## A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO RENEWABLE ENERGY.

### BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

1	SECTION 1. Section 235-12.5, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
2	amended to read as follows:
3	"§235-12.5 Renewable energy technologies; income tax
4	credit. (a) When the requirements of subsection [(d)] (c) are
5	met, each individual or corporate taxpayer that files an
6	individual or corporate net income tax return for a taxable year
7	may claim a tax credit under this section against the Hawaii
8	state individual or corporate net income tax. [The tax credit
9	may be claimed for every eligible renewable energy technology
10	system that is installed and placed in service in the State by a
11	taxpayer during the taxable year.] The tax credit may be
12	claimed as follows:
13	(1) For each solar energy [system:] property that is used
14	exclusively to heat water and is installed and first
15	placed in service in the State by a taxpayer during

the taxable year: thirty-five per cent of the [actual

cost or the cap amount determined in subsection (b),

16

**17** 

1		whichever is less; or] basis up to the applicable cap		
2		amount, which is determined as follows:		
3		(A) \$ per property for single-family		
4		residential property;		
5		(B) \$ per unit per property for multi-family		
6		residential property; and		
7		(C) \$ per property for commercial property;		
8	(2)	For each solar energy property that is used primarily		
9		to generate electricity, is less than one megawatt in		
10		alternating current capacity, and is installed and		
<b>l1</b>		first placed in service in the State by a taxpayer		
12		during the taxable year; provided that no energy		
13		property that receives a tax credit under this		
<b>L4</b>		paragraph may later receive a production tax credit		
15		even if the property is one megawatt or greater:		
16		(A) per cent of the basis for solar energy		
17		property first placed in service after December		
18		31, 2012, and before January 1, 2014;		
19		(B) per cent of the basis for solar energy		
20		property first placed in service after December		
21		31, 2013, and before January 1, 2016;		

1		<u>(C)</u>	per cent of the basis for solar energy
2			property first placed in service after December
3			31, 2015, and before January 1, 2018; and
4		<u>(D)</u>	per cent of the basis for solar energy
5			property first placed in service after December
6			<u>31, 2017;</u>
7	(3)	For	each solar energy property that is used to
8		gene	rate electricity, has not already received a tax
9		credit under paragraph (2), and is one megawatt or	
10		larg	er in alternating current capacity and that is
11		placed in service:	
12		(A)	On or before December 31, 2016, cents
13			multiplied by the number of kilowatt-hours
14		produced by the solar energy property and sold by	
15		the taxpayer to an unrelated entity during the	
16			taxable year, or produced by the solar energy
17			property and used on-site to offset the site's
18			demand for electricity during the taxable year,
19			for the first ten years that the solar energy
20			property is in service;
21		(B)	After December 31, 2016, but on or before
22			December 31, 2020, cents multiplied by

1			the number of kilowatt-hours produced by the
2			solar energy property and sold by the taxpayer to
3			an unrelated entity during the taxable year or
4			produced by the solar energy property and used
5			on-site to offset the site's demand for
6			electricity during the taxable year, for the
7			first ten years that the solar energy property is
8			in service; and
9		<u>(C)</u>	After December 31, 2020, cents multiplied by
10			the number of kilowatt-hours produced by the
11			solar energy property and sold by the taxpayer to
12			an unrelated entity during the taxable year or
13			produced by the solar energy property and used
14			on-site to offset the site's demand for
15			electricity during the taxable year, for the
16			first ten years that the solar energy property is
17			in service; or
18	[ <del>(2)</del> ]	(4)	For each [wind powered] wind energy [system:]
19		prop	erty that is less than one megawatt in output and
20		is no	ot part of a larger wind energy property: twenty
21		per (	cent of the [actual cost or the cap amount

1	determined in subsection (b), basis or \$ ,
2	whichever is less[+].
3	[provided that multiple] Multiple owners of a single [system]
4	property shall be entitled to a single tax credit[+], and
5	[provided further that] the tax credit shall be apportioned
6	between the owners in proportion to their contribution to the
7	cost of the [system.] property.
8	In the case of a partnership, S corporation, estate, or
9	trust, the tax credit allowable is for every eligible renewable
10	energy technology [system] property that is installed and placed
11	in service in the State by the entity. The cost upon which the
12	tax credit is computed shall be determined at the entity level.
13	Distribution and share of credit shall be determined pursuant to
14	section [235 110.7(a).] 704(b) of the Internal Revenue Code.
15	[(b) The amount of credit allowed for each eligible
16	renewable energy technology system shall not exceed the
17	applicable cap amount, which is determined as follows:
18	(1) If the primary purpose of the solar energy system is
19	to use energy from the sun to heat water for household
20	use, then the cap amounts shall be:
21	(A) \$2,250 per system for single family residential
22	property;

1		<del>(B)</del> -	\$350 per unit per system for multi family
2			residential property; and
3		<del>(C)</del>	\$250,000 per system for commercial property;
4	<del>(2)</del> -	<del>For</del>	all other solar energy systems, the cap amounts
5		<del>shal</del>	<del>l be:</del>
6		<del>(A)</del>	\$5,000-per-system for single-family residential
7			property; provided that if all or a portion of
8			the system is used to fulfill the substitute
9			renewable energy technology requirement pursuant
10			to section 196 6.5(a)(3), the credit shall be
11			reduced by thirty five per cent of the actual
12			system cost or \$2,250, whichever is less;
13		<del>(B)</del>	\$350 per unit per system for multi-family
14			residential-property; and
15		<del>(C)</del>	\$500,000 per system for commercial property; and
16	<del>(3)</del>	For	all wind-powered energy systems, the cap amounts
17		shal	<del>l be:</del>
18		<del>-(A)-</del>	\$1,500 per system for single family residential
19			property; provided that if all or a portion of
20			the system is used to fulfill the substitute
21			renewable-energy-technology-requirement pursuant
22			to section 196-6.5(a)(3), the credit shall be

1	reduced by twenty per cent of the actual system		
2	cost or \$1,500, whichever is less;		
3	(B) \$200 per unit per system for multi family		
4	residential property; and		
5	(C) \$500,000 per system for commercial property.		
6	(c) (b) For the purposes of this section:		
7	["Actual cost" means costs related to the renewable energy		
8	technology systems under subsection (a), including accessories		
9	and installation, but not including the cost of consumer		
10	incentive premiums unrelated to the operation of the system or		
11	offered with the sale of the system and costs for which another		
12	credit is claimed under this chapter.		
13	"Household use" means any use to which heated water is		
14	commonly put in a residential setting, including commercial		
15	application of those uses.		
16	"Basis" means costs related to the solar or wind energy		
17	property under subsection (a), including accessories, energy		
18	storage, and installation, but does not include the cost of		
19	consumer incentive premiums unrelated to the operation of the		
20	energy property or offered with the sale of the energy property		
21	and costs for which another credit is claimed under this		
22	chapter. Any cost incurred and paid for the repair,		
	SB623 HD2 HMS 2013-2927		

- 1 construction, or reconstruction of a structure in conjunction
- 2 with the installation and placing in service of solar or wind
- 3 energy property, such as the re-roofing of single-family
- 4 residential property, multi-family residential property, or
- 5 commercial property, shall not constitute a part of the basis for
- 6 the purpose of this section; provided that costs incurred for the
- 7 physical support of the solar or wind energy property, such as
- 8 racking and mounting equipment and costs incurred to seal or
- 9 otherwise return a roof to its pre-installation condition shall
- 10 constitute part of the basis for the purposes of this section.
- 11 The basis used under this section shall be consistent with
- 12 the use of basis in section 25D or section 48 of the Internal
- 13 Revenue Code; provided that, for the purposes of calculating the
- 14 credit allowed under this section, the basis of the solar energy
- 15 property or the wind energy property shall not be reduced by the
- 16 amount of any federal tax credit or other federally subsidized
- 17 energy financing received by the taxpayer.
- 18 "First placed in service" has the same meaning as in
- 19 Treasury Regulation 1.167(a)-11(e)(1).
- 20 "Property" means equipment that uses solar or wind energy
- 21 to generate electricity, the construction, reconstruction, or
- 22 erection of which is completed by the taxpayer, or which is

SB623 HD2 HMS 2013-2927

- 1 acquired by the taxpayer if the original use of the property
- 2 commences with the taxpayer.
- 3 "Public sector agency" means any political subdivision,
- 4 agency, or instrumentality of the State or of the federal
- 5 government.
- 6 "Renewable energy technology system" means a new system
- 7 that captures and converts a renewable source of energy, such as
- 8 solar or wind energy, into:
- 9 (1) A usable source of thermal or mechanical energy;
- 10 (2) Electricity; or
- **11** (3) Fuel.
- "Solar or wind energy [system"] property" means any
- 13 identifiable facility, equipment, apparatus, or the like that
- 14 converts solar or wind energy to useful thermal or electrical
- 15 energy for heating, cooling, or reducing the use of other types
- 16 of energy that are dependent upon fossil fuel for their
- 17 generation.
- 18 [<del>(d)</del>] (c) For taxable years beginning after December 31,
- 19 2005, the dollar amount of any utility rebate shall be deducted
- 20 from the [cost] basis of the qualifying [system] property and
- 21 its installation before applying the state tax credit.

```
1
         [<del>(e)</del>] (d) The director of taxation shall prepare any forms
2
    that may be necessary to claim a tax credit under this section,
3
    including forms identifying the technology type of each tax
4
    credit claimed under this section[, whether for solar or wind].
    The director may also require the taxpayer to furnish reasonable
5
6
    information to ascertain the validity of the claim for credit
7
    made under this section and may adopt rules necessary to
8
    effectuate the purposes of this section pursuant to chapter 91.
9
         [<del>(f)</del>] (e) If the tax credit under [this section]
10
    subsection (a)(1), (2), and (4) exceeds the taxpayer's income
11
    tax liability, the excess of the credit over liability may be
    used as a credit against the taxpayer's income tax liability in
12
    subsequent years until exhausted, unless otherwise elected by
13
14
    the taxpayer pursuant to subsection (f) or (g) [or (h)]. All
    claims for the tax credit under this section, including amended
15
    claims, shall be filed on or before the end of the twelfth month
16
    following the close of the taxable year for which the credit may
17
18
    be claimed. Failure to comply with this subsection shall
    constitute a waiver of the right to claim the credit.
19
20
         [<del>(g)</del>] (f) For solar energy [systems,] properties under
    subsection (a) (1) and (2) or for any wind energy property under
21
22
    subsection (a)(4), a taxpayer may elect to reduce the eligible
```

# S.B. NO. 5.D. 2

- 1 credit amount by thirty per cent and if this reduced amount
- 2 exceeds the amount of income tax payment due from the taxpayer,
- 3 the excess of the credit amount over payments due shall be
- 4 refunded to the taxpayer; provided that tax credit amounts
- 5 properly claimed by a taxpayer who has no income tax liability
- 6 shall be paid to the taxpayer; and provided further that no
- 7 refund on account of the tax credit allowed by this section
- 8 shall be made for amounts less than \$1.
- 9 The election required by this subsection shall be made in a
- 10 manner prescribed by the director on the taxpayer's return for
- 11 the taxable year in which the [system] property is installed and
- 12 first placed in service. A separate election may be made for
- 13 each separate [system] property that generates a credit. An
- 14 election once made is irrevocable.
- 15  $\left[\frac{h}{g}\right]$  (g) Notwithstanding subsection  $\left[\frac{g}{g}\right]$  (f), for any
- 16 [renewable energy technology system,] solar energy property
- 17 under subsection (a)(1) and (2) or for any wind energy property
- 18 under subsection (a)(4), an individual taxpayer may elect to
- 19 have any excess of the credit over payments due refunded to the
- 20 taxpayer[7] without discount, if:
- 21 (1) All of the taxpayer's income is exempt from taxation
- 22 under section 235-7(a)(2) or (3); or

```
1
         (2)
              The taxpayer's adjusted gross income is $20,000 or
 2
              less (or $40,000 or less if filing a tax return as
 3
              married filing jointly);
 4
    provided that tax credits properly claimed by a taxpayer who has
5
    no income tax liability shall be paid to the taxpayer; and
 6
    provided further that no refund on account of the tax credit
7
    allowed by this section shall be made for amounts less than $1.
8
         A husband and wife who do not file a joint tax return shall
9
    only be entitled to make this election to the extent that they
10
    would have been entitled to make the election had they filed a
11
    joint tax return.
12
         The election required by this subsection shall be made in a
13
    manner prescribed by the director on the taxpayer's return for
14
    the taxable year in which the [system] property is installed and
    first placed in service. A separate election may be made for
15
16
    each separate [system] property that generates a credit. An
    election once made is irrevocable.
17
18
         \left[\frac{1}{1}\right] (h) No taxpayer shall be allowed a credit under this
19
    section for the portion of the renewable energy technology
20
    system required by section 196-6.5 that is installed and first
21
    placed in service on any newly constructed single-family
```

- 1 residential property authorized by a building permit issued on
- 2 or after January 1, 2010.
- 3 [(j) To the extent feasible, using existing resources to
- 4 assist the energy efficiency policy review and evaluation, the
- 5 department shall assist with data collection on the following
- 6 for each taxable year:]
- 7 (i) If the tax credit under subsection (a) (3) exceeds the
- 8 taxpayer's income tax liability, the excess of the credit over
- 9 liability shall be refunded to the taxpayer; provided that tax
- 10 credit amounts properly claimed by a taxpayer who has no income
- 11 tax liability shall be paid to the taxpayer; provided further
- 12 that no refund on account of the tax credit allowed by this
- 13 section shall be made for amounts less than \$1.
- 14 (j) The tax credit provided for in this section shall be
- 15 construed in accordance with Treasury Regulations and judicial
- 16 interpretations of similar provisions in sections 25D, 45, and
- 17 48 of the Internal Revenue Code.
- 18 (k) Notwithstanding the foregoing, and in lieu of the
- 19 credit described above, an individual or corporate taxpayer not
- 20 currently regulated by the public utilities commission that had
- 21 by December 31, 2012, entered into an agreement with a public
- 22 sector agency pursuant to a public solicitation and procurement

- 1 process for the sale of electrical energy from non-residential
- 2 solar energy property with less than one megawatt of alternating
- 3 current capacity shall be allowed to elect to receive the tax
- 4 credit for energy properties placed into service prior to
- 5 January 1, 2014, on the same basis as if the energy property had
- 6 been placed into service prior to January 1, 2013; provided that
- 7 the taxpayer shall provide a copy of the agreement to the
- 8 department of taxation.
- 9 (1) Taxpayers who have received letters from the
- 10 department of taxation extending the department's letter rulings
- 11 or determination letters to December 31, 2013, and have
- 12 submitted the requested status update may qualify for the tax
- 13 credit as it existed on December 31, 2012; provided that the
- 14 energy property is first placed in service on or before December
- **15** 31, 2013.
- 16 (m) An association of owners under chapter 421I, 421J,
- 17 514A, or 514B may claim the credit allowed under this section in
- 18 its own name for property or facilities placed in service and
- 19 located on common areas.
- 20 (n) No credit under this section shall be allowed to any
- 21 federal, state, or local government or any political
- 22 subdivision, agency, or instrumentality thereof.

SB623 HD2 HMS 2013-2927

1	<u>(0)</u>	The department of taxation, in collaboration with the		
2	departmen	t of business, economic development, and tourism, shall		
3	submit a joint report to the legislature annually no later than			
4	twenty days prior to the convening of each regular session on			
5	the follo	wing for the preceding taxable year:		
6	(1)	The number of renewable energy technology [systems]		
7		properties that have qualified for a tax credit during		
8		the calendar year by:		
9		(A) Technology type; and		
10		(B) Taxpayer type (corporate and individual); [and]		
11	(2)	The total cost of the tax credit to the State during		
12		the taxable year by:		
13		(A) Technology type; [and]		
14		(B) Taxpayer type[-];		
15		(C) Tax credit type (investment or production); and		
16		(D) Refundability type (refundable or nonrefundable);		
17		and		
18	<u>(3)</u>	The estimated economic benefit that may be		
19		attributable to the renewable energy tax credit,		
20		including:		
21		(A) Impact on the economy, including:		
22		(i) Economic boost;		

SB623 HD2 HMS 2013-2927

1	<u>(11)</u>	Net flow of money into or out of the State;
2		and
3	<u>(iii)</u>	General excise and income tax revenue
4		generated; and
5	(B) Jobs	, including:
6	<u>(i)</u>	Number of jobs maintained;
7	<u>(ii)</u>	Number of jobs created and the number of
8		jobs lost; and
9	<u>(iii)</u>	Average pay.
10	[ <del>(k) This sec</del>	tion shall apply to eligible renewable energy
11	technology systems	that are installed and placed in service on
12	or after July 1, 20	<del>09.</del> ]
13	(p) The depar	tment of business, economic development, and
14	tourism shall comme	nce a study no later than July 1, 2016, on
15	the costs incurred	and benefits generated by this section, as
16	well as the extent	to which the tax credit under this section
17	has helped the Stat	e to achieve its energy goals. In conducting
18	this study, the dep	artment of business, economic development,
19	and tourism shall c	onsult with the department of taxation and
20	industry trade grou	ps and may consult with other stakeholders.
21	The department of b	usiness, economic development, and tourism
22	shall submit a repo	rt to the legislature no later than December
	SB623 HD2 HMS 2013-	2927

- 1 31, 2017. This report to the legislature shall include, at a
- 2 minimum, the following:
- 3 (1) The elements in subsection (o);
- 4 (2) The results of its study; and
- 5 (3) Recommendations on whether the tax credit under this
- 6 section should be wholly or partially continued,
- 7 eliminated, or revised."
- 8 SECTION 2. If any provision of this Act, or the
- 9 application thereof to any person or circumstance, is held
- 10 invalid, the invalidity does not affect other provisions or
- 11 applications of the Act that can be given effect without the
- 12 invalid provision or application, and to this end the provisions
- 13 of this Act are severable.
- 14 SECTION 3. Statutory material to be repealed is bracketed
- 15 and stricken. New statutory material is underscored.
- 16 SECTION 4. This Act shall take effect on July 1, 2050, and
- 17 shall apply to taxable years beginning after December 31, 2012.

#### Report Title:

Renewable Energy; Solar Energy Property; Tax Credit

### Description:

Replaces the current renewable energy technology systems tax credit with tax credits for solar energy property and wind energy property. Requires DOTAX and DBEDT to report tax credits claimed under section 235-12.5, HRS. Effective July 1, 2050. (SB623 HD2)

The summary description of legislation appearing on this page is for informational purposes only and is not legislation or evidence of legislative intent.