#### A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO TAXATION.

#### BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

1 SECTION 1. Section 237-13, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is 2 amended to read as follows:

3 "§237-13 Imposition of tax. There is hereby levied and

4 shall be assessed and collected annually privilege taxes against

persons on account of their business and other activities in the

6 State measured by the application of rates against values of

7 products, gross proceeds of sales, or gross income, whichever is

8 specified, as follows:

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(1) Tax on manufacturers.

(A) Upon every person engaging or continuing within

the State in the business of manufacturing,

including compounding, canning, preserving,

packing, printing, publishing, milling,

processing, refining, or preparing for sale,

profit, or commercial use, either directly or

through the activity of others, in whole or in

part, any article or articles, substance or

1		substances, commodity or commodities, the amount
2		of the tax to be equal to the value of the
3		articles, substances, or commodities,
4		manufactured, compounded, canned, preserved,
5		packed, printed, milled, processed, refined, or
6		prepared for sale, as shown by the gross proceeds
7		derived from the sale thereof by the manufacturer
8		or person compounding, preparing, or printing
9		them, multiplied by one-half of one per cent.
10	(B)	The measure of the tax on manufacturers is the
11		value of the entire product for sale, regardless
12		of the place of sale or the fact that deliveries
13		may be made to points outside the State.
14	(C)	If any person liable for the tax on manufacturers
15		ships or transports the person's product, or any
16		part thereof, out of the State, whether in a
17		finished or unfinished condition, or sells the
18		same for delivery to points outside the State
19		(for example, consigned to a mainland purchaser
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the products in the condition or form in which

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they exist immediately before entering interstate or foreign commerce, determined as hereinafter provided, shall be the basis for the assessment of the tax imposed by this paragraph. This tax shall be due and payable as of the date of entry of the products into interstate or foreign commerce, whether the products are then sold or not. The department shall determine the basis for assessment, as provided by this paragraph, as follows:

(i) If the products at the time of their entry into interstate or foreign commerce already have been sold, the gross proceeds of sale, less the transportation expenses, if any, incurred in realizing the gross proceeds for transportation from the time of entry of the products into interstate or foreign commerce, including insurance and storage in transit, shall be the measure of the value of the products;

1	(ii)	If the products have not been sold at the
2		time of their entry into interstate or
3		foreign commerce, and in cases governed by
4		clause (i) in which the products are sold
5		under circumstances such that the gross
6		proceeds of sale are not indicative of the
7		true value of the products, the value of the
8		products constituting the basis for
9		assessment shall correspond as nearly as
10		possible to the gross proceeds of sales for
11		delivery outside the State, adjusted as
12		provided in clause (i), or if sufficient
13		data are not available, sales in the State,
14		of similar products of like quality and
15		character and in similar quantities, made by
16		the taxpayer (unless not indicative of the
17		true value) or by others. Sales outside the
18		State, adjusted as provided in clause (i),
19		may be considered when they constitute the
20		best available data. The department shall

1		prescribe uniform and equitable rules for
2		ascertaining the values;
3	(iii)	At the election of the taxpayer and with the
4		approval of the department, the taxpayer may
5		make the taxpayer's returns under clause (i)
6		even though the products have not been sold
7		at the time of their entry into interstate
8		or foreign commerce; and
9	(iv)	In all cases in which products leave the
10		State in an unfinished condition, the basis
11		for assessment shall be adjusted so as to
12		deduct the portion of the value as is
13		attributable to the finishing of the goods
14		outside the State.
15	(2) Tax on bu	siness of selling tangible personal property;
16	producing	J -
17	(A) Upor	every person engaging or continuing in the
18	busi	ness of selling any tangible personal
19	prop	perty whatsoever (not including, however,
20	bono	ds or other evidence of indebtedness, or
21	sto	cks), there is likewise hereby levied, and

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shall be assessed and collected, a tax equivalent to [four] five per cent of the gross proceeds of sales of the business; provided that, in the case of a wholesaler, the tax shall be equal to onehalf of one per cent of the gross proceeds of sales of the business; and provided further that insofar as the sale of tangible personal property is a wholesale sale under section 237-4(a)(8), the tax shall be one-half of one per cent of the gross proceeds. Upon every person engaging or continuing within this State in the business of a producer, the tax shall be equal to one-half of one per cent of the gross proceeds of sales of the business, or the value of the products, for sale, if sold for delivery outside the State or shipped or transported out of the State, and the value of the products shall be determined in the same manner as the value of manufactured products covered in the cases under paragraph (1)(C).

(B) Gross proceeds of sales of tangible property in interstate and foreign commerce shall constitute

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1		a part of the measure of the tax imposed on
2		persons in the business of selling tangible
3		personal property, to the extent, under the
4		conditions, and in accordance with the provisions
5		of the Constitution of the United States and the
6		Acts of the Congress of the United States which
7		may be now in force or may be hereafter adopted,
8		and whenever there occurs in the State an
9		activity to which, under the Constitution and
10		Acts of Congress, there may be attributed gross
11		proceeds of sales, the gross proceeds shall be so
12		attributed.
13	(C)	No manufacturer or producer, engaged in such
14		business in the State and selling the

ed in such business in the State and selling the manufacturer's or producer's products for delivery outside of the State (for example, consigned to a mainland purchaser via common carrier f.o.b. Honolulu), shall be required to pay the tax imposed in this chapter for the privilege of so selling the products, and the value or gross proceeds of sales of the products 1

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shall be included only in determining the measure of the tax imposed upon the manufacturer or producer.

(D) When a manufacturer or producer, engaged in such business in the State, also is engaged in selling the manufacturer's or producer's products in the State at wholesale, retail, or in any other manner, the tax for the privilege of engaging in the business of selling the products in the State shall apply to the manufacturer or producer as well as the tax for the privilege of manufacturing or producing in the State, and the manufacturer or producer shall make the returns of the gross proceeds of the wholesale, retail, or other sales required for the privilege of selling in the State, as well as making the returns of the value or gross proceeds of sales of the products required for the privilege of manufacturing or producing in the State. The manufacturer or producer shall pay the tax imposed in this chapter for the privilege of

1		serring its products in the state, and the value
2		or gross proceeds of sales of the products, thus
3		subjected to tax, may be deducted insofar as
4		duplicated as to the same products by the measure
5		of the tax upon the manufacturer or producer for
6		the privilege of manufacturing or producing in
7		the State; provided that no producer of
8		agricultural products who sells the products to a
9 .		purchaser who will process the products outside
10		the State shall be required to pay the tax
11		imposed in this chapter for the privilege of
12		producing or selling those products.
13	(E)	A taxpayer selling to a federal cost-plus
14		contractor may make the election provided for by
15		paragraph (3)(C), and in that case the tax shall
16		be computed pursuant to the election,
17		notwithstanding this paragraph or paragraph (1)
18		to the contrary.
19	(F)	The department, by rule, may require that a
20		seller take from the purchaser of tangible
21		personal property a certificate, in a form

1	prescribed by the department, certifying that the
2	sale is a sale at wholesale; provided that:
3	(i) Any purchaser who furnishes a certificate
4	shall be obligated to pay to the seller,
5	upon demand, the amount of the additional
6	tax that is imposed upon the seller whenever
7	the sale in fact is not at wholesale; and
8	(ii) The absence of a certificate in itself shall
9	give rise to the presumption that the sale
10	is not at wholesale unless the sales of the
11	business are exclusively at wholesale.
12	(3) Tax upon contractors.
13	(A) Upon every person engaging or continuing within
14	the State in the business of contracting, the tax
15	shall be equal to $[four]$ five per cent of the
16	gross income of the business.
17	(B) In computing the tax levied under this paragraph
18	there shall be deducted from the gross income of
19	the taxpayer so much thereof as has been included
20	in the measure of the tax levied under
21	subparagraph (A), on:

1	(i)	Another taxpayer who is a contractor, as
2		defined in section 237-6;
3	(ii)	A specialty contractor, duly licensed by the
4		department of commerce and consumer affairs
5		pursuant to section 444-9, in respect of the
6		specialty contractor's business; or
7 -	(iii)	A specialty contractor who is not licensed
8		by the department of commerce and consumer
9		affairs pursuant to section 444-9, but who
10		performs contracting activities on federal
11		military installations and nowhere else in
12		this State;
13	prov	ided that any person claiming a deduction
14	unde	r this paragraph shall be required to show in
15	the p	person's return the name and general excise
16	numbe	er of the person paying the tax on the amount
17	dedu	cted by the person.
18	(C) In co	omputing the tax levied under this paragraph
19	again	nst any federal cost-plus contractor, there
20	shal:	l be excluded from the gross income of the

1	contractor so much thereof as fulfills the
2	following requirements:
3	(i) The gross income exempted shall constitute
4	reimbursement of costs incurred for
5	materials, plant, or equipment purchased
6	from a taxpayer licensed under this chapter
7	not exceeding the gross proceeds of sale of
8	the taxpayer on account of the transaction;
9	and
10	(ii) The taxpayer making the sale shall have
11	certified to the department that the
12	taxpayer is taxable with respect to the
13	gross proceeds of the sale, and that the
14	taxpayer elects to have the tax on gross
15	income computed the same as upon a sale to
16	the state government.
17	(D) A person who, as a business or as a part of a
18	business in which the person is engaged, erects,
19	constructs, or improves any building or
20	structure, of any kind or description, or makes,
21	constructs, or improves any road, street.

1	sidewalk, sewer, or water system, or other
2	improvements on land held by the person (whether
3	held as a leasehold, fee simple, or otherwise),
4	upon the sale or other disposition of the land or
5	improvements, even if the work was not done
6	pursuant to a contract, shall be liable to the
7	same tax as if engaged in the business of
8	contracting, unless the person shows that at the
9	time the person was engaged in making the
10	improvements the person intended, and for the
11	period of at least one year after completion of
12	the building, structure, or other improvements
13	the person continued to intend to hold and not
14	sell or otherwise dispose of the land or
15	improvements. The tax in respect of the
16	improvements shall be measured by the amount of
17	the proceeds of the sale or other disposition
18	that is attributable to the erection,
19	construction, or improvement of such building or
20	structure, or the making, constructing, or
21	improving of the road, street, sidewalk, sewer,

1		or water system, or other improvements. The
2		measure of tax in respect of the improvements
3		shall not exceed the amount which would have been
4		taxable had the work been performed by another,
5		subject as in other cases to the deductions
6		allowed by subparagraph (B). Upon the election
7		of the taxpayer, this paragraph may be applied
8		notwithstanding that the improvements were not
9		made by the taxpayer, or were not made as a
10		business or as a part of a business, or were made
11		with the intention of holding the same. However,
12		this paragraph shall not apply in respect of any
13		proceeds that constitute or are in the nature of
14		rent; all such gross income shall be taxable
15		under paragraph (9); provided that insofar as the
16		business of renting or leasing real property
17		under a lease is taxed under section 237-16.5,
18		the tax shall be levied by section 237-16.5.
19	(4)	Tax upon theaters, amusements, radio broadcasting
20		stations, etc.



1	(A)	Upon every person engaging or continuing within
2		the State in the business of operating a theater,
3		opera house, moving picture show, vaudeville,
4		amusement park, dance hall, skating rink, radio
5		broadcasting station, or any other place at which
6		amusements are offered to the public, the tax
7		shall be equal to [four] five per cent of the
8		gross income of the business, and in the case of
9		a sale of an amusement at wholesale under section
10		237-4(a)(13), the tax shall be one-half of one
11		per cent of the gross income.
12	(B)	The department may require that the person
13		rendering an amusement at wholesale take from the
14		licensed seller a certificate, in a form
15		prescribed by the department, certifying that the
16		sale is a sale at wholesale; provided that:
17		(i) Any licensed seller who furnishes a
18		certificate shall be obligated to pay to the
19		person rendering the amusement, upon demand,
20		the amount of additional tax that is imposed

1		upon the seller whenever the sale is not at
2		wholesale; and
3		(ii) The absence of a certificate in itself shall
4		give rise to the presumption that the sale
5		is not at wholesale unless the person
6		rendering the sale is exclusively rendering
7		the amusement at wholesale.
8	(5)	Tax upon sales representatives, etc. Upon every
9		person classified as a representative or purchasing
10		agent under section 237-1, engaging or continuing
11		within the State in the business of performing
12		services for another, other than as an employee, there
13		is likewise hereby levied and shall be assessed and
14		collected a tax equal to [four] five per cent of the
15		commissions and other compensation attributable to the
16		services so rendered by the person.
17	(6)	Tax on service business.
18		(A) Upon every person engaging or continuing within
19		the State in any service business or calling
20		including professional services not otherwise
21		specifically taxed under this chapter, there is

1		likev	vise hereby levied and shall be assessed and
2		colle	ected a tax equal to [four] five per cent of
3		the g	gross income of the business, and in the case
4		of a	wholesaler under section 237-4(a)(10), the
5		tax s	shall be equal to one-half of one per cent of
6		the g	gross income of the business.
7	(B)	The d	department may require that the person
8		rende	ering a service at wholesale take from the
9		licer	nsed seller a certificate, in a form
10		preso	cribed by the department, certifying that the
11		sale	is a sale at wholesale; provided that:
12		(i)	Any licensed seller who furnishes a
13			certificate shall be obligated to pay to the
14			person rendering the service, upon demand,
15			the amount of additional tax that is imposed
16			upon the seller whenever the sale is not at
17			wholesale; and
18		(ii)	The absence of a certificate in itself shall
19			give rise to the presumption that the sale
20			is not at wholesale unless the person

1 rendering the sale is exclusively rendering
2 services at wholesale.

Where any person is engaged in the business of selling interstate or foreign common carrier telecommunication services within and without the State, other than as a home service provider, the tax shall be imposed on that portion of gross income received by a person from service which is originated or terminated in this State and is charged to a telephone number, customer, or account in this State notwithstanding any other state law (except for the exemption under section 237-23(a)(1)) to the contrary. If, under the Constitution and laws of the United States, the entire gross income as determined under this paragraph of a business selling interstate or foreign common carrier telecommunication services cannot be included in the measure of the tax, the gross income shall be apportioned as provided in section 237-21; provided that the apportionment

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1		factor and formula shall be the same for all
2		persons providing those services in the State.
3	(D)	Where any person is engaged in the business of a
4		home service provider, the tax shall be imposed
5		on the gross income received or derived from
6		providing interstate or foreign mobile
7		telecommunications services to a customer with a
8		place of primary use in this State when such
9		services originate in one state and terminate in
10		another state, territory, or foreign country;
11		provided that all charges for mobile
12		telecommunications services which are billed by
13		or for the home service provider are deemed to be
14		provided by the home service provider at the
15		customer's place of primary use, regardless of
16		where the mobile telecommunications originate,
17		terminate, or pass through; provided further that
18		the income from charges specifically derived from
19		interstate or foreign mobile telecommunications
20		services, as determined by books and records that
21		are kept in the regular course of business by the

1	home	service provider in accordance with section
2	239-	24, shall be apportioned under any
3	appo	rtionment factor or formula adopted under
4	subp	aragraph (C). Gross income shall not
5	incl	ude:
6	(i)	Gross receipts from mobile
7		telecommunications services provided to a
8		customer with a place of primary use outside
9		this State;
10	(ii)	Gross receipts from mobile
11		telecommunications services that are subject
12		to the tax imposed by chapter 239;
13	(iii)	Gross receipts from mobile
14		telecommunications services taxed under
15		section 237-13.8; and
16	(iv)	Gross receipts of a home service provider
17		acting as a serving carrier providing mobile
18		telecommunications services to another home
19		service provider's customer.
20	For	the purposes of this paragraph, "charges for
21	mobi	le telecommunications services", "customer",

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1	"home service provider", "mobile
2	telecommunications services", "place of primary
3	use", and "serving carrier" have the same meaning
4	as in section 239-22.

- (7) Tax on insurance producers. Upon every person engaged as a licensed producer pursuant to chapter 431, there is hereby levied and shall be assessed and collected a tax equal to 0.15 per cent of the commissions due to that activity.
- 10 (8) Tax on receipts of sugar benefit payments. Upon the 11 amounts received from the United States government by 12 any producer of sugar (or the producer's legal 13 representative or heirs), as defined under and by 14 virtue of the Sugar Act of 1948, as amended, or other 15 Acts of the Congress of the United States relating 16 thereto, there is hereby levied a tax of one-half of 17 one per cent of the gross amount received; provided 18 that the tax levied hereunder on any amount so 19 received and actually disbursed to another by a 20 producer in the form of a benefit payment shall be 21 paid by the person or persons to whom the amount is

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actually disbursed, and the producer actually making a benefit payment to another shall be entitled to claim on the producer's return a deduction from the gross amount taxable hereunder in the sum of the amount so disbursed. The amounts taxed under this paragraph shall not be taxable under any other paragraph, subsection, or section of this chapter.

(9) Tax on other business. Upon every person engaging or continuing within the State in any business, trade, activity, occupation, or calling not included in the preceding paragraphs or any other provisions of this chapter, there is likewise hereby levied and shall be assessed and collected, a tax equal to [four] five per cent of the gross income thereof. In addition, the rate prescribed by this paragraph shall apply to a business taxable under one or more of the preceding paragraphs or other provisions of this chapter, as to any gross income thereof not taxed thereunder as gross income or gross proceeds of sales or by taxing an equivalent value of products, unless specifically exempted."

1 SECTION 2. Section 237-15, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is amended to read as follows: 2 "§237-15 Technicians. When technicians supply dentists or 3 physicians with dentures, orthodontic devices, braces, and 4 5 similar items which have been prepared by the technician in 6 accordance with specifications furnished by the dentist or physician, and such items are to be used by the dentist or 7 physician in the dentist's or physician's professional practice 8 for a particular patient who is to pay the dentist or physician 9 10 for the same as a part of the dentist's or physician's professional services, the technician shall be taxed as though 11 the technician were a manufacturer selling a product to a 12 licensed retailer, rather than at the rate of [four] five per 13 cent which is generally applied to professions and services." 14 SECTION 3. Section 237-16.5, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is 15 amended by amending subsection (a) to read as follows: 16 This section relates to the leasing of real property 17 by a lessor to a lessee. There is hereby levied, and shall be 18 assessed and collected annually, a privilege tax against persons 19 engaging or continuing within the State in the business of 20 leasing real property to another; equal to [four] five per cent 21

- 1 of the gross proceeds or gross income received or derived from
- 2 the leasing; provided that where real property is subleased by a
- 3 lessee to a sublessee, the lessee, as provided in this section,
- 4 shall be allowed a deduction from the amount of gross proceeds
- 5 or gross income received from its sublease of the real property.
- 6 The deduction shall be in the amount allowed under this section.
- 7 All deductions under this section and the name and general
- 8 excise tax number of the lessee's lessor shall be reported on
- 9 the general excise tax return. Any deduction allowed under this
- 10 section shall only be allowed with respect to leases and
- 11 subleases in writing and relating to the same real property."
- 12 SECTION 4. Section 237-18, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
- 13 amended by amending subsection (f) to read as follows:
- 14 "(f) Where tourism related services are furnished through
- 15 arrangements made by a travel agency or tour packager and the
- 16 gross income is divided between the provider of the services and
- 17 the travel agency or tour packager, the tax imposed by this
- 18 chapter shall apply to each such person with respect to such
- 19 person's respective portion of the proceeds, and no more.
- 20 As used in this subsection "tourism related services" means
- 21 catamaran cruises, canoe rides, dinner cruises, lei greetings,



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- 1 transportation included in a tour package, sightseeing tours not
- 2 subject to chapter 239, admissions to luaus, dinner shows,
- 3 extravaganzas, cultural and educational facilities, and other
- 4 services rendered directly to the customer or tourist, but only
- 5 if the providers of the services other than air transportation
- 6 are subject to a [four] five per cent tax under this chapter or
- 7 chapter 239."
- 8 SECTION 5. Section 237-31, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
- 9 amended to read as follows:
- 10 "§237-31 Remittances. (a) All remittances of taxes
- 11 imposed by this chapter shall be made by money, bank draft,
- 12 check, cashier's check, money order, or certificate of deposit
- 13 to the office of the department of taxation to which the return
- 14 was transmitted.
- 15 (b) The department shall issue its receipts therefor to
- 16 the taxpayer and shall pay the moneys into the state treasury as
- 17 a state realization, to be kept and accounted for as provided by
- 18 law; provided that:
- 19 (1) A sum, not to exceed \$5,000,000, from all general
- 20 excise tax revenues realized by the State shall be

. 1		deposited in the state treasury in each fiscal year to
2		the credit of the compound interest bond reserve fund;
3	(2)	A sum from all general excise tax revenues realized by
4		the State that is equal to one-half of the total
5		amount of funds appropriated or transferred out of the
6		hurricane reserve trust fund under sections 4 and 5 of
7		Act 62, Session Laws of Hawaii 2011, shall be
8		deposited into the hurricane reserve trust fund in
9		fiscal year 2013-2014 and in fiscal year 2014-2015;
10		provided that the deposit required in each fiscal year
11		shall be made by October 1 of that fiscal year; and
12	[+](3)[+]	Commencing with fiscal year 2018-2019, a sum from all
13		general excise tax revenues realized by the State that
14		represents the difference between the state public
15		employer's annual required contribution for the
16		separate trust fund established under section 87A-42
17		and the amount of the state public employer's
18		contributions into that trust fund shall be deposited
19		to the credit of the State's annual required
20		contribution into that trust fund in each fiscal year,
21		as provided in section 87A-42.

1	(c) Notwithstanding subsection (b), beginning on
2	January 1, 2017, the additional revenues generated and collected
3	from the increase in general excise tax rates imposed by
4	sections 1 to 4 of Act , Session Laws of Hawaii 2016, shall
5	be deposited into a special account in the general fund for
6	operations, including salaries and maintenance costs, of the
7	department of education under chapter 302A."
8	SECTION 6. Statutory material to be repealed is bracketed
9	and stricken. New statutory material is underscored.
10	SECTION 7. This Act shall take effect upon its approval;
11	provided that sections 1 to 4 shall apply to taxable years
12	beginning after December 31, 2016.
13	Toloch B
	INTRODUCED BY: Jakashi Bh.

JAN 2 7 2016

#### Report Title:

General Excise Tax; Department of Education; Special Account

#### Description:

Increases the general excise tax from four per cent to five per cent and requires that additional revenue collected from the general excise tax increase be deposited into a special account in the general fund for department of education operations, including salaries and maintenance costs.

The summary description of legislation appearing on this page is for informational purposes only and is not legislation or evidence of legislative intent.