A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO COUNTIES.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

1 SECTION 1. Section 46-1.5, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is

2 amended to read as follows:

3 "§46-1.5 General powers and limitation of the counties.

4 Subject to general law, each county shall have the following

powers and shall be subject to the following liabilities and

6 limitations:

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- (1) Each county shall have the power to frame and adopt a charter for its own self-government that shall establish the county executive, administrative, and legislative structure and organization, including but not limited to the method of appointment or election of officials, their duties, responsibilities, and compensation, and the terms of their office;
- (2) Each county shall have the power to provide for and regulate the marking and lighting of all buildings and other structures that may be obstructions or hazards to aerial navigation, so far as may be necessary or

1		proper for the protection and safeguarding of life,
2		health, and property;
3	(3)	Each county shall have the power to enforce all claims
4		on behalf of the county and approve all lawful claims
5		against the county, but shall be prohibited from
6		entering into, granting, or making in any manner any
7		contract, authorization, allowance payment, or
8		liability contrary to the provisions of any county
9		charter or general law;
10	(4)	Each county shall have the power to make contracts and
11		to do all things necessary and proper to carry into
12		execution all powers vested in the county or any
13		county officer;
14	(5)	Each county shall have the power to:
15		(A) Maintain channels, whether natural or artificial,
16		including their exits to the ocean, in suitable
17		condition to carry off storm waters;
18		(B) Remove from the channels, and from the shores and
19		beaches, any debris that is likely to create an
20		unsanitary condition or become a public nuisance;
21		provided that, to the extent any of the foregoing
22		work is a private responsibility, the

1			responsibility may be enforced by the county in
2			lieu of the work being done at public expense;
3		(C)	Construct, acquire by gift, purchase, or by the
4			exercise of eminent domain, reconstruct, improve,
5			better, extend, and maintain projects or
6			undertakings for the control of and protection
7			against floods and flood waters, including the
8			power to drain and rehabilitate lands already
9			flooded; and
10		(D)	Enact zoning ordinances providing that lands
11			deemed subject to seasonable, periodic, or
12			occasional flooding shall not be used for
13			residence or other purposes in a manner as to
14			endanger the health or safety of the occupants
15			thereof, as required by the Federal Flood
16			Insurance Act of 1956 (chapter 1025, Public Law
17			1016);
18	(6)	Each	county shall have the power to exercise the power
19		of c	ondemnation by eminent domain when it is in the
20		publ	ic interest to do so;

1	(7)	Each county shall have the power to exercise
2		regulatory powers over business activity as are
3		assigned to them by chapter 445 or other general law;
4	(8)	Each county shall have the power to fix the fees and
5		charges for all official services not otherwise
6		provided for;
7	(9)	Each county shall have the power to provide by
8		ordinance assessments for the improvement or
9		maintenance of districts within the county;
10	(10)	Except as otherwise provided, no county shall have the
11		power to give or loan credit to, or in aid of, any
12		person or corporation, directly or indirectly, except
13		for a public purpose;
14	(11)	Where not within the jurisdiction of the public
15		utilities commission, each county shall have the power
16		to regulate by ordinance the operation of motor
17		vehicle common carriers transporting passengers within
18		the county and adopt and amend rules the county deems
19		necessary for the public convenience and necessity;
20	(12)	Each county shall have the power to enact and enforce
21		ordinances necessary to prevent or summarily remove
22		public nuisances and to compel the clearing or removal

	of any public nuisance, refuse, and uncultivated
	undergrowth from streets, sidewalks, public places,
	and unoccupied lots. In connection with these powers,
	each county may impose and enforce liens upon the
	property for the cost to the county of removing and
	completing the necessary work where the property
	owners fail, after reasonable notice, to comply with
	the ordinances. The authority provided by this
	paragraph shall not be self-executing, but shall
	become fully effective within a county only upon the
	enactment or adoption by the county of appropriate and
	particular laws, ordinances, or rules defining "public
	nuisances" with respect to each county's respective
	circumstances. The counties shall provide the
	property owner with the opportunity to contest the
	summary action and to recover the owner's property;
(13)	Each county shall have the power to enact ordinances
	deemed necessary to protect health, life, and
	property, and to preserve the order and security of
	the county and its inhabitants on any subject or
	matter not inconsistent with, or tending to defeat,
	the intent of any state statute where the statute does

1	not disclose an express or implied intent that the
2	statute shall be exclusive or uniform throughout the
3	State;
4	(14) Each county shall have the power to:
5	(A) Make and enforce within the limits of the county
6	all necessary ordinances covering all:
7	(i) Local police matters;
8	(ii) Matters of sanitation;
9	(iii) Matters of inspection of buildings;
10	(iv) Matters of condemnation of unsafe
11	structures, plumbing, sewers, dairies, milk,
12	fish, and morgues; and
13	(v) Matters of the collection and disposition of
14	rubbish and garbage;
15	(B) Provide exemptions for homeless facilities and
16	any other program for the homeless authorized by
17	part XVII of chapter 346, for all matters under
18	this paragraph;
19	(C) Appoint county physicians and sanitary and other
20	inspectors as necessary to carry into effect
21	ordinances made under this paragraph, who shall
22	have the same power as given by law to agents of

1		the department of health, subject only to
2		limitations placed on them by the terms and
3		conditions of their appointments; and
4		(D) Fix a penalty for the violation of any ordinance
5		which penalty may be a misdemeanor, petty
6		misdemeanor, or violation as defined by general
7		law;
8	(15)	Each county shall have the power to provide public
9		pounds; to regulate the impounding of stray animals
10		and fowl, and their disposition; and to provide for
11		the appointment, powers, duties, and fees of animal
12		control officers;
13	(16)	Each county shall have the power to purchase and
14		otherwise acquire, lease, and hold real and personal
15		property within the defined boundaries of the county
16		and to dispose of the real and personal property as
17		the interests of the inhabitants of the county may
18		require, except that:
19		(A) Any property held for school purposes may not be
20		disposed of without the consent of the
21		superintendent of aducation.

1		(B)	No property bordering the ocean shall be sold or
2			otherwise disposed of; and
3		(C)	All proceeds from the sale of park lands shall be
4			expended only for the acquisition of property for
5			park or recreational purposes;
6	(17)	Each	county shall have the power to provide by charter
7		for	the prosecution of all offenses and to prosecute
8		for	offenses against the laws of the State under the
9		auth	ority of the attorney general of the State;
10	(18)	Each	county shall have the power to make
11		appr	opriations in amounts deemed appropriate from any
12		mone	ys in the treasury, for the purpose of:
13		(A)	Community promotion and public celebrations;
14		(B)	The entertainment of distinguished persons as may
15			from time to time visit the county;
16		(C)	The entertainment of other distinguished persons,
17			as well as, public officials when deemed to be in
18			the best interest of the community; and
19		(D)	The rendering of civic tribute to individuals
20	÷ .		who, by virtue of their accomplishments and
21			community service, merit civic commendations,
22			recognition, or remembrance;

1	(19)	Each	county shall have the power to:
2		(A)	Construct, purchase, take on lease, lease,
3			sublease, or in any other manner acquire, manage,
4			maintain, or dispose of buildings for county
5			purposes, sewers, sewer systems, pumping
6			stations, waterworks, including reservoirs,
7			wells, pipelines, and other conduits for
8			distributing water to the public, lighting
9			plants, and apparatus and appliances for lighting
10			streets and public buildings, and manage,
11			regulate, and control the same;
12		(B)	Regulate and control the location and quality of
13			all appliances necessary to the furnishing of
14			water, heat, light, power, telephone, and
15			telecommunications service to the county;
16		(C)	Acquire, regulate, and control any and all
17			appliances for the sprinkling and cleaning of the
18		,	streets and the public ways, and for flushing the
19			sewers; and
20		(D)	Open, close, construct, or maintain county
21			highways or charge toll on county highways;
22			provided that all revenues received from a toll

1		charge shall be used for the construction or
2		maintenance of county highways;
3	(20)	Each county shall have the power to regulate the
4		renting, subletting, and rental conditions of property
5		for places of abode by ordinance;
6	(21)	Unless otherwise provided by law, each county shall
7		have the power to establish by ordinance the order of
8		succession of county officials in the event of a
9		military or civil disaster;
10	(22)	Each county shall have the power to sue and be sued in
11		its corporate name;
12	(23)	Each county shall have the power to establish and
13		maintain waterworks and sewer works; to collect rates
14		for water supplied to consumers and for the use of
15		sewers; and to install water meters whenever deemed
16		expedient; provided that [owners]:
17		(A) Owners of premises having vested water rights
18		under existing laws appurtenant to the premises
19		shall not be charged for the installation or use
20		of the water meters on the premises; [to take
21		over from the State existing waterworks systems,
22		including water rights, pipelines, and other

1		appurtenances belonging thereto, and sewer
2		systems, and to enlarge, develop, and improve the
3		same;
4	<u>(B)</u>	Each county may impose and enforce liens upon the
5		premises served for any unpaid water or sewer
6		charges where the premises owner fails, after
7		receiving a timely pre-lien notice of
8		delinquency, to make payment and after being
9		given an opportunity for a hearing pursuant to
10		chapter 91; provided that the lien may be
11		enforced against the entire unpaid amount; and
12		provided further that the delinquent charges that
13		may be the basis of such liens shall not commence
14		or accrue until the date of the pre-lien notice
15		of delinquency; and
16	<u>(C)</u>	The authority provided by subparagraph (B) shall
17		take effect in a county only upon the adoption of
18		ordinances or rules by the county to impose and
19		enforce liens in accordance with subparagraph
20		<u>(B);</u>
21	(24) (A)	Each county may impose civil fines, in addition
22		to criminal penalties, for any violation of

1		county ordinances or rules after reasonable
2		notice and requests to correct or cease the
3		violation have been made upon the violator. Any
4		administratively imposed civil fine shall not be
5		collected until after an opportunity for a
6		hearing under chapter 91. Any appeal shall be
7		filed within thirty days from the date of the
8		final written decision. These proceedings shall
9		not be a prerequisite for any civil fine or
10		injunctive relief ordered by the circuit court;
11	(B)	Each county by ordinance may provide for the
12		addition of any unpaid civil fines, ordered by
13	•	any court of competent jurisdiction, to any
14		taxes, fees, or charges, with the exception of
15		fees or charges for water for residential use and
16		sewer charges, collected by the county. Each
17		county by ordinance may also provide for the
18		addition of any unpaid administratively imposed
19		civil fines, which remain due after all judicial
20		review rights under section 91-14 are exhausted,
21		to any taxes, fees, or charges, with the

exception of water for residential use and sewer

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1	charges, collected by the county. The ordinance
2	shall specify the administrative procedures for
3	the addition of the unpaid civil fines to the
4	eligible taxes, fees, or charges and may require
5	hearings or other proceedings. After addition of
6	the unpaid civil fines to the taxes, fees, or
7	charges, the unpaid civil fines shall not become
8	a part of any taxes, fees, or charges. The
9	county by ordinance may condition the issuance or
10	renewal of a license, approval, or permit for
11	which a fee or charge is assessed, except for
12	water for residential use and sewer charges, on
13	payment of the unpaid civil fines. Upon
14	recordation of a notice of unpaid civil fines in
15	the bureau of conveyances, the amount of the
16	civil fines, including any increase in the amount
17	of the fine which the county may assess, shall
18	constitute a lien upon all real property or
19	rights to real property belonging to any person
20	liable for the unpaid civil fines. The lien in
21	favor of the county shall be subordinate to any
22	lien in favor of any person recorded or

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1	registered prior to the recordation of the notice
2	of unpaid civil fines and senior to any lien
3	recorded or registered after the recordation of
4	the notice. The lien shall continue until the
5	unpaid civil fines are paid in full or until a
6	certificate of release or partial release of the
7	lien, prepared by the county at the owner's
8	expense, is recorded. The notice of unpaid civil
9	fines shall state the amount of the fine as of
10	the date of the notice and maximum permissible
11	daily increase of the fine. The county shall not
12	be required to include a social security number,
13	state general excise taxpayer identification
14	number, or federal employer identification number
15	on the notice. Recordation of the notice in the
16	bureau of conveyances shall be deemed, at such
17	time, for all purposes and without any further
18	action, to procure a lien on land registered in
19	land court under chapter 501. After the unpaid
20	civil fines are added to the taxes, fees, or
21	charges as specified by county ordinance, the
22	unpaid civil fines shall be deemed immediately

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due, owing, and delinquent and may be collected in any lawful manner. The procedure for collection of unpaid civil fines authorized in this paragraph shall be in addition to any other procedures for collection available to the State and county by law or rules of the courts;

(C) Each county may impose civil fines upon any person who places graffiti on any real or personal property owned, managed, or maintained by the county. The fine may be up to \$1,000 or may be equal to the actual cost of having the damaged property repaired or replaced. parent or guardian having custody of a minor who places graffiti on any real or personal property owned, managed, or maintained by the county shall be jointly and severally liable with the minor for any civil fines imposed hereunder. Any such fine may be administratively imposed after an opportunity for a hearing under chapter 91, but such a proceeding shall not be a prerequisite for any civil fine ordered by any court. As used in this subparagraph, "graffiti" means any

1	diladellorized drawing, inscripcion, rigure, of	L
2	mark of any type intentionally created by par	int,
3	ink, chalk, dye, or similar substances;	
4	(D) At the completion of an appeal in which the	
5	county's enforcement action is affirmed and a	ıpor
6	correction of the violation if requested by	the
7	violator, the case shall be reviewed by the	
8	county agency that imposed the civil fines to)
9	determine the appropriateness of the amount of	of
10	the civil fines that accrued while the appeal	1.
11	proceedings were pending. In its review of t	the
12	amount of the accrued fines, the county agend	Ξ y ″
13	may consider:	
14	(i) The nature and egregiousness of the	
15	violation;	
16	(ii) The duration of the violation;	
17	(iii) The number of recurring and other simila	ar
18	violations;	
19	(iv) Any effort taken by the violator to corn	rect
20	the violation;	
21	(v) The degree of involvement in causing or	
22	continuing the violation;	

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1	(vi) Reasons for any delay in the completion of
2	the appeal; and
3	(vii) Other extenuating circumstances.
4	The civil fine that is imposed by administrative
5	order after this review is completed and the
6	violation is corrected shall be subject to
7	judicial review, notwithstanding any provisions
8	for administrative review in county charters;
9	(E) After completion of a review of the amount of
10	accrued civil fine by the county agency that
11	imposed the fine, the amount of the civil fine
12	determined appropriate, including both the
13	initial civil fine and any accrued daily civil
14	fine, shall immediately become due and
15	collectible following reasonable notice to the
16	violator. If no review of the accrued civil fine
17	is requested, the amount of the civil fine, not
18	to exceed the total accrual of civil fine prior
19	to correcting the violation, shall immediately
20	become due and collectible following reasonable
21	notice to the violator, at the completion of all
22	appeal proceedings;

1		(F) If no county agency exists to conduct appeal
2		proceedings for a particular civil fine action
3		taken by the county, then one shall be
4		established by ordinance before the county shall
5		impose the civil fine;
6	(25)	Any law to the contrary notwithstanding, any county
7		mayor, by executive order, may exempt donors, provider
8		agencies, homeless facilities, and any other program
9		for the homeless under part XVII of chapter 346 from
10		real property taxes, water and sewer development fees,
11		rates collected for water supplied to consumers and
12		for use of sewers, and any other county taxes,
13		charges, or fees; provided that any county may enact
14		ordinances to regulate and grant the exemptions
15		granted by this paragraph;
16	(26)	Any county may establish a captive insurance company
17		pursuant to article 19, chapter 431; and
18	(27)	Each county shall have the power to enact and enforce
19		ordinances regulating towing operations."
20	SECT	ION 2. Statutory material to be repealed is bracketed
21	and stric	ken. New statutory material is underscored.

- 1 SECTION 3. This Act shall take effect on December 21,
- **2** 2112.

Report Title:

Counties; Liens; Water and Sewer Charges; Waterworks Systems; Sewer Systems

Description:

Authorizes counties to impose and enforce liens upon premises served for unpaid water or sewer charges after notice and an opportunity to appeal. Repeals county authority to take over existing state waterworks and sewer systems. Effective December 21, 2112. (SB3094 HD1)

The summary description of legislation appearing on this page is for informational purposes only and is not legislation or evidence of legislative intent.