HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES TWENTY-EIGHTH LEGISLATURE, 2016 STATE OF HAWAII

H.B. NO. 2424

A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO BIOSECURITY.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

1 SECTION 1. The legislature finds that the unchecked spread 2 of invasive species is one of the greatest threats to Hawaii's 3 economy, natural environment, and the health and lifestyle of 4 Hawaii's people. Invasive pests can cause millions of dollars 5 in crop losses, the extinction of native species, the 6 destruction of native forests, the spread of disease, and the 7 quarantine of exported agricultural crops.

8 Island ecosystems are particularly vulnerable to the 9 destructive power of invasive pests. On Guam, the accidental 10 introduction of the brown tree snake has resulted in widespread 11 devastation. Without natural predators or competition for food, 12 brown tree snake populations have grown exponentially, causing 13 mass extinction of endemic birds. Where there were once bird 14 songs, the forests of Guam are now silent and home to as many as 15 fifteen thousand snakes per square mile. The introduction of 16 just one new pest like the brown tree snake could change the 17 ecological character of the Hawaiian islands forever.



1 Despite the State's ongoing efforts to detect and eradicate 2 invasive species, Hawaii's fragile island ecosystem are 3 constantly at risk from insects, disease-bearing organisms, 4 snakes, weeds, and other invasive pests. The coconut rhinoceros 5 beetle, little fire ant, coffee berry borer, coqui froq, and 6 other introduced invasive species, are disrupting the delicate 7 balance of island ecosystems, crowding out native species, and 8 reducing the biodiversity of Hawaii. 9 The department of agriculture has created a biosecurity 10 program to fight invasive species on several fronts by: 11 (1) Administering pre-entry measures to minimize the risk 12 of invasive pests entering the State; 13 (2) Conducting port-of-entry inspections to detect and 14 quarantine or destroy pests upon arrival; and 15 Administering post-entry measures to mitigate the (3) 16 establishment of pests in the State. 17 The department of agriculture has also supported the growth of Hawaii's agriculture industry by attempting to reduce the 18 19 State's dependency on imported agricultural products that may 20 contain pests. The legislature further finds that the department of agriculture's biosecurity program is vital to the 21



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1 public's health and welfare, and the department must fully 2 execute its comprehensive strategy to control and prevent 3 increasing invasive species threats entering and spreading 4 throughout the State. While inspections are critical, building 5 local capacity to increase the State's ability to stop the entry 6 of high-risk products would enhance our ability to mitigate and 7 manage invasive species. This is vitally important not only to 8 protect our fragile environment, but to grow our local 9 agricultural industries and to increase levels of self-10 sufficiency and sustainability.

11 The legislature further finds that the lack of adequate 12 resources has seriously undermined the plant quarantine branch's 13 functionality and has resulted in the compromise of the 14 effectiveness and efficiency of the quarantine and biosecurity 15 programs.

16 The purpose of this Act is to:

17 (1) Reaffirm the legislature's finding that the
18 implementation of the department of agriculture's
19 biosecurity program is vital to the State;
20 (2) Authorize the department of agriculture to establish
21 or participate in private-public partnerships to



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1 enhance the biosecurity program and quarantine 2 inspection process; provided that department employees 3 perform the actual inspections; and (3) 4 Appropriate moneys to enable the department of 5 agriculture to complete the implementation of the 6 biosecurity program to include import replacement and 7 pest management programs. SECTION 2. Section 150A-53, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is 8 9 amended to read as follows: 10 "[+] §150A-53[+] General actions to achieve objectives. 11 To achieve the objectives of the biosecurity program, the (a) 12 department shall plan for and, within available legislative 13 appropriations [,] or through funding from other sources, 14 implement the following: 15 (1)Work with government agencies and agricultural 16 commodity exporters of other states and countries to 17 establish pre-entry inspection programs under which 18 inbound cargo into the State is inspected at the ports 19 of departure or other points outside the State; 20 Establish, operate, or participate in operating port-(2) 21 of-entry facilities where multiple government agencies



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1	may	inspect, quarantine, fumigate, disinfect, destroy,
2	or e	xclude as appropriate, articles that may harbor
3	pest	s or exclude articles that are prohibited or
4	rest	ricted without a permit, with the goals of:
5	(A)	Performing inspections in an efficient,
6		effective, and expeditious manner for the
7		government agencies involved and for cargo
8		owners, carriers, and importers; [and]
9	(B)	Providing for the proper and safe storage and
10		handling of cargo, especially agricultural and
11		food commodities, awaiting inspection; and
12	(C)	Establishing or participating in private-public
13		partnerships to enhance the biosecurity program
14		and quarantine inspection process with on-port
15		and off-port facilities, including inspection and
16		treatment facilities, transitional facilities,
17		and consolidation and deconsolidation facilities;
18		provided that actual inspections shall be
19		performed only by department employees and not
20		private contractors or their employees;



1	(3)	Develop, implement, and coordinate post-entry measures
2		to eradicate, control, reduce, and suppress pests and,
3		as appropriate, eradicate or seize and dispose of
4		prohibited or restricted organisms without a permit
5		that have entered the State;
6	(4)	Collaborate with relevant government agencies,
7		agricultural commodity importers, and other persons to
8		examine and develop joint integrated systems to better
9		implement the biosecurity program;
10	(5)	Improve cargo inspection capabilities and methods,
11		including enhancement of the content and submission
12		requirements for cargo manifests and agricultural
13		commodity ownership and movement certificates;
14	(6)	Promote the production of agricultural commodities in
15		the State to reduce cargo shipments of imported
16		commodities into the State; and
17	(7)	Provide public education on the negative effects of
18		pests and prohibited or restricted organisms without a
19		permit, to the environment and economy of the State.
20	(b)	The department shall establish parameters and
21	construct	ion requirements for biosecurity facilities that



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1	provide f	or and ensure the safety of agricultural and food					
2	commodities consumed by Hawaii residents, including for cold						
3	storage facilities established by private-public partnerships to						
4	preserve the quality and ensure the safety of the commodities						
5	arriving at the State's airports and harbors."						
6	SECT	ION 3. There is appropriated out of the general					
7	revenues	of the State of Hawaii the sum of \$ or so					
8	much thereof as may be necessary for fiscal year 2016-2017 for						
9	the biosecurity program of the department of agriculture;						
10	provided that the sum appropriated shall be used for the						
11	following	projects:					
12	(1)	Import replacement of high risk crops and the					
13		development of systems management to enhance pest					
14		management practices;					
15	(2)	Development of quarantine treatment options;					
16	(3)	Development and implementation of diagnostics to					
17		quickly and reliably identify new and evolving pests					
18		and diseases;					
19	(4)	Improvement of productivity of inspection capacity;					
20		and					
• 1	(-)						

21 (5) Public and agriculture industry education activities.



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2 agriculture for the purposes of this Act. 3 SECTION 4. Statutory material to be repealed is bracketed 4 and stricken. New statutory material is underscored. This Act shall take effect on July 1, 2016. 5 SECTION 5. 6 INTRODUCED BY: indy Ebans

The sum appropriated shall be expended by the department of



JAN 2 5 2016



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Report Title:

Department of Agriculture; Biosecurity Program; Private-Public Partnerships; Appropriation

Description:

Requires DOA to establish or participate in private-public partnerships to enhance the biosecurity program and quarantine inspection process. Appropriates funds.

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