JAN 1 8 2013

#### A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO STATE FINANCES.

#### BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

1	PART I
2	SECTION 1. Chapter 235, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
3	amended by adding a new section to be appropriately designated
4	and to read as follows:
5	"§235- Food tax credit. (a) Each resident individual
6	taxpayer, who files an individual income tax return for a
7	taxable year, and who is not claimed or is not otherwise
.8	eligible to be claimed as a dependent by another taxpayer for
9	federal or Hawaii state individual income tax purposes, may
10	claim a food tax credit against the resident taxpayer's
11	individual income tax liability for the taxable year for which
12	the individual income tax return is being filed; provided that a
13	resident individual who has no income or no income taxable under
14	this chapter and who is not claimed or is not otherwise eligible
15	to be claimed as a dependent by a taxpayer for federal or Hawaii
16	state individual income tax purposes may claim this credit.
17	(b) Each resident individual taxpayer may claim a food tax
18	credit in an amount equal to \$50 multiplied by the number of
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1 qualified exemptions to which the taxpayer is entitled; provided 2 that a husband and wife filing separate tax returns for a 3 taxable year for which a joint return could have been filed by 4 them shall claim only the tax credit to which they would have 5 been entitled had a joint return been filed. 6 For the purposes of this section, a qualified 7 exemption includes those exemptions permitted under this 8 chapter; provided that: 9 No additional exemption may be claimed by a taxpayer (1)10 who is sixty-five years of age or older; 11 (2) A person for whom exemption is claimed has physically 12 resided in the State for more than nine months during 13 the taxable year; and 14 (3) Multiple exemptions shall not be granted because of 15 deficiencies in vision or hearing, or other 16 disability. 17 For purposes of claiming this credit only, a minor child 18 receiving support from the department of human services of the 19 State, social security survivor's benefits, and the like, may be

considered a dependent and a qualified exemption of the parent

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or guardian.

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1	<u>(d)</u>	The tax credit under this section shall not be
2	available	to:
3	(1)	Any person who has been convicted of a felony and who
4		has been committed to prison and has been physically
5		confined for the full taxable year;
6	(2)	Any person who would otherwise be eligible to be
7		claimed as a dependent but who has been committed to a
8		youth correctional facility and has resided at the
9		facility for the full taxable year; or
10	(3)	Any misdemeanant who has been committed to jail and
11		has been physically confined for the full taxable
12		<u>year.</u>
13	<u>(e)</u>	If the tax credit under this section exceeds the
14	taxpayer's	s income tax liability, the excess of the credit over
15	liability	may be used as a credit against the taxpayer's income
16	tax liabil	lity in subsequent years until exhausted.
17	<u>(f)</u>	All claims for tax credits under this section,
18	including	any amended claims, shall be filed on or before the
19	end of the	e twelfth month following the close of the taxable year
20	for which	the credits may be claimed. Failure to comply with
21	the forego	oing provision shall constitute a waiver of the right
22	to claim t	the credit."
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1	PART II
2	SECTION 2. Section 237-13, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
3	amended to read as follows:
4	"§237-13 Imposition of tax. There is hereby levied and
5	shall be assessed and collected annually privilege taxes against
6	persons on account of their business and other activities in the
7	State measured by the application of rates against values of
8	products, gross proceeds of sales, or gross income, whichever is
9	specified, as follows:
10	(1) Tax on manufacturers.
11	(A) Upon every person engaging or continuing within
12	the State in the business of manufacturing,
13	including compounding, canning, preserving,
14	packing, printing, publishing, milling,
15	processing, refining, or preparing for sale,
16	profit, or commercial use, either directly or
17	through the activity of others, in whole or in
18	part, any article or articles, substance or
19	substances, commodity or commodities, the amount
20	of the tax to be equal to the value of the
21	articles, substances, or commodities,
22	manufactured, compounded, canned, preserved,

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packed, printed, milled, processed, refined, or prepared for sale, as shown by the gross proceeds derived from the sale thereof by the manufacturer or person compounding, preparing, or printing them, multiplied by one-half of one per cent.

- (B) The measure of the tax on manufacturers is the value of the entire product for sale, regardless of the place of sale or the fact that deliveries may be made to points outside the State.
- (C) If any person liable for the tax on manufacturers ships or transports the person's product, or any part thereof, out of the State, whether in a finished or unfinished condition, or sells the same for delivery to points outside the State (for example, consigned to a mainland purchaser via common carrier f.o.b. Honolulu), the value of the products in the condition or form in which they exist immediately before entering interstate or foreign commerce, determined as hereinafter provided, shall be the basis for the assessment of the tax imposed by this paragraph. This tax shall be due and payable as of the date of entry

true value of the products, the value of the

1	of th	e products into interstate or foreign
2	comme	erce, whether the products are then sold or
3	not.	The department shall determine the basis
4	for a	ssessment, as provided by this paragraph, as
5	follo	ows:
6	(i)	If the products at the time of their entry
7		into interstate or foreign commerce already
8		have been sold, the gross proceeds of sale,
9		less the transportation expenses, if any,
10		incurred in realizing the gross proceeds for
11		transportation from the time of entry of the
12		products into interstate or foreign
13		commerce, including insurance and storage in
14		transit, shall be the measure of the value
15		of the products;
16	(ii)	If the products have not been sold at the
17		time of their entry into interstate or
18		foreign commerce, and in cases governed by
19		clause (i) in which the products are sold
20		under circumstances such that the gross
21		proceeds of sale are not indicative of the

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		products constituting the basis for
2		assessment shall correspond as nearly as
3		possible to the gross proceeds of sales for
4		delivery outside the State, adjusted as
5		provided in clause (i), or if sufficient
6		data are not available, sales in the State,
7		of similar products of like quality and
8		character and in similar quantities, made by
9		the taxpayer (unless not indicative of the
10		true value) or by others. Sales outside the
11		State, adjusted as provided in clause (i),
12		may be considered when they constitute the
13		best available data. The department shall
14		prescribe uniform and equitable rules for
15		ascertaining the values;
16	(iii)	At the election of the taxpayer and with the
17		approval of the department, the taxpayer may
18		make the taxpayer's returns under clause (i)
19		even though the products have not been sold
20		at the time of their entry into interstate
21		or foreign commerce; and

1	(iv)	In all cases in which products leave the
2		State in an unfinished condition, the basis
3		for assessment shall be adjusted so as to
4		deduct the portion of the value as is
5		attributable to the finishing of the goods
6		outside the State.

- (2) Tax on business of selling tangible personal property; producing.
  - (A) Upon every person engaging or continuing in the business of selling any tangible personal property whatsoever (not including, however, bonds or other evidence of indebtedness, or stocks), there is likewise hereby levied, and shall be assessed and collected, a tax equivalent to [four] five per cent of the gross proceeds of sales of the business; provided that insofar as the sale of tangible personal property is a wholesale sale under section [f]237-4(a)(8)[f], the sale shall be subject to section 237-13.3. Upon every person engaging or continuing within this State in the business of a producer, the tax shall be equal to one-half of one per cent of the

gross proceeds of sales of the business, or the 1 2 value of the products, for sale, if sold for 3 delivery outside the State or shipped or transported out of the State, and the value of 4 the products shall be determined in the same 5 manner as the value of manufactured products 6 7 covered in the cases under paragraph (1)(C). Gross proceeds of sales of tangible property in 8 (B) interstate and foreign commerce shall constitute 9 a part of the measure of the tax imposed on 10 11 persons in the business of selling tangible 12 personal property, to the extent, under the conditions, and in accordance with the provisions 13 of the Constitution of the United States and the 14 15 Acts of the Congress of the United States which may be now in force or may be hereafter adopted, 16 and whenever there occurs in the State an **17** 18 activity to which, under the Constitution and Acts of Congress, there may be attributed gross 19 proceeds of sales, the gross proceeds shall be so 20 attributed. 21

1	(C)	No manufacturer or producer, engaged in such
2		business in the State and selling the
3		manufacturer's or producer's products for
4		delivery outside of the State (for example,
5		consigned to a mainland purchaser via common
6		carrier f.o.b. Honolulu), shall be required to
7		pay the tax imposed in this chapter for the
8		privilege of so selling the products, and the
9		value or gross proceeds of sales of the products
10		shall be included only in determining the measure
11		of the tax imposed upon the manufacturer or
12		producer.

(D) When a manufacturer or producer, engaged in such business in the State, also is engaged in selling the manufacturer's or producer's products in the State at wholesale, retail, or in any other manner, the tax for the privilege of engaging in the business of selling the products in the State shall apply to the manufacturer or producer as well as the tax for the privilege of manufacturing or producing in the State, and the manufacturer or producer shall make the returns

1	of the gross proceeds of the wholesale, retail,
2	or other sales required for the privilege of
3	selling in the State, as well as making the
4	returns of the value or gross proceeds of sales
5	of the products required for the privilege of
6	manufacturing or producing in the State. The
7	manufacturer or producer shall pay the tax
8	imposed in this chapter for the privilege of
9	selling its products in the State, and the value
10	or gross proceeds of sales of the products, thus
11	subjected to tax, may be deducted insofar as
12	duplicated as to the same products by the measure
13	of the tax upon the manufacturer or producer for
14	the privilege of manufacturing or producing in
15	the State; provided that no producer of
16	agricultural products who sells the products to a
17	purchaser who will process the products outside
18	the State shall be required to pay the tax
19	imposed in this chapter for the privilege of
20	producing or selling those products.

(E) A taxpayer selling to a federal cost-plus contractor may make the election provided for by

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1	paragraph (3)(C), and in that case the tax shall
2	be computed pursuant to the election,
3	notwithstanding this paragraph or paragraph (1)
4	to the contrary.
5	(F) The department, by rule, may require that a
6	seller take from the purchaser of tangible
7	personal property a certificate, in a form
8	prescribed by the department, certifying that the
9	sale is a sale at wholesale; provided that:
10	(i) Any purchaser who furnishes a certificate
11	shall be obligated to pay to the seller,
12	upon demand, the amount of the additional
13	tax that is imposed upon the seller whenever
14	the sale in fact is not at wholesale; and
15	(ii) The absence of a certificate in itself shall
16	give rise to the presumption that the sale
17	is not at wholesale unless the sales of the
18	business are exclusively at wholesale.
19	(3) Tax upon contractors.
20	(A) Upon every person engaging or continuing within
21	the State in the business of contracting, the tax

1	shall be equal to [ <del>four</del> ] <u>five</u> per cent of the
2	gross income of the business.
3	(B) In computing the tax levied under this paragraph,
4	there shall be deducted from the gross income of
5	the taxpayer so much thereof as has been included
6	in the measure of the tax levied under
7	subparagraph (A), on:
8	(i) Another taxpayer who is a contractor, as
9	defined in section 237-6;
10	(ii) A specialty contractor, duly licensed by the
11	department of commerce and consumer affairs
12	pursuant to section 444-9, in respect of the
13	specialty contractor's business; or
14	(iii) A specialty contractor who is not licensed
15	by the department of commerce and consumer
16	affairs pursuant to section 444-9, but who
17	performs contracting activities on federal
18	military installations and nowhere else in
19	this State;
20	provided that any person claiming a deduction
21	under this paragraph shall be required to show in
22	the person's return the name and general excise

1	number of the person paying the tax on the amount
2	deducted by the person.
- 3	(C) In computing the tax levied under this paragraph
4	against any federal cost-plus contractor, there
5	shall be excluded from the gross income of the
6	contractor so much thereof as fulfills the
7	following requirements:
8	(i) The gross income exempted shall constitute
9	reimbursement of costs incurred for
10	materials, plant, or equipment purchased
11	from a taxpayer licensed under this chapter
12	not exceeding the gross proceeds of sale of
13	the taxpayer on account of the transaction;
14	and
15	(ii) The taxpayer making the sale shall have
16	certified to the department that the
17	taxpayer is taxable with respect to the
18	gross proceeds of the sale, and that the
19	taxpayer elects to have the tax on gross
20	income computed the same as upon a sale to

the state government.

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1		(D)	A person who, as a business or as a part of a
2			business in which the person is engaged, erects,
3			constructs, or improves any building or
4	!		structure, of any kind or description, or makes,
5			constructs, or improves any road, street,
6			sidewalk, sewer, or water system, or other
7			improvements on land held by the person (whether
8			held as a leasehold, fee simple, or otherwise),
9			upon the sale or other disposition of the land or
10		· · •	improvements, even if the work was not done
11			pursuant to a contract, shall be liable to the
12			same tax as if engaged in the business of
13			contracting, unless the person shows that at the
14			time the person was engaged in making the
15			improvements the person intended, and for the
16			period of at least one year after completion of
17			the building, structure, or other improvements
18			the person continued to intend to hold and not
19			sell or otherwise dispose of the land or
20			improvements. The tax in respect of the
21			improvements shall be measured by the amount of
22			the proceeds of the sale or other disposition

1	that is attributable to the erection,
2	construction, or improvement of such building or
3	structure, or the making, constructing, or
4	improving of the road, street, sidewalk, sewer,
5	or water system, or other improvements. The
6	measure of tax in respect of the improvements
7	shall not exceed the amount which would have been
8	taxable had the work been performed by another,
9	subject as in other cases to the deductions
10	allowed by subparagraph (B). Upon the election
11	of the taxpayer, this paragraph may be applied
12	notwithstanding that the improvements were not
13	made by the taxpayer, or were not made as a
14	business or as a part of a business, or were made
15	with the intention of holding the same. However,
16	this paragraph shall not apply in respect of any
17	proceeds that constitute or are in the nature of
18	rent; all such gross income shall be taxable
19	under paragraph (9); provided that insofar as the
20	business of renting or leasing real property
21	under a lease is taxed under section 237-16.5,
22	the tax shall be levied by section 237-16.5.

1	(4)	Tax upon	theaters,	amusements,	radio	broadcasting
2		stations	etc.			

- (A) Upon every person engaging or continuing within the State in the business of operating a theater, opera house, moving picture show, vaudeville, amusement park, dance hall, skating rink, radio broadcasting station, or any other place at which amusements are offered to the public, the tax shall be equal to [four] five per cent of the gross income of the business, and in the case of a sale of an amusement at wholesale under section 237-4(a)(13), the tax shall be subject to section 237-13.3.
- (B) The department may require that the person rendering an amusement at wholesale take from the licensed seller a certificate, in a form prescribed by the department, certifying that the sale is a sale at wholesale; provided that:
  - (i) Any licensed seller who furnishes a certificate shall be obligated to pay to the person rendering the amusement, upon demand, the amount of additional tax that is imposed

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1		upon the seller whenever the sale is not at
2		wholesale; and
3		(ii) The absence of a certificate in itself shall
4		give rise to the presumption that the sale
5		is not at wholesale unless the person
6		rendering the sale is exclusively rendering
7		the amusement at wholesale.
8	(5)	Tax upon sales representatives, etc. Upon every
9		person classified as a representative or purchasing
10		agent under section 237-1, engaging or continuing
11		within the State in the business of performing
12		services for another, other than as an employee, there
13		is likewise hereby levied and shall be assessed and
14		collected a tax equal to [four] five per cent of the
15		commissions and other compensation attributable to the

services so rendered by the person.

- (6) Tax on service business.
  - Upon every person engaging or continuing within (A) the State in any service business or calling including professional services not otherwise specifically taxed under this chapter, there is likewise hereby levied and shall be assessed and

1	С	ollected a tax equal to [four] five per cent of
2	t	he gross income of the business, and in the case
3	0	f a wholesaler under section 237-4(a)(10), the
4	t	ax shall be equal to one-half of one per cent of
5	t	he gross income of the business.
6	N	otwithstanding the foregoing, a wholesaler under
7	s	ection 237-4(a)(10) shall be subject to section
8	2	37-13.3.
9	(B) T	he department may require that the person
10	r	endering a service at wholesale take from the
11	1	icensed seller a certificate, in a form
12	р	rescribed by the department, certifying that the
13	S	ale is a sale at wholesale; provided that:
14	(	i) Any licensed seller who furnishes a
15		certificate shall be obligated to pay to the
16		person rendering the service, upon demand,
17		the amount of additional tax that is imposed
18		upon the seller whenever the sale is not at
19		wholesale; and
20	(i	i) The absence of a certificate in itself shall
21		give rise to the presumption that the sale
22		is not at wholesale unless the person

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rendering the sale is exclusively rendering services at wholesale.

(C) Where any person is engaged in the business of selling interstate or foreign common carrier telecommunication services within and without the State, other than as a home service provider, the tax shall be imposed on that portion of gross income received by a person from service which is originated or terminated in this State and is charged to a telephone number, customer, or account in this State notwithstanding any other state law (except for the exemption under section 237-23(a)(1)) to the contrary. If, under the Constitution and laws of the United States, the entire gross income as determined under this paragraph of a business selling interstate or foreign common carrier telecommunication services cannot be included in the measure of the tax, the gross income shall be apportioned as provided in section 237-21; provided that the apportionment factor and formula shall be the same for all persons providing those services in the State.

1	(D)	Where any person is engaged in the business of a
2		home service provider, the tax shall be imposed
3		on the gross income received or derived from
4		providing interstate or foreign mobile
5		telecommunications services to a customer with a
6		place of primary use in this State when such
7		services originate in one state and terminate in
8		another state, territory, or foreign country;
9		provided that all charges for mobile
10		telecommunications services which are billed by
11		or for the home service provider are deemed to be
12		provided by the home service provider at the
13		customer's place of primary use, regardless of
14		where the mobile telecommunications originate,
15		terminate, or pass through; provided further that
16		the income from charges specifically derived from
17		interstate or foreign mobile telecommunications
18		services, as determined by books and records that
19		are kept in the regular course of business by the
20		home service provider in accordance with section
21		239-24, shall be apportioned under any
22		apportionment factor or formula adopted under

1		subpa	aragraph (C). Gross income shall not
2		inclu	ıde:
3		(i)	Gross receipts from mobile
4			telecommunications services provided to a
5			customer with a place of primary use outside
6			this State;
7		(ii)	Gross receipts from mobile
8			telecommunications services that are subject
9			to the tax imposed by chapter 239;
10	(:	iii)	Gross receipts from mobile
11			telecommunications services taxed under
12			section 237-13.8; and
13		(iv)	Gross receipts of a home service provider
14			acting as a serving carrier providing mobile
15			telecommunications services to another home
16			service provider's customer.
17		For t	the purposes of this paragraph, "charges for
18		mobil	le telecommunications services", "customer",
19		"home	e service provider", "mobile
20		teled	communications services", "place of primary
21		use",	and "serving carrier" have the same meaning
22		as ir	n section 239-22.

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- (7) Tax on insurance producers. Upon every person engaged as a licensed producer pursuant to chapter 431, there is hereby levied and shall be assessed and collected a tax equal to 0.15 per cent of the commissions due to that activity.
- (8) Tax on receipts of sugar benefit payments. Upon the 6 7 amounts received from the United States government by 8 any producer of sugar (or the producer's legal 9 representative or heirs), as defined under and by 10 virtue of the Sugar Act of 1948, as amended, or other Acts of the Congress of the United States relating 11 12 thereto, there is hereby levied a tax of one-half of 13 one per cent of the gross amount received; provided 14 that the tax levied hereunder on any amount so 15 received and actually disbursed to another by a 16 producer in the form of a benefit payment shall be 17 paid by the person or persons to whom the amount is 18 actually disbursed, and the producer actually making a 19 benefit payment to another shall be entitled to claim 20 on the producer's return a deduction from the gross 21 amount taxable hereunder in the sum of the amount so 22 disbursed. The amounts taxed under this paragraph

shall not be taxable under any other paragraph,subsection, or section of this chapter.

- (9) Tax on other business. Upon every person engaging or continuing within the State in any business, trade, activity, occupation, or calling not included in the preceding paragraphs or any other provisions of this chapter, there is likewise hereby levied and shall be assessed and collected, a tax equal to [four] five per cent of the gross income thereof. In addition, the rate prescribed by this paragraph shall apply to a business taxable under one or more of the preceding paragraphs or other provisions of this chapter, as to any gross income thereof not taxed thereunder as gross income or gross proceeds of sales or by taxing an equivalent value of products, unless specifically exempted."
- SECTION 3. Section 237-15, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is amended to read as follows:
- "§237-15 Technicians. When technicians supply dentists or physicians with dentures, orthodontic devices, braces, and similar items [which] that have been prepared by the technician in accordance with specifications furnished by the dentist or SB LRB 13-0267.doc



- 1 physician, and [such] the items are to be used by the dentist or
- 2 physician in the dentist's or physician's professional practice
- 3 for a particular patient who is to pay the dentist or physician
- 4 for the same as a part of the dentist's or physician's
- 5 professional services, the technician shall be taxed as though
- 6 the technician were a manufacturer selling a product to a
- 7 licensed retailer, rather than at the rate of [four] five per
- 8 cent [which] that is generally applied to professions and
- 9 services."
- 10 SECTION 4. Section 237-16.5, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
- 11 amended by amending subsection (a) to read as follows:
- "(a) This section relates to the leasing of real property
- 13 by a lessor to a lessee. There is hereby levied, and shall be
- 14 assessed and collected annually, a privilege tax against persons
- 15 engaging or continuing within the State in the business of
- 16 leasing real property to another, equal to [four] five per cent
- 17 of the gross proceeds or gross income received or derived from
- 18 the leasing; provided that where real property is subleased by a
- 19 lessee to a sublessee, the lessee, as provided in this section,
- 20 shall be allowed a deduction from the amount of gross proceeds
- 21 or gross income received from its sublease of the real property.
- 22 The deduction shall be in the amount allowed under this section.



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         All deductions under this section and the name and general
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    excise tax number of the lessee's lessor shall be reported on
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    the general excise tax return. Any deduction allowed under this
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    section shall only be allowed with respect to leases and
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    subleases in writing and relating to the same real property."
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         SECTION 5. Section 237-18, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
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    amended by amending subsection (f) to read as follows:
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         "(f)
               Where tourism related services are furnished through
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    arrangements made by a travel agency or tour packager and the
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    gross income is divided between the provider of the services and
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    the travel agency or tour packager, the tax imposed by this
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    chapter shall apply to each [such] person with respect to [such]
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    the person's respective portion of the proceeds, and no more.
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         As used in this subsection, "tourism related services"
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    means catamaran cruises, canoe rides, dinner cruises, lei
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    greetings, transportation included in a tour package,
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    sightseeing tours not subject to chapter 239, admissions to
    luaus, dinner shows, extravaganzas, cultural and educational
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    facilities, and other services rendered directly to the customer
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    or tourist, but only if the providers of the services other than
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    air transportation are subject to a [four] five per cent tax
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    under this chapter or chapter 239."
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1	SECTION 6. Section 237-31, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
2	amended to read as follows:
3	"§237-31 Remittances. (a) All remittances of taxes
4	imposed by this chapter shall be made by money, bank draft,
5	check, cashier's check, money order, or certificate of deposit
6	to the office of the department of taxation to which the return
7	was transmitted.
8	(b) The department shall issue its receipts therefor to
9	the taxpayer and shall pay the moneys into the state treasury as
10	a state realization, to be kept and accounted for as provided by
11	law; provided that:
12	(1) The sum from all general excise tax revenues realized
13	by the State that represents the difference between
14	\$45,000,000 and the proceeds from the sale of any
15	general obligation bonds authorized for that fiscal
16	year for the purposes of the state educational
17	facilities improvement special fund shall be deposited
18	in the state treasury in each fiscal year to the
19	credit of the state educational facilities improvement
20	special fund;
21	(2) A sum, not to exceed \$5,000,000, from all general
22	excise tax revenues realized by the State shall be

1		deposited in the state treasury in each fiscal year to
2		the credit of the compound interest bond reserve fund;
3		and
4	(3)	A sum from all general excise tax revenues realized by
5		the State that is equal to one-half of the total
6		amount of funds appropriated or transferred out of the
7		hurricane reserve trust fund under sections 4 and 5 of
8		Act 62, Session Laws of Hawaii 2011, shall be
9		deposited into the hurricane reserve trust fund in
10		fiscal year 2013-2014 and in fiscal year 2014-2015;
11		provided that the deposit required in each fiscal year
12	·	shall be made by October 1 of that fiscal year.
13	<u>(c)</u>	Notwithstanding subsection (b), beginning on July 1,
14	2013, the	additional revenues generated and collected from the
15	increase	in general excise tax rates imposed by sections 2, 3,
16	4, and 5	of Act , Session Laws of Hawaii 2013, shall be
17	distribut	ed as follows:
18	(1)	\$80,000,000 of the revenues shall be deposited into a
19		special account in the general fund for appropriation
20		to and expenditure for operations of the department of
21		education under chapter 302A;

1	(2)	\$25,000,000 of the revenues shall be deposited into a
2		special account in the general fund for appropriation
3		to and expenditure for operations of the University of
4		Hawaii under chapter 304A;
5	(3)	\$40,000,000 of the revenues shall be deposited into a
6		special account in the general fund for appropriation
7		to and expenditure for operations, including grants-
8		in-aid, of the department of human services under
9		chapter 346;
10	(4)	\$25,000,000 of the revenues shall be deposited into
11		the Hawaii hurricane relief fund under chapter 431P-2;
12	<u>(5)</u>	\$20,000,000 of the revenues shall be deposited into
13		the pension accumulation fund established under
14		section 88-114; and
15	<u>(6)</u>	\$10,000,000 of the revenues shall be deposited into
16		the emergency and budget reserve fund under section
17		328L-3."
18		PART III
19	SECT	ION 7. Act 61, Session Laws of Hawaii 2009, is amended
20	by amendi:	ng section 4 to read as follows:
21	"SEC	TION 4. This Act shall take effect on July 1, 2009[ $\tau$
22	and]; pro	vided that:
	SB LRB 13	1 Hr 10 1974 THE MAIN ADM (ARE 11817) 1881 H 1981 1881 H 1981

1	(1)	Section 1 of this Act shall be repealed on June 30,
2		2013, and section 237D-2, Hawaii Revised Statutes,
3		shall be reenacted in the form in which it read on
4		June 30, 2009; and
5	(2)	Section 2 of this Act shall be repealed on June 30,
6		2015[; provided that sections 237D-2], and section
7		237D-6.5, Hawaii Revised Statutes, shall be reenacted
8		in the form in which [they] it read on June 30, 2009."
9		PART IV
10	SECT	ION 8. This Act does not affect rights and duties that
11	matured,	penalties that were incurred, and proceedings that were
12	begun bef	ore its effective date.
13	SECT	ION 9. Statutory material to be repealed is bracketed
14	and stric	ken. New statutory material is underscored.
15	SECT	ION 10. This Act shall take effect upon its approval;
16	provided	that:
17	(1)	Part I shall apply to taxable years beginning after
18		December 31, 2012; and
19	(2)	Part II shall take effect on July 1, 2013.
20		
		INTRODUCED BY:

#### Report Title:

General Excise Tax; Increase; Food Tax Credit; Transient Accommodations Tax

#### Description:

Increases the general excise tax by 1% to provide a dedicated funding source for the department of education, University of Hawaii, department of human services, employees' retirement systems pension accumulation fund, Hawaii hurricane relief fund, and emergency and budget reserve fund. Establishes a food tax credit. Reduces the transient accommodations tax.

The summary description of legislation appearing on this page is for informational purposes only and is not legislation or evidence of legislative intent.