A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO RENEWABLE ENERGY.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

SECTION 1. Section 196-6.5, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is amended to read as follows:

3 "§196-6.5 Solar water heater system required for new 4 single-family residential construction. (a) On or after 5 January 1, 2010, no building permit shall be issued for a new 6 single-family dwelling that does not include a solar water 7 heater system that meets the standards established pursuant to 8 section 269-44, unless the coordinator approves a variance. A 9 variance application shall only be accepted if submitted by an 10 architect or mechanical engineer licensed under chapter 464, who 11 attests that:

12	(1)	Installation	is	impracticable	due	to	poor	solar
13		resource;						

14 (2) Installation is cost-prohibitive based upon a life
15 cycle cost-benefit analysis that incorporates the
16 average residential utility bill and the cost of the



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1		new solar water heater system with a life cycle that
2		does not exceed fifteen years;
3	(3)	A renewable energy technology system[, as defined in
4		section 235 12.5,] is substituted for use as the
5		primary energy source for heating water; or
6	(4)	A demand water heater device approved by Underwriters
7		Laboratories, Inc., is installed; provided that at
8		least one other gas appliance is installed in the
9		dwelling. For the purposes of this paragraph, "demand
10		water heater" means a gas-tankless instantaneous water
11		heater that provides hot water only as it is needed.
12	(b)	A request for a variance shall be submitted to the
13	coordinat	or on an application prescribed by the coordinator and
14	shall inc	lude a description of the location of the property and
15	justifica	tion for the approval of a variance using the criteria
16	establish	ed in subsection (a). A variance shall be deemed
17	approved	if not denied within thirty working days after receipt
18	of the va	riance application. The coordinator shall publicize:
19	(1)	All applications for a variance within seven days
20		after receipt of the variance application; and



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1 The disposition of all applications for a variance (2) 2 within seven days of the determination of the variance 3 application. 4 (c) The director of business, economic development, and 5 tourism may adopt rules pursuant to chapter 91 to impose and 6 collect fees to cover the costs of administering variances under 7 this section. The fees, if any, shall be deposited into the 8 energy security special fund established under section 201-12.8. 9 Nothing in this section shall preclude any county from (d) 10 establishing procedures and standards required to implement this 11 section. 12 Nothing in this section shall preclude participation (e) 13 in any utility demand-side management program or public benefits 14 fee program under part VII of chapter 269. (f) As used in this section, "renewable energy technology 15 16 system" means a new system that captures and converts a renewable source of energy, such as solar or wind energy, into: 17 A usable source of thermal or mechanical energy; 18 (1) 19 (2) Electricity; or 20 (3) Fuel."



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1 SECTION 2. Section 235-12.5, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is 2 amended to read as follows: 3 "§235-12.5 Renewable energy technologies; income tax 4 (a) When the requirements of subsection [(d)] (c) are credit. 5 met, each individual or corporate taxpayer that files an 6 individual or corporate net income tax return for a taxable year 7 may claim a tax credit under this section against the Hawaii 8 state individual or corporate net income tax. [The tax credit 9 may be claimed for every cliqible renewable energy technology 10 system that is installed and placed in service in the State by a 11 taxpayer during the taxable year.] The tax credit may be 12 claimed as follows: 13 For each solar energy [system:] property that is used (1) 14 exclusively to heat water and is installed and first 15 placed in service in the State by a taxpayer during 16 the taxable year: thirty-five per cent of the [actual 17 cost or the cap amount determined in subsection (b), whichever is less; or] basis up to the applicable cap 18 19 amount, which is determined as follows: 20 (A) \$2,500 per property for single-family residential 21 property;



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1		<u>(B)</u>	\$500 per unit per property for multi-family
2			residential property; and
3		<u>(C)</u>	\$250,000 per property for commercial property;
4	(2)	For	each solar energy property that is used primarily
5		to g	enerate electricity, and is installed and first
6		plac	ed in service in the State by a taxpayer during
7		the	taxable year:
8		(A)	Twenty-five per cent of the basis for solar
9			energy property first placed in service after
10			December 31, 2014, and before January 1, 2016;
11		<u>(B)</u>	Twenty per cent of the basis for solar energy
12			property first placed in service after December
13	Υ.		31, 2015, and before January 1, 2017; and
14		(C)	Fifteen per cent of the basis for solar energy
15			property first placed in service after December
16			<u>31, 2016; and</u>
17	[(2)]	(3)	For each [wind-powered] <u>wind</u> energy [system:]
18		prop	erty: twenty per cent of the [actual cost or the
19		cap -	amount determined in subsection (b),] basis or
20		\$, whichever is less[+



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provided that multiple]. Multiple owners of a single [system]
property shall be entitled to a single tax credit[+], and
[provided further that] the tax credit shall be apportioned
between the owners in proportion to their contribution to the
cost of the [system.] property.

6 In the case of a partnership, S corporation, estate, or 7 trust, the tax credit allowable is for every eligible renewable 8 energy technology [system] property that is installed and placed 9 in service in the State by the entity. The cost upon which the 10 tax credit is computed shall be determined at the entity level. 11 Distribution and share of credit shall be determined pursuant to 12 section [235 110.7(a).] 704(b) of the Internal Revenue Code.

13 [(b) The amount of credit allowed for each eligible
 14 renewable energy technology system shall not exceed the
 15 applicable cap amount, which is determined as follows:

16 (1) If the primary purpose of the solar energy system is
 17 to use energy from the sun to heat water for household
 18 use, then the cap amounts shall be:
 19 (A) \$2,250 per system for single family residential

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property;



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1		(B)	\$350 per unit per system for multi-family
2			residential property; and
3		-(C) -	\$250,000 per system for commercial property;
4	(2)	For	all other solar energy systems, the cap amounts
5		shal	l be:
6		-(A)-	\$5,000 per system for single family residential
7			property; provided that if all or a portion of
8			the system is used to fulfill the substitute
9			renewable-energy technology-requirement pursuant
10			to section 196 6.5(a)(3), the credit shall be
11			reduced by thirty five per cent of the actual
12			system cost or \$2,250, whichever is less;
13		(B)	\$350 per unit per system for multi-family
14			residential property; and
15		-(C) -	\$500,000 per system for commercial property; and
16	(3)	For	all wind-powered energy systems, the cap amounts
17		shal	l bc:
18		(A)	\$1,500 per system for single family residential
19			property; provided that if all or a portion of
20			the system is used to fulfill the substitute
21			renewable energy technology requirement pursuant



1		to section 196 6.5(a)(3), the credit shall be
2		reduced by twenty per cent of the actual system
3		cost or \$1,500, whichever is less;
4	-(B)-	\$200 per unit per system for multi family
5		residential property; and
6	-(C) -	\$500,000 per system for commercial property.
7	(c)] <u>(b)</u>	For the purposes of this section:
8	["Actual -	cost" means costs related to the renewable energy
9	technology syst	tems under subsection (a), including accessories
10	and installation	on, but not including the cost of consumer
11	incentive prem	iums unrelated to the operation of the system or
12	offered with t	he sale of the system and costs for which another
13	credit is clai	med under this chapter.
14	"Houschold	d use" means any use to which heated water is
15	commonly put-in	n a residential setting, including commercial
16	application of	-those uses.
17	"Renewable	e energy technology system" means a new system
18	that captures (and converts a renewable source of energy, such as
19	solar or wind	energy, into:
20	(1) A us	able source of thermal or mechanical energy;
21	(2) Elec	tricity; or



1 (3) Fuel.

2	"Solar or wind energy system" means any identifiable
3	facility, equipment, apparatus, or the like that converts solar
4	or wind energy to useful thermal or electrical energy for
5	heating, cooling, or reducing the use of other types of energy
6	that are dependent upon fossil fuel for their generation.]
7	"Basis" means costs related to the solar or wind energy
8	property under subsection (a), including accessories, energy
9	storage, and installation, but does not include the cost of
10	consumer incentive premiums unrelated to the operation of the
11	energy property or offered with the sale of the energy property
12	and costs for which another credit is claimed under this
13	chapter. Any cost incurred and paid for the repair,
14	construction, or reconstruction of a structure in conjunction
15	with the installation and placing in service of solar or wind
16	energy property, such as the re-roofing of single-family
17	residential property, multi-family residential property, or
18	commercial property, shall not constitute a part of the basis for
19	the purpose of this section; provided that costs incurred for the
20	physical support of the solar or wind energy property, such as
21	racking and mounting equipment and costs incurred to seal or



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1	otherwise return a roof to its pre-installation condition shall
2	constitute part of the basis for the purposes of this section.
3	The basis used under this section shall be consistent with
4	the use of basis in section 25D or section 48 of the Internal
5	Revenue Code.
6	"First placed in service" has the same meaning as in
7	Treasury Regulation 1.167(a)-11(e)(1).
8	"Property" means equipment that uses solar or wind energy
9	to generate electricity, the construction, reconstruction, or
10	erection of which is completed by the taxpayer, or which is
11	acquired by the taxpayer if the original use of the property
12	commences with the taxpayer.
13	[(d)] <u>(c)</u> For taxable years beginning after December 31,
14	2005, the dollar amount of any utility rebate shall be deducted
15	from the [cost] <u>basis</u> of the qualifying [system] <u>property</u> and
16	its installation before applying the state tax credit.
17	[(c)] <u>(d)</u> The director of taxation shall prepare any forms
18	that may be necessary to claim a tax credit under this section,
19	including forms identifying the technology type of each tax
20	credit claimed under this section [, whether for solar or wind].
21	The director may also require the taxpayer to furnish reasonable



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1 information to ascertain the validity of the claim for credit 2 made under this section and may adopt rules necessary to 3 effectuate the purposes of this section pursuant to chapter 91. 4 [(f)] (e) If the tax credit under [this section] 5 subsection (a)(1), (2), and (3) exceeds the taxpayer's income tax liability, the excess of the credit over liability may be 6 7 used as a credit against the taxpayer's income tax liability in 8 subsequent years until exhausted, unless otherwise elected by 9 the taxpayer pursuant to subsection (f) or (g) [or (h)]. All 10 claims for the tax credit under this section, including amended 11 claims, shall be filed on or before the end of the twelfth month 12 following the close of the taxable year for which the credit may 13 be claimed. Failure to comply with this subsection shall 14 constitute a waiver of the right to claim the credit. 15 [(g)] (f) For solar energy [systems,] properties under 16 subsection (a)(1) and (2) or for any wind energy property under 17 subsection (a)(3), a taxpayer may elect to reduce the eligible credit amount by thirty per cent and if this reduced amount 18 19 exceeds the amount of income tax payment due from the taxpayer, 20 the excess of the credit amount over payments due shall be 21 refunded to the taxpayer; provided that tax credit amounts



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1 properly claimed by a taxpayer who has no income tax liability
2 shall be paid to the taxpayer; and [provided further that] no
3 refund on account of the tax credit allowed by this section
4 shall be made for amounts less than \$1.

5 The election required by this subsection shall be made in a 6 manner prescribed by the director on the taxpayer's return for 7 the taxable year in which the [system] property is installed and 8 first placed in service. [A separate election may be made for 9 each separate system that generates a credit. An election once 10 made is irrevocable.

11 (h)] (g) [Notwithstanding subsection (g), for any 12 renewable energy technology system, an] An individual taxpayer 13 may elect to have any excess of the credit over payments due 14 refunded to the taxpayer[7] without discount, if:

15 (1) All of the taxpayer's income is exempt from taxation
16 under section 235-7(a)(2) or (3); or

17 (2) The taxpayer's adjusted gross income is \$20,000 or
18 less (or \$40,000 or less if filing a tax return as
19 married filing jointly);

20 provided that tax credits properly claimed by a taxpayer who has 21 no income tax liability shall be paid to the taxpayer; and



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[provided further that] no refund on account of the tax credit
allowed by this section shall be made for amounts less than \$1.
A husband and wife who do not file a joint tax return shall
only be entitled to make this election to the extent that they
would have been entitled to make the election had they filed a
joint tax return.

7 The election required by this subsection shall be made in a 8 manner prescribed by the director on the taxpayer's return for 9 the taxable year in which the [system] property is installed and 10 <u>first placed in service. A separate election may be made for</u> 11 each separate [system] property that generates a credit. An 12 election once made is irrevocable.

[(i)] (h) No taxpayer shall be allowed a credit under this
section for the portion of the renewable energy technology
system required by section 196-6.5 that is installed and <u>first</u>
placed in service on any newly constructed single-family
residential property authorized by a building permit issued on
or after January 1, 2010.

19 [(j) To the extent feasible, using existing resources to
 20 assist the energy efficiency policy review and evaluation, the



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1	department shall assist with data collection on the following
2	for each taxable year:]
3	(i) The tax credit provided for in this section shall be
4	construed in accordance with Treasury Regulations and judicial
5	interpretations of similar provisions in sections 25D, 45, and
6	48 of the Internal Revenue Code.
7	(j) An association of owners under chapter 421I, 421J,
8	514A, or 514B may claim the credit allowed under this section in
9	its own name for property or facilities placed in service and
10	located on common areas.
11	(k) No credit under this section shall be allowed to any
12	federal, state, or local government or any political
13	subdivision, agency, or instrumentality thereof.
14	(1) The department of taxation, in collaboration with the
15 -	department of business, economic development, and tourism, shall
16	submit a joint report to the legislature annually no later than
17	twenty days prior to the convening of each regular session on
18	the following for the preceding taxable year:
19	(1) The number of renewable energy technology [systems]
20	properties that have qualified for a tax credit during
21	the calendar year by:



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1		(A) Technology type; and
2		(B) Taxpayer type (corporate and individual); [and]
3	(2)	The total cost of the tax credit to the State during
4		the taxable year by:
5		(A) Technology type; [and]
6		(B) Taxpayer type[-];
7		(C) Tax credit type (investment or production); and
8		(D) Refundability type (refundable or nonrefundable);
9		and
10	<u>(3)</u>	The estimated economic benefit that may be
11		attributable to the renewable energy tax credit,
12		including:
13		(A) Impact on the economy, including:
14		(i) Economic boost;
15		(ii) Net flow of money into or out of the State;
16		and
17		(iii) General excise and income tax revenue
18		generated; and
19		(B) Jobs, including:
20		(i) Number of jobs maintained;



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1	(ii) Number of jobs created and the number of
2	jobs lost; and
3	(iii) Average pay.
4	[(k) This section shall apply to eligible renewable energy
5	technology systems that are installed and placed in service on
6	or after July 1, 2009.]
7	(m) The department of business, economic development, and
8	tourism shall commence a study no later than July 1, 2016, on
9	the costs incurred and benefits generated by this section, as
10	well as the extent to which the tax credit under this section
11	has helped the State to achieve its energy goals. In conducting
12	this study, the department of business, economic development,
13	and tourism shall consult with the department of taxation and
14	industry trade groups and may consult with other stakeholders.
15	The department of business, economic development, and tourism
16	shall submit a report to the legislature no later than December
17	31, 2017. This report to the legislature shall include, at a
18	minimum, the following:
19	(1) The elements in subsection (1);
20	(2) The results of its study; and

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1	(3) Recommendations on whether the tax credit under this
2	section should be wholly or partially continued,
3	eliminated, or revised."
4	SECTION 3. If any provision of this Act, or the
5	application thereof to any person or circumstance, is held
6	invalid, the invalidity does not affect other provisions or
7	applications of the Act that can be given effect without the
8	invalid provision or application, and to this end the provisions
9	of this Act are severable.
10	SECTION 4. Statutory material to be repealed is bracketed
11	and stricken. New statutory material is underscored.
12	SECTION 5. This Act, upon its approval, shall apply to
13	taxable years beginning after December 31, 2014.
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	INTRODUCED BY:

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Report Title: Renewable Energy; Solar Energy Property; Tax Credit

Description:

Replaces the current renewable energy technology systems tax credit with tax credits for solar energy property and wind energy property. Requires the Department of Taxation and Department of Business, Economic Development, and Tourism to report tax credits claimed under the renewable energy technology tax credit and make recommendations to the legislature.

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