THE SENATE TWENTY-SEVENTH LEGISLATURE, 2014 STATE OF HAWAII S.B. NO. 2587

JAN 1 7 2014

### A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO GROUP HOMES.

#### BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

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### PART I

2 SECTION 1. The legislature finds that clean and sober 3 homes and halfway houses, which are located in communities 4 throughout the State, provide housing for those suffering from 5 substance abuse, including those who may have mental health issues, as they transition from the treatment setting to life in 6 the community. Clean and sober homes and halfway houses provide 7 a means for a person to return to the community through support 8 9 in an alcohol- and drug-free, home-like environment, without the 10 rigid structure of a therapeutic living program which requires licensure. The support of a home environment fulfills a need 11 12 for those who are reintegrating into the community while 13 maintaining sobriety. Notwithstanding the needs of those who benefit from these homes, neighboring residents have expressed 14 15 concerns over the location and legality of the operation of such 16 homes in their immediate vicinity, and the lack of neighborly 17 behavior of some residents. While the State's only halfway house is monitored by the agencies that contract for its 18 2014-0622 SB SMA.doc

services, the level of oversight for clean and sober homes
 varies, depending on the referral source.

3 The legislature additionally finds that various types of 4 group homes are defined in section 46-4(f), Hawaii Revised Statutes, relating to county zoning. Section 46-4(f), Hawaii 5 Revised Statutes, includes definitions for terms that are either 6 not used or are defined in other parts of the Hawaii Revised 7 8 Statutes. In addition, in violation of the federal Fair Housing 9 Amendments Act, section 46-4(e), Hawaii Revised Statutes, requires that a public informational meeting be held before a 10 halfway house, clean and sober home, or a drug rehabilitation 11 12 home is located in a community.

13 In response to legislation introduced in 2012, the director of health convened a clean and sober homes and halfway houses 14 15 task force to develop a plan to ensure that these homes are 16 properly monitored and accountable for meeting occupancy, zoning 17 and permitting requirements, and quality standards. This Act 18 implements the recommendations of the task force, balancing the 19 needs of those requiring the support of the group homes and the 20 concerns of community members.

Accordingly, the purpose of this Act is to provide
individuals with access to an alcohol- and drug-free, home-like



1 living environment in residences that are in compliance with 2 county, state, and federal requirements and minimum quality 3 standards by: Establishing a registry for clean and sober homes 4 (1)within the department of health; 5 6 (2)Aligning functions of state and county jurisdictions and ensuring compliance with federal law; and 7 8 Excluding clean and sober homes from the residential (3) 9 landlord-tenant code. 10 PART II 11 SECTION 2. The legislature finds that the primary goals of rehabilitation and recovery are to restore social, family, 12 13 lifestyle, vocational, and economic support by stabilizing an 14 individual's physical and psychological functioning. Alcoholand drug-free environments that are safe, sanitary, and secure 15 promote recovery and assist individuals in becoming 16 17 self-supporting. These environments prepare a person who is 18 recovering from substance abuse to transition into the community 19 at-large. The legislature further finds that the clean and sober

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20 The legislature further finds that the clean and sober
21 homes and halfway houses task force members recognize that there
22 is a need to improve the operation of group homes. While some
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1 homes are well-run, others are overcrowded and not well managed. 2 To increase the number of homes that maintain appropriate living 3 conditions, a voluntary registry shall be established to set minimum standards, provide special advantages to homes on the 4 registry, including technical support and preferred referral 5 status. The voluntary registry will include criteria by which 6 7 the meeting of standards will be assessed, and provide a framework for the monitoring of homes. A key function of the 8 9 voluntary registry is to enable agencies to monitor the 10 residences that provide the necessary recovery support to their referred clients. 11

12 The purpose of this part is to establish a voluntary 13 registry of clean and sober homes that will provide a framework 14 for monitoring the homes.

15 SECTION 3. Chapter 321, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is 16 amended by adding a new section to part XVI to be appropriately 17 designated and to read as follows:

18 "§321- Clean and sober homes registry. (a) The
19 department shall establish a voluntary clean and sober homes
20 registry to provide persons in substance abuse recovery with a
21 clean, safe, sober, and supportive environment. The department
22 shall establish the procedures and standards that homes shall



1	comply wi	th in order to be registered, including but not limited
2	to:	
3	(1)	Organizational and administrative standards;
4	(2)	Fiscal management standards;
5	(3)	Operation standards;
6	(4)	Recovery support standards;
7	(5)	Property standards; and
8	(6)	Good neighbor standards.
9	(b)	Upon review and approval of a home operator's
10	applicati	on, the department shall issue a certificate of
11	registrat	ion that shall specify:
12	(1)	The name of the holder of the registration;
13	(2)	The address of the home to which the registration
14		applies;
15	(3)	The maximum number of individuals to reside in the
16		home; and
17	(4)	The period for which the registration shall be valid.
18	<u>An o</u>	wner, operator, or landlord shall not represent or
19	advertise	the property as a "registered clean and sober home"
20	unless th	e home is registered and remains in good standing.
21	(C)	The certificate of registration shall be publicly
22	displayed	at the home.



1	(d) The certificate of registration shall be
2	non-transferable to a new owner or operator, or to an address
3	other than as specified on the certificate of registration.
4	(e) Nothing in this section shall relieve a certificate
5	holder from compliance with other pertinent statutory
6	provisions, nor shall a certificate holder be relieved from
7	compliance with other applicable provisions of federal, state,
8	or county laws, ordinances, or rules; provided that clean and
9	sober homes shall be excluded from chapter 521, the residential
10	landlord-tenant code.
11	(f) The director may revoke the certificate of
12	registration if a home ceases to meet established standards or
13	does not comply with the provisions of any other applicable
14	federal, state, or county law, ordinance, or rule.
15	(g) The director may immediately revoke a certificate of
16	registration if there are reasonable grounds to believe that the
17	continued operation of the home presents an immediate danger to
18	residents of the home or the general public. The revocation
19	shall be made in writing to the certificate holder.
20	(h) The department shall maintain an online listing of all
21	registered clean and sober homes.

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1	(i) The department shall establish a toll-free telephone
2	line to receive and respond to complaints regarding clean and
3	sober homes.
4	(j) This section shall not be construed to abrogate an
5	individual's right to privacy. Unless otherwise provided by
6	law, the department shall implement sufficient protections to
7	ensure that the identity of a clean and sober home resident
8	remains confidential and that information collected pursuant to
9	this section is used solely for the purpose of this section.
10	(k) The director shall adopt rules pursuant to chapter 91
11	as are appropriate to carry out the purposes of this section and
12	its efficient administration."
13	SECTION 4. Section 321-191, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
14	amended by adding two new definitions to be appropriately
15	inserted and to read as follows:
16	""Clean and sober home" means a dwelling unit that is
17	intended to provide a stable, independent environment of
18	alcohol- and drug-free living conditions to sustain recovery and
19	that is shared by unrelated adult persons who are attempting to
20	maintain a life of sobriety.
21	"Director" means the director of health."



1 SECTION 5. There is appropriated out of the general 2 revenues of the State of Hawaii the sum of \$ or so much thereof as may be necessary for fiscal year 2014-2015 to 3 4 plan, establish, staff, and operate the registry of clean and 5 sober homes. 6 The sum appropriated shall be expended by the department of 7 health for the purposes of this part. 8 SECTION 6. The department of health shall submit a 9 progress report to the legislature concerning the status of the 10 plan for establishing and operating the registry of clean and 11 sober homes, no later than twenty days prior to the convening of the 2015 regular session. 12 13 PART III 14 SECTION 7. The legislature finds that amendments to 15 section 46-4, Hawaii Revised Statutes, relating to county 16 zoning, that were agreed upon at the conclusion of deliberations by the clean and sober homes and halfway houses task force in 17 18 December 2012, are necessary to better align functions of state 19 and county jurisdictions. 20 The purpose of this part is to clarify the conditions under 21 which the counties shall not prohibit group homes that have up 22 to eight unrelated persons in a dwelling unit; ensure compliance 2014-0622 SB SMA.doc 

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with the federal Fair Housing Amendments Act by repealing the
 requirement for a public informational meeting; and eliminate
 definitions for terms that are defined elsewhere in the Hawaii
 Revised Statutes, are not used, or will be codified elsewhere in
 the Hawaii Revised Statutes.

6 SECTION 8. Section 46-4, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
7 amended to read as follows:

8 "§46-4 County zoning. (a) This section and any
9 ordinance, rule, or regulation adopted in accordance with this
10 section shall apply to lands not contained within the forest
11 reserve boundaries as established on January 31, 1957, or as
12 subsequently amended.

Zoning in all counties shall be accomplished within the 13 framework of a long-range, comprehensive general plan prepared 14 15 or being prepared to guide the overall future development of the county. Zoning shall be one of the tools available to the 16 county to put the general plan into effect in an orderly manner. 17 18 Zoning in the counties of Hawaii, Maui, and Kauai means the establishment of districts of such number, shape, and area, and 19 20 the adoption of regulations for each district to carry out the 21 purposes of this section. In establishing or regulating the 22 districts, full consideration shall be given to all available



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1	data as t	o soil classification and physical use capabilities of
2	the land	to allow and encourage the most beneficial use of the
3	land cons	onant with good zoning practices. The zoning power
4	granted h	erein shall be exercised by ordinance which may relate
5	to:	
6	(1)	The areas within which agriculture, forestry,
7		industry, trade, and business may be conducted;
8	(2)	The areas in which residential uses may be regulated
9		or prohibited;
10	(3)	The areas bordering natural watercourses, channels,
11		and streams, in which trades or industries, filling or
12		dumping, erection of structures, and the location of
13		buildings may be prohibited or restricted;
14	(4)	The areas in which particular uses may be subjected to
15		special restrictions;
16	(5)	The location of buildings and structures designed for
17		specific uses and designation of uses for which
18		buildings and structures may not be used or altered;
19	(6)	The location, height, bulk, number of stories, and
20		size of buildings and other structures;
21	(7)	The location of roads, schools, and recreation areas;
22	(8)	Building setback lines and future street lines;
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1	(9)	The density and distribution of population;
2	(10)	The percentage of a lot that may be occupied, size of
3		yards, courts, and other open spaces;
4	(11)	Minimum and maximum lot sizes; and
5	(12)	Other regulations the boards or city council find
6		necessary and proper to permit and encourage the
7		orderly development of land resources within their
8		jurisdictions.
9	The	council of any county shall prescribe rules,
10	regulatio	ons, and administrative procedures and provide personnel
11	it finds	necessary to enforce this section and any ordinance
12	enacted i	n accordance with this section. The ordinances may be
13	enforced	by appropriate fines and penalties, civil or criminal,
14	or by cou	art order at the suit of the county or the owner or
15	owners of	real estate directly affected by the ordinances.
16	Any	civil fine or penalty provided by ordinance under this
17	section m	may be imposed by the district court, or by the zoning
18	agency af	ter an opportunity for a hearing pursuant to chapter
19	91. The	proceeding shall not be a prerequisite for any
20	injunctiv	ve relief ordered by the circuit court.
21	Noth	ning in this section shall invalidate any zoning
22	ordinance	e or regulation adopted by any county or other agency of

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government pursuant to the statutes in effect prior to July 1,
 1957.

The powers granted herein shall be liberally construed in 3 favor of the county exercising them, and in such a manner as to 4 5 promote the orderly development of each county or city and county in accordance with a long-range, comprehensive general 6 plan to ensure the greatest benefit for the State as a whole. 7 8 This section shall not be construed to limit or repeal any powers of any county to achieve these ends through zoning and 9 building regulations, except insofar as forest and water reserve 10 zones are concerned and as provided in subsections (c) and (d). 11 Neither this section nor any ordinance enacted pursuant to 12 this section shall prohibit the continued lawful use of any 13 building or premises for any trade, industrial, residential, 14 agricultural, or other purpose for which the building or 15 16 premises is used at the time this section or the ordinance takes effect; provided that a zoning ordinance may provide for 17 elimination of nonconforming uses as the uses are discontinued, 18 or for the amortization or phasing out of nonconforming uses or 19 20 signs over a reasonable period of time in commercial, industrial, resort, and apartment zoned areas only. In no event 21 22 shall such amortization or phasing out of nonconforming uses



apply to any existing building or premises used for residential
 (single-family or duplex) or agricultural uses. Nothing in this
 section shall affect or impair the powers and duties of the
 director of transportation as set forth in chapter 262.

5 (b) Any final order of a zoning agency established under 6 this section may be appealed to the circuit court of the circuit 7 in which the land in question is found. The appeal shall be in 8 accordance with the Hawaii rules of civil procedure.

9 (c) Each county may adopt reasonable standards to allow
10 the construction of two single-family dwelling units on any lot
11 where a residential dwelling unit is permitted.

Neither this section nor any other law, county 12 (d) ordinance, or rule shall prohibit group living in facilities 13 with eight or fewer residents [and] for purposes or functions 14 that are licensed, certified, registered, or monitored by the 15 16 State [as provided for under section 321-15.6, or in an intermediate care facility for individuals with intellectual 17 disabilities in the community for persons, including mentally 18 ill, elder, disabled, developmentally disabled, or totally 19 20 disabled persons, who are not related to the home operator or 21 facility staff; provided that those]. A resident manager or a resident supervisor and that person's family, shall not be 22 2014-0622 SB SMA.doc



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included in this resident count. These group living facilities 1 shall meet all applicable county requirements not inconsistent 2 with the intent of this subsection [and], including but not 3 4 limited to building height, setback, maximum lot coverage, 5 parking, and floor area requirements. [(e) No permit shall be issued by a county agency for the 6 operation of a halfway house, a clean and sober home, or a drug 7 8 rehabilitation home unless a public informational meeting is first held in the affected community. The State shall provide 9 notification and access to relevant information, as required, 10 11 under chapter 846E. A clean and sober home shall be considered a residential 12 use of property and shall be a permitted or conditional use in 13 residentially designated zones, including but not limited to 14 15 zones for single-family dwellings. (f) For purposes of this section: 16 "Clean and sober home" means a house that is operated 17 18 pursuant to a program designed to provide a stable environment of clean and sober living conditions to sustain recovery and 19 20 that is shared by unrelated adult persons who: 21 (1) Are recovering from substance abuse; 22 (2) Share household expenses; and



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1	<del>(3)</del>	Do not require twenty-four hour supervision,
2	:	rehabilitation, or therapeutic services or care in the
3	:	home or on the premises;
4	<del>provided t</del>	hat the home shall meet all applicable laws, codes,
5	and rules	of the counties and State.
6	<del>"Deve</del>	lopmentally disabled person" means a person suffering
7	from devel	opmental disabilities as defined under section 333F-1.
8	-Disa	bled person" means a person with a disability as
9	defined un	der-section-515-2.
10	- Drug	-rehabilitation_home"_means:
11	<del>(1)</del>	A residential treatment facility that provides a
12		therapeutic residential program for care, diagnosis,
13		treatment, or rehabilitation for socially or
14		emotionally distressed persons, mentally ill persons,
15	:	persons suffering from substance abuse, and
16		developmentally disabled persons; or
17	<del>(2)</del>	A supervised living arrangement that provides mental
18	:	health services, substance abuse services, or
19		supportive-services for individuals or families who do
20		not need the structure of a special treatment facility
21		and are transitioning to independent living;

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1	provided that drug rehabilitation homes shall not include
2	halfway houses or clean and sober homes.
3	"Elder" means an elder as defined under section 356D-1.
4	"Halfway house" means a group living facility for people
5	who:
6	(1) Have been released or are under supervised release
7	from a correctional facility;
8	(2) Have been released from a mental health treatment
9	facility; or
10	(3) Are receiving substance abuse or sex offender
11	treatment; and
12	are housed to participate in programs that help them readjust to
13	living in the community.
14	"Intermediate care facility for individuals with
15	intellectual disabilities in the community means an
16	identifiable unit providing residence and care for eight or
17	fewer individuals with intellectual disabilities. Its primary
18	purpose is the provision of health, social, and rehabilitation
19	services to the individuals with intellectual disabilities
20	through an individually designed active treatment program for
21	each resident. No person who is predominantly confined to bed
22	shall be admitted as a resident of such a facility.
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1	"Mental health-treatment-facility"-means-a-psychiatric
2	facility or special treatment facility as defined under section
3	<del>334-1.</del>
4	"Mentally ill person" has the same meaning as defined under
5	section-334-1.
6	"Totally disabled person" means a "person totally disabled"
7	as defined under section 235-1.
8	"Treatment program" means a "substance abuse program" or
9	"treatment-program", as those terms are defined under section
10	<del>353G-2.</del>
11	<del>(g)</del> ] <u>(e)</u> Neither this section nor any other law, county
12	ordinance, or rule shall prohibit the use of land for employee
13	housing and community buildings in plantation community
14	subdivisions as defined in section 205-4.5(a)(12); in addition,
15	no zoning ordinance shall provide for elimination, amortization,
16	or phasing out of plantation community subdivisions as a
17	nonconforming use."
18	SECTION 9. Section 518-3, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
19	amended to read as follows:
20	"§518-3 Invalidity of certain restrictive covenants. It
21	is the public policy of the State to establish community
22	residences in residential areas. Therefore, any restrictive
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1 covenant or other private legal impediment made by any person, 2 association, firm, or corporation which directly or indirectly 3 prevents or restricts the establishment in an area zoned for 4 residential use of a facility licensed by the State as an adult residential care home as defined under section 321-15.1; 5 6 intermediate care facility for individuals with intellectual 7 disabilities in the community [as defined under section [46-8 4(f); or special treatment facility as defined under section 9 334-1 shall be void and unenforceable as to such community 10 residences."

11

#### PART IV

SECTION 10. The legislature finds that the exclusion of clean and sober homes from application of the residential landlord-tenant code is essential to maintaining the alcoholand drug-free, home-like environment that supports sobriety and continued recovery of substance abusers.

17 The purpose of this part is to exclude clean and sober
18 homes from chapter 521, Hawaii Revised Statutes, the residential
19 landlord-tenant code.

20 SECTION 11. Section 521-7, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
21 amended to read as follows:



1	"§52	1-7	Exclusions from application of chapter. Unless
2	created s	olely	to avoid the application of this chapter, this
3	chapter s	hall	not apply to:
4	(1)	Resi	dence at an institution, whether public or
5		priv	ate, where residence is merely incidental to
6		dete	ntion or the provision of medical, geriatric,
7		educ	ational, religious, or similar services;
8	(2)	Resi	dence in a structure directly controlled and
9		mana	ged by:
10		(A)	The University of Hawaii or any other university
11			or college in the State for housing its own
12			students or faculty or residence in a structure
13			erected on land leased from the university or
14			college by a nonprofit corporation for the
15			exclusive purpose of housing students or faculty
16			of the college or university; or
17		(B)	A private dorm management company that offers a
18			minimum of fifty beds to students of any college,
19			university, or other institution of higher
20			education in the State;
21	(3)	0ccu	pancy under a bona fide contract of sale of the

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dwelling unit or the property of which it is a part



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1		where the tenant is, or succeeds to the interest of,
2		the purchaser;
3	(4)	Residence by a member of a fraternal organization in a
4		structure operated without profit for the benefit of
5		the organization;
6	(5)	Transient occupancy on a day-to-day basis in a hotel
7		or motel;
8	(6)	Occupancy by an employee of the owner or landlord
9		whose right to occupancy is conditional upon that
10		employment or by a pensioner of the owner or landlord
11		or occupancy for a period of up to four years
12		subsequent thereto, pursuant to a plan for the
13		transfer of the dwelling unit or the property of which
14		it is a part to the occupant;
15	(7)	A lease of improved residential land for a term of
16		fifteen years or more, measured from the date of the
17		commencement of the lease;
18	(8)	Occupancy by the prospective purchaser after an
19		accepted offer to purchase and prior to the actual
20		transfer of the owner's rights;

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1	(9)	Occupancy in a homeless facility or any other program
2		for the homeless authorized under part XVII of chapter
3		346;
4	(10)	Residence or occupancy in a public housing project or
5		complex directly controlled, owned, or managed by the
6		Hawaii public housing authority pursuant to the
7		federal low rent public housing program; [ <del>or</del> ]
8	(11)	Residence or occupancy in a transitional facility for
9		abused family or household members [-]; or
10	(12)	Residence or occupancy in a registered clean and sober
11		home for persons in recovery from alcohol or drug
12		abuse under chapter 321, part XVI."
13		PART V
14	SECT	ION 12. This Act does not affect rights and duties
14		
14 15	that matu	red, penalties that were incurred, and proceedings that
		red, penalties that were incurred, and proceedings that n before its effective date.
15	were begu	
15 16	were begu SECT	n before its effective date.
15 16 17	were begu SECT applicati	n before its effective date. ION 13. If any provision of this Act, or the
15 16 17 18	were begu SECT applicati invalid,	n before its effective date. ION 13. If any provision of this Act, or the on thereof to any person or circumstance, is held
15 16 17 18 19	were begu SECT applicati invalid, applicati	n before its effective date. ION 13. If any provision of this Act, or the on thereof to any person or circumstance, is held the invalidity does not affect other provisions or
15 16 17 18 19 20	were begu SECT applicati invalid, applicati invalid p	n before its effective date. ION 13. If any provision of this Act, or the on thereof to any person or circumstance, is held the invalidity does not affect other provisions or ons of the Act that can be given effect without the

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1 SECTION 14. Statutory material to be repealed is bracketed 2 and stricken. New statutory material is underscored.

3 SECTION 15. This Act shall take effect on July 1, 2014;

4 provided that section 3 shall take effect on July 1, 2015.

INTRODUCED BY:

Will Tomo M

Shranne Chun Capland Clerence & Sichihar

John



#### Report Title:

Department of Health; Registry for Clean and Sober Homes; County Zoning; Appropriation

### Description:

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Establishes and appropriates funds for the establishment of a registry for clean and sober homes within the department of health by July 1, 2015; amends the county zoning statute to comply with the federal Fair Housing Amendments Act and repeals definitions for terms that are defined elsewhere in the Hawaii Revised Statutes, are not used, or will be codified elsewhere in the Hawaii Revised Statutes; and excludes clean and sober homes from the residential landlord-tenant code.

The summary description of legislation appearing on this page is for informational purposes only and is not legislation or evidence of legislative intent.