A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO LAW ENFORCEMENT.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

1 ,	SECT	ION 1. Section 710-1010, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
2	amended by	y amending subsection (2) to read as follows:
3	"(2)	This section does not apply to:
4	(a)	The obstruction, impairment, or hindrance of the
5		making of an arrest; [or]
6	(b)	The obstruction, impairment, or hindrance of any
7		governmental function, as provided by law, in
8		connection with a labor dispute with the
9		government[-]; or
10	<u>(c)</u>	A person who is making a video or audio recording or
11		taking a photograph of a law enforcement officer while
12		the officer is in the performance of the officer's
13		duties in a public place or under circumstances in
14		which the officer has no reasonable expectation of
15		privacy; provided that the officer may take reasonable
16		action to maintain safety and control, secure crime
17		scenes and accident sites, protect the integrity and

1		confidentiality of investigations, and protect the							
2		public safety and order."							
3	SECT	ION 2. Section 711-1111, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is							
4	amended by	y amending subsection (1) to read as follows:							
5	"(1)	A person commits the offense of violation of privacy							
6	in the se	cond degree if, except in the execution of a public							
7	duty or a	s authorized by law, the person intentionally:							
8	(a)	Trespasses on property for the purpose of subjecting							
9		anyone to eavesdropping or other surveillance in a							
10		private place;							
11	(b)	Peers or peeps into a window or other opening of a							
12		dwelling or other structure adapted for sojourn or							
13		overnight accommodations for the purpose of spying on							
14		the occupant thereof or invading the privacy of							
15		another person with a lewd or unlawful purpose, under							
16		circumstances in which a reasonable person in the							
17		dwelling or other structure would not expect to be							
18		observed;							
19	(c)	Trespasses on property for the sexual gratification of							

the actor;

20

1	(d)	Installs or uses, or both, in any private place,
2		without consent of the person or persons entitled to
3		privacy therein, any means or device for observing,
4		recording, amplifying, or broadcasting sounds or
5		events in that place other than another person in a
6		stage of undress or sexual activity; provided that
7		this paragraph shall not prohibit a person from making
8		a video or audio recording or taking a photograph of a
9		law enforcement officer while the officer is in the
10		performance of the officer's duties in a public place
11		or under circumstances in which the officer has no
12		reasonable expectation of privacy and the person is
13		not interfering with the officer's ability to maintain
14		safety and control, secure crime scenes and accident
15		sites, protect the integrity and confidentiality of
16		investigations, and protect the public safety and
17		order;
18	(e)	Installs or uses outside a private place any device
19		for hearing, recording, amplifying, or broadcasting
20		sounds originating in that place which would not
21		ordinarily be audible or comprehensible outside,

Ţ		with	out the consent of the person or persons entitled									
2		to p	rivacy therein;									
3	(f)	Cove:	rtly records or broadcasts an image of another									
4		pers	on's intimate area underneath clothing, by use of									
5		any o	device, and that image is taken while that person									
6		is i	n a public place and without that person's									
7		cons	ent;									
8	(g)	Inte	rcepts, without the consent of the sender or									
9		rece	iver, a message or photographic image by									
10		tele	telephone, telegraph, letter, electronic transmission,									
11		or o	or other means of communicating privately; but this									
12		para	paragraph does not apply to:									
13		(i)	Overhearing of messages through a regularly									
14			installed instrument on a telephone party line or									
15			an extension; or									
16		(ii)	Interception by the telephone company, electronic									
17			mail account provider, or telephone or electronic									
18			mail subscriber incident to enforcement of									
19			regulations limiting use of the facilities or									
20			incident to other operation and use;									

1	(h)	Divulges, without the consent of the sender or the
2		receiver, the existence or contents of any message or
3		photographic image by telephone, telegraph, letter,
4		electronic transmission, or other means of
5		communicating privately, if the accused knows that the
6		message or photographic image was unlawfully
7		intercepted or if the accused learned of the message
8		or photographic image in the course of employment with
9		an agency engaged in transmitting it; or
10	(i)	Knowingly possesses materials created under
11		circumstances prohibited in section 711-1110.9."
12	SECT	ION 3. Section 803-42, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
13	amended b	y amending subsection (b) to read as follows:
14	"(b)	(1) It shall not be unlawful under this part for an
15	operator	of a switchboard, or an officer, employee, or agent of
16	a provide	r of wire or electronic communication services, whose
17	facilitie	s are used in the transmission of a wire communication,
18	to interc	ept, disclose, or use that communication in the normal
19	course of	the officer's, employee's, or agent's employment while
20	engaged i	n any activity that is either a necessary incident to
21	the rendi	tion of the officer's, employee's, or agent's service

- 1 or to the protection of the rights or property of the provider
- 2 of that service; provided that providers of wire communication
- 3 service to the public shall not utilize service observing or
- 4 random monitoring except for mechanical or service quality
- 5 control checks.

16

17

18

19

20

21

- 6 It shall not be unlawful under this part for an (2) 7 officer, employee, or agent of the Federal 8 Communications Commission, in the normal course of the 9 officer's, employee's, or agent's employment and in 10 discharge of the monitoring responsibilities exercised 11 by the Commission in the enforcement of title 47, 12 chapter 5, of the United States Code, to intercept a 13 wire or electronic communication, or oral 14 communication transmitted by radio, or to disclose or 15 use the information thereby obtained.
 - (3) (A) It shall not be unlawful under this part for a person not acting under color of law to intercept a wire, oral, or electronic communication when the person is a party to the communication or when one of the parties to the communication has given prior consent to the interception unless

H.B. NO. 2105

1		the communication is intercepted for the purpose
2		of committing any criminal or tortious act in
3		violation of the Constitution or laws of the
4		United States or of this State.
5	(B)	It shall not be unlawful for a person acting
6		under color of law to install in any private
7		place, without consent of the person or persons

under color of law to install in any private

place, without consent of the person or persons

entitled to privacy therein, any device for

recording, amplifying, or broadcasting sounds or

events in that place, or use of any such

unauthorized installation, or install or use

outside a private place any such device to

intercept sounds originating in that place which

would not ordinarily be audible or comprehensible

outside.

(4) It shall not be unlawful under this part for a person acting under color of law to intercept a wire, oral, or electronic communication, when the person is a party to the communication or one of the parties to the communication has given prior consent to the interception.

H.B. NO. 2105

(5)	It shall not be unlawful under this part for any
	person to intercept a wire, oral, or electronic
	communication, or to disclose or use the contents of
	an intercepted communication, when such interception
	is pursuant to a valid court order under this chapter
	or otherwise authorized by law; provided that a
	communications provider with knowledge of an
	interception of communications accomplished through
	the use of the communications provider's facilities
	shall report the fact and duration of the interception
	to the administrative director of the courts of this
	State.

(6) Notwithstanding any other law to the contrary, providers of wire or electronic communication service, their officers, employees, and agents, landlords, custodians, or other persons, are authorized to provide information, facilities, or technical assistance to persons authorized by law to intercept or access wire, oral, or electronic communications, to conduct electronic surveillance, or to install a pen register or trap and trace device if such provider,

1	its	officers, employees, or agents, landlord,										
2	custodian, or other specified person, has been											
3	prov	provided with:										
4	(A)	A court order directing such assistance signed by										
5		the designated judge; or										
6	(B)	A certification in writing from the Attorney										
7		General of the United States, the Deputy Attorney										
8		General of the United States, the Associate										
9		Attorney General of the United States, the										
10		attorney general of the State of Hawaii, or the										
11		prosecuting attorney for each county that no										
12		warrant or court order is required by law, that										
13		all statutory requirements have been met, and										
14		that the specific assistance is required, setting										
15		forth the period of time during which the										
16		providing of the information, facilities, or										
17		technical assistance is authorized and specifying										
18		the information, facilities, or technical										
19		assistance required.										
20		No provider of wire or electronic										
21		communication service, officer, employee, or										

1		agent thereof, or landford, custodian, or other
2		specified person shall disclose the existence of
3		any access, interception, or surveillance or the
4		device used to accomplish the interception or
5		surveillance for which the person has been
6		furnished a court order or certification under
7		this part, except as may otherwise be required by
8		legal process and then only after prior
9		notification to the party that provided the court
10		order or certification.
11		No cause of action shall lie in any court
12		against any provider of wire or electronic
13		communication service, its officers, employees,
14		or agents, landlord, custodian, or other
15		specified person for providing information,
16		facilities, or assistance in accordance with the
17		terms of a court order or certification under
18		this part.
19	(7)	It shall not be unlawful under this part for any
20		person:

1	(A) TO 1	ntercept or access an electronic									
2	comm	unication made through an electronic									
3	comm	unication system configured so that the									
4	elec	tronic communication is readily accessible to									
5	the	the general public.									
6	(B) To i	ntercept any radio communication that is									
7	tran	smitted:									
8	(i)	By any station for the use of the general									
9		public, or that relates to ships, aircraft,									
10		vehicles, or persons in distress;									
11	(ii)	By any governmental, law enforcement,									
12		emergency management, private land mobile,									
13		or public safety communications system,									
14		including police and fire, readily									
15		accessible to the general public;									
16	(iii)	By a station operating on an authorized									
17		frequency within the bands allocated to the									
18		amateur, citizens band, or general mobile									
19		radio services; or									
20	(iv)	By any marine or aeronautical communications									
21		system.									

1		(C)	To e	ngage in any conduct that:
2			(i)	Is prohibited by section 633 of the
3				Communications Act of 1934 (47 U.S.C. §553);
4				or .
5			(ii)	Is excepted from the application of section
6				705(a) of the Communications Act of 1934 by
7				section 705(b) of that Act (47 U.S.C. §605).
8		(D)	To i	ntercept any wire or electronic communication
9			the	transmission of which is causing harmful
10			inte	erference to any lawfully operating station or
11			cons	sumer electronic equipment to the extent
12			nece	essary to identify the source of the
13			inte	erference.
14		(E)	For	other users of the same frequency to
15			inte	ercept any radio communication made through a
16			syst	em that uses frequencies monitored by
17			indi	viduals engaged in the providing or the use
18			of t	the system, if the communication is not
19			scra	umbled or encrypted.
20	(8)	It :	shall	not be unlawful under this part:

1	(A)	То	use	a	pen	regi	ister	or	a	trap	and	trace	device
2		as	spec	cif	Eied	in t	this p	part	٠.				

- (B) For a provider of electronic communication service to record the fact that a wire or electronic communication was initiated or completed in order to protect the provider, another provider furnishing service toward the completion of the wire or electronic communication, or a user of that service, from the fraudulent, unlawful, or abusive use of such service.
- (C) For a provider of electronic or wire communication service to use a pen register or a trap and trace device for purposes relating to the operation, maintenance, and testing of the wire or electronic communication service or to the protection of the rights or property of the provider, or to the protection of users of that service from abuse of service or unlawful use of service.

1		(b) To use a pen register of a trap and trace device
2		where consent of the user of the service has been
3		obtained.
4	(9)	Good faith reliance upon a court order shall be a
5		complete defense to any criminal prosecution for
6		illegal interception, disclosure, or use.
7	(10)	Except as provided in this section, a person or entity
8		providing an electronic communication service to the
9		public shall not intentionally divulge the contents of
10		any communication (other than a communication to the
11		person or entity or an agent thereof) while in
12		transmission on that service to any person or entity
13		other than an addressee or intended recipient of the
14		communication or an agent of the addressee or intended
15		recipient.
16	(11)	A person or entity providing electronic communication
17		service to the public may divulge the contents of any
18		such communication:
19		(A) As otherwise authorized by a court order or under
20		this part;

1	(B)	With the lawful consent of the originator,
2		addressee, or intended recipient of the
3		communication;
4	(C)	To a person employed or authorized, or whose
5		facilities are used, to forward the communication
6		to its destination;
7	(D)	That was inadvertently obtained by the service
8		provider and that appears to pertain to the
9		commission of a crime, if divulged to a law
10		enforcement agency; or
11	(E)	To a law enforcement agency, public safety
12		agency, or public safety answering point if the
13		provider, in good faith, believes that an
14		emergency involving danger of death or serious
15		bodily injury to any person requires disclosure
16		without delay of communications relating to the
17		emergency, and is provided with a certification
18		in writing from the governmental entity that
19		provides the facts and circumstances establishing
20		the existence of the emergency, that the specific
21		disclosure is required, and sets forth the period

1		of time during which the disclosure of the	
2		information is authorized and specifies the	
3		information required.	
4	(12)	It shall not be unlawful under this part for any	
5		person to intercept a wire, oral, or electronic	
6		communication involving a law enforcement officer when	
7		the person is not a party to the communication;	
8	. -	provided that the law enforcement officer is in the	
9		performance of the officer's duties in a public place	
10		or under circumstances in which the officer has no	
11		reasonable expectation of privacy and the person is	
12		not interfering with the officer's ability to take	
13		reasonable action to maintain safety and control,	
14		secure crime scenes and accident sites, protect the	
15		integrity and confidentiality of investigations, and	
16		protect the public safety and order.	
17	No c	ause of action shall lie in any court against any	
18	provider	of electronic communication service, its officers,	
19	employees	, or agents, custodian, or other specified person for	
20	disclosin	g information in accordance with the terms of a	
21	certification under this part."		

- 1 SECTION 4. Statutory material to be repealed is bracketed
- 2 and stricken. New statutory material is underscored.
- 3 SECTION 5. This Act shall take effect upon its approval.

4

INTRODUCED BY

By Request

JAN 2 2 2016

Report Title:

Law Enforcement; Obstruction of Government Operations; Privacy in the Second Degree; One-party Consent; Electronic Communications; Video Recording; Audio Recording; Photograph

Description:

Establishes exceptions to the offense of obstructing government operations and the offense of violation of privacy in the second degree for a person making a video or audio recording or photograph of a law enforcement officer while the officer is in the performance of duties in a public place or under circumstances in which the officer has no reasonable expectation of privacy; provided that the officer may take reasonable action to maintain safety and control, secure crime scenes and accident sites, protect the integrity and confidentiality of investigations, and protect the public safety and order. Establishes one-party consent exception for a person who intercepts a wire, oral, or electronic communication that involves a law enforcement officer when the person is not a party to the communication.

The summary description of legislation appearing on this page is for informational purposes only and is not legislation or evidence of legislative intent.