational Activity; State Agencies; Liability; Limitation on Damages

#### Description:

2015-0136 HB SMA.doc

Grants immunity to state agencies and employees of the State from liability for injury or damage to persons or property arising out of hazardous recreational activities; and establishes limitations on damages when a state agency and employee of the State are liable due to failure to guard or warn of a known dangerous condition, permission to participate in the hazardous recreational activity was granted for a fee, State was negligent in construction or maintenance of structures or equipment used in the hazardous recreational activity, participation or observation of a hazardous recreational activity was promoted recklessly or with gross negligence, or there was an act of gross negligence.

The summary description of legislation appearing on this page is for informational purposes only and is not legislation or evidence of legislative intent.