A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO MENTAL HEALTH TREATMENT.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

- 1 SECTION 1. The legislature finds that part IV of chapter 2 334, Hawaii Revised Statutes, includes procedures authorizing
- 3 any person to petition a court to commit another person in the
- 4 same county to a psychiatric facility under certain limited
- 5 circumstances. Pursuant to section 334-60.3(a), Hawaii Revised
- ${f 6}$ Statutes, the petition may be accompanied by a certificate from
- 7 a medical professional that describes the symptoms justifying
- ${f 8}$ the need for treatment and stating whether the person is capable
- 9 of realizing and making a rational decision with respect to the
- 10 person's need for treatment. Pursuant to section 334-60.5(g),
- 11 Hawaii Revised Statutes, no person may be found to require
- 12 treatment in a psychiatric facility unless at least one medical
- 13 professional who has personally examined the person testifies in
- 14 person at the hearing on the petition.
- 15 The respondent to the petition for involuntary
- 16 hospitalization may be committed to a psychiatric facility if

13

2	60.2, Hawaii Revised Statutes:	
3	(1)	That the respondent is mentally ill or suffering from
4		substance abuse;
5	(2)	That the respondent is imminently dangerous to self or
6		others; and
7	(3)	That the respondent is in need of care or treatment,
8		or both, and there is no suitable alternative
9		available through existing facilities and programs
10		that would be less restrictive than hospitalization.
11	"Dan	gerous to self" and "dangerous to others" are defined
12	in sectio	n 334-1, Hawaii Revised Statutes, as collectively

the court finds all of the following criteria under section 334-

14 (1) Threatened or attempted suicide or serious bodily harm to self;

meaning that the respondent recently has:

16 (2) Behaved in such a manner as to indicate that the

17 respondent is unable, without supervision and the

18 assistance of others, to satisfy the need for

19 nourishment, essential medical care, shelter or self
20 protection, so that it is probable that death,

21 substantial bodily injury, or serious physical

1	debilication of disease to self will result unless	
2	adequate treatment is afforded; or	
3	(3) Engaged in an act, attempt, or threat that makes the	
4	respondent likely to do substantial physical or	
5	emotional injury on another.	
6	These definitions are consistent with the criteria for	
7	involuntary commitment applied in most other states that require	
8	a finding of danger to self or others, using a standard of a	
9	serious or substantial risk, likelihood, or probability of harm	
10	However, the standard in Hawaii is that of an "imminent" danger	
11	to self or others. In the few states that operate under that	
12	threshold for involuntary commitment, it is possible for the	
13	respondent to be discharged from the proceedings, even if harm	
14	is virtually certain to occur in the future, if the respondent	
15	does not exhibit any signs of immediate danger during the	
16	involuntary commitment proceedings.	
17	The purpose of this Act is to facilitate involuntary	
18	hospitalizations and other forms of treatment for the protection	
19	of mentally ill individuals and the public, by defining the term	
20	"imminently dangerous to self or others" to mean that, without	

- 1 intervention, the person will likely remain dangerous within the
- 2 next ninety days.
- 3 SECTION 2. Section 334-1, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
- 4 amended by adding a new definition to be appropriately inserted
- 5 and to read as follows:
- 6 ""Imminently dangerous to self or others" means that,
- 7 without intervention, the person will likely remain dangerous to
- 8 the person's self or others within the next ninety days."
- 9 SECTION 3. New statutory material is underscored.
- 10 SECTION 4. This Act shall take effect on July 1, 2070.

H.B. NO. 1686 H.D. 1

Report Title:

Mental Health Treatment; Involuntary Hospitalization

Description:

Defines "imminently dangerous to self or others" to mean that, without intervention, the person will likely remain dangerous to the person's self or others within the next ninety days. (HB1686 HD1)

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