A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO CLIMATE CHANGE.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

SECTION 1. This Act shall be known as the Hawaii Climate

Adaptation Initiative Act. The legislature finds that climate

change is the paramount challenge of this century, posing both

an urgent and long-term threat to the State's economy,

sustainability, security, and way of life.

The 2012 Pacific Islands Regional Climate Assessment found that throughout the Pacific warmer and drier conditions will decrease fresh water supplies. Rising sea levels, exacerbated by storms, will increase coastal flooding and erosion, damaging coastal ecosystems and infrastructure and affecting agriculture, tourism, military bases, and other industries. Higher sea-

tourism, military bases, and other industries. Higher seasurface temperatures will increase coral bleaching, leading to coral death and habitat loss. Increasing ocean acidification will have negative consequences for the entire marine ecosystem.

15 In the long term, open-ocean fisheries will decline. Rising

16 temperatures, and in some areas reduced rainfall, will increase

17 the risk of extinctions. Threats to the traditional lifestyles

of indigenous communities may include destruction of coastal 2014-1259 SB2344 SD1 SMA-1.doc



- 1 artifacts and structures and reduced availability of traditional
- 2 food sources and subsistence fisheries, which will make it
- 3 difficult for Pacific Island communities to sustain their
- 4 connection with a defined place and their unique set of customs,
- 5 beliefs, and languages.
- 6 The legislature further finds that beach erosion, drought,
- 7 and rising temperature are already having measurable impacts on
- 8 Hawaii and are expected to accelerate in the years to come.
- 9 With beaches continuing to erode, rain continuing to diminish,
- 10 and sea levels projected to rise one foot by 2050 and three feet
- 11 by 2100, Hawaii is highly vulnerable.
- 12 In 2012, the legislature enacted Act 286, Session Laws of
- 13 Hawaii 2012, creating climate change adaptation priority
- 14 quidelines encouraging collaboration to address climate change
- 15 and recognizing that it will impact the following: agriculture;
- 16 conservation lands; coastal and nearshore marine areas; natural
- 17 and cultural resources; education; energy; higher education;
- 18 health; historic preservation; water resources; the built
- 19 environment, such as housing, recreation, transportation; and
- 20 the economy.
- 21 In 2013, Hawaii's landmark policies were included in the
- 22 international Majuro Declaration for Climate Leadership when

- 1 Hawaii signed on as the first sub-national government, after
- 2 which President Obama appointed Governor Abercrombie as one of
- 3 eight governors to the State, Local, and Tribal Leaders Task
- 4 Force on Climate Preparedness and Resilience.
- 5 Hawaii is one of the last coastal states that has yet to
- 6 adopt a statewide climate adaptation plan, yet is among the most
- 7 vulnerable.
- 8 The legislature also finds that it is time to ensure that
- 9 Hawaii adapts to the effects of climate change before they grow
- 10 beyond our ability to prevent the worst impacts on our economy,
- 11 environment, and way of life.
- 12 The purpose of this Act is to address the effects of
- 13 climate change through 2050 to protect the State's economy,
- 14 health, environment, and way of life. Recognizing Hawaii's
- 15 unique geography as the only island state and its susceptibility
- 16 to sea level rise, the initial focus of this Act is to address
- 17 the impact of sea level rise on Hawaii and to support ongoing
- 18 climate change adaptation efforts of the State through the
- 19 following actions:
- 20 (1) Establish an interagency sea level rise vulnerability
- 21 and adaptation committee, attached to the department
- of land and natural resources for administrative

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1		purposes, to develop a sea level rise vulnerability
2		and adaptation report for Hawaii through the year
3		2050;
4	(2)	Authorize the office of planning to coordinate the
5		development of a statewide climate adaptation plan and
6		to use the sea level rise vulnerability and adaptation
7		report as a framework for addressing other climate
8		threats and climate change adaptation priorities
9		identified in Act 286, Session Laws of Hawaii 2012;
10		and
11	(3)	Allocate funding and create positions to carry out
12		these purposes.
13	SECT	ION 2. The Hawaii Revised Statutes is amended by
14	adding a	new chapter to be appropriately designated and to read
15	as follow	rs:
16		"CHAPTER
17	INTE	RAGENCY SEA LEVEL RISE VULNERABILITY AND ADAPTATION
18		COMMITTEE
19	S	-1 Definitions. As used in this chapter:
20	"Cha	irperson" means the chairperson of the board of land
21	and natur	al resources.

1 "Committee" means the interagency sea level rise 2 vulnerability and adaptation committee. 3 -2 Interagency sea level rise vulnerability and 4 adaptation committee; general functions, duties, and powers. 5 (a) There is established an interagency sea level rise 6 vulnerability and adaptation committee that shall be placed 7 within the department of land and natural resources for 8 administrative purposes only. 9 Coordination of the committee shall be headed by the (b) 10 chairperson, or the chairperson's designee. 11 (C) The committee shall develop a sea level rise 12 vulnerability report that contains the following: Identification of the major areas of sea level rise 13 (1)14 impacts affecting the State and counties through 2050; 15 (2) Identification of expected sea level rise impacts 16 based on the latest scientific research for each area through 2050; 17 Identification of economic ramifications of sea level 18 (3) 19 rise;

Identification of applicable federal laws, policies,

or programs that impact affected areas; and

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(4)

1	(5)	Recommendations for planning management and adaptation
2		for hazards associated with increasing sea level rise.
3	The repor	t shall be made publicly available no later than
4	December	31, 2017, and shall be updated every five years.
5	(d)	The committee shall include the following members:
6	(1)	The chairs of the standing committees of the
7		legislature with subject matter jurisdiction
8		encompassing environmental protection and land use;
9	(2)	The chairperson of the board of land and natural
10		resources or the chairperson's designee;
11	(3)	The director of business, economic development, and
12		tourism or the director's designee;
13	(4)	The director of the office of planning or the
14		director's designee;
15	(5)	The chairperson of the board of directors of the
16		Hawaii tourism authority or the chairperson's
17		designee;
18	(6)	The chairperson of the board of agriculture or the
19		chairperson's designee;
20	(7)	The chief executive officer of the office of Hawaiian
21		affairs or the officer's designee;

1	(0)	The chariperson of the hawarran homes commission of
2		the chairperson's designee;
3	(9)	The director of transportation or the director's
4		designee;
5	(10)	The director of health or the director's designee;
6	(11)	The adjutant general or the adjutant general's
7		designee;
8	(12)	The chairperson of the board of education or the
9		chairperson's designee;
10	(13)	Directors of each of the county planning department,
11		or the directors' designees; and
12	(14)	The manager of the coastal zone management program.
13	(e)	In addition to the members listed in subsection (d),
14	the chair	person may designate members of the public, experts in
15	the field	, and county, state, or federal officials necessary for
16	the formu	lation of the report.
17	(f)	In the formulation of the report, the committee shall:
18	(1)	Solicit public views and concerns; and
19	(2)	Coordinate with the various county, state, and federal
20		agencies involved in ongoing climate change adaptation
21		planning initiatives.

1	(g) The	committee shall reevaluate the sea level rise
2	vulnerability	and adaptation report every five years."
3	SECTION 3	. Section 225M-2, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
4	amended by ame	nding subsection (b) to read as follows:
5	"(b) The	office of planning shall gather, analyze, and
6	provide inform	ation to the governor to assist in the overall
7	analysis and f	ormulation of state policies and strategies to
8	provide centra	l direction and cohesion in the allocation of
9	resources and	effectuation of state activities and programs and
10	effectively ad	dress current or emerging issues and
11	opportunities.	More specifically, the office shall engage in
12	the following	activities:
13	(1) Stat	e comprehensive planning and program coordination.
14	Form	ulating and articulating comprehensive statewide
15	goal	s, objectives, policies, and priorities, and
16	coor	dinating their implementation through the
17	stat	ewide planning system established in part II of
18	chap	ter 226;
19	(2) Stra	tegic planning. Identifying and analyzing
20	sign	ificant issues, problems, and opportunities
21	conf	ronting the State, and formulating strategies and

1		alte	alternative courses of action in response to		
2		iden	tified problems and opportunities by:		
3		(A)	Providing in-depth policy research, analysis, and		
4			recommendations on existing or potential areas of		
5			critical state concern;		
6		(B)	Examining and evaluating the effectiveness of		
7			state programs in implementing state policies and		
8			priorities;		
9		(C)	Monitoring through surveys, environmental		
10			scanning, and other techniquescurrent social,		
11			economic, and physical conditions and trends; and		
12		(D)	Developing, in collaboration with affected public		
13			or private agencies and organizations,		
14			implementation plans and schedules and, where		
15			appropriate, assisting in the mobilization of		
16			resources to meet identified needs;		
17	(3)	Plan	ning coordination and cooperation. Facilitating		
18		coor	dinated and cooperative planning and policy		
19		deve	lopment and implementation activities among state		
20		agen	cies and between the state, county, and federal		
21		gove	rnments, by:		

1		(A)	Reviewing, assessing, and coordinating, as
2			necessary, major plans, programs, projects, and
3			regulatory activities existing or proposed by
4			state and county agencies;
5		(B)	Formulating mechanisms to simplify, streamline,
6			or coordinate interagency development and
7			regulatory processes; and
8		(C)	Recognizing the presence of federal defense and
9			security forces and agencies in the State as
10			important state concerns;
11	(4)	Stat	ewide planning and geographic information system.
12		Coll	ecting, integrating, analyzing, maintaining, and
13		diss	eminating various forms of data and information,
14		incl	uding geospatial data and information, to further
15		effe	ctive state planning, policy analysis and
16		deve	lopment, and delivery of government services by:
17		(A)	Collecting, assembling, organizing, evaluating,
18			and classifying existing geospatial and non-
19			geospatial data and performing necessary basic
20			research, conversions, and integration to provide
21			a common database for governmental planning and
22			geospatial analyses by state agencies;

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Planning, coordinating, and maintaining a comprehensive, shared statewide planning and geographic information system and associated geospatial database. The office shall be the lead agency responsible for coordinating the maintenance of the multi-agency, statewide planning and geographic information system and coordinating, collecting, integrating, and disseminating geospatial data sets that are used to support a variety of state agency applications and other spatial data analyses to enhance decision-making. The office shall promote and encourage free and open data sharing among and between all government agencies. To ensure the maintenance of a comprehensive, accurate, up-todate geospatial data resource that can be drawn upon for decision-making related to essential public policy issues such as land use planning, resource management, homeland security, and the overall health, safety, and well-being of Hawaii's citizens, and to avoid redundant data development efforts, state agencies shall provide

1		to the shared system either their respective
2		geospatial databases or, at a minimum, especially
3		in cases of secure or confidential data sets that
4		cannot be shared or must be restricted, metadata
5		describing existing geospatial data. In cases
6		where agencies provide restricted data, the
7		office of planning shall ensure the security of
8		that data; and
9		(C) Maintaining a centralized depository of state and
10		national planning references;
11	(5)	Land use planning. Developing and presenting the
12		position of the State in all boundary change petitions
13		and proceedings before the land use commission,
14		assisting state agencies in the development and
15		submittal of petitions for land use district boundary
16		amendments, and conducting periodic reviews of the
17		classification and districting of all lands in the
18		State, as specified in chapter 205;
19	(6)	Coastal and ocean policy management. Carrying out the
20		lead agency responsibilities for the Hawaii coastal
21		zone management program, as specified in chapter 205A.
22		Also, developing and maintaining an ocean and coastal

1		reso	urces information, planning, and management system
2		furt	her developing and coordinating implementation of
3		the	ocean resources management plan, and formulating
4		ocea	n policies with respect to the exclusive economic
5		zone	, coral reefs, and national marine sanctuaries;
6	(7)	Regi	onal planning and studies. Conducting plans and
7		stud	ies to determine:
8		(A)	The capability of various regions within the
9			State to support projected increases in both
10			resident populations and visitors;
11		(B)	The potential physical, social, economic, and
12			environmental impact on these regions resulting
13			from increases in both resident populations and
14			visitors;
15		(C)	The maximum annual visitor carrying capacity for
16			the State by region, county, and island; and
17		(D)	The appropriate guidance and management of
18			selected regions and areas of statewide critical
19			concern.
20		The	studies in subparagraphs (A) to (C) shall be
21		cond	ucted at appropriate intervals, but not less than
22		once	every five years; [and]

1	(8)	Regi	onal, national, and international planning.
2		Part	icipating in and ensuring that state plans,
3		poli	cies, and objectives are consistent, to the extent
4		prac	ticable, with regional, national, and
5		inte	rnational planning efforts[+]; and
6	<u>(9)</u>	Clim	ate adaptation planning. Conducting plans and
7		stud	ies and preparing reports as follows:
8		<u>(A)</u>	Develop, monitor, and evaluate strategic climate
9			adaptation plans and actionable policy
10			recommendations for the State and counties
11			addressing expected statewide climate change
12			impacts identified under Act 286, Session Laws of
13			Hawaii 2012, through the year 2050;
14		<u>(B)</u>	Provide planning and policy guidance and
15			assistance to state and county agencies regarding
16			climate change; and
17		(C)	Publish its findings, recommendations, and
18			progress reports on actions taken no later than
19			December 31, 2017, and its annual report to the
20			governor and the legislature thereafter."
21	SECT	ION 4	. There is appropriated out of the general
22	revenues	of th	e State of Hawaii the sum of \$58,874 or so much
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- 1 thereof as may be necessary for fiscal year 2014-2015 to provide
- 2 the office of planning with staffing, including one full-time
- 3 equivalent (FTE) position, and resources to carry out the
- 4 purposes of this Act.
- 5 The sum appropriated shall be expended by the office of
- 6 planning for the purposes of this Act.
- 7 SECTION 5. There is appropriated out of the general
- 8 revenues of the State of Hawaii the sum of \$58,874 or so much
- 9 thereof as may be necessary for fiscal year 2014-2015 to provide
- 10 the department of land and natural resources with staffing,
- 11 including one full-time equivalent (FTE) position, and resources
- 12 to carry out the purposes of this Act.
- 13 The sum appropriated shall be expended by the department of
- 14 land and natural resources for the purposes of this Act.
- 15 SECTION 6. There is appropriated out of the general
- 16 revenues of the State of Hawaii the sum of \$400,000 or so much
- 17 thereof as may be necessary for fiscal year 2014-2015 to enable
- 18 the department of land and natural resources to research and
- 19 develop a coordinated, multidisciplinary sea level rise
- 20 vulnerability and adaptation report pursuant to this Act.
- The sum appropriated shall be expended by the department of
- 22 land and natural resources for the purposes of this Act.

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- 1 SECTION 7. There is appropriated out of the general
- 2 revenues of the State of Hawaii the sum of \$50,000 or so much
- 3 thereof as may be necessary for fiscal year 2014-2015 for the
- 4 office of planning to carry out its duties pursuant to this Act.
- 5 The sum appropriated shall be expended by the office of
- 6 planning for the purposes of this Act.
- 7 SECTION 8. Statutory material to be repealed is bracketed
- 8 and stricken. New statutory material is underscored.
- 9 SECTION 9. This Act shall take effect upon its approval.

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Report Title:

Majority Package; Climate Change Adaptation Planning; Interagency Sea Level Rise Vulnerability and Adaptation Committee; Appropriation.

Description:

Addresses climate change adaptation by establishing the interagency sea level rise vulnerability and adaptation committee under the department of land and natural resources to create a sea level rise vulnerability and adaptation report that addresses sea level rise impacts statewide to 2050. Tasks the office of planning with establishing and implementing strategic climate adaptation plans and policy recommendations using the sea level rise vulnerability and adaptation report as a framework for addressing other statewide climate impacts identified under Act 286, Session Laws of Hawaii 2012. Appropriates funds for staffing and resources. (SD1)

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