# A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO DISCHARGE PLANNING.

#### BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

1	SECTION 1. The legislature finds that Hawaii's population
2	of older adults continues to increase. In 2012, Hawaii had the
<b>3</b>	highest percentage of residents over the age of eighty-five in
4	the United States, and this population is projected to grow to
5	sixty-five per cent over the next twenty years. These
6	individuals are the most likely to need long-term supports and
7	services and will likely rely on family and friends as their
<b>8</b> ,	caregivers due to financial and resource constraints. Hawaii's
9	aging population growth will require an increasing number of
10	caregivers for assistance. The AARP Public Policy Institute
11 .	estimated the number of family caregivers to be 154,000 in 2013.
12	To help successfully address the challenges of an increasing
13	population of older adults and others who have significant needs
14	for long-term care and support, all partners must come together
15	to create a network of supports and services that help
16	caregivers support their loved ones at home and in the

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community.

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- 1 The legislature further finds that while strong home- and
- 2 community-based resources, such as respite, non-medical
- 3 transportation services, and home-delivered meals, are important
- 4 to help caregivers and their loved ones, medical supports are
- 5 also important. Coordination among primary care providers along
- 6 with preventive care will enable many seniors and other
- 7 individuals with chronic or debilitating conditions to stay in
- 8 their homes longer. However, in the event of an acute episode,
- 9 hospitals must provide assistance to patients and their
- 10 caregivers in order to prepare them for discharge and help them
- 11 transition back to their home.
- 12 The legislature also finds that all hospitals must comply
- 13 with comprehensive guidelines mandated by the federal government
- 14 related to discharge planning and transitions of care. Among
- 15 other things, hospitals must assess and consider the unique
- 16 preferences and needs of patients and their caregivers when
- 17 developing a discharge plan. Hospitals are also responsible for
- 18 helping to arrange after-care services, including setting up
- 19 appointments with the patient's primary care physician,
- 20 specialists, or other special services. For a successful
- 21 transition from hospital to home setting, the patient requires

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- 1 collaboration on the part of inpatient health care professionals
- 2 and at-home caregivers.
- 3 The purpose of this Act is to ensure that families are
- 4 supported by ensuring that all patients in an inpatient hospital
- 5 have an opportunity to designate a caregiver who shall be
- 6 notified prior to the discharge or transfer of the patient to
- 7 ensure that the patient and the designated caregiver are
- 8 involved in the discharge planning process, and that the patient
- 9 and caregiver are provided a consistent level of instructional
- 10 support, both written and oral, prior to discharge to facilitate
- 11 the patient's transition to the home setting regardless of which
- 12 facility the patient is in.
- 13 SECTION 2. The Hawaii Revised Statutes is amended by
- 14 adding a new chapter to be appropriately designated and to read
- 15 as follows:
- 16 "CHAPTER
- 17 HOSPITAL DISCHARGE PLANNING DESIGNATION OF A CAREGIVER
- 18 § -1 Definitions. As used in this chapter:
- 19 "After-care" means any assistance provided by a caregiver
- 20 to a patient following the patient's discharge from a hospital
- 21 that is related to the patient's condition at the time of

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- 1 discharge, including but not limited to assisting with basic
- 2 activities of daily living, instrumental activities of daily
- 3 living, and other tasks determined to be appropriate by the
- 4 discharging physician or other health care professional licensed
- 5 pursuant to chapter 453 or 457.
- 6 "Caregiver" means any individual duly designated by a
- 7 patient to provide after-care to the patient in the patient's
- 8 residence. The term includes but is not limited to a relative,
- 9 spouse, partner, friend, or neighbor who has a significant
- 10 relationship with the patient.
- "Contact information" means name, phone number, electronic
- 12 mail address, and address of residence, where available.
- "Discharge" means a patient's exit or release from a
- 14 hospital to the patient's residence following any medical care
- 15 or treatment rendered to the patient following an inpatient
- 16 admission.
- 17 "Entry" means a patient's entrance into a hospital for the
- 18 purpose of receiving inpatient medical care.
- 19 "Hospital" means a facility licensed under section
- 20 321-14.5, excluding children's hospitals and specialty
- 21 hospitals.

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1	"Patient" means an individual admitted to a hospital for							
2	inpatient treatment.							
3	"Residence" means a dwelling that the patient considers to							
4	be the patient's home and shall not include any residential							
5	facility, treatment facility, or home licensed or certified by							
6	the department of health under chapter 321, or a private							
7	residence used for commercial purposes to care for dependent							
8	individuals.							
9	S	-2 Designation of a caregiver. (a) Each hospital						
10	shall adopt and maintain a written discharge policy or policies							
11	that include the following components:							
12	(1)	Each patient is provided an opportunity to designate						
13		caregiver, to be included in the patient's electronic						
14		health record;						
15	(2)	Each patient and the patient's designated caregiver						
16		are given the opportunity to participate in the						
17		discharge planning;						
18	(3)	Each patient and the patient's designated caregiver						
19		are given the opportunity to receive instruction,						
20		prior to discharge, related to the patient's after-						
21		care needs; and						

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1	_ (4)	Each patient's caregiver is notified of the patient's
2		discharge or transfer. A hospital shall make
3		reasonable attempts to notify the patient's caregiver
4		of the patient's discharge to the patient's residence
5		as soon as practicable. In the event that the
6		hospital is unable to contact the designated
7		caregiver, the lack of contact shall not interfere
8		with, delay, or otherwise affect the medical care
9		provided to the patient or an appropriate discharge of
10		the patient.
11	(b)	The discharge policy or policies shall specify the

- 12 requirements for documenting:
- 13 (1) The caregiver who is designated by the patient; and
- 14 (2) The caregiver's contact information.
- 15 (c) The discharge policy or policies shall also
- 16 incorporate one of the following:
- 17 (1) Standards for accreditation adopted by the Joint
  18 Commission or other nationally recognized hospital
  19 accreditation organizations; or
- 20 (2) The conditions of participation for hospitals adopted21 by the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services.

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1	(d)	This	section	does	not	require	hospitals	to	adopt
2	discharge	polic	cies that	wou.	ld:				

- 3 (1) Delay a patient's discharge or transfer to another
  4 facility; or
- 5 (2) Require the disclosure of protected health information 6 without obtaining the patient's consent as required by 7 state and federal laws governing health information 8 privacy and security.
- 9 § -3 Non-interference with existing health care
  10 directives. Nothing in this chapter shall be construed to
  11 interfere with the rights of an agent operating under a valid
  12 health care directive under section 327E-3 or confer upon the
  13 caregiver any authority to make health care decisions on behalf
  14 of the patient unless the caregiver is designated as an agent in
  15 a health care directive under section 327E-3.
  - § -4 Limitation of liability. (a) Nothing in this chapter shall be construed to give rise to a private cause of action against a hospital, hospital employee, or a consultant or contractor that has a contractual relationship with a hospital.
- (b) A hospital, hospital employee, or a consultant orcontractor that has a contractual relationship with a hospital

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- 1 shall not be held liable for the services rendered or not
- 2 rendered by a caregiver to a patient at the patient's residence.
- 3 § -5 Preservation of coverage. Nothing in this chapter
- 4 shall be construed to remove the obligation of a third-party
- 5 payer to cover a health care item or service that the third-
- 6 party payer is obligated to provide to a patient under the terms
- 7 of a valid agreement, insurance policy, plan, or certification
- 8 of coverage or health maintenance organization contract."
- 9 SECTION 3. This Act shall take effect on July 1, 2017.

#### Report Title:

Hospital Discharge Planning; Caregiver Designation; Health Care

#### Description:

Requires hospitals to adopt and maintain discharge policies, consistent with recent updates to federal regulations, to support families by ensuring that all patients in an inpatient hospital have an opportunity to designate a caregiver who shall be notified prior to the discharge or transfer of the patient, that the patient and the designated caregiver are involved in the discharge planning process, and that the patient and caregiver are provided a consistent level of instructional support, both written and oral, prior to discharge to facilitate the patient's transition to the home setting regardless of which facility the patient is in. Takes effect 7/1/2017. (SD2)

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