JAN 1 8 2013

### A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO TRANSPORTATION.

#### BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

- 1 SECTION 1. In July 2012, twenty year old Christine Laeda 2 was a back seat passenger in a car that was involved in an 3 accident with another vehicle. Ms. Laeda, who was fatally injured, was not wearing her seat belt at the time of the 4 5 accident. The legislature finds that senseless loss of life may be reduced if all passengers, regardless of seating position, 6 are required to wear a seat belt or child passenger restraint. 7 8 According to the National Highway Traffic Safety Administration, seat belt use in rear seats is higher in states 9 10 with laws requiring seat belt use in all seating positions. 11 least twenty-one states have laws that require seat belt use by 12 occupants of motor vehicles regardless of seating position. 13 Hawaii law currently requires rear seat passengers between the 14 ages of eight and fourteen to wear a seat belt and children 15 under eight years of age to be properly restrained.
- In addition, a study conducted by Tokyo University found
  that even drivers and front seat passengers who wear seat belts
  have five times the risk of dying in a car crash if the rear
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## S.B. NO. 340

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1 seat passengers are not wearing seatbelts. This study also
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    found that in head-on collisions the risk of dying for front
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    seat occupants increased six or seven times if the rear
    passengers were not wearing seatbelts. The study found that
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    during a car accident at thirty miles per hour, a typical rear
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    seat passenger is flung forward at thirty miles per hour with a
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    force of three tons. This force is enough to crush the driver
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    or front seat passenger. The study found that unrestrained rear
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    seat passengers posed the biggest threat to drivers and front
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    seat passengers. The study concluded that all passengers should
    wear seatbelts not only for their own protection but for the
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12
    protection of the other occupants.
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         The purpose of this Act is to require that all passengers
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    in the front or back seat of a motor vehicle be restrained by a
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    seat belt or child passenger restraint.
         SECTION 2. Section 291-11.6, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
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    amended by amending subsection (a) to read as follows:
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         "(a)
               Except as otherwise provided by law, no person[+
19
         (1) Shall shall operate a motor vehicle upon any public
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              highway unless the person is restrained by a seat belt
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              assembly and all passengers in the front or back seat
              of the motor vehicle are restrained by a seat belt
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2		eight years of age or more, or are restrained pursuant
3		to section 291-11.5 if under eight years of age[ $ au$
4	<del>(2)</del>	If fifteen years of age or more shall be a passenger
5		in the front seat of a motor vehicle being operated
6		upon any public highway unless such person is
7		restrained by a seat belt assembly; and
8	<del>(3)</del>	If between the ages of fifteen and seventeen, shall be
9		a passenger in the back seat of a motor vehicle being
10		operated upon any public highway unless such person is
11		restrained by a seat belt assembly].
12	As used in this section:	
13	"Restrained" means that the seat belt assembly is worn as	
14	it was designed and intended to be worn.	
15	"Seat belt assembly" means the seat belt assembly that is	
16	required to be in the motor vehicle under any federal motor	
17	vehicle safety standard issued pursuant to Public Law 89-563,	
18	the National Traffic and Motor Vehicle Safety Act of 1966, as	
19	amended, unless original replacement seat belt assemblies are	
20	not readily available. If replacement assemblies are not	
21	readily available, seat belts of federally approved materials	
22	with similar protective characteristics may be used. Such	
		SB SMA-1.doc

assembly if [between the ages of eight and fourteen,]

- replacement seat belt assemblies shall be permanently marked by 1
- 2 the belt manufacturer indicating compliance with all applicable
- 3 federal standards."
- 4 SECTION 3. Statutory material to be repealed is bracketed
- 5 and stricken. New statutory material is underscored.
- 6 SECTION 4. This Act does not affect rights and duties that
- 7 matured, penalties that were incurred, and proceedings that were
- 8 begun before its effective date.
- 9 SECTION 5. This Act shall take effect upon its approval.

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INTRODUCED BY: Romey of Bale

# S.B. NO. 340

### Report Title:

Transportation; Safety; Seat Belts

#### Description:

Amends section 291-11.6, Hawaii Revised Statutes, to require that all passengers in the front or back seat of a motor vehicle be restrained by a seat belt regardless of age.

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