DAVID Y. 1GE GOVERNOR

June 21, 2016

EXECUTIVE CHAMBERS

The Honorable Ronald D. Kouchi,
President
and Members of the Senate
Twenty-Eighth State Legislature
State Capitol, Room 409
Honolulu, Hawai'i 96813

The Honorable Joseph M. Souki, Speaker and Members of the House of Representatives Twenty-Eighth State Legislature State Capitol, Room 431 Honolulu, Hawai'i 96813

Dear President Kouchi, Speaker Souki, and Members of the Legislature:

This is to inform you that on June 21, 2016, the following bill was signed into law:

HB2675 HD1 SD2 CD1

RELATING TO RAPID OHIA DEATH ACT 102 (16)

Sincerely,

Governor, State of Hawai'i

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES
TWENTY-EIGHTH LEGISLATURE, 2016
STATE OF HAWAII

ACT 102

H.B. NO. H.D. 1

S.D. 2

G.D. 1

A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO RAPID OHIA DEATH.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

- 1 SECTION 1. The legislature finds that the ohia is Hawaii's
- 2 most common and widespread native tree. Ohia trees can be found
- 3 at sea level and up to elevations of twenty-five hundred meters.
- 4 The trees provide critical habitats for rare and endangered
- 5 native birds and insects.
- 6 In recent years, the disease known as rapid ohia death,
- 7 caused by the non-native fungal pathogen Ceratocystis fimbriata,
- 8 has been killing ohia trees in the forests and residential areas
- 9 of Puna and Hilo on the island of Hawaii. When infected, the
- 10 crown of an ohia tree first turns yellow, and then brown within
- 11 a few days or weeks. The fungal pathogen progresses up the stem
- 12 of the tree and manifests as a dark staining in the sapwood
- 13 along the outer margin of the trunk. Landowners have noticed
- 14 that when healthy-looking trees begin exhibiting symptoms, the
- 15 trees die in a matter of weeks.
- 16 As of 2014, approximately fifteen thousand acres on the
- 17 island of Hawaii have shown greater than fifty per cent
- 18 mortality from rapid ohia death. Recent estimates have found



H.B. NO. H.D. 1 S.D. 2 C.D. 1

- 1 that the disease has affected thirty thousand acres on the
- 2 island of Hawaii.
- 3 The exact transmittal methods of Ceratocystis fimbriata
- 4 have not yet been determined. However, researchers believe that
- 5 the fungus can be transmitted by feral animals, insects, soil,
- 6 water, infected cuttings, unsanitized pruning tools, and muddy
- 7 vehicles. There is no treatment that can protect ohia trees
- 8 from rapid ohia death, and there is no cure for infected trees.
- 9 The legislature finds that rapid ohia death has the
- 10 potential to destroy ohia trees statewide. The loss of ohia
- 11 trees would be catastrophic to the diversity, structure, and
- 12 function of the State's remaining native forests.
- 13 Researchers of the United States Department of Agriculture,
- 14 the University of Hawaii, and other organizations have made
- 15 progress in combating rapid ohia death, including isolating the
- 16 fungal pathogen, researching alternative hosts for the pathogen,
- 17 eliminating other causes for the ohia tree deaths, and making
- 18 recommendations on preventing the spread of the disease.
- 19 However, the researchers require additional funding to continue
- 20 their work.

H.B. NO. 2675 H.D. 1 S.D. 2

- 1 The purpose of this Act is to appropriate funds to combat
- 2 rapid ohia death. The funding will help to continue pathology
- 3 research by the Agricultural Research Service of the United
- 4 States Department of Agriculture and other organizations.
- 5 SECTION 2. There is appropriated out of the general
- 6 revenues of the State of Hawaii the sum of \$300,000 or so much
- 7 thereof as may be necessary for fiscal year 2016-2017 for rapid
- 8 ohia death research, including the employment of pathology post-
- 9 doctoral fellows, technical support for pathology research,
- 10 materials and supplies for pathogen and molecular detection, and
- 11 a new growth chamber for pathology experiments.
- The sum appropriated shall be expended by the department of
- 13 agriculture for the purposes of this Act.
- 14 SECTION 3. This Act shall take effect on July 1, 2016.

APPROVED this 2.1 day of

JUN

, 2016

GOVERNOR OF THE STATE OF HAWAII

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