A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO EDUCATION.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

1	SECTION 1. Chapter 302L, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
2	amended by adding a new section to be appropriately designated
3	and to read as follows:
4	"§302L- Language developmental milestones for deaf and
5	hearing-impaired children; special education. (a) The
6	executive office on early learning shall select language
7	developmental milestones from existing standardized norms,
8	pursuant to the process specified in subsection (d), for
9	purposes of developing a resource for use by parents to monitor
10	and track deaf and hearing-impaired children's expressive and
11	receptive language acquisition and developmental stages toward
12	English literacy. This parent resource shall:
13	(1) Include the language developmental milestones selected
14	pursuant to the process specified in subsection (d);
15	(2) Be appropriate for use, in both content and
16	administration, with deaf and hearing-impaired
17	children from birth to five years of age, inclusive,

1		who use both or one of the languages of American Sign
2		Language and English; provided that for the purposes
3		of this section English includes spoken English,
4		written English, or English with the use of visual
5		supplements;
6	<u>(3)</u>	Present the developmental milestones in terms of
7		typical development of all children, by age range;
8	(4)	Be written for clarity and ease of use by parents;
9	(5)	Be aligned to existing guidelines and instruments of
10		the executive office on early learning and department
11		of education, as applicable, that are used to assess
12	•	the development of children with disabilities pursuant
13		to federal law, and state standards in English
14		language arts;
15	<u>(6)</u>	Make clear that the parent resource is not a formal
16		assessment of language and literacy development, and
17		that a parent's observations of their children may
18		differ from formal assessment data presented at an
19		individualized family service plan or individualized
20		education program meeting; and

1	<u>(7)</u>	Make clear that a parent may bring the parent resource
2		to an individualized family service plan or
3		individualized education program meeting for purposes
4		of sharing their observations about their child's
5		development.
6	(b)	The executive office on early learning shall select
7	existing	tools or assessments for educators that can be used to
8	assess th	e language and literacy development of deaf and
9	hearing-i	mpaired children. These educator tools or assessments:
10	(1)	Shall be in a format that shows stages of language
11		development;
12	(2)	Shall be selected for use by educators to track the
13		development of deaf and hearing-impaired children's
14		expressive and receptive language acquisition and
15		developmental stages toward English literacy;
16	(3)	Shall be selected from existing instruments or
17		assessments used to assess the development of all
18		children from birth to five years of age, inclusive;
19	(4)	Shall be appropriate, in both content and
20		administration, for use with deaf and hearing-impaired
21		children;

1	<u>(5)</u>	May be used, in addition to the assessment required by
2		federal law, by the child's individualized family
3		service plan or individualized education program team,
4		as applicable, to track deaf and hearing-impaired
5		children's progress, and to establish or modify
6		individualized family service plan or individualized
7		education program plans; and
8	(6)	May reflect the recommendations of the advisory
9		committee established pursuant to subsection (e).
10	<u>(c)</u>	The executive office on early learning shall
11	dissemina	te the parent resource developed pursuant to subsection
12	(a) to pa	rents and guardians of deaf and hearing-impaired
13	children,	and, pursuant to federal law, shall disseminate the
14	educator	tools and assessments selected pursuant to subsection
15	(b) to so	chools and teachers for use in the development and
16	modificat	ion of individualized family service plan or
17	individua	alized education program plans, and shall provide
18	materials	and training on its use, to assist deaf and hearing-
19	impaired	children in becoming linguistically ready for
20	kindergar	ten using both or one of the languages of American Sign
21	Language	and English.

1	If a deaf or hearing-impaired child does not demonstrate
2	progress in expressive and receptive language skills, as
3	measured by one of the educator tools or assessments selected
4	pursuant to subsection (b), or by the existing instrument used
5	to assess the development of children with disabilities pursuant
6	to federal law, the child's individualized family service plan
7	or individualized education program plan, as applicable, shall,
8	as part of the process required by federal law, explain in
9	detail the reasons why the child is not meeting the language
10	developmental milestones or progressing toward them, and shall
11	recommend specific strategies, services, and programs that shall
12	be provided to assist the child's success toward English
13	literacy.
14	(d) On or before March 1, 2018, the executive office on
15	early learning shall provide the advisory committee established
16	pursuant to subsection (e) with a list of existing language
17	developmental milestones from existing standardized norms, along
18	with any relevant information held by the executive office on
19	early learning regarding those language developmental milestones
20	for possible inclusion in the parent resource developed pursuant
21	to subsection (a). These language developmental milestones

- 1 shall be aligned to the existing guidelines and instruments of
- 2 the executive office on early learning and department of
- 3 education, as applicable, that are used to assess the
- 4 development of children with disabilities pursuant to federal
- 5 law, and the state standards in English language arts.
- 6 On or before June 1, 2018, the advisory committee shall
- 7 recommend language developmental milestones for selection
- 8 pursuant to subsection (a).
- 9 On or before June 30, 2018, the executive office on early
- 10 learning shall inform the advisory committee of which language
- 11 developmental milestones were selected.
- 12 (e) The superintendent shall establish an ad hoc advisory
- 13 committee for purposes of soliciting input from experts on the
- 14 selection of language developmental milestones for children who
- 15 are deaf or hearing-impaired that are equivalent to those for
- 16 children who are not deaf or hearing-impaired, for inclusion in
- 17 the parent resource developed pursuant to subsection (a). The
- 18 advisory committee may also make recommendations on the
- 19 selection and administration of the educator tools or
- 20 assessments selected pursuant to subsection (b).

1	The a	advisory committee shall consist of thirteen
2	volunteers	s, the majority of whom shall be deaf or hearing-
3	impaired,	and all of whom shall be within the field of education
4	for the de	eaf and hearing-impaired. In addition, the advisory
5	committee	shall include all of the following:
6	(1)	One parent of a child who is deaf or hearing-impaired
7		who uses the dual languages of American Sign Language
8		and English;
9	(2)	One parent of a child who is deaf or hearing-impaired
10		who uses only spoken English, with or without visual
11		supplements;
12	(3)	One credentialed teacher of deaf and hearing-impaired
13		pupils who uses the dual languages of American Sign
14		Language and English;
15	(4)	One credentialed teacher of deaf and hearing-impaired
16		pupils from a state certified nonpublic, nonsectarian
17		school;
18	(5)	One expert who researches language outcomes for deaf
19		and hearing-impaired children using American Sign
20		Language and English;

1	<u>(6)</u>	One expert who researches language outcomes for deaf
2		and hearing-impaired children using spoken English,
3		with or without visual supplements;
4	(7)	One credentialed teacher of deaf and hearing-impaired
5		pupils whose expertise is in curriculum and
6	•	instruction in American Sign Language and English;
7	(8)	One credentialed teacher of deaf and hearing-impaired
8		pupils whose expertise is in curriculum and
9		instruction in spoken English, with or without visual
10		supplements;
11	<u>(9)</u>	One advocate for the teaching and use of the dual
12		languages of American Sign Language and English;
13	(10)	One advocate for the teaching and use of spoken
14		English, with or without visual supplements;
15	(11)	One early intervention specialist who works with deaf
16		and hearing-impaired infants and toddlers using the
17		dual languages of American Sign Language and English;
18	(12)	One credentialed teacher of deaf and hearing-impaired
19		pupils whose expertise is in American Sign Language
20		and English language assessment; and

1	(13) One speech pathologist from spoken English, with or
2	without the use of visual supplements.
3	(f) The advisory committee established pursuant to
4	subsection (e) may also advise the executive office on early
5	learning on the content and administration of the existing
6	instruments used to assess the development of children with
7	disabilities pursuant to federal law, as used to assess deaf and
8	hearing-impaired children's language and literacy development to
9	ensure the appropriate use of that instrument with those
10	children, and may make recommendations regarding future research
11	to improve the measurement of progress of deaf and hearing-
12	impaired children in language and literacy.
13	(g) Commencing on or before July 31, 2018, and on or
14	before each July 31 thereafter, the executive office on early
15	learning shall produce a report, using existing data reported in
16	compliance with the federally required state performance plan or
17	pupils with disabilities, that is specific to language and
18	literacy development of deaf and hearing-impaired children from
19	birth to five years of age, inclusive, including those who are
20	deaf or hearing-impaired and have other disabilities, relative
21	to their peers who are not deaf or hearing-impaired. The

- 1 executive office on early learning shall make this report
- 2 available on its website.
- 3 (h) All activities of the executive office on early
- 4 learning in implementing this section shall be consistent with
- 5 federal law regarding the education of children with
- 6 disabilities and federal law regarding the privacy of pupil
- 7 information.
- 8 (i) For the purposes of this section, the term "language
- 9 developmental milestones" means milestones of development
- 10 aligned with the existing state instruments used to meet the
- 11 requirements of federal law for the assessment of children from
- 12 birth to five years of age, inclusive.
- 13 (j) This section shall apply only to children from birth
- 14 to five years of age, inclusive."
- 15 SECTION 2. There is appropriated out of the general
- 16 revenues of the State of Hawaii the sum of \$ or so
- 17 much thereof as may be necessary for fiscal year 2016-2017 for
- 18 the establishment of language developmental milestones for deaf
- 19 and hearing-impaired children and development of a parent
- 20 resource and educator tools to monitor and track deaf and

- hearing-impaired children's language acquisition and 1
- developmental stages toward English literacy. 2
- The sum appropriated shall be expended by the executive 3
- 4 office on early learning for the purposes of this Act.
- SECTION 3. New statutory material is underscored. 5
- SECTION 4. This Act shall take effect on July 1, 2016. 6

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INTRODUCED BY:

2016-0230 HB SMA.doc

JAN 2 2 2016

Report Title:

Language Developmental Milestones; Deaf; Hearing-Impaired; Early Learning; Appropriation

Description:

Requires the executive office on early learning to establish language developmental milestones for the purpose of developing a resource for use by parents of deaf and hearing-impaired children to track the children's language acquisition and developmental stages for children from birth to five years of age. Establishes criteria for the parent resource. Requires the executive office on early learning to select tools or assessments for educators to assess the language and literacy development of deaf and hearing-impaired children from birth to five years of age. Requires the superintendent to establish an advisory committee to solicit input from experts on the selection of language developmental milestones. Makes an appropriation for the establishment of language developmental milestones and the corresponding parent resource and educator tools and assessments.

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