A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO HYDROELECTRIC POWER.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

- 1 SECTION 1. The legislature finds that the development of
- 2 hydroelectric energy-generating facilities in Hawaii is vital to
- 3 the energy security and energy independence of the State.
- 4 Increased use of renewable energy resources will achieve broad
- 5 societal benefits, including resistance to oil price increases,
- 6 environmental sustainability, economic development, and job
- 7 creation.
- 8 The legislature further finds that while Hawaii's
- 9 agricultural land is a fundamentally important and diminishing
- 10 resource that is pivotal to the State's initiatives in food
- 11 security, hydroelectric facilities may be located on
- 12 agricultural lands in a manner that promotes both food and
- 13 energy security.
- 14 The purpose of this Act is to authorize, in agricultural
- 15 districts, the construction of small hydropower facilities as
- 16 defined by the United States Department of Energy in a manner
- 17 that combines clean energy infrastructure and irrigation for
- 18 agricultural lands.



1	SECT	ION 2. Section 205-2, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
2	amended by	y amending subsection (d) to read as follows:
3	" (d)	Agricultural districts shall include:
4	(1)	Activities or uses as characterized by the cultivation
5		of crops, crops for bioenergy, orchards, forage, and
6		forestry;
7	(2)	Farming activities or uses related to animal husbandry
8		and game and fish propagation;
9	(3)	Aquaculture, which means the production of aquatic
10		plant and animal life within ponds and other bodies of
11		water;
12	(4)	Wind generated energy production for public, private,
13		and commercial use;
14	(5)	Biofuel production, as described in section
15		205-4.5(a)(16), for public, private, and commercial
16		use;
17	(6)	Solar energy facilities; provided that:
18		(A) This paragraph shall apply only to land with soil
19		classified by the land study bureau's detailed
20		land classification as overall (master)
21		productivity rating class B, C, D, or E; and

1		(B) Solar energy facilities placed within land with
2		soil classified as overall productivity rating
3		class B or C shall not occupy more than ten per
4		cent of the acreage of the parcel, or twenty
5		acres of land, whichever is lesser, unless a
6		special use permit is granted pursuant to section
7		205-6;
8	(7)	Bona fide agricultural services and uses that support
9		the agricultural activities of the fee or leasehold
10		owner of the property and accessory to any of the
11		above activities, regardless of whether conducted on
12		the same premises as the agricultural activities to
13		which they are accessory, including farm dwellings as
14		defined in section 205-4.5(a)(4), employee housing,
15		farm buildings, mills, storage facilities, processing
16		facilities, photovoltaic, biogas, and other small-
17		scale renewable energy systems producing energy solely
18		for use in the agricultural activities of the fee or
19		leasehold owner of the property, agricultural-energy

facilities as defined in section 205-4.5(a)(17),

[hydroelectric facilities in accordance with section

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1		205 4.5(a)(23), vehicle and equipment storage areas,
2		and plantation community subdivisions as defined in
3		section 205-4.5(a)(12);
4	(8)	Wind machines and wind farms;
5	(9)	Small-scale meteorological, air quality, noise, and
6		other scientific and environmental data collection and
7		monitoring facilities occupying less than one-half
8		acre of land; provided that these facilities shall not
9		be used as or equipped for use as living quarters or
10		dwellings;
11	(10)	Agricultural parks;
12	(11)	Agricultural tourism conducted on a working farm, or a
13		farming operation as defined in section 165-2, for the
14		enjoyment, education, or involvement of visitors;
15		provided that the agricultural tourism activity is
16		accessory and secondary to the principal agricultural
17		use and does not interfere with surrounding farm
18		operations; and provided further that this paragraph
19		shall apply only to a county that has adopted
20		ordinances regulating agricultural tourism under
21		section 205-5;

1	(12)	Agricultural tourism activities, including overnight
2		accommodations of twenty-one days or less, for any one
3		stay within a county; provided that this paragraph
4		shall apply only to a county that includes at least
5		three islands and has adopted ordinances regulating
6		agricultural tourism activities pursuant to section
7		205-5; provided further that the agricultural tourism
8		activities coexist with a bona fide agricultural
9		activity. For the purposes of this paragraph, "bona
10	ı	fide agricultural activity" means a farming operation
11		as defined in section 165-2;
12	(13)	Open area recreational facilities;
13	(14)	Geothermal resources exploration and geothermal
14		resources development, as defined under section 182-1;
15		[and]
16	(15)	Agricultural-based commercial operations, including:
17		(A) A roadside stand that is not an enclosed
18		structure, owned and operated by a producer for
19		the display and sale of agricultural products
20		grown in Hawaii and value-added products that

1		were produced using agricultural products grown
2		in Hawaii;
3	(B)	Retail activities in an enclosed structure owned
4		and operated by a producer for the display and
5		sale of agricultural products grown in Hawaii,
6		value-added products that were produced using
7		agricultural products grown in Hawaii, logo items
8		related to the producer's agricultural
9		operations, and other food items; and
10	(C)	A retail food establishment owned and operated by
11		a producer and permitted under title 11, chapter
12		12 of the rules of the department of health that
13		prepares and serves food at retail using products
14		grown in Hawaii and value-added products that
15		were produced using agricultural products grown
16	·	in Hawaii.
17	The	owner of an agricultural-based commercial
18	oper	ation shall certify, upon request of an officer or
19	agen	t charged with enforcement of this chapter under
20	sect	ion 205-12, that the agricultural products

1	displayed or sold by the operation meet the
2	requirements of this paragraph[-]; and
3	(16) Hydroelectric facilities as described in section
4	205-4.5(a)(23).
5	Agricultural districts shall not include golf courses and golf
6	driving ranges, except as provided in section 205-4.5(d).
7	Agricultural districts include areas that are not used for, or
8	that are not suited to, agricultural and ancillary activities by
9	reason of topography, soils, and other related characteristics.
10	SECTION 3. Section 205-4.5, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
11	amended by amending subsection (a) to read as follows:
12	"(a) Within the agricultural district, all lands with soil
13	classified by the land study bureau's detailed land
14	classification as overall (master) productivity rating class A
15	or B and for solar energy facilities, class B or C, shall be
16	restricted to the following permitted uses:
17	(1) Cultivation of crops, including crops for bioenergy,
18	flowers, vegetables, foliage, fruits, forage, and
19	timber;
20	(2) Game and fish propagation;

1	(3)	Raising of livestock, including poultry, bees, fish,
2		or other animal or aquatic life that are propagated
3		for economic or personal use;
4	(4)	Farm dwellings, employee housing, farm buildings, or
5		activities or uses related to farming and animal
6		husbandry. "Farm dwelling", as used in this
7		paragraph, means a single-family dwelling located on
8		and used in connection with a farm, including clusters
9		of single-family farm dwellings permitted within
10		agricultural parks developed by the State, or where
11		agricultural activity provides income to the family
12		occupying the dwelling;
13	(5)	Public institutions and buildings that are necessary
14		for agricultural practices;
15	(6)	Public and private open area types of recreational
16		uses, including day camps, picnic grounds, parks, and
17		riding stables, but not including dragstrips,
18		airports, drive-in theaters, golf courses, golf
19	·	driving ranges, country clubs, and overnight camps;
20	(7)	Public, private, and quasi-public utility lines and
21		roadways, transformer stations, communications

1		equipment buildings, solid waste transfer stations,
2		major water storage tanks, and appurtenant small
3		buildings such as booster pumping stations, but not
4		including offices or yards for equipment, material,
5		vehicle storage, repair or maintenance, treatment
6		plants, corporation yards, or other similar
7		structures;
8	(8)	Retention, restoration, rehabilitation, or improvement
9		of buildings or sites of historic or scenic interest;
10	(9)	Agricultural-based commercial operations as described
11		in section 205-2(d)(15);
12	(10)	Buildings and uses, including mills, storage, and
13		processing facilities, maintenance facilities,
14		photovoltaic, biogas, and other small-scale renewable
15		energy systems producing energy solely for use in the
16		agricultural activities of the fee or leasehold owner
17		of the property, and vehicle and equipment storage
18		areas that are normally considered directly accessory
19		to the above-mentioned uses and are permitted under
20		section 205-2(d);
21	(11)	Agricultural parks;

1	(12)	riantation community subdivisions, which as used in
2		this chapter means an established subdivision or
3		cluster of employee housing, community buildings, and
4		agricultural support buildings on land currently or
5		formerly owned, leased, or operated by a sugar or
6		pineapple plantation; provided that the existing
7		structures may be used or rehabilitated for use, and
8		new employee housing and agricultural support
9		buildings may be allowed on land within the
10		subdivision as follows:
11		(A) The employee housing is occupied by employees or
12		former employees of the plantation who have a
13		property interest in the land;
14		(B) The employee housing units not owned by their
15		occupants shall be rented or leased at affordable
16		rates for agricultural workers; or
17		(C) The agricultural support buildings shall be
18		rented or leased to agricultural business
19		operators or agricultural support services;
20	(13)	Agricultural tourism conducted on a working farm, or a
21		farming operation as defined in section 165-2, for the

1		enjoyment, education, or involvement of visitors;
2		provided that the agricultural tourism activity is
3		accessory and secondary to the principal agricultural
4		use and does not interfere with surrounding farm
5		operations; and provided further that this paragraph
6		shall apply only to a county that has adopted
7		ordinances regulating agricultural tourism under
8		section 205-5;
9	(14)	Agricultural tourism activities, including overnight
10		accommodations of twenty-one days or less, for any one
11		stay within a county; provided that this paragraph
12		shall apply only to a county that includes at least
13		three islands and has adopted ordinances regulating
14		agricultural tourism activities pursuant to section
15		205-5; provided further that the agricultural tourism
16		activities coexist with a bona fide agricultural
17		activity. For the purposes of this paragraph, "bona
18		fide agricultural activity" means a farming operation
19		as defined in section 165-2;
20	(15)	Wind energy facilities, including the appurtenances
21		associated with the production and transmission of

1		wind generated energy; provided that the wind energy
2		facilities and appurtenances are compatible with
3		agriculture uses and cause minimal adverse impact on
4		agricultural land;
5	(16)	Biofuel processing facilities, including the
6		appurtenances associated with the production and
7		refining of biofuels that is normally considered
8		directly accessory and secondary to the growing of the
9		energy feedstock; provided that biofuel processing
10		facilities and appurtenances do not adversely impact
11		agricultural land and other agricultural uses in the
12		vicinity.
13		For the purposes of this paragraph:
14		"Appurtenances" means operational infrastructure
15		of the appropriate type and scale for economic
16		commercial storage and distribution, and other similar
17		handling of feedstock, fuels, and other products of
18		biofuel processing facilities.
19		"Biofuel processing facility" means a facility
20		that produces liquid or gaseous fuels from organic
21		sources such as biomass crops, agricultural residues,

1		and oil crops, including palm, canola, soybean, and
2		waste cooking oils; grease; food wastes; and animal
3		residues and wastes that can be used to generate
4		energy;
5	(17)	Agricultural-energy facilities, including
6		appurtenances necessary for an agricultural-energy
7		enterprise; provided that the primary activity of the
8		agricultural-energy enterprise is agricultural
9		activity. To be considered the primary activity of an
10		agricultural-energy enterprise, the total acreage
11		devoted to agricultural activity shall be not less
12		than ninety per cent of the total acreage of the
13		agricultural-energy enterprise. The agricultural-
14		energy facility shall be limited to lands owned,
15		leased, licensed, or operated by the entity conducting
16		the agricultural activity.
17		As used in this paragraph:
18		"Agricultural activity" means any activity
19		described in paragraphs (1) to (3) of this subsection.
20		"Agricultural-energy enterprise" means an
21		enterprise that integrally incorporates an

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2		facility.
3		"Agricultural-energy facility" means a facility
4		that generates, stores, or distributes renewable
5		energy as defined in section 269-91 or renewable fuel
6		including electrical or thermal energy or liquid or
7		gaseous fuels from products of agricultural activities
8		from agricultural lands located in the State.
9		"Appurtenances" means operational infrastructure
10		of the appropriate type and scale for the economic
11		commercial generation, storage, distribution, and
12		other similar handling of energy, including equipment,
13		feedstock, fuels, and other products of agricultural-
14		energy facilities;
15	(18)	Construction and operation of wireless communication
16		antennas; provided that, for the purposes of this
17		paragraph, "wireless communication antenna" means

communications equipment that is either freestanding

electromagnetic radio signals used in the provision of

or placed upon or attached to an already existing

structure and that transmits and receives

agricultural activity with an agricultural-energy

1		all types of wireless communications services;
2		provided further that nothing in this paragraph shall
3		be construed to permit the construction of any new
4		structure that is not deemed a permitted use under
5		this subsection;
6	(19)	Agricultural education programs conducted on a farming
7		operation as defined in section 165-2, for the
8		education and participation of the general public;
9		provided that the agricultural education programs are
10		accessory and secondary to the principal agricultural
11		use of the parcels or lots on which the agricultural
12		education programs are to occur and do not interfere
13		with surrounding farm operations. For the purposes of
14		this [section,] paragraph, "agricultural education
15		programs" means activities or events designed to
16		promote knowledge and understanding of agricultural
17		activities and practices conducted on a farming
18		operation as defined in section 165-2;
19	(20)	Solar energy facilities that do not occupy more than
20		ten per cent of the acreage of the parcel, or twenty
21		acres of land, whichever is lesser or for which a

1		special use permit is granted pursuant to section 205-		
2		6; provided that this use shall not be permitted on		
3		lands with soil classified by the land study bureau's		
4		detailed land classification as overall (master)		
5		productivity rating class A unless the solar energy		
6		facilities are:		
7		(A) Located on a paved or unpaved road in existence		
8		as of December 31, 2013, and the parcel of land		
9		upon which the paved or unpaved road is located		
10		has a valid county agriculture tax dedication		
11		status or a valid agricultural conservation		
12		easement;		
13		(B) Placed in a manner that still allows vehicular		
14		traffic to use the road; and		
15		(C) Granted a special use permit by the commission		
16		pursuant to section 205-6;		
17	(21)	Solar energy facilities on lands with soil classified		
18		by the land study bureau's detailed land		
19		classification as overall (master) productivity rating		
20		B or C for which a special use permit is granted		
21		pursuant to section 205-6; provided that:		

1	(A)	The area occupied by the solar energy facilities
2		is also made available for compatible
3		agricultural activities at a lease rate that is
4		at least fifty per cent below the fair market
5		rent for comparable properties;
6	(B)	Proof of financial security to decommission the
7		facility is provided to the satisfaction of the
8		appropriate county planning commission prior to
9		date of commencement of commercial generation;
10		and
11	(C)	Solar energy facilities shall be decommissioned
12		at the owner's expense according to the following
13		requirements:
14		(i) Removal of all equipment related to the
15		solar energy facility within twelve months
16		of the conclusion of operation or useful
17		life; and
18		(ii) Restoration of the disturbed earth to
19		substantially the same physical condition as
20		existed prior to the development of the
21		solar energy facility.

1		For the purposes of this paragraph, "agricultural
2		activities" means the activities described in
3		paragraphs (1) to (3);
4	(22)	Geothermal resources exploration and geothermal
5		resources development, as defined under section 182-1;
6		or
7	(23)	Hydroelectric facilities, including the appurtenances
8		associated with the production and transmission of
9		hydroelectric energy, subject to section 205-2;
10		provided that the hydroelectric facilities and their
11		appurtenances:
12		(A) [Have a hydroelectric generating capacity of not
13		more than five hundred kilowatts; Shall consist
14		of a small hydropower facility as defined by the
15		United States Department of Energy, including:
16		(i) Impoundment facilities using a dam to store
17		water in a reservoir;
18		(ii) A diversion or run-of-river facility which
19		channels a portion of a river through a
20		canal or channel; and

1	1	rumped storage lactificies that store energy
2		by pumping water uphill to a reservoir at
3		higher elevation from a reservoir at a lower
4		elevation to be released to turn a turbine
5		to generate electricity;
6	(B)	Comply with the state water code, chapter 174C;
7	(C)	[Are accessory to agricultural activities on
8		agricultural land for agricultural use only; and
9		Shall, if over five hundred kilowatts in
10		hydroelectric generating capacity, have the
11		approval of the commission on water resource
12		management, including a new instream flow
13		standard established for the hydroelectric
14 .		facility in question where the project involves
15		new or expanded diversions; and
16	(D)	Do not [adversely] impact or impede whatsoever
17		the use of agricultural land or the availability
18		of surface or ground water for all uses on all
19		parcels that are served by the ground water
20		sources or streams for which hydroelectric
21		facilities are considered."

- 1 SECTION 4. Statutory material to be repealed is bracketed
- 2 and stricken. New statutory material is underscored.
- 3 SECTION 5. This Act shall take effect on July 1, 2016;
- 4 provided that the amendments made to section 205-4.5(a)(23),
- 5 Hawaii Revised Statutes, by section 3 of this Act shall not be
- 6 repealed when section 205-4.5, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
- 7 reenacted on June 30, 2019, pursuant to section 3 of Act 52,
- 8 Session Laws of Hawaii 2014.

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Report Title:

Hydroelectric Facilities; Small Hydropower Facilities; Agricultural District Lands

Description:

Permits hydroelectric facilities that are considered small hydropower facilities by the United States Department of Energy on agricultural district lands. (SD2)

The summary description of legislation appearing on this page is for informational purposes only and is not legislation or evidence of legislative intent.