A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO OCCUPATIONAL THERAPY PRACTICE.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

- 1 SECTION 1. The legislature finds that occupational
- 2 therapists treat patients with injuries, illnesses, or
- 3 disabilities through the therapeutic use of everyday life
- 4 activities. Occupational therapy assistants assist occupational
- 5 therapists in providing occupational therapy.
- 6 Although the regulation of occupational therapy practice is
- 7 codified in chapter 457G, Hawaii Revised Statutes, the language
- 8 in this chapter is incomplete in relation to certain aspects of
- 9 the profession, and does not require licensure of occupational
- 10 therapists or occupational therapy assistants. The legislature
- 11 notes that Hawaii is the last state in the country to license
- 12 occupational therapists and one of the last three states to
- 13 license occupational therapy assistants.
- 14 The legislature further finds that occupational therapists
- 15 and occupational therapy assistants should be licensed in Hawaii
- 16 in order to protect public health, safety, and the welfare of
- 17 the patients served by occupational therapists and occupational
- 18 therapy assistants. Licensing of occupational therapists and



21

```
1
    occupational therapy assistants will ensure that occupational
2
    therapy in Hawaii is provided by only qualified occupational
3
    therapists and occupational therapy assistants and will help
4
    meet insurer payer requirements, as some insurers require
5
    occupational therapy to be provided by licensed individuals.
6
         The purpose of this Act is to improve the regulation of
7
    occupational therapists and occupational therapy assistants by
8
    establishing an occupational therapy program and licensing
9
    requirements for occupational therapists and occupational
10
    therapy assistants, including provisions relating to the
11
    qualifications, licensure practice of occupational therapy,
12
    supervision of occupational therapy assistants, exemptions,
    powers and duties of the director, licensure renewal,
13
14
    restoration, penalty, and revocation or suspension of licenses.
15
         Accordingly, effective with the December 31, 2014, renewal,
16
    the occupational therapist registration will be converted to an
    occupational therapist license. To effectuate a seamless
17
18
    conversion, current occupational therapist registrants will be
19
    grandfathered and issued an occupational therapist license upon
20
    renewal.
```

this chapter, no person shall practice as an occupational

Effective January 1, 2017, except as otherwise provided in

1 therapy assistant or represent the person's self as being able 2 to practice as an occupational therapy assistant in the State 3 without possessing a valid license issued by the director of 4 commerce and consumer affairs in accordance with this Act. SECTION 2. Chapter 457G, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is 5 6 amended by adding seven new sections to be appropriately 7 designated and to read as follows: 8 "§457G-A Occupational therapy program. There is 9 established an occupational therapy program within the **10** department to be administered by the director. 11 §457G-B Powers and duties of the director. In addition to any other powers and duties authorized by law, the director 12 shall have the powers and duties to: 13 14 Grant, deny, renew, refuse to renew, restore, (1) terminate, reinstate, condition, restrict, suspend, or 15 revoke a license issued pursuant to this chapter; 16 (2) Grant permission to a person to practice occupational **17** therapy and to use the title of "licensed occupational 18 19 therapist" or a description indicating that the person 20 is a licensed occupational therapist in this State; 21 Grant permission to a person to practice as an (3) 22 occupational therapy assistant and to use the title of

1		"licensed occupational therapy assistant" or a
2		description indicating that the person is a licensed
3		occupational therapy assistant in this State;
4	(4)	Adopt, amend, or repeal rules pursuant to chapter 91
5		as the director finds necessary to carry out this
6		<pre>chapter;</pre>
7	(5)	Administer, coordinate, and enforce this chapter;
8	(6)	Discipline a licensed occupational therapist or
9		licensed occupational therapy assistant on grounds
10		specified by this chapter or chapter 436B or for any
11		violation of rules adopted by the director pursuant to
12		this chapter;
13	(7)	Refuse to license a person for failure to meet the
14		licensing requirements in this chapter or for any
15		reason specified by this chapter as grounds to
16		discipline an occupational therapist or occupational
17		therapy assistant; and
18	(8)	Appoint an advisory committee composed of practicing
19		occupational therapists and occupational therapy
20		assistants to assist with the implementation of this
21		chapter.

1 §457G-C Qualifications of occupational therapy assistants. 2 (a) Effective January 1, 2017, there shall be licensing for occupational therapy assistants. 3 4 Occupational therapy assistants shall have completed 5 the educational requirements and supervised field work required 6 for certification by the National Board for Certification in 7 Occupational Therapy, and shall have passed a national certification examination administered by the National Board for 8 9 Certification in Occupational Therapy. (c) In the case of foreign-trained persons, the applicant 10 11 shall have completed the National Board for Certification in 12 Occupational Therapy eligibility determination process for 13 occupational therapy assistants and shall have passed a national certification examination administered by the National Board for 14 Certification in Occupational Therapy. 15 16 §457G-D Supervision of occupational therapy assistants. (a) An occupational therapy assistant may practice occupational 17 18 therapy only under the supervision of an occupational therapist 19 who is licensed to practice occupational therapy in the State. 20 The occupational therapist shall be responsible for occupational 21 therapy evaluation, appropriate reassessment, treatment 22 planning, interventions, and discharge from occupational therapy 2014-1278 SB2472 SD1 SMA-1.doc

1	based on	standard professional guidelines. The supervising				
2	occupatio	nal therapist and the supervised occupational therapy				
3	assistant	shall have legal and ethical responsibility for				
4	ongoing management of supervision, including providing,					
5	requestin	g, giving, or obtaining supervision.				
6	(b)	The supervising occupational therapist shall:				
7	(1)	Determine the frequency, level, and nature of				
8		supervision with input from the occupational therapy				
9		assistant; and				
10	(2)	Base the supervision determination on a variety of				
11		factors, including the clients' required level of				
12		care, treatment plan, and experience and pertinent				
13		skills of the occupational therapy assistant.				
14	<u>(c)</u>	The supervising occupational therapist shall supervise				
15	the occup	ational therapy assistant to ensure that the				
16	occupatio	nal therapy assistant:				
17	(1)	Does not initiate or alter a treatment program without				
18		prior evaluation by and approval of the supervising				
19		occupational therapist;				
20	(2)	Obtains prior approval of the supervising occupational				
21		therapist before making adjustments to a specific				
22		treatment procedure; and				
		SB2472 SD1 SMA-1.doc				

1	(3) Does not interpret data beyond the scope of the
2	occupational therapy assistant's education and
3	training.
4	§457G-E Exemptions. (a) Nothing in this chapter shall be
5	construed to prohibit any person from acting within the scope of
6	a license issued to that person under any other law; provided
7	that the person shall not claim to be an occupational therapist
8	or occupational therapy assistant, or that the person is
9	performing occupational therapy, unless the person is also
10	licensed under this chapter.
11	(b) Nothing in this chapter shall be construed to prohibit
12	students in an educational program for occupational therapists
13	or occupational therapy assistants from participating in
14	activities that are conducted as part of the educational program
15	and are under the guidance and supervision of a licensed
16	occupational therapist.
17	(c) Nothing in this chapter shall be construed to prohibit
18	a person licensed as an occupational therapist in another state
19	or foreign country from practicing occupational therapy in this
20	State if the person is part of an educational demonstration or
21	instructional program or seminar sponsored by an educational
22	institution, hospital, medical care program, the Occupational
	2014-1278 SB2472 SD1 SMA-1.doc

- 1 Therapy Association of Hawaii, or any other similar person or
- 2 group, for the duration of the program or seminar and confined
- 3 to the purpose of the program or seminar.
- 4 (d) Nothing in this chapter shall be construed to prohibit
- 5 an occupational therapist who is practicing in the United States
- 6 Armed Services, United States Public Health Service, or
- 7 Department of Veteran Affairs pursuant to federal regulations
- 8 for state licensure of health care providers from practicing as
- 9 an occupational therapist; provided that if the person, while
- 10 federally employed as an occupational therapist, engages in the
- 11 practice of occupational therapy outside the course and scope of
- 12 the person's federal employment, the person shall be required to
- 13 obtain a license in accordance with this chapter.
- 14 §457G-F Biennial renewal; failure to renew; restoration,
- 15 inactive license; conversion from registration. (a) The
- 16 biennial renewal fee shall be paid to the department on or
- 17 before December 31 of each even-numbered year. Failure,
- 18 neglect, or refusal of any licensee to pay the biennial renewal
- 19 fee on or before this date shall constitute a forfeiture of the
- 20 license. A forfeited license may be restored upon written
- 21 application within one year from the date of forfeiture and the

1	payment of the delinquent fee	plus an amount equal to fifty per		
2	cent of the delinquent fee.			
3	(b) Upon written applic	ation, the director may place the		
4	licensee's active license on	an inactive status. During the		
5	inactive period, a licensee s	hall not engage in the practice of		
6	occupational therapy. The li	cense may be reactivated at any		
7	time by submitting a written	application to the director and by		
8	payment of the renewal and ar	y other applicable fees. A		
9	licensee's inactive status sh	all not deprive the director of the		
10	director's authority to institute or continue any disciplinary			
11	or enforcement action against the licensee.			
12	(c) Effective with the	December 31, 2014, renewal, each		
13	active occupational therapist	registration shall become an		
14	active occupational therapist	license by operation of law. The		
15	conversion from registration	to licensure shall not:		
16	(1) Affect any prior di	scipline, limitation, or condition		
17 .	imposed by the dire	ctor on an occupational therapist's		
18	registration;			
19	(2) Limit the director'	s authority over any registrant; or		
20	(3) Affect any pending	investigation or administrative		
21	proceeding.			

1	<u>(d)</u>	Effective January 1, 2015, the director shall treat
2	any appli	cation pending for an occupational therapist
3	registrat	ion as an application for licensure, and the
4	applicati	on shall be subject to the requirements established by
5	the direc	tor in accordance with this chapter.
6	<u>\$457</u>	G-G License revocation or suspension; reinstatement;
7	probation	• (a) In addition to any other actions authorized by
8	law, any	license issued under this chapter may be revoked or
9	suspended	by the director at any time for any cause authorized
10	by law, i	ncluding but not limited to the following:
11	(1)	Obtaining a fee on the assurance that a manifestly
12		incurable disease can be permanently cured;
13	(2)	Wilfully betraying patient confidentiality;
14	(3)	Making an untruthful and improbable statement in
15		advertising one's practice or business;
16	(4)	False, fraudulent, or deceptive advertising;
17	(5)	Being habituated to the excessive use of drugs or
18		alcohol or being or having been addicted to, dependent
19		on, or a habitual user of, a narcotic, barbiturate,
20		amphetamine, hallucinogen, or other drug having
21		similar effects;

1	(6)	Practicing occupational therapy while the ability to
2		practice is impaired by alcohol, drugs, or mental
3		instability;
4	(7)	Procuring a license through fraud, misrepresentation,
5		or deceit, or knowingly permitting an unlicensed
6		person to practice occupational therapy;
7	(8)	Professional misconduct, gross negligence, or manifest
8		incapacity in the practice of occupational therapy;
9	<u>(9)</u>	Conduct or practice contrary to recognized standards
10		of ethics for the practice of occupational therapy in
11		the United States; or
12	(10)	Violation of this chapter, chapter 436B, or any rule
13		or order of the director.
14	(b)	To reinstate a suspended license, or to grant
15	licensure	to an applicant whose license was previously revoked,
16	the direc	tor may require further education or training or
17	require p	roof of competence in performance.
18	(c)	In lieu of revoking or suspending a license, the
19	director	may place the licensee on probation, the terms of which
20	may requi	re observation of the licensee by a licensed
21	occupation	nal therapist."

1	SECTION 3. Section 457G-1, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
2	amended as follows:
3	1. By adding three new definitions to be appropriately
4	inserted and to read:
5	"Foreign-trained person" means a person who has completed
6	an educational program or course of study in occupational
7	therapy in an institution located outside the United States.
8	"Occupational therapist" means a person who is licensed to
9	practice occupational therapy in this State.
10	"Occupational therapy assistant" means a person who is
11	licensed to practice occupational therapy under the supervision
12	of and in partnership with an occupational therapist."
13	2. By repealing the definition of "occupational therapy
14	services".
15	[" "Occupational therapy services" include:
16	(1) The assessment of needs and provision of treatment in
17	consultation with the individual, family, or other
18	appropriate persons;
19	(2) Interventions directed toward developing, improving,
20	ascertaining, enhancing, or restoring:
21	(A) Daily living skills, including self-care skills
22	and activities that involve interactions with

1		others and the environment, work readiness or
2		work performance, play skills or leisure
3		capacities, or educational performance skills; or
4		(B) Sensorimotor, oral-motor, perceptual, or
5		neuromuscular functioning; or emotional,
6		motivational, cognitive, or psychosocial
7		components of performance;
8	(3)	The education of the individual, family, or other
9		appropriate persons in carrying out appropriate
10		interventions;
11	(4)	Design, development, adaptation, application, or
12		training in the use of:
13		(A) Assistive technology devices; and
14		(B) Rehabilitative technology such as orthotic or
15		prosthetic devices;
16	(5)	The application of physical agent modalities as an
17		adjunct to, or in preparation for, purposeful
18		activity;
19	(6)	The application of ergonomic principles, and the
20		adaptation of environments and processes to enhance
21		functional performance; and
22	(7)	The promotion of health and wellness."]
		SB2472 SD1 SMA-1.doc

```
1
         SECTION 4. Section 457G-1.5, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
2
    amended to read as follows:
3
         "§457G-1.5 Practice of occupational therapy[+
    qualifications; registration]. (a) [No person shall represent,
4
5
    advertise, or announce oneself, either publicly or privately, as
    an occupational therapist, nor use, in connection with the
6
7
    person's name or place of business, the words "occupational
8
    therapist", "certified occupational therapist", "occupational
9
    therapist registered", or the letters "OT", "COT", or "OTR", or
10
    any other words, letters, abbreviations, or insignia indicating
11
    or implying that such person is an occupational therapist unless
12
    such person registers the person's name and business address
13
    biennially with the department of commerce and consumer affairs
14
    in a manner established by rules adopted pursuant to chapter 91,
    and meets the qualifications of section 457G-2.
15
16
         (b) The department shall maintain and biennially update a
    list of the names and business addresses of the occupational
17
18
    therapists who are registered under subsection (a).
19
         (c) Nothing in this chapter shall be construed to prohibit
20
    a registered occupational therapist from utilizing occupational
21
    therapy support personnel to assist in the practice of
22
    occupational therapy; provided that the occupational therapy
    2014-1278 SB2472 SD1 SMA-1.doc
```

```
support personnel shall work under the supervision of or in
1
2
    consultation with the registered occupational therapist.
3
         "Occupational therapy support personnel" includes a person
4
    certified by the National Board for Certification in
5
    Occupational Therapy, and who uses the title "occupational
6
    therapy assistant" or "certified occupational therapy
7
    assistant", the letters "COTA" or "OTA", or any other titles,
    letters, abbreviations, or insignia indicating or implying that
8
9
    the person is an occupational therapy assistant.
10
         (d) A registration granted under this chapter shall mean
11
    that the person has met requirements that include minimum
    practice standards to provide protection to the public and is
12
    permitted to use the title and engage in the practice as an
13
14
    occupational therapist. In the granting of permission to engage
    in this profession, and consistent with section 436B-2, the
15
    definition for "license" is inclusive of a registration issued
16
    under this chapter and, as such, an occupational therapist that
17
18
    holds a registration shall be similarly regarded as an
    occupational therapist that holds a license.
19
20
         The practice of occupational therapy is the therapeutic use
    of everyday life activities with individuals or groups for the
21
```

1	purpose o	f par	ticipation in roles and situations in home,
2	school, w	orkpl	ace, community, and other settings. It includes:
3	(1)	Eval	uation of factors affecting activities of daily
4		<u>livi</u>	ng, instrumental activities of daily living, rest
5		and	sleep, education, work, play, leisure, and social
6		<u>p</u> art	icipation, including:
7		(A)	Client factors, including body functions, such as
8			neuromusculoskeletal, sensory-perceptual, visual,
9			mental, cognitive, and pain factors; body
10			structures, such as cardiovascular, digestive,
11			nervous, integumentary, genitourinary systems,
12			and structures related to movement; values;
13			beliefs; and spirituality;
14		<u>(B)</u>	Habits, routines, roles, rituals, and behavior
15			<pre>patterns;</pre>
16		<u>(C)</u>	Occupational and social environments, cultural,
17			personal, temporal, and virtual contexts and
18			activity demands that affect performance; and
19		<u>(D)</u>	Performance skills, including motor and praxis,
20			sensory-perceptual, emotional regulation,
21			cognitive, communication, and social skills;

1	(2)	Meth	ods or approaches selected to direct the process
2		of i	nterventions, including:
3		(A)	Establishment, remediation, or restoration of a
4			skill or ability that has not yet developed, is
5			impaired, or is in decline;
6		<u>(B)</u>	Compensation, modification, or adaptation of
7			activity or environment to enhance performance or
8			prevent injuries, disorders, or other conditions;
9		<u>(C)</u>	Retention and enhancement of skills or abilities
10			without which performance in everyday life
11			activities would decline;
12		<u>(D)</u>	Promotion of health and wellness, including the
13			use of self-management strategies, to enable or
14			enhance performance in everyday life activities;
15			and
16		(E)	Prevention of barriers to performance and
17			participation, including injury and disability
18			prevention; and
19	(3)	Inte	erventions and procedures to promote or enhance
20		safe	ety and performance in activities of daily living,
21		inst	rumental activities of daily living, rest and

1	_ 7	
1	stee	p, education, work, play, leisure, and social
2	part	icipation, including:
3	<u>(A)</u>	Therapeutic use of occupations, exercises, and
4		activities;
5	(B)	Training in self-care, self-management, health
6		management and maintenance, home management,
7		community reintegration, work reintegration,
8		school activities, and work performance;
9	<u>(C)</u>	Development, remediation, or compensation of
10		neuromusculoskeletal, sensory-perceptual, visual,
11		mental, and cognitive functions; pain tolerance
12		and management; and behavioral skills;
13	(D)	Therapeutic use of self, including one's
14		personality, insights, perceptions, and
15		judgments, as part of the therapeutic process;
16	<u>(E)</u>	Education and training of individuals, including
17		family members, caregivers, groups, populations,
18		and others;
19	<u>(F)</u>	Care coordination, case management, and
20		transition services;
21	(G)	Consultative services to groups, programs,
22		organizations, or communities;

1	(H)	Modification of environments, such as home, work,
2		school, or community, and adaptation of
3		processes, including the application of ergonomic
4		principles;
5	<u>(I)</u>	Assessment, design, fabrication, application,
6		fitting, and training in seating and positioning;
7		assistive technology; adaptive devices; orthotic
8		devices; and training in the use of prosthetic
9		devices;
10	<u>(J)</u>	Assessment, recommendation, and training in
11		techniques to enhance functional mobility,
12		including management of wheelchairs and other
13		mobility devices;
14	(K)	Low vision rehabilitation;
15	(L)	Driver rehabilitation and community mobility;
16	(M)	Management of feeding, eating, and swallowing to
17		enable eating and feeding performance;
18	(N)	Application of physical agent modalities and use
19		of a range of specific therapeutic procedures,
20		such as wound care management, interventions to
21		enhance sensory-perceptual and cognitive

1		processing, and manual therapy, to enhance
2		performance skills; and
3	(0)	Facilitating the occupational performance of
4		groups, populations, or organizations through the
5		modification of environments and the adaptation
6		of processes.
7	(b) No person shall practice occupational therapy	
8	gratuitously or for pay, offer to practice occupational therapy,	
9	offer occupational therapy, or represent, advertise, or	
10	announce, either publicly or privately, that the person is an	
11	occupational therapist, unless the person is appropriately	
12	licensed under this chapter.	
13	(c) No person shall use, in connection with the person's	
14	name or business, the words "occupational therapist licensed",	
15	"registered occupational therapist", "licensed occupational	
16	therapist", "occupational therapist", or "doctor of occupational	
17	therapy", or the letters "OT", "OTR", "OTD", "OT/L", "OTR/L", or	
18	"OTD/L", or any other words, letters, abbreviations, or insignia	
19	indicating or implying that the person is an occupational	
20	therapist unless the person is appropriately licensed as an	
21	occupational th	herapist under this chapter.

1 (d) Effective January 1, 2017, except as otherwise 2 provided in this chapter, no person shall practice as an occupational therapy assistant or represent the person's self as 3 being able to practice as an occupational therapy assistant in 4 this State without possessing a valid license issued by the 5 director in accordance with this chapter. 6 7 (e) No person shall use the title "occupational therapy assistant licensed", "licensed occupational therapy assistant", 8 9 the letters "OTA/L" or "COTA/L", or any other words, letters, 10 abbreviations, or insignia indicating or implying that the person is an occupational therapy assistant unless that person 11 is appropriately licensed as an occupational therapy assistant 12 under this chapter." 13 SECTION 5. Section 457G-2, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is 14 amended to read as follows: 15 16 "§457G-2 Qualifications of occupational therapists. (a) 17 Occupational therapists shall have completed the educational 18 requirements and supervised field work experience required for certification by the National Board for Certification in 19 20 Occupational Therapy, and shall have passed a national

certification examination administered by that association.

2014-1278 SB2472 SD1 SMA-1.doc

```
1
              In the case of foreign-trained persons, the applicant
         (b)
    shall have completed the National Board for Certification in
2
    Occupational Therapy eligibility determination process for
3
4
    occupational therapists and shall have passed a national
5
    certification examination administered by the National Board for
6
    Certification in Occupational Therapy."
         SECTION 6. Section 457G-4, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
7
    amended to read as follows:
8
9
         "[{] §457G-4[<del>] Civil penalty.</del>] Penalty. Any person
10
    [violating any provisions of this chapter shall be fined a sum
11
    of not less than $500 nor more than $10,000 for each violation,
    which sum shall be collected in a civil action brought by the
12
    attorney general or the director of the office of consumer
13
14
    protection on behalf of the State.] who violates or fails to
    comply with the provisions of this chapter shall be fined not
15
16
    more than $1,000 per violation."
         SECTION 7. Section 457G-3, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
17
18
    repealed.
         ["[§457G-3] Injunction. The attorney general or the
19
20
    director of the office of consumer protection may bring
```

proceedings to enjoin any violation of this chapter."]

2014-1278 SB2472 SD1 SMA-1.doc

- 1 SECTION 8. There is appropriated out of the compliance
- 2 resolution fund established pursuant to section 26-9(o), Hawaii
- 3 Revised Statutes, the sum of \$ or so much thereof as
- 4 may be necessary for fiscal year 2014-2015 for to implement an
- 5 occupational therapy licensure program, including hiring of
- 6 necessary personnel to assist with the implementation and
- 7 continuing functions of chapter 457G, Hawaii Revised Statutes;
- 8 provided that the department of commerce and consumer affairs
- 9 may employ such necessary personnel without regard to chapter
- 10 76, Hawaii Revised Statutes.
- 11 The sum appropriated shall be expended by the department of
- 12 commerce and consumer affairs for the purposes of this Act.
- 13 SECTION 9. In codifying the new sections added by section
- 14 2 of this Act, the revisor of statutes shall substitute
- 15 appropriate section numbers for the letters used in designating
- 16 the new sections in this Act.
- 17 SECTION 10. Statutory material to be repealed is bracketed
- 18 and stricken. New statutory material is underscored.
- 19 SECTION 11. This Act shall take effect on July 1, 2014.

Report Title:

Occupational Therapy; Occupational Therapists; Occupational Therapy Assistants; Regulation; Licensing; Appropriation

Description:

Improves the regulation of occupational therapists and occupational therapy assistants by establishing an occupational therapy program and licensing requirements for occupational therapists and occupational therapy assistants. Makes an appropriation. (SD1)

The summary description of legislation appearing on this page is for informational purposes only and is not legislation or evidence of legislative intent.