H.B. NO. 209

A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO LAND USE.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

1	SECT	ION 1. The purpose of this Act is to:
2	(1)	Allow agricultural tourism uses and activities,
3		including overnight accommodations for stays of fewer
4		than thirty consecutive days, conducted in conjunction
5		with a bona fide farming operation, in a state
6		agricultural district; and
7	(2)	Ensure that bona fide farming operations that meet
8		statutory criteria would not be required to obtain a
9		special permit pursuant to section 205-6, Hawaii
10		Revised Statutes, for accessory agricultural tourism
11		uses and activities.
12	Purs	suant to this Act, depending on the particular county
13	ordinance	e, an applicant could apply for a ministerial permit for
14	an agricu	ltural tourism use if the applicant demonstrates that

15 the agricultural income from the farming operation, as defined 16 in section 165-2, Hawaii Revised Statutes, meets or exceeds the 17 minimum income criteria. Applicants not meeting the bona fide



H.B. NO. 209

1 farming operation criteria would not be able to conduct agricultural tourism activities, including overnight 2 3 accommodations, without obtaining a special permit pursuant to 4 section 205-6, Hawaii Revised Statutes. The counties would be 5 able to further regulate agricultural tourism activities, 6 including overnight accommodations, through county codes. 7 SECTION 2. Section 141-9, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is 8 amended by amending subsection (a) to read as follows: 9 "(a) There is established within the department of 10 agriculture an energy feedstock program that shall: 11 Maintain cognizance of actions taken by industry and (1) 12 by federal, state, county, and private agencies in 13 activities relating to the production of energy 14 feedstock, and promote and support worthwhile energy 15 feedstock production activities in the State; 16 (2)Serve as an information clearinghouse for energy 17 feedstock production activities; 18 Coordinate development projects to investigate and (3) 19 solve biological and technical problems involved in 20 raising selected species with commercial energy 21 generating potential;



Page 2

H.B. NO. 2091

1	(4)	Actively seek federal funding for energy feedstock
2		production activities;
3	(5)	Undertake activities required to develop and expand
4		the energy feedstock production industry; and
5	(6)	Perform other functions and activities as may be
6		assigned by law, including monitoring the compliance
7		provisions under section $\left[\frac{205 4.5(a)(16)}{205}\right]$
8		<u>4.5(a)(15).</u> "
9	SECT	ION 3. Section 165-2, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
10	amended b	y amending the definition of "farming operation" to
11	read as f	Collows:
12	""Fa	arming operation" means a commercial agricultural,
13	silvicult	ural, or aquacultural facility or pursuit conducted, in
14	whole or	in part, including the care and production of livestock
15	and lives	stock products, poultry and poultry products, apiary
16	products,	and plant and animal production for nonfood uses; the
17	planting,	cultivating, harvesting, and processing of crops; and
18	the farmi	ng or ranching of any plant or animal species in a
19	controlle	ed salt, brackish, or freshwater environment.



3

.

Page 4

H.B. NO. 209/

1	(1)	Agricultural-based commercial operations as described
2		in section [[205 2(d)(15)];] <u>205-2(d)(14);</u>
3	(2)	Noises, odors, dust, and fumes emanating from a
4		commercial agricultural or an aquacultural facility or
5		pursuit;
6	(3)	Operation of machinery and irrigation pumps;
7	(4)	Ground and aerial seeding and spraying;
8	(5)	The application of chemical fertilizers, conditioners,
9		insecticides, pesticides, and herbicides; and
10	(6)	The employment and use of labor.
11	A farming	operation that conducts processing operations or salt,
12	brackish,	or freshwater aquaculture operations on land that is
13	zoned for	industrial, commercial, or other nonagricultural use
14	shall not,	, by reason of that zoning, fall beyond the scope of
15	this defin	nition; provided that those processing operations form
16	an integra	al part of operations that otherwise meet the
17	requiremen	nts of this definition."
18	SECT:	ION 4. Section 205-2, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
19	amended by	y amending subsection (d) to read as follows:
20	" (d)	Agricultural districts shall include:

Ż



H.B. NO. 2091

1	(1)	Activities or uses as characterized by the cultivation
2		of crops, crops for bioenergy, orchards, forage, and
3		forestry;
4	(2)	Farming activities or uses related to animal husbandry
5		and game and fish propagation;
6	(3)	Aquaculture, which means the production of aquatic
7		plant and animal life within ponds and other bodies of
8		water;
9	(4)	Wind generated energy production for public, private,
10		and commercial use;
11	(5)	Biofuel production, as described in section [205
12		4.5(a)(16),] 205-4.5(a)(15), for public, private, and
13		commercial use;
14	(6)	Solar energy facilities; provided that:
15		(A) This paragraph shall apply only to land with soil
16		classified by the land study bureau's detailed
17		land classification as overall (master)
18		productivity rating class B, C, D, or E; and
19		(B) Solar energy facilities placed within land with
20		soil classified as overall productivity rating
21		class B or C shall not occupy more than ten per



H.B. NO. 2091

1 cent of the acreage of the parcel, or twenty 2 acres of land, whichever is lesser, unless a 3 special use permit is granted pursuant to section 4 205-6;

5 (7)Bona fide agricultural services and uses that support 6 the agricultural activities of the fee or leasehold 7 owner of the property and accessory to any of the 8 above activities, regardless of whether conducted on 9 the same premises as the agricultural activities to 10 which they are accessory, including farm dwellings as 11 defined in section 205-4.5(a)(4), employee housing, 12 farm buildings, mills, storage facilities, processing 13 facilities, photovoltaic, biogas, and other small-14 scale renewable energy systems producing energy solely 15 for use in the agricultural activities of the fee or 16 leasehold owner of the property, agricultural-energy 17 facilities as defined in section $\left[\frac{205 \cdot 4.5(a)(17)}{.7}\right]$ 18 205-4.5(a)(16), hydroelectric facilities in accordance 19 with section [205 4.5(a)(23),] 205-4.5(a)(22), vehicle and equipment storage areas, and plantation community 20 21 subdivisions as defined in section 205-4.5(a)(12);



H.B. NO. 2091

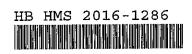
1	(8)	Wind machines and wind farms;
2	(9)	Small-scale meteorological, air quality, noise, and
3		other scientific and environmental data collection and
4		monitoring facilities occupying less than one-half
5		acre of land; provided that these facilities shall not
6		be used as or equipped for use as living quarters or
7		dwellings;
8	(10)	Agricultural parks;
9	(11)	Agricultural tourism <u>uses or activities, including</u>
10		overnight accommodations for stays of fewer than
11		thirty consecutive days, conducted [on a working farm,
12		or a] in conjunction with a bona fide farming
13		operation [as defined in section 165-2, for the
14		enjoyment, education, or involvement of visitors];
15		provided that the agricultural tourism <u>use or</u> activity
16		is accessory and secondary to the principal
17		agricultural use and does not interfere with
18		surrounding bona fide farm operations; and provided
19		further that [this paragraph shall apply only to a
20		county that has adopted ordinances regulating
21		agricultural-tourism-under-section 205-5;



.

H.B. NO. 2091

(12)	Agricultural tourism activities, including overnight
	accommodations of twenty one days or less, for any one
	stay-within a county; provided that this paragraph
	shall apply only to a county that includes at least
	three islands and has adopted ordinances regulating
	agricultural tourism activities pursuant to section
	205-5; provided further that the agricultural tourism
	activities coexist with a bona fide agricultural
	activity. For the purposes of this paragraph, "bona
	fide agricultural activity means a farming operation
	as defined in section 165-2;]
	an agricultural tourism use or activity shall not be
	permissible in the absence of bona fide farming
	operations and the agricultural tourism use or
	activity shall terminate upon cessation of the bona
	fide farming operation's agricultural activity. For
	the purposes of this paragraph, "bona fide farming
	operation" means a farming operation as defined in
	section 165-2 that meets the minimum criteria and
	standards set forth below and any additional criteria
	(12)



H.B. NO. 209/

1	and a	standards adopted by county ordinance pursuant to
2	sect	ion 205-5(b):
3	<u>(A)</u>	That has been in operation for not less than two
4		years;
5	<u>(B)</u>	The majority of annual gross income shall be from
6		the sale of agricultural products grown or raised
7		by the farming operation on the property to be
8		used for agricultural tourism; provided that
9		compliance shall be evidenced by federal tax
10		forms that show profit or loss from farming and
11		state general excise tax forms, a notarized
12		affidavit, or such other proof as the county may
13		require, and
14	(C)	That has annual gross sales of agricultural
15		products grown or raised on the subject property
16		for a minimum of two of the preceding five years
17		of no less than:
18		(i) \$35,000 if the agricultural tourism uses or
19		activities require permanent enclosed
20		structures or include overnight
21		accommodations; or



H.B. NO. 2091

1	-	(ii) \$10,000 if the agricultural tourism uses or
2		activities do not require permanent enclosed
3		structures and do not include overnight
4		accommodations;
5	[(13)] <u>(12)</u>	Open area recreational facilities;
6	[(14)] <u>(13)</u>	Geothermal resources exploration and geothermal
7		resources development, as defined under section
8		182-1; and
9	[(15)] <u>(14)</u>	Agricultural-based commercial operations,
10		including:
11	(A)	A roadside stand that is not an enclosed $,$
12		structure, owned and operated by a producer for
13		the display and sale of agricultural products
14		grown in Hawaii and value-added products that
15		were produced using agricultural products grown
16		in Hawaii;
17	(B)	Retail activities in an enclosed structure owned
18		and operated by a producer for the display and
19		sale of agricultural products grown in Hawaii,
20		value-added products that were produced using
21		agricultural products grown in Hawaii, logo items



Page 11

H.B. NO. 209/

1	related to the producer's agricultural
2	operations, and other food items; and
3	(C) A retail food establishment owned and operated by
4	a producer and permitted under title 11, chapter
5	12 of the rules of the department of health that
6	prepares and serves food at retail using products
7	grown in Hawaii and value-added products that
8	were produced using agricultural products grown
9	in Hawaii.
10	The owner of an agricultural-based commercial
11	operation shall certify, upon request of an officer or
12	agent charged with enforcement of this chapter under
13	section 205-12, that the agricultural products
14	displayed or sold by the operation meet the
15	requirements of this paragraph.
16	Agricultural districts shall not include golf courses and golf
17	driving ranges, except as provided in section 205-4.5(d).
18	Agricultural districts include areas that are not used for, or
19	that are not suited to, agricultural and ancillary activities by
20	reason of topography, soils, and other related characteristics."



H.B. NO. 209/

1	SECT	ION 5. Section 205-4.5, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
2	amended b	y amending subsection (a) to read as follows:
3	"(a)	Within the agricultural district, all lands with soil
4	classifie	d by the land study bureau's detailed land
5	classific	ation as overall (master) productivity rating class A
6	or B and	for solar energy facilities, class B or C, shall be
7	restricte	d to the following permitted uses:
8	(1)	Cultivation of crops, including crops for bioenergy,
9		flowers, vegetables, foliage, fruits, forage, and
10		timber;
11	(2)	Game and fish propagation;
12	(3)	Raising of livestock, including poultry, bees, fish,
13		or other animal or aquatic life that are propagated
14		for economic or personal use;
15	(4)	Farm dwellings, employee housing, farm buildings, or
16		activities or uses related to farming and animal
17		husbandry. "Farm dwelling", as used in this
18		paragraph, means a single-family dwelling located on
19		and used in connection with a farm, including clusters
20		of single-family farm dwellings permitted within
21		agricultural parks developed by the State, or where



12

•

H.B. NO. 2091

1		agricultural activity provides income to the family
2		occupying the dwelling;
3	(5)	Public institutions and buildings that are necessary
4		for agricultural practices;
5	(6)	Public and private open area types of recreational
6		uses, including day camps, picnic grounds, parks, and
7		riding stables, but not including dragstrips,
8		airports, drive-in theaters, golf courses, golf
9		driving ranges, country clubs, and overnight camps;
10	(7)	Public, private, and quasi-public utility lines and
11		roadways, transformer stations, communications
12		equipment buildings, solid waste transfer stations,
13		major water storage tanks, and appurtenant small
14		buildings such as booster pumping stations, but not
15		including offices or yards for equipment, material,
16		vehicle storage, repair or maintenance, treatment
17		plants, corporation yards, or other similar
18		structures;
19	(8)	Retention, restoration, rehabilitation, or improvement
20		of buildings or sites of historic or scenic interest;



H.B. NO. 209/

1	(9)	Agricultural-based commercial operations as described
2		in section [205 2(d)(15);] <u>205-2(d)(14);</u>
3	(10)	Buildings and uses, including mills, storage, and
4		processing facilities, maintenance facilities,
5		photovoltaic, biogas, and other small-scale renewable
6		energy systems producing energy solely for use in the
7		agricultural activities of the fee or leasehold owner
8		of the property, and vehicle and equipment storage
9		areas that are normally considered directly accessory
10		to the above-mentioned uses and are permitted under
11		section 205-2(d);
12	(11)	Agricultural parks;
13	(12)	Plantation community subdivisions, which as used in
14		this chapter means an established subdivision or
15		cluster of employee housing, community buildings, and
16		agricultural support buildings on land currently or
17		formerly owned, leased, or operated by a sugar or
18		pineapple plantation; provided that the existing

19 structures may be used or rehabilitated for use, and new employee housing and agricultural support 20



H.B. NO. 209/

1		buil	dings may be allowed on land within the
2		subd	ivision as follows:
3		(A)	The employee housing is occupied by employees or
4			former employees of the plantation who have a
5			property interest in the land;
6		(B)	The employee housing units not owned by their
7			occupants shall be rented or leased at affordable
8			rates for agricultural workers; or
9		(C)	The agricultural support buildings shall be
10			rented or leased to agricultural business
11			operators or agricultural support services;
12	(13)	Agri	cultural tourism [conducted on a working farm, or
13		a fa	rming-operation as defined in section 165-2, for
14		the-	enjoyment, education, or involvement of visitors;
15		prov	ided that the agricultural tourism activity is
16		acce	ssory and secondary to the principal agricultural
17		use -	and-does-notinterfere with surrounding farm
18		oper	ations; and provided further that this paragraph
19		shal	l apply only to a county that has adopted
20		ordi	nances regulating agricultural tourism under

. -



H.B. NO. 2091

1		section 205-5;] uses or activities, as provided in
2		section 205-2(d)(11);
3	[(14)	Agricultural tourism activities, including overnight
4		accommodations of twenty one days or less, for any one
5		stay within a county; provided that this paragraph
6		shall apply only to a county that includes at least
7		three-islands and has adopted ordinances regulating
8		agricultural tourism activities pursuant to section
9		205 5; provided further that the agricultural tourism
10		activities cocxist with a bona fide agricultural
11		activity. For the purposes of this paragraph, "bona
12		fide agricultural activity" means a farming operation
13		as defined in section 165-2;
14	(15)]	(14) Wind energy facilities, including the
15		appurtenances associated with the production and
16		transmission of wind generated energy; provided that
17		the wind energy facilities and appurtenances are
18		compatible with agriculture uses and cause minimal
19		adverse impact on agricultural land;
20	[(16)]	(15) Biofuel processing facilities, including the
21		appurtenances associated with the production and



Page 17

H.B. NO. 2091

1		refining of biofuels that is normally considered
2		directly accessory and secondary to the growing of the
3		energy feedstock; provided that biofuel processing
4		facilities and appurtenances do not adversely impact
5		agricultural land and other agricultural uses in the
6		vicinity.
7		For the purposes of this paragraph:
8		"Appurtenances" means operational infrastructure
9		of the appropriate type and scale for economic
10		commercial storage and distribution, and other
11		similar handling of feedstock, fuels, and other
12		products of biofuel processing facilities.
13		"Biofuel processing facility" means a facility
14		that produces liquid or gaseous fuels from organic
15		sources such as biomass crops, agricultural residues,
16		and oil crops, including palm, canola, soybean, and
17		waste cooking oils; grease; food wastes; and animal
18		residues and wastes that can be used to generate
19		energy;
20	[(17)]	(16) Agricultural-energy facilities, including
21		appurtenances necessary for an agricultural-energy



H.B. NO. 209/

1 enterprise; provided that the primary activity of the agricultural-energy enterprise is agricultural 2 3 activity. To be considered the primary activity of an agricultural-energy enterprise, the total acreage 4 5 devoted to agricultural activity shall be not less 6 than ninety per cent of the total acreage of the 7 agricultural-energy enterprise. The agricultural-8 energy facility shall be limited to lands owned, 9 leased, licensed, or operated by the entity conducting 10 the agricultural activity. 11 As used in this paragraph: 12 "Agricultural activity" means any activity 13 described in paragraphs (1) to (3) of this subsection. 14 "Agricultural-energy enterprise" means an 15 enterprise that integrally incorporates an 16 agricultural activity with an agricultural-energy 17 facility. "Agricultural-energy facility" means a facility 18 19 that generates, stores, or distributes renewable energy as defined in section 269-91 or renewable fuel 20

including electrical or thermal energy or liquid or



21

H.B. NO. 2091

1 gaseous fuels from products of agricultural activities 2 from agricultural lands located in the State. 3 "Appurtenances" means operational infrastructure 4 of the appropriate type and scale for the economic commercial generation, storage, distribution, and 5 6 other similar handling of energy, including equipment, 7 feedstock, fuels, and other products of agricultural-8 energy facilities; 9 [(18)] (17) Construction and operation of wireless 10 communication antennas; provided that, for the 11 purposes of this paragraph, "wireless communication 12 antenna" means communications equipment that is either 13 freestanding or placed upon or attached to an already 14 existing structure and that transmits and receives 15 electromagnetic radio signals used in the provision of 16 all types of wireless communications services; 17 provided further that nothing in this paragraph shall 18 be construed to permit the construction of any new 19 structure that is not deemed a permitted use under 20 this subsection;



H.B. NO. 209/

1 [-(19)] (18) Agricultural education programs conducted on a 2 farming operation as defined in section 165-2, for the 3 education and participation of the general public; 4 provided that the agricultural education programs are 5 accessory and secondary to the principal agricultural 6 use of the parcels or lots on which the agricultural 7 education programs are to occur and do not interfere 8 with surrounding farm operations. For the purposes of 9 this section, "agricultural education programs" means 10 activities or events designed to promote knowledge and 11 understanding of agricultural activities and practices 12 conducted on a farming operation as defined in section 13 165 - 2;

14 [(20)] (19) Solar energy facilities that do not occupy more 15 than ten per cent of the acreage of the parcel, or 16 twenty acres of land, whichever is lesser or for which 17 a special use permit is granted pursuant to section 18 205-6; provided that this use shall not be permitted 19 on lands with soil classified by the land study 20 bureau's detailed land classification as overall



H.B. NO. 209/

1		(mas	ter) productivity rating class A unless the solar	
2		ener	energy facilities are:	
3		(A)	Located on a paved or unpaved road in existence	
4			as of December 31, 2013, and the parcel of land	
5			upon which the paved or unpaved road is located	
6			has a valid county agriculture tax dedication	
7			status or a valid agricultural conservation	
8			easement;	
9		(B)	Placed in a manner that still allows vehicular	
10			traffic to use the road; and	
11		(C)	Granted a special use permit by the commission	
12			pursuant to section 205-6;	
13	[(21)]	(20)	Solar energy facilities on lands with soil	
14		clas	sified by the land study bureau's detailed land	
15		clas	sification as overall (master) productivity rating	
16		B or	C for which a special use permit is granted	
17		purs	uant to section 205-6; provided that:	
18		(A)	The area occupied by the solar energy facilities	
19			is also made available for compatible	
20			agricultural activities at a lease rate that is	



H.B. NO. 209/

1	at least fifty per cent below the fair market
2	rent for comparable properties;
3	(B) Proof of financial security to decommission the
4	facility is provided to the satisfaction of the
5	appropriate county planning commission prior to
6	date of commencement of commercial generation;
7	and
8	(C) Solar energy facilities shall be decommissioned
9	at the owner's expense according to the following
10	requirements:
11	(i) Removal of all equipment related to the
12	solar energy facility within twelve months
13	of the conclusion of operation or useful
14	life; and
15	(ii) Restoration of the disturbed earth to
16	substantially the same physical condition as
17	existed prior to the development of the
18	solar energy facility.
19	For the purposes of this paragraph, "agricultural
20	activities" means the activities described in
21	paragraphs (1) to (3);



H.B. NO. 2091

1	[(22)]	(21)	Geothermal resources exploration and geothermal
2		resou	arces development, as defined under section 182-1;
3		or	
4	[(23)]	(22)	Hydroelectric facilities, including the
5		appur	tenances associated with the production and
6		trans	mission of hydroelectric energy, subject to
7		secti	on 205-2; provided that the hydroelectric
8		facil	ities and their appurtenances:
9		(A)	Have a hydroelectric generating capacity of not
10			more than five hundred kilowatts;
11		(B)	Comply with the state water code, chapter 174C;
12		(C)	Are accessory to agricultural activities on
13			agricultural land for agricultural use only; and
14		(D)	Do not adversely impact or impede the use of
15			agricultural land or the availability of surface
16			or ground water for all uses on all parcels that
17			are served by the ground water sources or streams
18			for which hydroelectric facilities are
19			considered."
20	SECT	ION 6	. Section 205-5, Hawaii Revised Statutes; is
21	amended b	y amer	nding subsection (b) to read as follows:



H.B. NO. 209/

1	"(b)	Within agricultural districts, uses compatible to the					
2	activitie	s described in section 205-2 as determined by the					
3	commission shall be permitted; provided that accessory						
4	agricultu	ral uses and services described in sections 205-2 and					
5	205-4.5 m	ay be further defined by each county by zoning					
6	ordinance	. [Each county shall adopt ordinances setting forth					
7	procedure	s-and-requirements, including-provisions for					
8	enforceme:	nt, penalties, and administrative oversight, for the					
9	review and permitting of agricultural tourism uses and						
10	activities as an accessory use on a working farm, or farming						
11	operation as defined in section 165 2. Ordinances shall include						
12	but not b	e limited to:					
13	(1)	Requirements for access to a farm, including road					
14		width, road surface, and parking;					
15	(2)	Requirements and restrictions for accessory facilities					
16		connected with the farming operation, including gift					
17		shops and restaurants;					
18	(3)	Activities-that may be offered by the farming					
19		operation for visitors;					
20	-(4)-	Days and hours of operation; and					



24

.

H.B. NO. 2091

1 (5) Automatic termination of the accessory use upon the 2 cessation of the farming operation. Each county may require an environmental assessment under 3 4 chapter 343 as a condition to any agricultural tourism use and 5 activity.] A county may adopt procedures and more restrictive 6 standards and requirements for permitting and regulating 7 agricultural tourism uses and activities, including more 8 restrictive income criteria and proof of bona fide farming 9 operations. Other uses may be allowed by special permits issued 10 pursuant to this chapter. The minimum lot size in agricultural 11 districts shall be determined by each county by zoning 12 ordinance, subdivision ordinance, or other lawful means; 13 provided that the minimum lot size for any agricultural use 14 shall not be less than one acre, except as provided herein. Ιf 15 the county finds that unreasonable economic hardship to the 16 owner or lessee of land cannot otherwise be prevented or where 17 land utilization is improved, the county may allow lot sizes of 18 less than the minimum lot size as specified by law for lots 19 created by a consolidation of existing lots within an agricultural district and the resubdivision thereof; provided 20 21 that the consolidation and resubdivision do not result in an



H.B. NO. 209/

1 increase in the number of lots over the number existing prior to 2 consolidation; and provided further that in no event shall a lot 3 which is equal to or exceeds the minimum lot size of one acre be less than that minimum after the consolidation and resubdivision 4 5 action. The county may also allow lot sizes of less than the minimum lot size as specified by law for lots created or used 6 7 for plantation community subdivisions as defined in section 205-8 4.5(a)(12), for public, private, and quasi-public utility 9 purposes, and for lots resulting from the subdivision of 10 abandoned roadways and railroad easements."

SECTION 7. Each county may adopt interim rules or
ordinances to regulate agricultural tourism uses and activities,
to remain in effect until the county has adopted or amended
applicable county codes to conform to this Act.

15 SECTION 8. This Act shall not invalidate a lawful permit 16 for an agricultural tourism use and activity including overnight 17 accommodations, on lands in the agricultural district in effect 18 on or before the effective date of this Act.

19 SECTION 9. Statutory material to be repealed is bracketed20 and stricken. New statutory material is underscored.



H.B. NO. 209/

SECTION 10. This Act shall take effect on July 1, 2016;
 provided that the amendments made to section 205-4.5(a), Hawaii
 Revised Statutes, by section 5 of this Act shall not be repealed
 when section 205-4.5, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is reenacted on
 June 30, 2019, pursuant to section 3 of Act 52, Session Laws of
 Hawaii 2014.

7 INTRODUCED BY: JAN 2 2 2016



H.B. NO. 2091

Report Title: Agricultural Tourism; Agricultural District Lands; Bona Fide Farming Operation

Description: Permits agricultural tourism uses and activities, including overnight accommodations, in conjunction with bona fide farming operations on agricultural district lands statewide and establishes operational and income requirements.

The summary description of legislation appearing on this page is for informational purposes only and is not legislation or evidence of legislative intent.

